MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

$210,000,000
Series 44 Bonds

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Basic Documents and Certifications of the Corporation

1. Copy of the final Official Statement of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") dated February 9, 1983 relating to the Series 44 Bonds (the "Official Statement").


3. Conformed copy of the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 executed by the Corporation and Salomon Brothers Inc for the Representatives (the "Representatives") of the Underwriters named therein (the "Underwriters").

4. Extracts of the Minutes of the Board of Directors Meetings held on February 9, 1983 and March 2, 1983 showing adoption of the Series 44 Resolution authorizing the issuance, sale and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds and other matters related thereto.

5. Copy of the Second General Bond Resolution.

6. Copy of the Series 44 Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution As Amended.

7. Approval of the terms of the sale by the Comptroller of the State of New York (the "State").

8. Order of the Corporation as to the authentication, countersignature and delivery to the Underwriters of the Series 44 Bonds.

9. Certificate of the Director of the Budget of the State with respect to the Official Statement.

10. Certificate of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State with respect to the Official Statement.

11. Certificate of the Mayor of The City of New York (the "City") or an appropriate Deputy with respect to the Official Statement.

12. Certificate of the Comptroller of the City or an appropriate Deputy with respect to the Official Statement.
13. Certificate of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State with respect to the amounts of sales and stock transfer taxes.

14. Certificate of the Director of the Budget of the State with respect to the amount of Per Capita Aid.

15. Certificate of the Corporation as to members, officers, terms of office and other details of the Corporation, including by-laws, minutes, certain resolutions, specimen bonds, litigation, signatures and certificates.


**Trustee and Paying Agency Documents**

18. Certificate as to acceptance of duties of Trustee by the United States Trust Company of New York (the "Trust Company") and showing authority for Authorized Officers to authenticate the Series 44 Bonds.

19. Acceptance of the office of Paying Agent from Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., for the Series 44 Bonds.

**Opinions**

20. Opinion of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, General Counsel to the Corporation, addressed to the Representatives, together with reliance opinion addressed to the Trust Company.


24. Opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, addressed to the Corporation, as to arbitrage.

25. Opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, addressed to the Corporation, as to the 1978 State Covenant.


27. Opinion of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, Counsel to the Trust Company, addressed to the Corporation, with respect to the Trust Company's authority to act as Trustee, and authentication of the Series 44 Bonds, together with reliance opinion addressed to the Underwriters.
28. Opinion of White & Case, Counsel to the Underwriters, addressed to the Underwriters.
29. Blue Sky Memorandum of White & Case, addressed to the Underwriters.

Proceeds

30. Order as to Deposit and Investment of Series 44 Bond Proceeds and Irrevocable Instructions to the Trust Company as to the Establishment of 1978 Series JJ Bonds Trust Fund.


32. Certificate of the Trust Company as to provision for payment of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds of the Corporation.

33. Receipt of the Underwriters for the Series 44 Bonds and the Closing Documents.

Miscellaneous

34. Copy of Advertisement.

35. Memorandum of Closing.
In the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

$210,000,000

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

(A Public Benefit Corporation of the State of New York)

SERIES 44 BONDS

Dated February 1, 1983

Due July 1, as shown below

Principal of and interest on the Series 44 Bonds are payable at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, unless registered. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is payable July 1, 1983 and semi-annually thereafter on each January 1 and July 1. The Series 44 Bonds will be issued as coupon bonds in the denomination of $5,000 each, registrable as to principal only, or as fully registered bonds in the denomination of $5,000 or any integral multiple of $5,000. Coupon and registered bonds are interchangeable as more fully described herein.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part on any interest payment date or dates, at an initial redemption price of 102% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, all as more fully described herein. The Series 44 Bonds maturing July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption from mandatory sinking fund installments on each July 1, commencing on July 1, 2000, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, all as more fully described herein.

The Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution is United States Trust Company of New York.

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Rate</th>
<th>Price</th>
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<td>1999</td>
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$160,000,000 10¼% Term Bonds due July 1, 2008 @ 100%

(Plus accrued interest)

The Series 44 Bonds are issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and are payable from certain per capita State aid and, to the extent not required for payment of certain other obligations of the Corporation, including bonds issued under the Corporation’s First General Bond Resolution, revenues derived from certain sales and compensating use taxes imposed by the State of New York within the City of New York and, under certain conditions, the State stock transfer tax. The State is not bound or obligated to continue to appropriate such per capita State aid or to continue the imposition of such taxes or to make the necessary payments of such per capita State aid or the necessary appropriations of the revenues derived from such taxes. The Corporation has no taxing power. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute an enforceable obligation, or a debt, of either the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or the City is pledged to the payment of principal of or interest on the Series 44 Bonds.

The Series 44 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the Corporation and received by the Underwriters and subject to approval of legality by Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Corporation by its General Counsel, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Underwriters by their counsel, White & Case, New York, New York. It is expected that the Series 44 Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery on or about March 3, 1983. At the option of any Underwriter, delivery will be available at The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

Salomon Brothers Inc
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Shearson/American Express Inc.

The date of this Official Statement is February 9, 1983
No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Series 44 Bonds or any other securities of the Municipal Assistance Corporation for The City of New York by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information set forth herein has been provided by such Corporation and by other sources which are believed to be reliable by such Corporation, but it is not guaranteed as to its accuracy or completeness and is not to be construed as a representation by the Underwriters. The information herein is subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of such Corporation or of the State of New York or of The City of New York since the date hereof. This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the securities referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE SERIES 44 BONDS, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF SUCH BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZATION, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

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Lazard Frères & Co.—Financial Advisor
PART 1—INTRODUCTION

Certain factors and additional information that may affect decisions to invest in the Series 44 Bonds are described throughout this Official Statement which should be read in its entirety. Certain terms used in this Official Statement are defined in the Appendix.

The Corporation

The Municipal Assistance Corporation for The City of New York is a public benefit corporation of the State created for the purpose of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for the City.

The Bonds

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Corporation’s Second General Bond Resolution. A portion of the proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds will be used to refund the Corporation’s Series JJ Bonds. Certain revenues of the Corporation described below are pledged to the payment of the Series 44 Bonds, which are general obligations of the Corporation and are not obligations of either the State or the City.

Payment of the Bonds and Debt Service Coverage

The Corporation’s revenues pledged to the payment of Second Resolution Bonds are derived from moneys that are paid to the Trustee, subject to annual appropriation by the State Legislature, from three sources: Per Capita Aid and (after satisfying debt service, operating expenses and capital reserve funding requirements under the Corporation’s First General Bond Resolution) the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax. “Per Capita Aid” consists of amounts that otherwise would have been payable to the City under the State law that provides for a general revenue sharing program applicable to localities throughout the State. The “Sales Tax” consists of a State sales tax imposed within the City, at the rate of 4%, on most retail and certain other sales. The “Stock Transfer Tax” consists of the State tax on the transfer of stocks and certain other securities. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Assuming that amounts available to the Corporation from Per Capita Aid, Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax continue at present levels, Available Revenues for debt service on all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds, including the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue, would be as follows:

(Dollars in Millions)

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{plus} & \quad 1,435 \quad \text{Sales Tax (12 months ended December 31, 1982)} \\
\text{plus} & \quad 672 \quad \text{Stock Transfer Tax (12 months ended December 31, 1982)} \\
\text{minus} & \quad 11 \quad \text{Operating expenses of the Corporation} \\
\text{minus} & \quad 344 \quad \text{Maximum annual debt service payment on currently outstanding First Resolution obligations after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds (issuance test limits annual debt service to $425 million)} \\
\text{plus} & \quad 1,752 \quad \text{Available tax revenues after provision for First Resolution obligations} \\
\text{plus} & \quad 409 \quad \text{Available Per Capita Aid (for the Corporation’s 1982 fiscal year), net of $75 million of potential prior claims (none of which has been asserted since the inception of the Corporation)} \\
\text{divided} & \quad 2,161 \quad \text{Available Revenues} \\
\text{by} & \quad 803 \quad \text{Maximum annual debt service payment on currently outstanding Second Resolution Bonds (including the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue)} \\
\text{=} & \quad 2.69 \quad \text{Debt Service Coverage}
\end{align*}
\]
The authority of the State to impose and collect the Sales Tax and pay the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax revenues to the Corporation has been affirmed by the State's highest court; the United States Supreme Court dismissed the appeal of the State court's decision for lack of a substantial Federal question.

For further information with respect to the Corporation's revenues and debt service, as well as estimated coverage ratios, see "PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS" and "PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS."

Limitations on Bond Issuance

The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional Second Resolution Bonds unless available revenues, calculated substantially in the manner outlined above, would cover estimated maximum annual debt service payments on Second Resolution Bonds at least two times. In addition, in connection with certain short-term note sales ("commercial paper program"), the Corporation has agreed that it will not issue short-term obligations except for refunding purposes unless debt service coverage equals or exceeds 2.2 times available revenues. For further information with respect to the Corporation's Commercial Paper Program, see "PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN."

The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional First Resolution obligations if the maximum annual debt service payments on all First Resolution obligations would exceed $425 million. Maximum annual debt service on currently outstanding First Resolution obligations, after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, is $344 million.

Appropriation of Revenues

The Legislature has appropriated Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for the benefit of the Corporation for each of the State's fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation. The Corporation expects that the Legislature will continue to make such appropriations so long as the Corporation's bonds are outstanding. Under the State Constitution, however, the Legislature cannot be bound or obligated to appropriate such revenues for the benefit of the Corporation.

The Corporation believes that any failure by the State to make annual appropriations as expected would have a serious impact on the ability of the State and its agencies to raise funds in the public credit markets.

Outstanding Debt of the Corporation

After the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue, the Corporation will have outstanding an aggregate of $7.788 billion of its bonds, $5.940 billion issued under the Second General Bond Resolution and $1.848 billion issued under the First General Bond Resolution. Bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue are bonds issuable on the exercise of the Corporation's warrants and bonds issuable under certain circumstances in connection with its Commercial Paper Program. In each case the Corporation has covenanted with certain parties to treat such conditionally issuable bonds as issued and outstanding and, accordingly, unless otherwise indicated, the issuance and coverage figures set forth in this Official Statement are presented on the basis of such an assumption.
The Corporation’s First and Second Resolution obligations each have the benefit of a capital reserve fund held by the Trustee. At December 31, 1982, there was on deposit in such funds securities valued in accordance with the Act at $375.5 million and $727.4 million, respectively, including accrued interest.

Debt Issuance Plan

The Series 44 Bonds are being offered as part of the Debt Issuance Plan developed by the Corporation and the City. The Debt Issuance Plan is intended to provide necessary long-term financing for the City to enable the City to finance its capital needs through June 30, 1985.

Certain institutional investors, some of which are underwriters of this offering, hold substantial amounts of bonds of the Corporation. Such investors may, from time to time during and after the time when the Series 44 Bonds are being offered to the public, offer or sell bonds of the Corporation, which may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the Series 44 Bonds.

Certain Factors

The Corporation believes that the market for and the market price of the Series 44 Bonds and the sources of payment of the Series 44 Bonds may be affected by certain other factors described elsewhere in this Official Statement. See, in particular, “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE” and “PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY” with respect to serious potential imbalances in the financial plans of the State and City.

PART 2—BONDS BEING OFFERED

General

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution. The Series 44 Bonds will be dated and bear interest from February 1, 1983 and will mature as set forth on the cover of this Official Statement.

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued as coupon bonds in the denomination of $5,000 each, registrable as to principal only, or as fully registered bonds in the denomination of $5,000 or any integral multiple of $5,000. Coupon bonds and fully registered bonds will be interchangeable. The Series 44 Bonds will be registrable on the books of the Corporation at the corporate trust office of the Trustee. Principal of and premium, if any, on fully registered bonds is payable at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee. Interest on fully registered bonds is payable by check or draft mailed to the registered owner.

For every exchange or transfer of the Series 44 Bonds, the Corporation or the Trustee may make a charge sufficient to reimburse it for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer, which sum or sums shall be paid by the person requesting such exchange or transfer as a condition precedent to the exercise of the privilege of making such exchange or transfer. The cost of preparing each new Series 44 Bond issued upon such exchange or transfer and any other expenses of the Corporation or the Trustee incurred in connection therewith (except any applicable tax, fee or other governmental charge) will be paid by the Corporation as operating expenses.

Pursuant to the Act, the Series 44 Bonds will include the 1978 State Covenant to the effect that the State will not take certain actions, including any action that will substantially impair the authority of the Control Board to act in specified respects with regard to the City. See “PART 11—AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.”
United States Trust Company of New York is the Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution. Its corporate trust office is located at 45 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. For further information concerning the Trustee, see "PART 15—TRUSTEE."

Optional Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part by lot on any interest payment date or dates, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest to the date of redemption:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
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<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sinking Fund Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption, in part by lot, on July 1 in each of the years and in the respective principal amounts set forth below, at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, from mandatory "Sinking Fund Installments" which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 of each year, the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds specified for each of the years shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
<td>2004</td>
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</tr>
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<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2008</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Payment at maturity.

Giving effect to the Sinking Fund Installments set forth above, the average life of the Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 would be approximately 21.73 years, calculated from February 1, 1983.

The Corporation may from time to time direct the Trustee to purchase with moneys in the Bond Service Fund, Series 44 Bonds at or below par plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of such purchase, and apply any Bonds so purchased as a credit, at par, against and in fulfillment of a required Sinking Fund Installment on the Bonds, so purchased. See "PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION—Bond Service Fund." To the extent the Corporation fulfills its obligations to make Sinking Fund Installments in a particular year through such purchases of such Bonds, the likelihood of redemption by lot of any holder's Bonds of such Series through the operation of the sinking fund will be reduced for such year. The Corporation has in the past made such purchases with respect to certain series of its Second Resolution Bonds and may, but is not obligated to do so with respect to the Series 44 Bonds.
Additional Bonds and Notes

Pursuant to the Act, the Corporation is authorized to issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding $10 billion (exclusive of bonds and notes issued to refund outstanding bonds and notes, and notes issued to meet the City’s seasonal borrowing requirements). For purposes of this authorization, the Corporation will have issued approximately $8.741 billion after issuance of the Series 44 Bonds, assuming the exercise of all outstanding warrants and including approximately $250 million of commercial paper notes. All bonds, other than refunding bonds, are required to be issued under the First or Second General Bond Resolutions.

Additional Second Resolution Bonds may be issued on a parity with the Series 44 Bonds, provided that (a) an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the most recent collections of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax for 12 consecutive calendar months ended not more than two months prior to the date of determination or (ii) the amounts estimated by the State Commission of Taxation and Finance to be collectible during the succeeding 12-month period from such sources, plus (b) the estimated or actual amount of Per Capita Aid to be or theretofore apportioned and paid to the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund for the fiscal year of the State during which such additional Bonds are to be issued, less (c) the maximum annual debt service on outstanding First Resolution obligations, less (d) estimated operating expenses of the Corporation for its then current fiscal year, is at least 2 times (e) the maximum annual debt service on outstanding Second Resolution Bonds (including the particular series of such additional Bonds then proposed to be issued). In addition, the Corporation has agreed that it will not issue obligations under the Commercial Paper Program except for refunding purposes unless available revenues equal or exceed 2.2 times maximum annual debt service.

Pursuant to the Series 44 Resolution and certain other series resolutions of the Corporation, the Corporation may issue additional First Resolution obligations only to the extent that the issuance thereof would not cause the maximum annual debt service on outstanding First Resolution obligations to equal or exceed $425 million (with certain adjustments with respect to up to $25 million of small denomination obligations that the Corporation may offer to the public under the First General Bond Resolution).

In February 1981 and November 1981, the Corporation issued Warrants to purchase $100 million of its Series 28 Bonds and $59.505 million of its Series 36 Bonds, respectively. Such Warrants were exercisable through January 18, 1983, after which all such Warrants not exercised became void. Through January 18, 1983, Warrants were exercised for the purchase of $31.59 million of Series 28 Bonds and $57.60 million of Series 36 Bonds. In November 1982, the Corporation issued Warrants to purchase $100 million of its Series 42 Bonds, exercisable through January 18, 1984. Covenants of the Corporation with holders of the Warrants for the purchase of Series 42 Bonds provide that it will treat as issued and outstanding the aggregate authorized amount of Series 42 Bonds for purposes of the issuance and coverage tests set forth in this section. The Corporation has also covenanted with certain banks under the Commercial Paper Program that it will treat the $250 million Second Resolution Bonds issuable under the terms of the credit agreements as issued and outstanding for purposes of the coverage tests set forth in this section for the period of time such bonds may be issued, as provided in such credit agreements.

The Second General Bond Resolution contains further limitations upon the issuance by the Corporation of additional obligations under the First General Bond Resolution. See “PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION.”

PART 3—USE OF PROCEEDS AND PLAN OF REFUNDING

The net proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds will be $205.170 million. Approximately $176 million of such proceeds will be used to refund the Corporation’s Series JJ Bonds. The balance of the net proceeds will be deposited in the Capital Reserve Aid Fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution. An aggregate of $184.166 million of the Series JJ Bonds is currently outstanding and will mature or be retired with mandatory sinking fund installments on February 1 as follows:

5
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>$40,280,000</td>
<td>7.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>83,880,000</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Mandatory Sinking Fund Installment

To accomplish the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, which were issued under the First General Bond Resolution, approximately $176 million of the net proceeds will be used to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America (the “Government Obligations”), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide moneys sufficient to pay when due principal at maturity of and the Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds. At the time of issuance of the Series 44 Bonds, the Corporation will deposit the Government Obligations in a special trust fund held by United States Trust Company of New York, the trustee under the First General Bond Resolution. At such time, the Corporation will give such trustee irrevocable instructions to apply the special trust fund solely for the payment of principal of and Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds.

Upon the giving of such instructions, the Series JJ Bonds will no longer be outstanding for purposes of the First General Bond Resolution. Accordingly, all principal of and Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds will be payable solely from the special trust fund.

The refunding of the Series JJ Bonds is part of the Corporation’s refunding program. The program is intended to reduce the level of debt service requirements in certain early years where debt service requirements are at disproportionately high levels through the issuance of refunding bonds which have debt service requirements occurring at higher levels in later years. The refunding of the Series JJ Bonds has been actively considered by the Corporation since Spring 1982, but the refunding may not have been undertaken at this time except for the request of the Mayor of the City that the Corporation do so. The debt service savings to the Corporation during the fiscal years 1983, 1984 and 1985 as a result of such refunding will decrease the moneys used by the Corporation from its revenues (see “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS”), thereby increasing the moneys available to the City for its expense budget in those years by an aggregate of approximately $146 million. Such increased expense budget moneys will be subject to monitoring by the Control Board in conjunction with its review and approval of the City’s four-year financial plans. See “PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS.” The Corporation has recommended to the Control Board that it monitor the use of such increased expense budget moneys to alleviate the need for fiscal retrenchment beyond the measures set forth in the City’s 1983 Revised Plan. See “PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY.” The Corporation has estimated that the present value cost to the Corporation of such refunding is approximately $6 million, but the Corporation has determined that such refunding meets its corporate purposes.

PART 4—THE CORPORATION

Background, Purposes and Powers

The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation. The Corporation was created by State legislation adopted in June 1975 (as amended to date, the “Act”), for the purpose of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for the City. To carry out such purpose, the Corporation was given the authority, among other things, to issue and sell bonds and notes, to pay or lend funds received from such sales to the City and to exchange the Corporation’s obligations for those of the City and to issue bonds to refund outstanding bonds. Between June 1975 and June 1978, the Corporation issued its obligations in accordance with this purpose and the City was provided with seasonable loans by the Federal government and long-term financing by certain City pension
funds and the Corporation. In September 1975, the Control Board was established to oversee the financial affairs of the City.

By June 1978, the City had brought its operating budget into balance in accordance with State law and accomplished other budgetary and accounting objectives. Despite this progress, it became clear that further actions would be necessary to enable the City to finance itself. As a result, the Debt Issuance Plan was developed to provide long-term financing to the City over the four fiscal years ending June 1982, during which time the City was required to follow a plan designed to bring its operating budget into balance in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) by the 1982 fiscal year and to enable it to regain access to the public credit markets. Although the City’s operating budget for the 1981 fiscal year was balanced in accordance with GAAP, one year earlier than required, and its operating budget for its 1982 fiscal year was similarly balanced, the Debt Issuance Plan was supplemented to give the City additional time to regain full access to the public credit markets. The City sold $75 million of its bonds publicly during its 1981 fiscal year, $250 million of its bonds publicly during its 1982 fiscal year and $150 million of its bonds publicly to date during its 1983 fiscal year.

To enable the Corporation to assist in financing the City’s capital needs during its 1983 through 1985 fiscal years, the State enacted legislation in June 1980 increasing the amount of obligations which the Corporation may issue to $10 billion (excluding refunding obligations and certain short-term notes) and extending through December 31, 1984 the period during which such obligations, other than refunding obligations, may be issued. The 1980 legislation provides sufficient bond issuance authority to enable the Corporation to fulfill its role under the Debt Issuance Plan.

Outstanding Debt of the Corporation

After issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the exercise of all outstanding warrants, the Corporation will have issued approximately $8.741 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes for purposes of the $10 billion statutory issuance limit (which limit excludes all refunding obligations). The Corporation will have outstanding (excluding bonds that have been refunded) $5.940 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution and $1.848 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under the First General Bond Resolution. The Second General Bond Resolution provides that all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds will be on a parity with each other, regardless of the date of issuance.

First Resolution Obligations have no claim on Per Capita Aid, which is a principal source of payment for the Second Resolution Bonds. First Resolution Obligations have a claim prior to that of Second Resolution Bonds on all amounts available to the Corporation from the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax. The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional First Resolution Obligations if the maximum annual debt service payments on all First Resolution Obligations would exceed $425 million.

In addition to First and Second Resolution obligations, the Corporation is issuing commercial paper under separate resolutions on a continuing refunding basis. The Corporation presently has outstanding approximately $250 million of such obligations. The commercial paper has no claim on Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax prior to or on a parity with First or Second Resolution Bonds. For further information on the Corporation’s commercial paper program, see “PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN.”

For additional information concerning the financial condition of the Corporation, see the audited financial statements of the Corporation as at June 30, 1982, and the unaudited financial statements of the Corporation for the six months ended December 31, 1982, annexed hereto as Exhibit A, and “PART 20—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.”
PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN

In November 1978, the Corporation in conjunction with the City developed the Debt Issuance Plan to provide long-term financing for the City during the 1979 through 1982 fiscal years. The Debt Issuance Plan has been supplemented from time to time to include subsequent fiscal years and to adjust projections regarding the issuance of long-term obligations to the public and the City’s capital needs.

DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN
(Dollars in Thousands)

Sources of Funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY 1983</th>
<th>FY 1984</th>
<th>FY 1985</th>
<th>FY 1986</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of the Corporation’s Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>$250,000(a)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of the Corporation’s Bonds</td>
<td>575,000(b)</td>
<td>350,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of City Bonds</td>
<td>300,000(c)</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>700,000</td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and Sewer Revenue Financing (d)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>315,000</td>
<td>330,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Available Sources (e)</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Sources</td>
<td>$1,177,000</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
<td>$1,315,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Uses of Funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY 1983</th>
<th>FY 1984</th>
<th>FY 1985</th>
<th>FY 1986</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City Capital Improvements</td>
<td>$1,125,000</td>
<td>$1,249,000</td>
<td>$1,330,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund of the Corporation</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refunding</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepayment of Federally Guaranteed City Obligations (e)</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Uses (f)</td>
<td>$1,677,000</td>
<td>$1,299,000</td>
<td>$1,330,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) All $250 million of these commercial paper notes have been issued.

(b) $364.2 million of such amount has been issued to date, including $31.59 million of Series 28 Bonds and $57.60 million of Series 36 Bonds, issued upon exercise of warrants and $175 million of Series 40 Bonds and $100 million of Series 41 Bonds.

(c) $150 million of this amount was sold in January 1983.

(d) Contingent upon the State enacting legislation for and the City developing a program for the financing of water and sewer projects through the issuance of revenue bonds.

(e) See discussion of Federally guaranteed City bonds in this Part 5.

(f) Differences between total sources and uses are a result of the deposit or withdrawal of funds held by the Corporation from the proceeds of sales of its bonds in prior fiscal years for use in fiscal years 1983 and 1984 or transfers from the City's general fund for capital purposes. The Sources of Funds reflects the principal amount of obligations issued and the Use of Funds reflects the receipt of such sources without giving effect to cost of issuance.

The current Debt Issuance Plan is intended to enable the Corporation to assist the City in financing the City’s capital needs which the City currently projects to be approximately $1.1 billion to $1.4 billion during each of its 1983 through 1986 fiscal years. Substantial portions of the Debt Issuance Plan have been
completed to date. To complete the Debt Issuance Plan, the Corporation intends to sell publicly $860 million of its obligations through December 31, 1984 of which the Series 44 Bonds are a portion, and the City plans to sell publicly $1.25 billion of its bonds through its 1985 fiscal year. The Plan assumes that the City will be able to meet, through sales of its bonds, its full capital needs after its 1985 fiscal year.

The actual amount of the Corporation’s obligations to be issued during each fiscal year will depend upon the City’s actual capital requirements, the amount which can be raised through public sales of City bonds on reasonable terms, the Corporation’s requirements and other factors.

In connection with the Debt Issuance Plan, the City issued an aggregate of $1.65 billion of Federally guaranteed bonds from fiscal 1978 through 1982. The Agreement to Guarantee providing for such Federal guarantees requires the City under certain circumstances to prepay such bonds beginning in its 1983 fiscal year according to a prescribed formula. The City requested the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to waive this requirement for fiscal 1983. On July 13, 1982, the Secretary denied such request. Approximately $52 million in the 1983 fiscal year will be required to prepay federally-guaranteed city bonds. Such amount may be obtained from proceeds assumed to be available for capital funding or from sales of additional bonds or otherwise. If the waiver were denied in each of the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, approximately $548 million in bond proceeds presently allocated to capital financing may be required for such purpose.

In July 1982 and January 1983, respectively, the Corporation commenced sales of its Series 1 and Series 2 commercial paper notes (the “Commercial Paper Program”). Under the Commercial Paper Program, approximately $100 million of Series 1 short-term obligations and approximately $150 million of Series 2 short-term obligations were issued and will be continually refunded through the issuance of additional short-term obligations. The payment of these short-term obligations is secured for Series 1 by an irrevocable credit agreement with Citibank, N.A., and for Series 2 by an irrevocable credit agreement with Citibank, N.A. and Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, each providing $75 million of the total Series 2 credit facility. If the Series 1 credit agreement is used to pay maturing Series 1 commercial paper notes or the Series 2 credit agreement is used to pay maturing Series 2 commercial paper notes, the Corporation’s resulting obligations to the respective banks will be repaid over a period of not less than five years from the expiration of the applicable credit agreement. The Corporation developed the Commercial Paper Program in order to take advantage of the existing differential between short-term and long-term tax-exempt interest rates so that it could provide the City with capital funds at a lower cost. The Corporation intends to fund the commercial paper with proceeds of long-term bonds at such time as the markets make such option attractive.

PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS

General

The Second Resolution Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of certain pledged revenues as well as any other available revenues of the Corporation. The Second Resolution Bonds are entitled to a first lien, created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution, on all moneys and securities paid or deposited into the Corporation’s Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund under the Second General Bond Resolution, which are held by United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee. Such moneys and securities include the following:

(i) amounts derived from Per Capita Aid, less certain prior statutory claims, none of which has been asserted since the inception of the Corporation;

(ii) amounts derived from the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax, after satisfying annual funding requirements for the Corporation’s outstanding First Resolution obligations and operating expenses of the Corporation;

(iii) amounts received from the State to replenish the Capital Reserve Aid Fund, see “Maintenance of Capital Reserve Aid Fund” in this Part 6, and
(iv) any interest or income earned on investments of amounts deposited into the Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund.

The amounts described in (i) and (ii) above are paid to the Corporation from two special funds established by the Finance Law and held in the custody of the State Comptroller, the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund and the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, respectively. The Finance Law provides that the State Comptroller shall make payments from these special funds to the Corporation’s Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund, in accordance with certificates of the Corporation setting forth the amount and timing of its cash requirements on a quarterly basis in order to deposit these amounts in advance of interest and principal payment dates and capital reserve funding dates. (Although quarterly payments of Per Capita Aid are provided for by the Finance Law, substantially all of the Per Capita Aid payable to the Corporation is paid on an annual basis in June.) Payments of Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax revenues are made to the Corporation to meet requirements under the Second General Bond Resolution only to the extent such revenues are not needed to meet requirements under the First General Bond Resolution.

After the Corporation’s certified requirements have been satisfied in full for a particular quarter, excess moneys in such special funds are paid to the City. Stock Transfer Tax revenues not required by the Corporation are paid to a fund established to provide rebates of such Tax. Pursuant to the Finance Law, the State Comptroller may not disburse Sales or Stock Transfer Tax revenues or Per Capita Aid held by him to the City or any other entity so long as an amount certified by the Corporation as required to be paid by the date of disbursement to the City remains unpaid.

Payments to the Corporation by the State are required to be made by the State only if and to the extent that such amounts have been appropriated by the State Legislature or that revenues have otherwise been made available therefor by the State.

The holders of the Second Resolution Bonds do not have any lien on Per Capita Aid, Sales Tax or Stock Transfer Tax until the moneys derived therefrom are paid into the Corporation’s Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund. The Act provides that any provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution and the Second Resolution Bonds with respect to provision for payment by the State to the Corporation of Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax are executory only to the extent of the moneys available from time to time from such Aid and Tax sources and held by the State, which moneys shall have been theretofore appropriated to the Corporation, and no liability on account thereof shall be incurred by the State beyond the moneys available from such sources.

The Corporation currently holds substantial amounts of bonds of the City and will, as required by the Act, acquire substantial additional amounts of bonds in connection with providing capital financing for the City. Such obligations held from time to time by the Corporation are not subject to the lien created by the pledge under the First or Second General Bond Resolution. Some of such obligations have been pledged for the benefit of certain banks in connection with the Commercial Paper Program of the Corporation and a portion of such obligations to be acquired in the future may be so pledged. In certifying its requirements, the Corporation may not take into account any amounts payable on such City obligations but not yet received by the Corporation. However, the requirements for any fund may be reduced to the extent that such moneys are received and deposited into such fund of the Corporation.
The following chart illustrates the flow of money as described above:

1. Subject to appropriation by the State Legislature.
2. Upon certification by the Corporation.
3. And operating expenses of the Corporation.
4. After deduction of the amounts needed for First Resolution debt service and capital reserve funding and operating expenses.
5. After payment of all amounts certified by the Corporation and after payment of rebates of the Stock Transfer Tax. Amounts paid to the City are paid directly by the State.
The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State and not of the City. The Corporation has no taxing power. The Second Resolution Bonds do not constitute an enforceable obligation, or a debt, of either the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City is liable thereon. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or the City is pledged to the payment of principal of or interest on the Second Resolution Bonds.

If the Corporation were to be authorized by State law to file such a petition under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, and if it were to meet other conditions specified in such Chapter, the Corporation could file a petition for relief under Chapter 9 pursuant to which the Corporation’s securities could be adjusted or modified. The Corporation is not now authorized by the State to file a Chapter 9 petition and the Corporation does not anticipate that it will seek such authorization or need the relief provided by Chapter 9.

**Appropriation by Legislature**

The Finance Law provides that the State Legislature shall appropriate Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for the benefit of the Corporation, and the Legislature has so appropriated Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for each of the State’s fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation. The Corporation expects that the Legislature will continue to make such appropriations so long as the Corporation’s bonds are outstanding. Under the State Constitution, however, the Legislature cannot be bound or obligated to appropriate such revenues for the benefit of the Corporation.

The Corporation believes that any failure by the Legislature to make appropriations as expected would have a serious impact on the ability of the State and its agencies to raise funds in the public credit markets. See “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE.”

The State is not bound or obligated to continue payment of Per Capita Aid or to impose either the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax or to make any appropriations to the Corporation of the revenues received therefrom. The Second General Bond Resolution, however, provides that each of the following shall constitute an event of default with respect to the Second Resolution Bonds: (i) the failure of the State to continue to pay Per Capita Aid, as the laws relating to Per Capita Aid may be amended, or a reduction by the State of the amount of Per Capita Aid payable during any fiscal year to an amount less than the maximum annual debt service payable on the outstanding Second Resolution Bonds; (ii) the failure of the State to continue the imposition of either the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax, each imposed by the Tax Law, as such Law may be amended, or a reduction of the rates of such taxes to rates less than those in effect on July 2, 1975; or (iii) the failure of the State Comptroller to pay to the Corporation the amounts certified by the Corporation.

The Finance Law provides that in no event shall the State Comptroller pay over and distribute to the City or any other entity other than the Corporation any Sales or Stock Transfer Tax revenues or Per Capita Aid held in the special funds (other than for State administrative charges), unless and until the aggregate of all cash required by the Corporation at the date of such distribution has been appropriated and has been paid to the Corporation.

Provisions of the State Constitution and the Finance Law require the setting aside of the first revenues received that are applicable to the State’s General Fund if the State Legislature fails to make an appropriation for the payment of State indebtedness. Although the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax are revenues of the State, they are applicable to special funds, rather than the State’s General Fund. Consequently, under existing law, the provisions requiring moneys to be set aside to pay State obligations would not apply to the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax. However, Per Capita Aid is apportioned and paid from the State’s General Fund and may be subject to being set aside to pay State obligations in the event the State fails to pay such obligations.
Per Capita Aid

Per Capita Aid consists of revenues that would otherwise be paid to the City as the City’s share of the State’s general revenue sharing program for localities throughout the State. The State has appropriated moneys which have been apportioned among local governmental entities, including the City, in each year since 1946 and has provided some measure of assistance to local governments since 1800.

The apportionment of general revenue sharing among localities is based on a statutory formula which takes into account the distribution of the State’s population, the total assessed valuation of real property taxable within the State, personal income, and other factors. Both the determination of the amount of statewide general revenue sharing and the apportionment of such revenue sharing among localities are legislative acts and the Legislature may amend or repeal the statutes relating to statewide general revenue sharing and the formulas which determine the amount of Per Capita Aid payable to the Corporation. Such amendments could result in the increase or decrease of the amount of Per Capita Aid available for the payment of debt service on Second Resolution Bonds. However, certain of such acts by the Legislature would be events of default under the Second General Bond Resolution, see “Appropriation by Legislature” in this Part 6. The financial condition of the State may affect the amount of Per Capita Aid appropriated by the Legislature.

The following table, which presents data obtained from the City Office of Management and Budget, the State Comptroller’s office and the State Division of the Budget, indicates the aggregate payments of Per Capita Aid apportioned and paid to the City and, since 1976, to the Corporation, for the ten fiscal years ended June 30, 1982.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>$331,780</td>
<td>1978</td>
<td>$434,324(a)</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>360,870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975</td>
<td>405,118</td>
<td>1979</td>
<td>481,569(b)</td>
<td>1976</td>
<td>484,036(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977</td>
<td>434,311</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>484,037(c)</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>434,311(a)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1981</td>
<td></td>
<td>1978</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1982</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Reflects State’s ceiling on Per Capita Aid payments at the 1976 level, with certain minor modifications applicable to 1978 payments.
(b) Does not include $49,276 million paid in October 1978.
(c) Reflects State’s ceiling on aid to localities.

Sales Tax

The Sales Tax is imposed within the City at the rate of 4% on receipts from most retail sales of tangible personal property and certain services and at the rate of 6% on receipts from parking, garaging or storing motor vehicles in the City. The Sales Tax is in addition to the 4% sales and compensating use taxes levied statewide and the 1/4 of 1% sales and compensating use tax levied in the regions served by the Metropolitan Transportation Authority. The Sales Tax is subject to certain limited exceptions, exemptions and exclusions. Under the Finance Law, the Sales Tax is paid into a special fund held by the State Comptroller on a monthly basis.

The Sales Tax is imposed on substantially the same tax base as the sales and compensating use taxes previously imposed by the City and collected by the State. A tax on sales of certain tangible personal property and services had been imposed by the City since 1934.
Collections of the Sales Tax and the sales and compensating use taxes previously imposed by the City have increased in each of the last ten years, although the primary cause of the growth of Sales Tax collections in recent years has been inflation. The level of Sales Tax receipts is necessarily dependent upon economic and demographic conditions in the City, and there can be no assurance that the historical data with respect to collections of such Tax are necessarily indicative of future receipts. The City has experienced adverse trends in certain economic and demographic factors which contributed in some years to a slowing of the growth rate of Sales Tax collections.

The following table sets forth State collections of the sales and compensating use taxes imposed by the City prior to July 1, 1975, and the Sales Tax imposed by the State since July 1, 1975, on a quarterly basis for the last ten complete fiscal years of the City, after deductions of the costs of administration, collection and distribution. Footnotes to the tables detail changes in law and administrative procedures affecting the collection and distribution of the Sales Tax which are important to an understanding of the tables.

**QUARTERLY COLLECTIONS OF SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES IN THE CITY(a)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ended June 30</th>
<th>September 30</th>
<th>October 1, November 30</th>
<th>December 31</th>
<th>March 31</th>
<th>June 30</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>$130,857</td>
<td>$129,541</td>
<td>$146,528</td>
<td>$142,258</td>
<td></td>
<td>$549,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1974</td>
<td>135,272</td>
<td>141,973</td>
<td>151,575</td>
<td>151,978</td>
<td></td>
<td>580,798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975(b)</td>
<td>173,824</td>
<td>198,990</td>
<td>212,671</td>
<td>201,715</td>
<td></td>
<td>802,608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1976(c)</td>
<td>194,560</td>
<td>193,690</td>
<td>247,203</td>
<td>167,155</td>
<td></td>
<td>787,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977</td>
<td>215,794</td>
<td>210,385</td>
<td>248,927</td>
<td>183,280</td>
<td></td>
<td>858,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1978</td>
<td>221,815</td>
<td>232,291</td>
<td>274,585</td>
<td>190,044</td>
<td></td>
<td>918,735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>232,732</td>
<td>239,852</td>
<td>317,400</td>
<td>208,750</td>
<td></td>
<td>998,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>253,974</td>
<td>283,540</td>
<td>357,270</td>
<td>241,764</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,136,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>293,581</td>
<td>313,990</td>
<td>413,179</td>
<td>273,324</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,294,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>329,950</td>
<td>349,041</td>
<td>433,782</td>
<td>288,566</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,401,339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>338,727</td>
<td>373,836</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOURCE:** State Department of Taxation and Finance.

(a) Commencing March 1976, quarterly collections were distributed to localities based on historical collection data. Commencing June 1980, quarterly collections are distributed to localities based on historical collection and current unverified vendor data. Subsequent quarterly distributions to localities are adjusted to compensate for overdistributions or underdistributions when data on actual collections by locality are available. Such adjustments are reflected in the table for the quarter in which the subsequent distributions are made. Since March 1976, adjustments have ranged from $493,000 to $111.1 million to reflect overdistributions for certain prior periods and from $116,971 to $9.8 million to reflect underdistributions for other prior periods. Periods subsequent to June 1982 remain subject to the ongoing process of adjustment.

(b) The amounts of sales and compensating use taxes collected for fiscal 1975 and all subsequent years reflect the increases in the sales and compensating use taxes from 3% to 4%, effective July 1, 1974. The 6% tax on sales of certain parking services has remained the same.

(c) Commencing March 1976, certain large vendors (those with taxable receipts of $300,000 or more in any quarter of the preceding four quarters) are required to prepay in March estimated amounts of Sales Tax liability for March in addition to filing their normal quarterly reports for the December-February quarter. Any adjustments necessary to reflect actual amounts of Sales Tax liability for the month of March are reflected in the June collection figures.
Stock Transfer Tax

The Stock Transfer Tax is imposed at rates ranging from 1/4¢ to 5¢ (based on the selling price per share) on sales, agreements to sell, memoranda of sale and deliveries or transfers made within the State of shares or certificates of stock and certain other certificates. The imposition of the Stock Transfer Tax is subject to certain limited exceptions and is subject to a maximum tax of $350 on any taxable transaction which involves a sale on a single day of shares or certificates of the same class issued by the same issuer.

The level of Stock Transfer Tax revenues is related to the rate of tax imposed, the price of the shares traded and the volume of transactions on the securities exchanges located in the City. Such volume has fluctuated widely so that there can be no assurance that the historical data with respect to collections of such tax are necessarily indicative of future revenues.

The Corporation believes that it is not possible to predict the effect of developments with respect to the City's economic condition or other related economic developments in the City on Stock Transfer Tax collections. The volume of taxable securities transactions in the State may be adversely affected by (i) the evolution of a centralized nationwide securities market, (ii) the possible movement out of the State of the stock exchanges now located in the State, and (iii) other proposals which if implemented might tend to facilitate the execution of securities transactions not subject to the Stock Transfer Tax.

The revenues derived from the Stock Transfer Tax, including amounts subject to rebate as discussed below, after deduction of the costs of administration, collection and distribution of such Tax, are shown below for the previous ten complete fiscal years of the City, based upon the various rates prevailing and types of transactions taxable during the periods shown:

### Quarterly Collections of Stock Transfer Tax

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ended June 30</th>
<th>Three Months Ended (Dollars in thousands)</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>September 30</td>
<td>December 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>$59,405</td>
<td>$68,993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1974</td>
<td>43,612</td>
<td>59,782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975</td>
<td>35,756</td>
<td>40,214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1976(a)</td>
<td>53,049</td>
<td>57,937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977(a)</td>
<td>62,220</td>
<td>69,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1978(a)</td>
<td>68,770</td>
<td>82,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>112,478(a)</td>
<td>93,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>107,772</td>
<td>106,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>146,066</td>
<td>182,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>131,039</td>
<td>140,816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>163,745</td>
<td>249,295</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** State Department of Taxation and Finance.

(a) Includes collections of the 25% surcharge imposed upon the Stock Transfer Tax effective as of August 1, 1975, which surcharge expired July 31, 1978.

In 1977, the State enacted a program of gradually increasing rebates for all Stock Transfer Tax payers. Rebates began October 1, 1977 with respect to transactions by non-residents subject to tax and began October 1, 1979 with respect to transactions by residents. Rebates equal to 100% of the tax began on October 1, 1981. The legislation provides that taxpayers are to continue to pay the Stock Transfer Tax at the above-stated rates and that revenues are to continue to be paid into the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, although a substantial portion of such revenues (the rebatable portion of the tax) will be paid in to the Stock Transfer Tax Fund.
only at the end of each calendar quarter. To the extent that the Corporation does not require the use of Stock Transfer Tax revenues for debt service on its outstanding obligations, such revenues are available on a quarterly basis for payment of rebates.

To date, the Corporation has not found it necessary to use the revenues derived from the Stock Transfer Tax to pay its debt service. Based on present projections, the Corporation does not anticipate that it will be necessary to utilize these revenues in the future, although no assurance can be given that they will not be so required. See "PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS." If the Corporation were to require a substantial portion of the Stock Transfer Tax revenues otherwise subject to rebate, the resulting reduction in the amounts available for rebate could have an adverse effect upon the New York securities industry.

The City, in its January 18, 1983 submission to the Control Board, has proposed enactment of a temporary three-year surcharge on the Stock Transfer Tax which it estimates would produce nonrebatable revenues of approximately $150 million annually, if enacted. Members of the securities industry have stated that the imposition of such a tax might have an adverse effect on the New York securities industry and the volume of taxable transactions within the State.

Maintenance of Capital Reserve Aid Fund

Under the Act, additional payments are to be made by the State, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, to the Capital Reserve Aid Fund if for any reason (including a payment from such Fund to the Bond Service Fund to make up a deficiency in the Bond Service Fund) the Capital Reserve Aid Fund falls below specified levels. The amount of any such payment, if required, is to be in accordance with a certificate of the Corporation, to be delivered on or before December 1, stating the sum, if any, required to restore the Capital Reserve Aid Fund to the required level. The specified level equals 100% of the amount of debt service payable in the succeeding calendar year on any Second Resolution Bonds then to be issued and on all other Second Resolution Bonds outstanding on the date of calculation. Such Fund is currently funded at an amount not less than the required level with securities valued in accordance with the requirements of the Act (which may differ from the market value of such securities). See Notes 4 and 5 to the financial statements of the Corporation contained in Exhibit A.

Moneys in the Capital Reserve Aid Fund may not be withdrawn at any time in such amounts as would reduce the amount of such Fund to less than the amount of debt service payable on the Second Resolution Bonds in the succeeding calendar year, except for the purpose of paying debt service on such Bonds if other moneys of the Corporation are not available. The Corporation has not found it necessary to use moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund to pay debt service on any of its bonds.

The provision of the Act referred to above does not constitute an enforceable obligation of debt of the State and no moneys may be paid to the Corporation pursuant thereto absent an appropriation by the Legislature. See "Appropriation by Legislature" in this PART 6.
PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS

In order to estimate coverage ratios for the Second Resolution Bonds that will be outstanding, the Corporation has assumed certain amounts of Per Capita Aid and Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax collections. There is shown below the basis on which such amounts were calculated. The debt service payment requirements for the First and Second Resolution Bonds as well as certain coverage ratios are also shown below.

Adjusted Per Capita Aid

The Corporation has estimated the amounts of the following potential claims and liabilities on Per Capita Aid that are payable prior to the payment of Per Capita Aid to the Corporation, although since the inception of the Corporation no such claims have been asserted.

Per Capita Aid available to the Corporation during the Corporation’s 1982 fiscal year .................................................. $484,037

Less annual potential claims and liabilities:

(a) City University Construction Fund ("CUCF").

Amounts equal to 50% of CUCF’s share of certain State Dormitory Authority debt service and other expenses would be a claim against Per Capita Aid if not paid by the City to CUCF. The Corporation has been informed by CUCF that such debt service and other expenses are approximately $101.53 million during its current fiscal year. State law permits a maximum claim of $65 million in any fiscal year of the City*

(b) New York City Housing Development Corporation ("HDC").

Amounts required to restore the HDC capital reserve funds to the amount required to be on deposit in such funds would be a claim against Per Capita Aid if not otherwise paid. The Corporation has been informed by HDC that the aggregate capital reserve fund requirements on all outstanding bonds of HDC as of this date is approximately $24.1 million. State law currently permits a maximum claim of $30 million in any fiscal year .......................... $24,118

(c) New York City Police Pension Fund.

Amounts due annually from Per Capita Aid to the Trustees of the City Police Pension Fund .......................... $500 $75,384

Adjusted Per Capita Aid .................................................. $408,653

* Although State law purports to limit claims on Per Capita Aid, such limitation may not be effective in the event that the then outstanding bonds of the State Dormitory Authority issued to finance CUCF facilities are accelerated pursuant to the occurrence of an event of default under the related Dormitory Authority bond resolutions. In such event, all such outstanding bonds of the Dormitory Authority could be due and payable and could, to the extent of fifty percent of such principal amount, have a prior claim on Per Capita Aid. The Dormitory Authority has outstanding $905 million in such bonds. The State has, however, enacted legislation under which it commits, subject to annual appropriation, to reimburse the City for a portion of the CUCF share of the Dormitory Authority’s debt service. The portion has increased to 100% in the City’s 1983 fiscal year with respect to debt issued for senior colleges. See "PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE—Problems of Authorities and Localities".
Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes

Assuming that the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax collections (after deduction of costs of administration, collection and distribution) in each fiscal year remain at the levels for the 12 months ended December 31, 1982, see “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS—Sales Tax” and “Stock Transfer Tax”, and operating expenses of the Corporation are $11.2 million (the estimate for the current fiscal year), the aggregate annual amount which would be available from the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax, if needed (the “Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes”), to pay debt service of the Corporation is shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Dollars in thousands</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sales Tax collections for the 12 months ended December 31, 1982</td>
<td>$1,434,911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock Transfer Tax collections for the 12 months ended December 31, 1982</td>
<td>671,913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-total</td>
<td>$2,106,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Operating expenses of Corporation</td>
<td>11,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes</td>
<td>$2,095,624</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Debt Service Requirements and Estimated Coverage Ratios

As shown above, Adjusted Per Capita Aid is approximately $409 million and Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes are approximately $2,096 million, for a total of $2,505 million.

The following table shows the aggregate annual debt service payment requirements on the First Resolution obligations after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds. First Resolution obligations have a prior claim to that of the Second Resolution Bonds on the Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes. The Series 44 Resolution and certain other resolutions include a covenant by the Corporation that it will not issue any obligations under the First General Bond Resolution, if the aggregate annual debt service in any fiscal year on all obligations issued and outstanding under the First General Bond Resolution would exceed $425 million (with certain adjustments with respect to up to $25 million of small denomination obligations).

In addition, the table shows the annual principal payments, interest payments and the aggregate debt service payment requirements on all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds after giving effect to the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue. The table also shows the coverage of aggregate annual debt service on Second Resolution Bonds by all revenues (Adjusted Per Capita Aid plus Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes) after deducting from such revenues the aggregate annual debt service requirements with respect to the First Resolution Obligations.

There is no assurance that Adjusted Per Capita Aid, Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes or operating expenses will in fact remain at the levels referred to above in subsequent years. Furthermore, the Corporation reserves the right to issue additional obligations pursuant to the First and Second General Bond Resolutions within the limitations contained in such Resolutions, the Series 44 Resolution, the credit agreements with the banks under the Commercial Paper Program and the Act.
### DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS

(assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue and giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds)

(Dollars in thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>12-Month Period Ended June 30</th>
<th>Total Debt Service Payment Requirement on First Resolution Obligations (a)</th>
<th>Debt Service Payment Requirements on Second Resolution Bonds</th>
<th>Estimated Coverage Ratios on Second Resolution Bonds—All Revenues after deducting Debt Service on First Resolution Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>153,850</td>
<td>149,455</td>
<td>555,592</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>153,795</td>
<td>239,355</td>
<td>533,287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>206,656</td>
<td>292,885</td>
<td>509,704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>212,679</td>
<td>314,610</td>
<td>482,257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>224,855</td>
<td>319,325</td>
<td>453,477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>292,355</td>
<td>326,045</td>
<td>424,191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>289,230</td>
<td>336,760</td>
<td>394,208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>300,355</td>
<td>336,175</td>
<td>364,070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>264,605</td>
<td>358,755</td>
<td>333,161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>255,355</td>
<td>389,130</td>
<td>300,007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>335,730</td>
<td>231,195</td>
<td>271,794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>343,718</td>
<td>233,030</td>
<td>249,672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>261,970</td>
<td>226,307</td>
<td>488,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>229,090</td>
<td>203,240</td>
<td>432,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>154,485</td>
<td>184,561</td>
<td>339,046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>162,500</td>
<td>168,371</td>
<td>330,871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>187,480</td>
<td>150,721</td>
<td>338,201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>160,230</td>
<td>132,933</td>
<td>293,163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>150,420</td>
<td>116,535</td>
<td>266,955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>149,050</td>
<td>101,161</td>
<td>250,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>156,225</td>
<td>85,969</td>
<td>242,194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>146,370</td>
<td>70,980</td>
<td>217,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>151,660</td>
<td>56,310</td>
<td>207,970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>160,865</td>
<td>40,973</td>
<td>201,838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>170,955</td>
<td>24,801</td>
<td>195,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>171,750</td>
<td>8,259</td>
<td>180,009</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Includes Sinking Fund Installments

(b) Coverage ratios for the years 1996 to 2009 are not shown because of the relatively small amount of debt service in such years compared to the amount of revenues.

All revenues (Adjusted Per Capita Aid plus Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes) would cover the aggregate of the debt service on all First and Second Resolution obligations, shown in the table above for the fiscal years 1984 through 1995, ranging from a low of 2.40 times in 1989 to a high of 3.03 times in 1995 and such coverages average approximately 2.64 times.
The Corporation anticipates that an aggregate of approximately $860 million, of which the Series 44 Bonds are a portion, (excluding the bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue) of additional First Resolution obligations and Second Resolution Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan and that such issuance can be made within the issuance coverage tests imposed under the First and Second General Bond Resolution, the Series 44 Resolution and certain other resolutions of the Corporation, see “PART 2—BONDS BEING OFFERED—Additional Bonds and Notes”, on the basis of the assumptions described in this PART 7 and reflected in the above coverage table.

In addition to the aggregate debt service payments with respect to the First Resolution obligations shown in the above table, the Corporation is required to make deposits into the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution, which Fund is currently funded at not less than the required level.

PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE

Although bonds of the Corporation are not obligations of the State, financial developments with respect to the State may affect the market for or market prices of the Corporation’s securities and the sources of payment for the Corporation’s securities. As described under “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS”, the revenues of the Corporation that are pledged to payment of debt service on the Second Resolution Bonds derive from Per Capita Aid and the Sales Tax and, in certain circumstances, the Stock Transfer Tax. The payment of these revenues to the Corporation is subject to appropriation by the State Legislature. The State Legislature has made appropriations to the Corporation for each of the State’s fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation, including appropriations for the State’s current fiscal year, and it is expected, but the Corporation has no assurance, that the State Legislature will make such appropriations for subsequent fiscal years. It is possible that the willingness of the State Legislature to make such appropriations in the future may be affected by the financial condition of the State, which may in turn depend upon the financial condition of the City. Such willingness might also be adversely affected if the Secretary of the Treasury withheld payments to the State as an offset against any claim the Secretary might have in connection with the issuance of Federal guarantees of obligations of the City.

The factors affecting the State’s financial condition are complex, and the following description constitutes only a brief summary. This PART 8 is based entirely on information supplied by the State.

Long-Term Trends

The State and the City face serious potential long-term economic problems. The City accounts for approximately 40% of the State’s population and personal income, and the City’s financial health affects the State in numerous ways.

The State has long been one of the wealthiest states in the nation. For decades, however, the State economy has grown more slowly than that of the nation as a whole, resulting in the gradual erosion of its relative economic affluence. The causes of this relative decline are varied and complex, in many cases involving national and international developments beyond the State’s control. Part of the reason for the long-term relative decline in the State economy has been attributed to the combined state and local tax burden, which is among the highest in the nation. The existence of this tax burden limits the State’s ability to impose higher taxes in the event of future financial difficulties.

Recently, the State has been relatively successful in bringing the rate of growth in the public sector in the State into line with the slower expansion in the private economy. Prior to those efforts, annual increases in expenditures at both the State and local levels exceeded the increases in revenues generated by economic growth and were therefore financed in part through tax increases at both levels of government.
The burden of State and local taxation, in combination with the many other causes of regional economic dislocation, may have contributed to the decisions of businesses and individuals to relocate outside, or not locate within, the State. Certain manufacturing facilities have relocated to other states. This trend has been partially offset by the location of some new manufacturing facilities in the State and by expansion of existing facilities in the State. While no sustained reversal of the State’s relative economic position has been projected, the actions taken to date, in combination with many other causes of regional economic changes, have slowed this trend. During 1980 and 1981, personal income growth in the State exceeded that of the rest of the nation. In the second half of 1981 and for 1982 the State unemployment rate was below that of the nation. Overall economic activity declined less in the State than in the nation as a whole over the last two years. However, see “Program for the 1983 Fiscal Year” in this PART 8 for a discussion of the adverse effect of the State economy on the 1983 State Financial Plan.

Financial Developments—Fiscal Years 1975-1982

During the last several years, some of the State’s public benefit corporations (the “Authorities”) and municipalities (in particular, the City) have faced extraordinary financial difficulties, which have affected the State’s own financial condition. These events, including a default on short-term notes issued by the New York State Urban Development Corporation (“UJDC”) in February 1975, which default was cured shortly thereafter, and a continuation of the financial difficulties of the City, created substantial investor resistance to securities issued by the State and by some of its municipalities and Authorities. For a time, in late 1975 and early 1976, these difficulties resulted in a virtual closing of public credit markets for State and many State-related securities.

In response to the financial problems confronting it, the State developed and implemented programs for its 1977 fiscal year that included (i) the adoption of a balanced budget on a cash basis (a deficit of $92 million that actually resulted was financed by issuing notes that were paid during the first quarter of the State’s 1978 fiscal year), (ii) a $4.53 billion borrowing plan, (iii) a plan (the “Authority Build-Out Plan”) to meet the borrowing requirements through September 30, 1978 of four Authorities (the “Build-Out Authorities”) including the New York State Housing Finance Agency (“HFA”), and (iv) provisions for appropriations to certain Authorities as part of a program to complete projects under construction and to avoid defaults on their outstanding obligations. In addition, legislation was enacted limiting the incurrence of additional so-called “moral obligation” and certain other Authority debt, which legislation does not, however, apply to debt of the Corporation.

The 1978 fiscal year saw an improvement in the financial condition of the State, its Authorities and municipalities generally, although certain municipalities (including the City) and certain Authorities continued to face financial difficulties. The State adopted and adhered to a balanced budget, with receipts and expenditures of approximately $11.18 billion. For its 1979, 1980 and 1981 fiscal years, the State achieved balanced budgets with receipts and expenditures of $11.9 billion, $13.2 billion and $15.2 billion, respectively. For its 1982 fiscal year, the State achieved a balanced budget with receipts and expenditures of $16.782 billion. During the 1982 fiscal year, the State had full access to the public credit markets for its borrowing needs.

In addition to cash-based reports for fiscal years 1981 and 1982, the Comptroller has reported and will report the State’s 1981 and 1982 comprehensive (all funds) operating results and financial position for such fiscal years in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Because the State’s financial accounting system in effect during such fiscal years was designed to facilitate cash reporting and not GAAP modified accrual reporting, the Comptroller used certain accrual estimates and assumptions in preparing the GAAP financial statements. Such financial statements have not been audited by independent certified public accountants.

When reported in accordance with GAAP, the State’s governmental funds group shows a net operating deficit of $328 million for fiscal year 1982. This net operating deficit reflects operating deficits in the General
Fund and Capital Projects Funds of $339 million and $82 million, respectively, which were offset by operating surpluses of $55 million and $38 million in Debt Service Funds and Special Revenue Funds, respectively.

The State's combined balance sheet as of March 31, 1982 reflects an accumulated deficit in the State's governmental funds in the amount of $2.071 billion. This deficit includes an accumulated deficit in the General Fund of $2.697 billion and a net accumulated surplus of $626 million in the other three governmental fund types.

For its 1981 fiscal year, the State reported a restated GAAP operating deficit for its governmental funds of $239 million. This governmental funds operating deficit included a restated operating deficit of $278 million in the General Fund and $4.4 million in the Debt Service Fund Group, partially offset by operating surpluses of $43 million in the Capital Projects Fund Group and $416,000 in the Special Revenue Fund Group.

Program for the 1983 and 1984 Fiscal Years

Until the 1983 fiscal year, the State maintained its financial records and reported the results of its operations on a cash basis. The Accounting, Financial Reporting and Budget Accountability Reform Act of 1981 ("Chapter 405") provides for a phased changeover of the State's financial reporting systems from a cash basis to a system which will conform with GAAP. In preparation for the presentation of the financial plan of the State in accordance with GAAP beginning with the 1985 fiscal year, the financial plan for the State's 1983 fiscal year, although presented on a cash basis, incorporated the fund classifications required by GAAP. Therefore, the 1983 State Financial Plan includes considerably more transactions than plans of prior years, which included transactions in only one fund, the general fund. The major operating fund of the State remains the General Fund (as restructured). Therefore, this section summarizes the 1983 and 1984 State Financial Plans (as defined below), with particular emphasis on the General Fund.

The State's financial plan for the 1983 fiscal year, promulgated on May 13, 1982 projected receipts and disbursements of $17.580 billion in the General Fund, an increase of $1.441 billion (8.9%) over the level of disbursements in the 1982 fiscal year.

1983 State Financial Plan

On February 1, 1983, the Governor submitted a revised financial plan for the State's 1983 fiscal year (the "1983 State Financial Plan") as part of the Executive Budget for the State's 1984 fiscal year. The 1983 State Financial Plan projects General Fund Receipts of $17.532 billion, including $500 million in receipts from short-term borrowing completed in January, and General Fund disbursements of $17.581 billion. The remaining $49 million imbalance will be financed from available balances in the State's tax stabilization reserve funds.

The projection of receipts in the General Fund 1983 State Financial Plan now includes an additional $139 million in legislatively mandated transfers from certain insurance related funds, bringing the total anticipated receipts from such funds during the 1983 fiscal year to $394 million. The validity of these transfers is being challenged in court. The receipts projection also assumes the payment of approximately $200 million in personal income tax refunds on 1982 tax liability before the close of the 1983 fiscal year.

1984 State Financial Plan

The State's financial plan for the 1984 fiscal year (the "1984 State Financial Plan") shows receipts in the General Fund, after the impoundment of sufficient receipts to redeem the short-term borrowing to finance the 1983 deficit, of $18.577 billion and disbursements from the General Fund of $18.526 billion, with an increase in the General Fund balance of $51 million. This increase in the fund balance reflects repayment to the
State's tax stabilization reserve funds for withdrawals made at the end of the 1980 fiscal year. The projection of General Fund disbursements reflects an increase of $945 million, or 5.4 percent from the 1983 fiscal year.

General Fund receipts are categorized in the 1984 State Financial Plan as taxes, miscellaneous receipts, Federal grants and transfers from other funds. Taxes, which account for 94 percent of total General Fund receipts, are projected to total $15.467 billion, up $2.398 billion from the 1983 fiscal year. Of this increase, approximately $485 million reflects recommended increases in the rates and/or bases of certain user taxes and fees. An additional $400 million reflects other revenue measures affecting a variety of taxes. Of the increase in total taxes, approximately $1.175 billion represents higher personal income tax collections, $686 million represents higher receipts from user taxes and fees, and $600 million represents higher receipts from business taxes. These increases are partially offset by decreases in receipts from other activities of $63 million. The projection of personal income tax receipts reflects the payment of no refunds on calendar 1983 tax liability during the 1984 fiscal year.

Miscellaneous receipts and Federal grants, which account for approximately 5 percent of General Fund receipts, or $41 million, are projected to decline nearly 25 percent, largely due to the loss of several non-recurring transfers of cash balances from other State funds.

General Fund disbursements are categorized in the 1984 State Financial Plan as grants to local governments, state operations, general state charges, debt service and transfers to other funds.

Disbursements for grants to local governments from the General Fund are projected at $11.019 billion, or approximately $434 million (4.1%) greater than during the 1983 fiscal year. Spending increases in this area include: (i) $63 million for education aid, reflecting the annualization of the 1983 school aid increase, additional school aid based on the Governor's proposals to restructure the State's education aid program, and additional funding for other educational assistance programs; (ii) $359 million for funding the Human Services Overburden Program; (iii) $262 million for medicaid and other social services programs; (iv) $97 million for higher education programs; and (v) $50 million in programs for housing, public protection and mental hygiene. These increases in grants to local governments are partially offset by reductions of $219 million in various local programs and payment schedule changes resulting in savings during the fiscal year of $208 million.

Disbursements for State operations from the General Fund are projected at $4.729 billion, an increase of $237 million, or 5.3% from the 1983 fiscal year. This level of disbursements reflects the Governor's proposals to reduce the size of the State's workforce, through layoffs and attrition by nearly 14,000 employees.

Disbursements for general State charges from the General Fund are projected at $1.408 billion, an increase of $126 million from the 1983 fiscal year, including: (i) $38 million for contributions to employee retirement systems; (ii) $38 million for employee health and dental insurance; and (iii) $20 million for the employers' share of increased Social Security payments.

Disbursements for the payment of interest on tax and revenue anticipation notes and bond anticipation notes are projected at $221 million, approximately $15 million less than during the 1983 fiscal year.

Transfers to other funds primarily reflect the need to place moneys in other State funds for the payment of debt service on State general obligation debt and for tax supported capital construction.

The State Comptroller will issue GAAP-based financial statements for the State's 1983 fiscal year by July 29, 1983. The State's balance sheet as of March 31, 1983 is required by Chapter 405 to be certified by an independent firm of certified public accountants. Based on preliminary estimates made in January 1983, the State Comptroller projects that there will be a deficit on a GAAP basis in the General Fund of between $550 million and $850 million as compared to a GAAP deficit of $339 million in fiscal 1982. This GAAP-based operating deficit in the General Fund for the 1983 fiscal year, as contrasted with an estimated $580 million
cash-basis deficit, is primarily attributable to an estimated decline in net revenues receivable at March 31, 1983. The Governor also included prototype GAAP financial plans for the State's 1983 and 1984 fiscal years in the Executive Budget. These prototypes project General Fund GAAP deficits of $817 million and $143 million for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, respectively.

On November 10, 1982, Standard and Poor's Corporation reduced its rating on the general obligation bonds of the State from AA- to A+, citing the State's continued use of one-time revenues, increased use of income tax refund deferrals, rising seasonal cash requirements and borrowings and the increase in the size of the projected deficit for the 1983 fiscal year from the July 1982 projection. At the same time, Standard and Poor's Corporation also reduced its rating on certain bond issues of various Authorities, not including the Corporation. On November 12, 1982, Moody's Investors Service reduced its rating on outstanding State tax and revenue anticipation notes from MIG-1 to MIG-2. Ratings reflect the views of the respective rating agency and explanations of such ratings may be obtained from each of the rating agencies. Any action by a rating agency to lower the credit rating on any outstanding indebtedness of the State may have an adverse impact on the market for the Corporation's bonds.

Problems of Authorities and Localities

The fiscal stability of the State is related, at least in part, to the fiscal stability of its localities and Authorities. Various Authorities have issued bonds secured, in part, by non-binding statutory provisions for State appropriations to maintain various debt service reserve funds established for such bonds (commonly referred to as "moral obligation" provisions).

At December 31, 1982, there was outstanding $16.4 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued by Authorities which are either guaranteed by the State or supported by the State through lease-purchase arrangements or moral obligation provisions of which the Corporation's bonds totalled approximately $7.5 billion. Debt service on outstanding Authority obligations is normally paid out of revenues generated by the Authorities' projects or programs, but in recent years the State has provided special financial assistance, in some cases of a recurring nature, to certain Authorities for operating and other expenses and for debt service pursuant to moral obligation indebtedness provisions or otherwise. Additional assistance is expected to be required in the State's 1983 fiscal year and future years.

Certain Authorities continue to experience financial difficulties, especially those Authorities conducting housing programs. Rising operating costs and interest rates require increased rents or fees on projects financed by various Authorities. The inability or unwillingness of the residents or users of such projects to pay such increases has led to increasingly serious financial difficulties at a number of such projects. These difficulties could adversely affect the fiscal stability of certain of the programs of the Authorities involved and have increased the likelihood that the State will be requested to make appropriations to such Authorities pursuant to moral obligation provisions or otherwise.

HFA and UDC face significant financial difficulties with some of the projects on which they hold mortgages. Seven HFA housing projects were more than one month in arrears in their monthly mortgage repayment escrow deposits due as of December 15, 1982. The most significant of the projects in arrears is Co-op City, on which HFA holds a mortgage with an original principal amount of $390 million. Co-op City has been in arrears from time to time in its monthly mortgage payments and, from August 1980 until October 1981, made no cash payments. As a result of mortgage payment delinquencies of Co-op City and, to a substantially lesser extent, of certain other projects, HFA has been required to withdraw a total of $95.1 million between November 1975 and March 31, 1982 from the debt service reserve fund securing the Non-Profit Housing project bonds to make debt service payments on such bonds. Approximately $27.4 million of such withdrawals were made during the State's 1982 fiscal year. At the end of each of the State's fiscal years, HFA's Non-Profit Housing debt service reserve fund must contain an amount equal to the maximum debt service on such bonds due in any succeeding calendar year. Such reserve fund has been replenished for all withdrawals made through March 31, 1982 by payments from the State of approximately $67.9 million.
pursuant to the moral obligation provisions of the statutes authorizing HFA's Non-Profit Housing project bonds and from funds otherwise legally available to HFA for such purposes. In addition, between November 1979 and March 31, 1982, HFA was required to withdraw $9.3 million from the debt service reserve fund securing its General Housing bonds to make debt service payments on such bonds. Such reserve fund has been replenished by payments of approximately $3.1 million from the State and from funds otherwise legally available to HFA for such purposes. During the State's 1983 fiscal year, HFA withdrew $26.6 million from the debt service reserve funds securing its Non-Profit Housing Project bonds and General Housing Loan bonds to meet a portion of its May 1, 1982 and November 1, 1982 debt service payments. The Governor has submitted an appropriation recommendation to the Legislature for an amount sufficient to restore to HFA's Non-Profit Housing Project and General Housing Loan debt service reserve funds the withdrawals made during the State's 1983 fiscal year.

UDC has approximately $913 million of long-term general purpose bonds outstanding as of November 30, 1982. At that date the debt service arrears on UDC/PFA mortgages aggregated approximately $124.9 million, excluding an aggregate of $16.9 million in payments deferred pursuant to various workout arrangements. UDC is, and for an extended period of time is expected to be, dependent upon the State for appropriations which will be substantial to enable it to meet its financial requirements including debt service on its general purpose bonds. In early 1979, the State Comptroller made projections that indicated that UDC could require State appropriations through 1988 aggregating $300 million. As a result of a successful refinancing by UDC it did not require State appropriations for debt service during the 1982 fiscal year. In addition, UDC expects that it will need no State appropriations for debt service during the State's 1983 fiscal year.

In 1972, the Battery Park City Authority ("BPCA") issued $200 million of moral obligation bonds for the development of a residential and commercial project in New York City, of which $194 million remain outstanding. BPCA has been paying interest on the bonds, in part, out of the original bond proceeds. In the opinion of its counsel, BPCA does not have the power to use bond proceeds, except those held in BPCA's debt service reserve fund securing such bonds, to make principal payments on such bonds. To enable it to make its principal payments which came due in November 1980 and November 1981, the State paid $1.85 million and $1.95 million, respectively, to BPCA. The annual debt service of approximately $14.2 million on its bonds could exhaust BPCA's financial resources available to pay debt service (other than amounts in such debt service reserve fund) prior to 1984 without significantly reducing its outstanding indebtedness. Unless the Legislature provides additional appropriations to BPCA or additional sources of revenue for BPCA are obtained, BPCA will be compelled to withdraw money from such debt service reserve fund to make future payments and the State would then be called upon to replenish the fund pursuant to the moral obligation provision of the bonds. The Legislature has appropriated $20.8 million to BPCA for the State's 1983 fiscal year. Of this amount $9.7 million was used for debt service payments in May and November 1982. The Governor has recommended an appropriation to BPCA that is sufficient to meet its November 1, 1983 principal payment. The balance is expected to be used for infrastructure development and BPCA's general and administrative costs.

Another problem faced by certain Authorities is that future increases in operating costs may result in a need for increased rents, fees or user charges in Authority-financed projects, particularly residential housing projects and medical care facilities. Inability or unwillingness to pass increased costs on to residents or users of such projects would adversely affect the fiscal stability of the Authorities, and possibly cause the State to be requested to make appropriations to support such projects. There is no assurance, however, that the Legislature would make such appropriations.

Failure of the State to appropriate necessary amounts or to take other action to permit the Authorities to meet their obligations could result in a default by one or more of the Authorities. If a default were to occur, it would likely have a significant adverse effect on the market price of obligations of the State and its Authorities, including the Corporation.
Certain localities other than the City may face financial problems during the State's 1983 fiscal year and thereafter. The anticipated and potential problems stem, in part, from the litigations and judicial decisions relating to property tax assessments and rates and pension contributions by such localities, as well as from longer range economic trends. Such factors may result in the inability of certain localities to achieve balanced budgets during the State's 1983 fiscal year.

New York City's metropolitan area is heavily dependent on the subway and bus lines within the City operated by the New York City Transit Authority and the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (collectively, the "TA") and on the rail lines operated by the MTA, which include the Long Island Railroad and rail lines serving suburban New York and Connecticut. Service levels on all such lines have been declining. The MTA attributes this decline in part to policies of equipment maintenance deferral and to the need to keep aging equipment and other assets in service as a result of low capital expenditure levels in recent years.

Because the fare revenues derived from the operations of the MTA, including the TA, are insufficient to finance such operations, the MTA depends heavily upon a system of State, local and Federal government support, including loans, grants and operating subsidies. The MTA anticipates receiving significant aid from the State during the State's 1983 fiscal year to finance MTA operations, including a $135 million operating subsidy appropriation and a $100 million special public transportation operating assistance appropriation. In addition, the MTA had projected receiving $425 million in the TA's fiscal year ending June 30, 1983 from the collection of taxes provided for in 1981 legislation which, as discussed below, have not produced the revenues anticipated.

State support of the MTA was significantly expanded in 1981 through appropriations and legislation providing for five taxes designed to secure the revenues required for the day-to-day operation of the MTA's mass transit facilities. These five taxes were projected to produce $792 million in revenues over a two-year period through June 30, 1983, of which $640 million was to be appropriated for the MTA and the TA. $490 million has been appropriated for the MTA and the TA for the period ending March 31, 1983, and an additional $150 million is expected to be appropriated for the period April 1, 1983 through June 30, 1983, assuming the taxes yield the full amounts anticipated. However, certain of these taxes are being challenged in court. Another tax was repealed and replaced with new taxes. The transit taxes have not produced the revenues expected. Based upon collections of these taxes to date, the MTA expects shortfalls in receipts from these taxes that could exceed $200 million.

In December 1982, new tax legislation was enacted to provide revenues to the MTA in addition to those received from the taxes discussed above. The new tax imposed upon corporations located or doing business in the twelve county MTA region, is a two-year surcharge on various existing corporate profits and franchise taxes and will be imposed at the rate of 18 percent in the first year and 17 percent in the second year. The MTA expects that this tax, in addition to $70 million from continued Federal operating subsidies contained in the legislation that provide a 5-cent per gallon increase in the Federal gasoline tax, will provide sufficient revenues to eliminate the MTA budget imbalance in its 1983 fiscal year and to avert the need for a fare increase for at least one year. The constitutionality of the imposition of these taxes is being litigated. See "Litigation" in this PART 8.

Legislation was also enacted in 1981 to provide for additional sources of capital financing for mass transportation in the metropolitan region. This legislation, which recognizes and expressly does not relieve the City of its obligation to provide for the capital needs of the TA, also recognizes that the capital needs of the MTA and TA are far in excess of the funding sources authorized in the legislation. The Legislature expressed its intentions therefore to follow the progress of the projects financed from the sources therein authorized and to review the limitations therein contained as necessary.

The Dormitory Authority invested approximately $304 million of its idle funds that were held principally as construction funds with Lombard-Wall, Inc. in the form of repurchase agreements. On August 12, 1982 Lombard-Wall filed for reorganization pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code. Between August 12, 1982 and November 10, 1982, Lombard-Wall paid the Dormitory Authority, and
certain bond and note trustees have received, approximately $64 million on account of outstanding repurchase agreements. On November 10, 1982, the Dormitory Authority entered into an agreement of settlement with Lombard-Wall which provides for the payment to the Dormitory Authority of an additional $221.5 million in cash, government securities and certificates of deposit. This agreement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court on December 3, 1982. At January 14, 1983, the Dormitory Authority had received cash and government securities valued at approximately $220 million as required by the settlement agreement. The remaining $1.5 million is to be paid to the Dormitory Authority by July 1, 1983.

The Dormitory Authority believes that the payments already received from Lombard-Wall and other monies currently available to it provide sufficient money to allocate to each affected construction fund an amount necessary to complete all of the respective projects based on current cost estimates and has adopted a resolution committing to use all its available monies for that purpose.

It is possible that one or more of the institutions for which the Dormitory Authority issued its bonds and notes or trustees for the benefit of its bond or note holders might assert claims against the Dormitory Authority with respect to the losses resulting from the Lombard-Wall investments, including claims relating to noncompliance with provisions of applicable bond resolutions relating to permitted investments of funds and claims relating to the allocation of monies received by the Dormitory Authority from Lombard-Wall. The Dormitory Authority has received notices relating to two of its current projects, that two institutions and, as to one of these projects, a bond trustee, may assert claims against the Dormitory Authority arising out of the investments with Lombard-Wall. The Authority has reached a resolution with one of the two institutions and with the bond trustee of the matters to which their respective notices related. No claims have yet been filed with respect to the other such notice. Other institutions may give notice or assert claims against the Dormitory Authority. The Dormitory Authority expects to enter into discussions with all the affected institutions and trustees to reach amicable resolution of any claim they may have arising out of the Dormitory Authority dealings with Lombard-Wall.

The Dormitory Authority cannot determine whether any claim which might be asserted will result in litigation or the likelihood of success of any such claims. If claims were successfully asserted, the Dormitory Authority might not have sufficient resources to pay them. Should the Dormitory Authority suffer losses that would impair its ability to meet its commitments, it is possible that the State and others could be called upon to assist the Dormitory Authority. There is no legal obligation for the State or others to assist the Dormitory Authority nor can there be any assurance that the State or others would provide such assistance. If insufficient resources are available to pay such claims, the Dormitory Authority would have to pursue other available remedies.

Litigation

Certain litigations pending against the State or its officers or employees could have a substantial or long-term, adverse effect on State finances. Among the more significant of these litigations are those that involve: (i) the validity and fairness of agreements and treaties by which the Oneida and Cayuga Indians transferred title to the State of approximately 6 million acres of land in central New York; (ii) certain aspects of the State's Medicaid rates and regulations, including standards for determining medical assistance eligibility and reimbursements to providers of mandatory and optional Medicaid services; (iii) the care and housing for individuals released from State Mental Health facilities; (iv) the treatment provided at several State Mental Hygiene facilities and the alleged differentiation between institutionalized and non-institutionalized retarded children in the State’s provision of assistance for residential care; (v) the conduct of the State, HFA, and the State Commissioner of Housing and Community Renewal in the construction, financing, supervision and management of Co-op City; (vi) contamination in the Love Canal area of Niagara Falls; (vii) certain aspects of the State’s plan to construct Westway; (viii) educational accommodations for learning disabled students at a State University; (ix) alleged employment discrimination by the State University of New York; (x) alleged State negligence following polychlorinated biphenyl contamination of the Binghamton State Office Building; (xi) claims on behalf of State employees injured in the Attica prison uprising; (xii) the constitutionality of State legislation providing for a gross receipts tax on oil company revenues; (xiii) the constitutionality of the
imposition of an additional sales tax in the MTA region; and (xiv) the constitutionality of a gross earnings tax on transportation carriers.

Additionally, a suit was commenced on April 13, 1982, in Supreme Court, New York County, in which the plaintiffs seek to enjoin implementation of a section of the budget bill. That section requires that $190 million be transferred from the State Insurance Fund's assets to the State's General Fund. The State Insurance Fund is the carrier for the Workers' Compensation System. Should the plaintiffs prevail, the imbalance presently existing in the 1983 State Financial Plan may be exacerbated.

On September 29, 1982, an additional suit was commenced which challenges the same section of the budget bill requiring the transfer of a total of $204 million from various other funds to the State's General Fund. The 1983 State Financial Plan currently assumes the receipt of all of these moneys. Should the plaintiffs prevail, the consequences would be similar to those discussed in the preceding paragraph.

PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY

Although bonds of the Corporation arc not obligations of the City, financial developments with respect to the City may affect the market for or market prices of the Corporation's securities. The Corporation believes that its ability to repay the Second Resolution Bonds is not dependent upon the financial condition of the City. However, economic and demographic conditions in the City may affect the levels of Sales Tax receipts and Per Capita Aid. During the time the Series 44 Bonds are outstanding, financial developments and other matters concerning the City will be the subject of reviews and reports by various agencies of Federal and State Government, see "PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS."

This section describes the City's actual operating results for the 1982 fiscal year, projections for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, major assumptions and uncertainties with respect to such projections, and some of the financial difficulties the City is expected to face in the future. It provides only a brief summary of the complex factors affecting the City's financial condition. This section is based entirely on information reported to the Corporation by the City, the Control Board, and the Office of the Special Deputy Comptroller ("OSDC"), or as presented in the City's four year financial plans or the Official Statements prepared by the City in connection with the issuance of its securities, or contained in other reports and statements referred to herein.

Fiscal Years 1975-1982

During 1975 the City became unable to market its securities and entered a period of extraordinary financial difficulties. In response to this crisis, the State created the Corporation and enacted the Emergency Act, which created the Control Board. See "PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS." Among other State actions was an advance to the City at the end of the City's 1975 fiscal year of $800 million of State assistance moneys due the City in the succeeding fiscal year (an action repeated in each of the next three fiscal years).

The City took a number of steps which were intended to enable it to balance its budget and to regain access to the public credit markets. As required by the Emergency Act, these included accounting reforms and development of a three year financial plan (the "Three Year Financial Plan") to provide for a budget balanced in accordance with accounting principles then permitted by State law by the 1978 fiscal year.

In order to provide both seasonal and long-term financing for the City for fiscal years 1976 through 1978, a number of actions were taken. The City and the Federal Government entered into an agreement which provided the City with seasonal financing for the period. Certain City pension funds agreed to provide the City with long-term financing by purchasing City bonds and the City's sinking funds exchanged City notes for City bonds. In addition, bonds of the Corporation were: (1) purchased by certain commercial banks and City pension funds, (2) sold to the public, and (3) exchanged for outstanding City notes. In November 1975, the State Legislature enacted the New York State Emergency Moratorium Act, which suspended the
rights of holders of short-term notes of the City to bring suit to enforce payment of such notes. The State Court of Appeals subsequently held the Moratorium Act unconstitutional and all of such notes have either been paid or exchanged for bonds of the Corporation.

During the 1976 through 1978 fiscal years, the City, among other actions, took steps to reduce the number of its employees, entered into labor contracts consistent with the assumptions contained in the Three Year Financial Plan and with the wage guidelines adopted by the Control Board, began charging general tuition at the City University of New York, and received additional State and Federal aid. Under the Three Year Financial Plan, the City Comptroller reported, in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law, operating deficits of $968 and $329 million, for the 1976 and 1977 fiscal years, respectively. The City Comptroller has estimated that without the two major deviations from GAAP permitted by State law the reported deficits for the 1976 and 1977 fiscal years would have been approximately $1.870 billion and $1.039 billion, respectively. The financial statements for those two years, however, are unaudited and may contain substantial errors as well as other deviations from GAAP.

As required by the Act, beginning with its 1978 fiscal year, the City’s financial statements have been audited by a consortium of independent accounting firms. The statements for fiscal year 1978 through 1980 report results both in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law which allowed certain deviations from GAAP and in accordance with GAAP. Under the accounting principles permitted by State law, the General Fund balances for fiscal 1978, 1979, and 1980 showed surpluses of $32 million, $216 million and $145 million respectively; when reported in accordance with GAAP, the General Fund showed a deficit of $712 million, $422 million and $356 million, respectively. The City’s financial statements for fiscal 1981 and 1982 were reported in accordance with GAAP and showed a surplus of $128 million and $41 million, respectively. During the 1982 fiscal year, the City took various measures which, had they not been taken, would have caused the surplus to increase by $338 million. These measures included $298 million of authorized transfers for debt service, $30 million representing the prepayment of a portion of the City’s subsidy to the New York City Transit Authority (“TA”) and $10 million prefunding of educational expenditures subject to Federal reimbursement. The opinion of the independent accountants for the 1982 audit was subject to pending real estate tax certiorari proceedings, which, if decided adversely to the City, could have a substantial financial impact on the City. See “Litigation” in this Part 9.

Although the City accomplished the budgetary and accounting objectives of the Three Year Financial Plan, it did not regain access to the public credit markets during its 1978 fiscal year. The City, the Corporation, the Control Board and others, therefore, proposed a combination of actions intended to provide for the City’s long-term financing through the 1982 fiscal year and to enable the City to reenter the public credit markets. These proposals resulted in: (1) the development of the Debt Issuance Plan and a financial plan for the 1979 through the 1982 fiscal years, (2) an extension of the Control Board, (3) an increase in the Corporation’s debt issuance authority, (4) authorization for the Federal guarantee of certain City bonds, (5) elimination of the State advance and (6) reduction of the City’s seasonal financing requirements. The State and Federal legislation necessary to undertake this program was enacted, and in November 1978 the Agreements implementing the Debt Issuance Plan were signed.

In March 1981, the City reentered the long-term public credit markets with an issue of $75 million of its bonds and in July and November 1981, the City sold another $100 million and $75 million of its bonds, respectively. In March 1982, the City sold an additional $75 million of its bonds, thereby exceeding its portion of the bonds to be sold publicly during the 1982 fiscal year under the Debt Issuance Plan. In fiscal 1983 to date, the City has sold $150 million of its bonds and presently intends to issue an additional $150 million in fiscal 1983. These bond issues received an investment grade rating from Standard & Poor’s Corporation. Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. raised its rating of City bonds to the highest non-investment grade rating. Since 1979, the City has been able to obtain an increasing portion of its seasonal financing needs through the sale of short-term notes to the public, and in the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years, the City obtained all of its seasonal financing requirements in that manner. The City has sold $700 million of its short-term
obligations for seasonal financing purposes in the 1983 fiscal year, thereby satisfying its projected requirement for such year.

Pursuant to the Act and the Emergency Act, the City is required to submit by May 12 of each year for review and approval by the Control Board a financial plan for the next four fiscal years, covering the City and certain agencies subject to the provisions of the Emergency Act (the “Covered Organizations”). The four year financial plan may be modified from time to time during the fiscal year upon request of the City and approval of the Control Board. The Emergency Act requires that the City provide for a budget balanced in accordance with GAAP for fiscal years 1982 and thereafter, a requirement that the City has fulfilled for the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years.

**Fiscal Years 1983-1986**

Pursuant to the Financial Emergency Act, the City submitted to the Control Board on May 12, 1982 a proposed financial plan for the City and its Covered Organizations covering the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years. Subsequently, the City withdrew the submitted plan stating that, due to the City's inability to project the cost of pending labor settlements and other uncertainties, it could not prepare a complete four year financial plan in conformance with the requirements of the Financial Emergency Act prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Pursuant to State law, on June 30, 1982, the Control Board formulated and adopted an interim financial plan for the City and its Covered Organizations (the “1983 Interim Plan”) on the basis of projections and assumptions developed and previously submitted by the City, the City's Adopted Budget and certain other information. Tentative labor settlements were not concluded until October 1982.

As a result of the continued uncertainty with respect to the local impact of the weak national economy and the labor settlements with the City's employees, the Mayor in October 1982 instituted a temporary hiring freeze, and ordered all City agencies to prepare plans to achieve expenditure reductions aggregating 2.25% in the 1983 fiscal year and 7.5% in the 1984 fiscal year.

The City, on November 17, 1982, submitted to the Control Board a proposed modification to the 1983 Interim Plan covering the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years (the “1983 Proposed Plan”). The 1983 Proposed Plan cited the increased costs of the labor settlements and the effects of the lingering national recession as major factors necessitating revisions in revenue and expenditure projections from those stated in the adopted budget for the 1983 fiscal year (the “Adopted Budget”). The City estimated that an additional $248 million in labor costs and a $100 million shortfall in projected tax revenues, partially offset by a $7 million increase in projected miscellaneous revenues, would create a $341 million budget gap in the 1983 fiscal year and that an additional $755 million of labor costs and $103 million in tax revenue reductions in the 1984 fiscal year, when added to an already projected gap of $406 million and a projected reduction in miscellaneous revenues of $76 million, would result in a $1.34 billion budget gap for fiscal 1984. The 1983 Proposed Plan included the costs of the recent labor settlements between the City and various unions representing its employees for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years but assumed a 2% increase in labor costs beginning in the 1985 fiscal year.

The 1983 Proposed Plan included certain actions to reduce expenditures and raise revenues which it projected would result in a budget surplus of $13 million in the 1983 fiscal year and budget gaps of $841 million, $1.084 billion, and $922 million in the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, respectively.

The City, in the 1983 Proposed Plan, included a variety of measures to eliminate the 1983 projected gap and to partially alleviate the 1984 projected gap. Among proposed expenditure reductions were $148 million and $280 million in agency spending in the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, respectively. Personnel reductions were to be achieved primarily through attrition and reorganization. The resulting loss of services was to be partially offset by productivity and management improvements. Cost savings were also expected to be achieved through reductions in previously projected debt service, a reduction in the general reserve, and amendments related to calculation of pension cost estimates.

Revenue enhancement programs as set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan consisted largely of proposed additional tax measures and State aid. The proposed tax package included a number of proposed tax measures which, if enacted in their entirety, would yield a maximum of $388 million of new taxes for fiscal
1984. These taxes are subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both. The 1983 Proposed Plan included revenue from additional taxes of $22 million in fiscal 1983 and $200 million of the above-referenced $388 million in fiscal 1984. The package included a new 10% tax on capital gains realized from real estate transfers valued over $1 million, increases in the real estate tax and the commuter earnings tax rates, and accelerated collections of certain corporations' estimated tax liabilities, conforming City practice to Federal tax requirements. The 1983 Proposed Plan contained $200 million of additional State aid for the 1984 fiscal year, a reduction from $297 million assumed for that year in the revised financial plan for the 1982 through 1985 fiscal years submitted to the Control Board in April 1982.

The budget gaps remaining for the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, after giving effect to the expenditure reductions and revenue enhancements set forth above, were expected to be closed through a combination of City and State actions for such years, including Federal actions in fiscal 1985 and 1986, certain of which were expected to be detailed in the January submission of the City's 1984 preliminary budget.

After the City's submission of the 1983 Proposed Plan, in a report issued December 15, 1982, the OSDC stated that after the City gap closing actions contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan, the City would still face a $112 million budget gap in fiscal 1983, and projected that the 1984 budget gap would be $893 million.

The State Comptroller, in a letter to the Mayor dated November 12, 1982, stated that the City's fiscal problem was critical, given the significant decline in revenue growth, State budget problems and decreased Federal aid, combined with the $1.5 billion labor settlement. He also stated, in a letter to the Mayor dated November 19, 1982, that the 1983 Proposed Plan as it related to the 1983 fiscal year did not adequately address the City's financial problems.

In response to discussions with the Control Board and its own ongoing monitoring of financial developments, the City, in submissions to the Control Board on December 17, 1982 and December 22, 1982, revised the 1983 Proposed Plan (collectively, the "1983 Revised Plan"). After giving effect to additional reductions in the City work force, the receipt of accelerated corporate tax payments, a component of the City's tax package set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan which has been enacted at the State level, and an expected reduction in certain additional State aid which had been included in the projections contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan, the 1983 Revised Plan projected a City budget balanced for fiscal 1983 and a projected 1984 gap of $611 million. The City proposed to close the projected 1984 gap through a combination of expenditure reductions and enhanced revenues in addition to those contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan. The expenditure reductions included a decrease of 14,400 planned City-funded positions by the end of the 1984 fiscal year, such decrease being 9,400 above the reduction level reflected in the 1983 Proposed Plan. These reductions were comprised of 6,600 to be achieved through attrition, 1,200 through the elimination of planned personnel additions and up to 6,600 through layoffs by the end of the 1984 fiscal year. Additional revenues included a further $100 million in taxes which may include a tax on securities transfers. The City did not withdraw its request for the additional State aid, the receipt of which would ameliorate the need to implement all or a portion of the expenditure reductions and revenue enhancements included in the 1983 Revised Plan.

The staff of the Control Board concluded that the 1983 Revised Plan complied with the standards of the Financial Emergency Act and recommended its adoption. The 1983 Revised Plan was approved by the Control Board on December 22, 1982.

On January 18, 1983, the City submitted a proposed modification to the 1983 Revised Plan to the Control Board (the "January Modification"). This proposed modification, as supplemented for fiscal 1987 and prepared for submission to the City Council and Board of Estimate, also satisfies the requirement in the City Charter that the City prepare for submission to the Board of Estimate and City Council in January a financial plan for the four ensuing fiscal years and which, with respect to fiscal 1984, constitutes the 1984 Preliminary Budget. The January Modification projects a GAAP-balanced budget for the 1983 fiscal year with revenues and expenditures of $15.480 billion, and budget gaps of $580 million, $882 million, and $748
million for the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, respectively. The supplemental information provided to the Board of Estimate and City Council projects a budget gap of $710 million for the 1987 fiscal year.

The January Modification, in projecting balanced revenues and expenditures for fiscal 1984, takes account of continuing reductions of City revenues due to adverse developments with regard to the economy, reductions of anticipated State and Federal aid and the funding of the City's collective bargaining agreements. In the January Modification, the City includes measures necessary for it to increase its revenues and decrease its expenditures in order to balance its fiscal 1984 budget.

The January Modification reflects the tax measures proposed in the 1983 Revised Plan with the addition of a proposed temporary stock transfer tax surcharge estimated to provide the City with additional revenues of approximately $150 million annually over a three year period, if enacted. Revenues from these taxes are estimated to provide a maximum of $498 million, of which $260 million is sought by the City for the 1984 fiscal year. These taxes are subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both.

The City, in the January Modification, has not projected State aid levels above those contained in the 1983 Revised Plan because of the State's own continuing fiscal difficulties but has continued to request additional aid from the State. The City has, however, proposed measures which, if enacted by the State, would provide relief from certain mandated City expenditures. Among the proposed aid measures are the continuation of the takeover of a portion of Medicaid costs with a view to a phased total resumption of such costs and a redistribution of State aid to education in line with the issues set forth in *Levittown v. Nyquist*. Other revenue measures, such as expanded tax enforcement and increases in user fees, charges and fines, are also set forth in the January Modification.

The Governor, in his submission of the Executive Budget to the Legislature on February 1, 1983, proposed measures the net effect of which would provide in excess of $200 million in additional aid above the level projected for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 in the January Modification, including the continuation of the Medicaid costs and the redistribution of State education aid discussed above. The Executive Budget is subject to the approval of the Legislature and, therefore, the City's receipt of any of the aid set forth therein cannot presently be assured. The current financial difficulties of the State may affect the ability of the State to make available additional State aid or other financial assistance to the City. For a discussion of the State's financial difficulties, see "PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE."

The City, in the January Modification, has revised its estimate of agency spending, including the employee attrition and layoff program. Savings from management improvements, program reductions, changes in funding sources and other reductions are expected to provide $488 million in fiscal 1984. The City expects a reduction in personnel levels of 11,400 employees by the end of the 1984 fiscal year from the levels contained in the 1983 Adopted Budget. Of this amount, 4,600 is expected to result from layoffs.

The City has also revised downward its debt service and general reserve estimates from the 1983 Revised Plan. A portion of the debt service savings is expected to result from the Corporation's refunding of the Series JJ Bonds.

These revenue and expenditure measures, among others, are projected in the January Modification to result in a GAAP-balanced budget for the 1984 fiscal year. Budget gaps for the 1985 and 1986 fiscal years are projected to be closed by a combination of City, State and Federal actions.

The OSDC and the Control Board are expected to issue reports on the January Modification by mid-February 1983. The Control Board is expected to meet on February 17, 1983, to take action on the January Modification. The January Modification is subject to amendment by the City or the Control Board prior to adoption.

**Litigation**

The notes to the City's audited financial statements for the 1982 fiscal year report that the City is a defendant in a significant number of lawsuits pertaining to material matters including those claims asserted which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. As of June 30, 1982, claims in excess of $42 billion were outstanding against the City for which the City estimated its aggregate potential
future liability to be $936 million. The 1983 Revised Plan contains provisions for the settlement of judgments and claims, other than the real estate tax certiorari proceedings described below, in the amount of $120 million for each of the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years.

Numerous real estate tax certiorari proceedings are presently pending against the City on grounds of alleged overvaluation of assessed property, inequality of assessments and illegality of assessments. An adverse decision to the City involving the inequality issue could have a negative financial impact on the City. The City has reported that as of June 30, 1982, the estimated potential exposure to the City in these cases could amount to approximately $1.36 billion (in addition to $220 million provided for estimated refunds based on overvaluation). Provision was made in the 1983 Revised Plan for estimated refunds for overpayments of real estate taxes in amounts of approximately $50 million in the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years based on an analysis of claims settled within recent fiscal years and pending certiorari proceedings. In response to these problems, on December 3, 1981, State legislation was enacted (the "1981 Legislation") which, among other things, authorized the City to assess real property according to four classes and makes certain evidentiary changes in real estate tax certiorari proceedings. On January 7, 1982, the State Court of Appeals held that assessments in the City may be challenged on the ground of inequality either on a section-wide or City-wide basis, and that the prohibition in the 1981 Legislation against introduction of the State equalization rate as a method of proving inequality in all such pending proceedings involving the City did not violate equal protection and due process rights. On June 17, 1982, the State Court of Appeals upheld the introduction at trial of the State equalization rate as a method of proving inequality where a judgment had been entered before the enactment of the 1981 Legislation.

Also pending are various proceedings commenced by Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., against the City and others alleging that the assessments of its real property within the City for the fiscal years 1975 through 1982 were erroneous on several grounds, including inequality and overvaluation. The City has denied all material allegations and all liability.

On February 10, 1977, Alfred Kirshner, a retired City teacher, commenced an action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the trustees of the Teachers' Retirement System of The City of New York ("TRS") and certain other defendants. The complaint, as subsequently amended in November 1981, alleges that: (i) the TRS defendants have breached their fiduciary duties and violated the Federal securities laws in connection with certain TRS transactions in City securities and (ii) the City has failed to provide for its unfunded accrued liability to active members of the TRS in violation of the State Constitution. Plaintiff seeks: (i) damages from the allegedly improper TRS transactions; (ii) a ruling requiring the defendants to fund fully and segregate from other assets of the City certain reserve funds; and (iii) a judgment restoring certain investment standards with regard to such reserve funds. On December 23, 1981, the City answered, denying plaintiff's allegations.

On August 1, 1975, Women in City Government United, purporting to represent all female employees of the City and certain Covered Organizations, commenced a class action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the City, the City Employees' Retirement System and its officers and trustees and others. Plaintiffs allege that certain retirement plans discriminate against female employees in violation of the United States Constitution and certain Federal statutes and regulations. The complaint seeks a declaratory judgment that the alleged discriminatory practices are illegal and unconstitutional and injunctive relief. On April 24, 1981, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment in regard to liability on their federal statutory claim, but deferred judgment, pending a trial, as to the appropriate relief to be granted. On December 21, 1982, the District Court granted plaintiffs leave to amend the complaint to include claims under the Federal Equal Pay Act and the State Human Rights Law. The City has estimated that an adverse decision applicable to the relevant actuarial pension systems could result in prospective liability of up to $950 million over ten years. If past female contribution rates were required to be lowered and past female benefit levels were required to be increased to male levels, an additional annual cost of approximately $29.8 million would be required for each year such levels were made retroactive. An adverse decision based on the Equal Pay Act may increase the estimated cost of such retroactive relief.
Federal Bankruptcy Legislation

The City projects meeting its cash needs through the 1986 fiscal year from its own revenues, Federal and State aid, seasonal borrowings, and the sale of the City's and the Corporation's bonds pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan. If the City's cash sources are insufficient to meet its obligations, Federal and State statutes provide for certain remedies under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code.

Chapter 9 permits any State political subdivision or agency to file a petition for relief under its provisions if the subdivision or agency is authorized to do so by State law. Both the City and the Control Board (on behalf of the City) are so authorized, and either could file such a petition if the City were (a) insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (b) desirous of effecting a plan to adjust its debts, and (c) able to meet the other prerequisites for filing a Chapter 9 petition with respect to negotiations between the City and its creditors and other matters. Any plan to adjust the City's debts would become effective only upon court approval, after the requisite approval by creditors of the City has been obtained.

Although the filing of such petition might have a general adverse effect on the economic health of the City, the Corporation believes that such a filing would not have a materially adverse effect on the Corporation's ability to repay its obligations, including the Series 44 Bonds. The filing of such a petition, as well as other financial developments with respect to the City, might affect the market for and market prices of the Corporation's securities.

PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS

This Part describes the powers of the Corporation to aid the City, the requirements imposed upon the City by the Act and the Emergency Act, and the powers of the Corporation and the Control Board to review and take action with respect to the City's compliance with such requirements.

The Corporation

The Act authorizes the Corporation to make direct payments to or purchase obligations of the City. At the time of payment to the City, the City is required to agree to observe and perform a number of statutory conditions which the Corporation may modify from time to time, but may not waive. The Act provides that the statutory conditions, as modified by the Corporation and agreed to by the City, shall cease to apply when all bonds and notes of the Corporation have been repaid or such payment is provided for as specified in the Act.

The statutory conditions are designed to (i) reform and unify the City's system of accounting, (ii) provide independent review of the City's expenditures, and (iii) establish limits and controls over the City's debt-incurring power. These conditions, and the City's compliance therewith to date, may be briefly summarized as follows:

(i) The City has adopted as its method of accounting the accounting principles permitted by State law. The City's audited financial statements provided to the Corporation for the City's 1978, 1979 and 1980 fiscal years were prepared and those to be prepared for each subsequent fiscal year are to be prepared in accordance with GAAP, with the adjustments necessary to show results in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law for fiscal years through 1981.

(ii) The Act requires the City to comply with various provisions of the Emergency Act relating to balanced budgets, provisions for debt service and other financial requirements. The City is required to submit its proposed operating budgets (and any subsequent increases in expenditures therein) and operations reports for each fiscal year and each quarter to the Corporation for review to determine whether the City is adhering to an operating budget in which revenues equal or exceed expenditures under the accounting principles permitted by State law.
(iii) The Act sets forth limitations for the issuance by the City of its short-term notes. The Corporation is required to police these limitations by making an advance determination as to whether a proposed issuance of short-term obligations by the City violates these limitations and by reporting any adverse determination to the City Comptroller, who is then prohibited from issuing such obligations. The Corporation anticipates that these limitations will not prevent the City from issuing any short-term obligations to meet its seasonal needs.

If the Board of Directors of the Corporation determines, after review of the City’s books and records and consultation with the Mayor, that the City's operating budget will not be balanced in accordance with State law, or that any of the conditions summarized above have not been fulfilled or should be modified, the Corporation must notify the Governor, the Mayor and certain other State and City officials and must disclose such determinations to the public.

Control Board

The Control Board, created pursuant to the Emergency Act in 1975, is composed of the Governor and the Comptroller of the State, the Mayor and the Comptroller of the City and three appointees of the Governor: G.G. Michelson, Stanley S. Shuman and Lee P. Oberst. Comer S. Coppie is the Executive Director of the Control Board. The Office of the Special Deputy State Comptroller assists the Control Board and the Corporation in carrying out their functions. Bernard Kabak is Acting Special Deputy State Comptroller. Elinor B. Bachrach has been appointed by the State Comptroller as Special Deputy State Comptroller subject to confirmation by the State Senate.

The most significant powers of the Control Board are exercisable during a “control period,” defined in the Emergency Act to mean the period ending when (i) there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee (see “PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN”), (ii) the Control Board has determined that the City has adopted and adhered to an operating budget balanced in accordance with GAAP for each of the three immediately preceding fiscal years, and (iii) the State and City Comptrollers have jointly certified that securities sold by or for the benefit of the City during the preceding and current fiscal year in the public market satisfied the capital and seasonal financing requirements of the City during such period and that there is a substantial likelihood that such securities can be sold in the public credit markets through the end of the next succeeding fiscal year in amounts that will satisfy substantially all of the capital and seasonal financing requirements of the City during such period. Thereafter, a control period is to be reimposed by the Control Board at such times and for such durations as are made necessary by the actual (or substantially likely and imminent) occurrence of certain events relating to the City’s ability to pay debt service on its bonds and notes when due or its ability to adopt or adhere to a balanced operating budget or to satisfy its capital and seasonal financing needs in the public credit markets. After the termination of a control period, the Control Board is required to consider annually whether, in its judgment, any of the specified events has occurred. No control period may extend beyond the earlier of (i) July 1, 2008 or (ii) the date when all notes or bonds containing the 1978 State Covenant remain outstanding and there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee.

During a control period, the four year financial plans for the City and the Covered Organizations, including modifications thereof, are subject to review and approval by the Control Board. In addition, the Control Board must formulate and adopt a financial plan, in the event a plan shall not have been approved prior to the beginning of the first fiscal year covered by such plan, and may modify a plan, in the event a modification required pursuant to the Emergency Act shall not have been approved within the time period specified by such Act. The Control Board is required to disapprove a financial plan or financial plan modification if the plan or modification is incomplete or fails to comply with the applicable standards specified in the Emergency Act, except that the Control Board may authorize a method of phasing into the operating budgets the requirements of any changes in GAAP over a reasonable period if immediate compliance would cause a substantial adverse impact on the delivery of essential services. The Control Board may also approve modifications to a financial plan that would cause the financial plan to no longer be in
compliance with the applicable standards if compliance would result in a material adverse impact upon the delivery of essential services because of unforeseen events during the fiscal year. Beginning with the 1983 fiscal year, any deficit in the results of the City's operations must be provided for in the following fiscal year.

The Control Board's current program for determining the City's compliance with its financial plan includes monitoring the City's system of monthly expenditure projections and quarterly allocations for each agency, review of cost reduction programs, and review of revenue by category on an ongoing basis.

For the duration of a control period all revenues, funds and accounts of the City and any covered organization are revenues, funds and accounts of a fund established pursuant to the Emergency Act (the "Board Fund") and are held for the account of the City or the appropriate covered organization except to the extent prohibited by law or previous agreement relating to outstanding securities and except for moneys deposited into the City general debt service fund or repayment accounts for tax or revenue anticipation notes. Responsibility for disbursements from and day-to-day management of the Board Fund is in the hands of the City, although the Control Board has established procedures through which it may assume immediate control of such fund, subject to certain conditions. The Control Board has the power to exempt revenues, funds or accounts from these requirements.

In addition to its responsibilities with respect to the four year financial plans, during a control period the Control Board is also charged with responsibility for the review and approval of proposed contracts and certain obligations of the City and the covered organizations, and, in coordination with the Corporation, the approval of long-term or short-term borrowing by the City or any covered organization.

PART 11—AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

In the legislation which established the Corporation in 1975, the State pledged to and agreed with the holders of the Corporation's bonds, that the State will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with holders of any such bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such holders, until any such bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of such holders, are fully met and discharged. The Corporation has included such pledge in the Second General Bond Resolution.

In addition, pursuant to legislation enacted in 1978, the City is authorized and the Corporation is required to include the 1978 State Covenant in any agreement with holders or guarantors of their notes or bonds. By the terms of the 1978 State Covenant, the State agrees not to take any action that will (a) substantially impair the authority of the Control Board during a control period to approve, disapprove or modify any financial plan or modification, to disapprove contracts of the City or covered organizations, to approve or disapprove proposed borrowings of the City or covered organizations, and to establish procedures for deposits to and disbursements from the Board Fund; (b) substantially impair the authority of the Control Board to review financial plans and modifications, contracts and proposed borrowings of the City or covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the Control Board so that a majority of the voting members are not elected State officials or appointees of the Governor; (e) terminate the existence of the Control Board before the earlier of July 1, 2008 or the date when all notes or bonds containing the 1978 State Covenant are no longer outstanding and there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee; (f) substantially modify the requirement that the City's financial statements be independently audited; or (g) alter the definition of control period or substantially alter the authority of the Control Board to impose or terminate a control period. The Emergency Act provides that the pledge and agreement of the State shall cease to be effective when notes and bonds subject to the pledge are no longer outstanding or when sufficient moneys have been set aside for their payment.
Enactment of the 1978 State Covenant was considered by the Financial Institutions to be an essential condition to their participation in the Debt Issuance Plan. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, given to the Financial Institutions and City Pension Funds pursuant to the Financing Agreement, while the matter is not free from doubt, the 1978 State Covenant is enforceable, provided a court would hold that the pledge is an "important security provision" of the bonds, "subject at all times to the proper exercise of the State's reserved police power." The enforceability of the 1978 State Covenant is subject to various factual requirements and legal uncertainties and there can be no assurance that any purchaser seeking to enforce the 1978 State Covenant will be able to meet such factual requirements or that such legal uncertainties will be resolved in favor of such enforcement.

PART 12—MANAGEMENT

Under the Act, the Corporation is administered by a Board of Directors (the "Board"), consisting of nine directors. All of the directors are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate; four of the directors are appointed upon written recommendation of the Mayor. The Act also provides for the appointment of representatives to the Board (the "Representatives") by certain State or City officials or bodies politic. The Representatives are entitled to receive notice of and to attend all meetings of the Board but are not entitled to vote. In addition, the State Comptroller or his representative is entitled to attend and participate in the meetings of the Board but is not entitled to vote.

The Act provides that no director (and no Representative) may be an officer or employee of the Federal Government or of the State or of any political subdivision thereof.

The present members of the Board and the Representatives of the Corporation, and the expiration dates of their respective terms of office are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors</th>
<th>Expiration of Term</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Felix G. Rohatyn, Chairman</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward M. Kresky, Vice Chairman (1)</td>
<td>December 31, 1985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Francis J. Barry (2)</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenneth J. Bialkin (1) (2) (3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George M. Brooker (2) (3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eugene J. Keillin (3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dick Netzer</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andrew P. Steffan (1) (2) (3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert C. Weaver (3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1980</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Representatives (4)</th>
<th>Expiration of Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jerome Belson</td>
<td>Appointed by the Vice-Chairman of the City Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leonard Nadel</td>
<td>Appointed by the Speaker of the State Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard D. Parsons</td>
<td>Appointed by the President Pro-Tem of the State Senate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bradford J. Race, Jr.</td>
<td>Designated representative of the State Comptroller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert W. Seavey</td>
<td>Appointed by the Minority Leader of the State Senate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Heather L. Ruth is the Executive Director of the Corporation (5).

(1) Wertheim & Co., Inc., Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated, and Shearson/American Express Inc., with which Messrs. Kresky, Steffan and Bialkin, respectively, are affiliated as described in their biographies, may act as underwriters in connection with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds.

(2) Appointed upon the written recommendation of the Mayor.

(3) Messrs. Bialkin, Brooker, Keillin, Steffan and Weaver are continuing to serve as directors until reappointed or until their successors have been appointed and qualified.
(4) Each Representative serves at the pleasure of the appointing official or body, is eligible for reappointment and holds office until his successor has been appointed. The positions of Representatives of the City Board of Estimate and the Minority Leader of the State Assembly are currently vacant.

(5) Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group (Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated), of which Ms. Ruth's husband is a Managing Director, is acting as a managing underwriter in connection with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds.

FELIX G. ROHATYN, Chairman. Mr. Rohatyn is a General Partner of Lazard Freres & Co., investment bankers. He is a former Governor of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., and is a director of Schlumberger, Ltd., Owens-Illinois, Inc., Pfizer Inc., Pechiney Ugine Kuhlmann Corporation, MCA Corporation, American Motors Corporation and Minerals and Resources Corp., Ltd. He is also a director of the New York Philharmonic. Mr. Rohatyn is a resident of New York City.

EDWARD M. KRESKY, Vice-Chairman. Mr. Kresky, Chairman of the Corporation's Investment Committee, is a General Partner of Wertheim & Co., investment bankers. He has been with Wertheim since 1971. From 1965 through 1971, he served as Secretary to the Metropolitan Transportation Authority of New York State. He is a member of the Boards of Security Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the New York State Council on the Arts and the New York City Ballet. Mr. Kresky served the Corporation as a Representative from June 1975 to January 1979. He also served as an observer to the Control Board from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Kresky is a resident of New York City.

FRANCIS J. BARRY. Mr. Barry is Chairman of the Board of Circle Line-Sightseeing Yachts, Inc. and other of its affiliated companies. Since 1967, he has served as an arbitrator for the United Marine Division of Local 333 I.L.A. of the AFL-CIO. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the New York Convention Center Operating Corporation. He is a director and a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Convention and Visitors Bureau. He is a former member of the Control Board. Mr. Barry is a resident of New York City.

KENNETH J. BIALKIN. Mr. Bialkin is a member of the law firm of Willkie Farr & Gallagher, New York, New York, and is an Adjunct Professor of Law at the New York University School of Law. He is Chairman of the Section of Corporation, Banking and Business Law of the American Bar Association, and is a former Chairman of the Committee on Federal Regulation of Securities of that Section. He is also a Vice President and a former Chairman of the Committee on Securities and Exchanges of the New York County Lawyers' Association. He is a director of Shearson/American Express Inc., and E. M. Warburg, Pincus & Co., Inc. Mr. Bialkin is a resident of New York City.

GEORGE M. BROOKER. Mr. Brooker is a principal stockholder and President of Webb & Brooker, Inc., a real estate management and brokerage firm. He is past President of the New York Chapter of the Institute of Real Estate Management. He was formerly the Chairman and is currently a member of the Board of Directors of the New York Urban League. He is a director of the Regional Plan Association, a member of the Board of Governors of the Real Estate Board of New York and the Realty Advisory Board of New York. He is a trustee of the Educational Broadcasting Corp. (WNET/Channel 13). He is a director of the Management Council, National Center Housing Management of Washington, D.C. and a director of the Realty Foundation of New York. Mr. Brooker is a resident of New Rochelle, New York.

EUGENE J. KEILIN. Mr. Keilin, Chairman of the Corporation's Finance Committee, is a Senior Vice President of Lazard Freres & Co., investment bankers, and was Executive Director of the Corporation from October 1976 to January 1979. From 1973 to 1975, he served as General Counsel of the City's Office of Management and Budget and, from 1975 to October 1976, he was counsel to the City's first Deputy Mayor for Finance. Prior to his employment by the City, Mr. Keilin was associated with the New York law firm of Sage, Gray, Todd & Sims. Mr. Keilin is a Lecturer in urban problems and municipal finance at Columbia Law School. He is a Trustee of the Citizens Budget Commission and the Lenox Hill Neighborhood
Association, and Chairman of the Municipal Affairs Committee of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York. Mr. Keillin is a resident of New York City.

**DICK NETZER.** Dr. Netzer, Chairman of the Corporation's City Budget Committee, has been Director of New York University's Urban Research Center since September 1981 and was Dean of the University's Graduate School of Public Administration from 1969 through 1982. He is a former member of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. He is a nationally recognized expert in the areas of state and local government finance and urban economics and he has published extensively in each of those areas. He is editor of the quarterly *New York Affairs* and a member of numerous editorial and research advisory Boards. Dr. Netzer is a resident of New York City.

**ANDREW P. STEFFAN.** Mr. Steffan, Chairman of the Corporation's Audit Committee, is a First Vice President of Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated. From 1972 until 1976, he was on the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission and became the Agency's first Director of Economic and Policy Research. Mr. Steffan is a resident of New York City.

**ROBERT C. WEAVER.** Dr. Weaver, Chairman of the Corporation's Administration Committee, was Distinguished Professor of Urban Affairs at Hunter College from 1971 to 1978. He is now Distinguished Professor Emeritus. From 1966 through 1968, he was Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and, from 1968 through 1970, was President of Bernard M. Baruch College. He is a former member of the Board of Trustees of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and the Bowery Savings Bank, and is a former Chairman of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Dr. Weaver is a resident of New York City.

**JEROME BELSON, Representative.** Mr. Belson is President and Chief Executive Officer of Jerome Belson Associates, Inc., a real estate management firm. He is also a partner in the law firm of Belson, Connolly & Belson. He is Chairman of the Board of Waterhouse Securities, Inc. He is a director of the Association for Government Assisted Housing, Inc., and the New York Metropolitan Chapter of the National Association for Housing Redevelopment Officials. He is a member of the Board of Governors of the New York Chapter of Registered Apartment Managers of the National Association of Home Builders. He serves as Chairman of the Federation of Alumni Associations of St. John's University. Mr. Belson is a resident of New York City.

**LEONARD NADEL, Representative.** Mr. Nadel, who was Senior Vice President of Abraham & Straus, a division of Federated Department Stores, Inc. until March 1978, established his own management consulting firm, Leonard Nadel Associates Inc., in New York City in April 1978. In July 1980, Mr. Nadel joined Beldoch Industries Corporation, an apparel manufacturer, where he presently serves as an Executive Vice President. He is former Chairman and current member of the Board of Trustees of Adelphi University, a Trustee of Long Island Jewish-Hillside Medical Center, and he was President of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Nadel is a resident of Roslyn, New York.

**RICHARD D. PARSONS, Representative.** Mr. Parsons is a member of the law firm of Patterson, Belknap, Webb & Tyler. He has been with the Patterson firm since 1977. From 1971 through 1974, Mr. Parsons served as an Assistant and First Assistant Counsel to former Governor Rockefeller. In 1975, he became Deputy Counsel to then Vice President Rockefeller and, later that year, was appointed to the White House staff as
Counsel to the Domestic Council. He also serves as an observer to the Control Board. Mr. Parsons is a resident of Briarcliff Manor, New York.

BRADFORD J. RACE, JR., Representative. Mr. Race is a member of the law firm of Seward & Kissel, New York, New York. He is a member of the National Association of Bond Lawyers and the Municipal Finance Officers Association. Mr. Race is a resident of New York City.

ROBERT W. SEAVEY, Representative. Mr. Seavey is President of N.D.I., a real estate development and construction firm. He is a member of the law firm of Seavey, Fingerit, Vogel & Oziel, New York, New York, a director of the Citizens Housing and Planning Council of New York, a member of the Committee on Housing and Urban Development of the Association of the Bar of The City of New York, and an Adjunct Professor of Law at Brooklyn Law School. Mr. Seavey is a resident of New York City.

HEATHER L. RUTH, Executive Director. Until July 1980 Ms. Ruth was a self-employed economist and consultant to government and private clients, including agencies of the states of New York and New Jersey. From 1974 to 1978, she was a Vice President of Mathematica Policy Research, Inc., Princeton, N.J. Prior to that, Ms. Ruth served as an analyst with the New York City Budget Bureau, as an Assistant Administrator of the City's Environmental Protection Administration and as staff to the New York State Charter Revision Commission for the City of New York. She is presently an Adjunct Associate Professor at Columbia University Graduate School of Business. Ms. Ruth resides in New York City.

PART 13—LITIGATION

The Corporation is not party to any litigation. Various actions challenging the constitutionality of the imposition and appropriation of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax to the Corporation have all been dismissed with the State's highest court affirming the constitutionality of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax as security and sources of payment for the Corporation's obligations. The United States Supreme Court dismissed an appeal from the State court ruling for lack of a substantial Federal question.

PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution. The summary is not comprehensive or definitive and is subject to all of the terms and provisions of the Resolution, to which reference is hereby made and copies of which are available from the Corporation. The Capital Reserve Aid Fund is referred to hereinafter as the “Capital Reserve Fund.” Section references, unless otherwise indicated, are to the Resolution.

Certain Defined Terms

"Bonds” means all bonds issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution.

"Bond Service Fund” means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Capital Reserve Fund” means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Capital Reserve Fund Requirement” means, as of any date of calculation, the amount referred to as the capital reserve fund requirement in subdivision 4 of Section 3036-a of the Act, including, as provided in Section 901 for such purposes, any unpaid and matured amounts of principal and interest on the Bonds or such larger amounts as may hereafter be authorized pursuant to the Act as amended from time to time.
“First General Bond Resolution” means the General Bond Resolution dated July 2, 1975, as heretofore and hereafter supplemented in accordance with the terms thereof.

“Fiscal Year” means any twelve consecutive calendar months commencing with the first day of July and ending on the last day of the following June.

“Operating Expenses” means the Corporation’s expenses of carrying out and administering its powers, duties and functions, as authorized by the Act, as then in effect, and includes administrative expenses, legal, accounting and consultants’ services and expenses, payments to pension, retirement, health and hospitalization funds, and any other expenses required or permitted to be paid by the Corporation under the provisions of the Act, as then in effect, or the Resolution or the First General Bond Resolution or otherwise.

“Operating Fund” means the fund by the name established by Section 604 of the First General Bond Resolution.

“Outstanding” means, as of any date, Bonds theretofore or then being delivered under the provisions of the Resolution, except: (i) any Bonds cancelled by the Trustee at or prior to such date, (ii) any Bonds for the payment or redemption of which moneys equal to the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof, with interest to the date of maturity or redemption date, shall be held by the Trustee or the Paying Agents in trust, (iii) any Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been delivered pursuant to Article III or Section 406 or Section 1106, and (iv) Bonds deemed to have been defeased.

“Paying Agent” for the Bonds of any Series means the bank or trust company and its successor or successors, appointed pursuant to the Resolution and a Series Resolution or any other resolution of the Corporation adopted prior to authentication and delivery of the Series of Bonds for which such Paying Agent or Paying Agents is so appointed.

“Per Capita Aid” shall mean the amounts of per capita aid payable to the City pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“Redemption Price” means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof, plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof pursuant to the Resolution and the Series Resolution.

“Resolution” means the Second General Bond Resolution as from time to time amended or supplemented by Supplemental Resolutions or Series Resolutions in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof.

“Revenues” means all payments to the Corporation pursuant to Section 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except any payments to the Operating Fund.

“Serial Bonds” means the Bonds so designated in a Series Resolution.

“Series of Bonds” or “Bonds of a Series” or words of similar meaning means the Series of Bonds authorized by a Series Resolution.

“Series Resolution” means a resolution of the Corporation authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X of the Resolution.

“Sinking Fund Installment” means as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series of Bonds, so long as any Bonds thereof are outstanding, the amount of money required, by the relevant Series Resolution, to be paid at all events by the Corporation on a single future July 1 for the retirement of any Outstanding Bonds of that Series which mature after such July 1, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason only of the maturity of a Bond.
"Special Aid Account" means the special account created for the Corporation in the State Aid Fund.

"State" means the State of New York.

"State Aid Fund" means the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund established pursuant to Section 92-e of the State Finance Law.

"Stock Transfer Tax" means the tax on the sale or transfer of stock or other certificates imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law of the State.

"Supplemental Resolution" means a resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the Resolution, adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X of the Resolution.

"Term Bonds" means the bonds so designated in a Series Resolution and payable from Sinking Fund Installments.

"Trustee" means United States Trust Company of New York and its successor or successors and any other bank or trust company at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 101)

The Pledge Effected by the Resolution

The proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, the Revenues and all Funds established by the Resolution (except for the Operating Fund) are pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The pledge created by the Resolution is subordinate to the pledge of the revenues, moneys and securities and funds pledged under the First General Bond Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 601)

Establishment of Funds

The Resolution establishes the Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Fund, both of which are held by the Trustee.

(Resolution, Section 602)

Application of Payments

If the amount of any payment received is less than the amount certified by the Chairman of the Corporation, such amount shall be applied pro rata to the respective Funds on the basis of the amounts as certified.

(Resolution, Section 603)

Operating Fund

The Corporation shall pay out of the Operating Fund the amounts required for the payment of Operating Expenses.

(Resolution, Section 604)

Bond Service Fund

1. On or before the business day preceding each date of a required payment on any Bonds, the Trustee shall pay, from the Bond Service Fund, to itself and the Paying Agents, the amount required for such payment.
2. If the amount in the Bond Service Fund shall be less than the amounts required to be paid pursuant to paragraph 1 above, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Capital Reserve Fund such amount as will be sufficient to make such payment.

3. As soon as practicable after the 45th day preceding the date of any Sinking Fund Installment, the Trustee shall call for redemption the specified amount of Term Bonds to be retired by such Sinking Fund Installment.

4. The Corporation may, after July 2 in any year but not less than 45 days prior to the date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is due, direct the Trustee to purchase, with moneys in the Bond Service Fund, at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of such purchase, Term Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment. Term Bonds so purchased shall be credited against the Sinking Fund Installment due on such date.

(Resolution, Section 605)

Capital Reserve Fund

1. The Corporation shall deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (i) all moneys paid to the Corporation pursuant to Section 3036-a of the Act for the purpose of maintaining or restoring the amount in such Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) such portion of the proceeds of sale of Bonds as shall be prescribed by a Series Resolution; and (iii) any other moneys which may be made available to the Corporation for such purposes.

2. At any time after December 31, 1980, moneys and securities in the Capital Reserve Fund in excess of the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement, upon direction of the Corporation, may be deposited to the credit of the Bond Service Fund.

3. The Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State a certificate stating the sum, if any, required to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement.

4. Moneys and securities held in the Capital Reserve Fund may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn therefrom by the Trustee and deposited in the Bond Service Fund for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time; provided that subsequent to such withdrawal, the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund will not be less than the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement.

(Resolution, Section 606)

Maintenance of Certain Funds

In order to assure the maintenance of the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund, not less than 120 days before the beginning of each Fiscal Year (but prior to February 12 in each calendar year), the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor, with a copy of such Certificate to the Trustee, a schedule setting forth the cash requirements of the Corporation for such Fiscal Year and the time or times when such cash is required, which certification shall be revised from time to time as required. The total amount so certified by such Chairman for such Fiscal Year shall be equal to: (i) the amounts which are required to maintain the Capital Reserve Fund at the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Bond Service Fund to make all principal and interest payments on Bonds due during such Fiscal Year; and (iii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Operating Fund as determined by the Corporation, to meet the Operating Expenses of the Corporation during such Fiscal Year. In order further to secure the Bonds, each payment (to be made on or before April 12, June 25, October 12 and January 12) by the State Comptroller to the Corporation in accordance with such certification shall be an amount, after taking into account moneys then in the Bond Service Fund and available for purposes of the Bond Service Fund during such Fiscal Year, not
less than the sum of (A) 50% of the interest on all outstanding Bonds payable within six months after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made plus (B) 25% of the principal and premium, if any, on all Bonds and Sinking Fund Installments of the Corporation payable within one year after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made and of such amount, if any, as may be required to be paid into the Capital Reserve Fund during the Fiscal Year of the Corporation of which such quarterly period is a part. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation covenants to make the certifications referred to above at such times and in such amounts as shall be necessary to coincide with the State procedures for payment of Per Capita Aid or other sources of revenues and as shall be necessary to make the deposits required herein and to make principal and interest payments on the Bonds when due. If any increase shall occur in the cash requirements specified above, or if payments are required at a time or times earlier than previously certified, or if the City shall for any reason fail to make timely payment of the principal and accrued interest due on any obligation issued by the City to the Corporation and maturing within the same Fiscal Year, the Chairman shall certify a revised schedule of cash requirements for such Fiscal Year to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor. The schedule accompanying each certification (or revision thereof) shall provide for such payment dates as the Corporation deems appropriate to assure that sufficient funds will be available to meet the obligations of the Corporation as they become due. The Chairman shall exclude from consideration in making any such certification with respect to the funds required by the Corporation for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, any amounts due to be received as payment of principal of or interest on obligations of the City held by the Corporation.

(Resolution 607)

Creation of Liens

The Corporation shall not issue any indebtedness, other than the Bonds secured by the Capital Reserve Fund, and shall not create any lien prior to the Bonds on the Bond Service Fund, provided, however, that nothing shall prevent the Corporation from issuing (i) indebtedness under a separate resolution if the lien created by such resolution is not prior or equal to the charge or lien created by the Resolution and (ii) obligations issued in accordance with the applicable provisions of the First General Bond Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 907)

General

The Corporation shall not amend the First General Bond Resolution in any manner which would have a material adverse effect on the Bondholders, provided, however, that nothing shall prevent the issuance of obligations upon the terms as provided in the First General Bond Resolution. No such obligations shall be issued if such issuance would cause the amounts available for debt service on the Bonds to be less than 1.2 times the maximum aggregate amount of debt service on the Bonds for each Fiscal Year of the Corporation.

(Resolution, Section 909)

Additional Obligations

The Corporation reserves the right to issue its obligations under a separate resolution so long as the same are not entitled to a prior or equal lien with respect to the moneys pledged under the Resolution or with respect to proceeds from the Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax.

(Resolution, Section 204)

Events of Default

The Resolution provides that it shall constitute an “event of default” if:

(a) the Corporation shall default in the payment of the principal of any Bond when due; or

(b) the Corporation shall default in the payment of interest on any of the Bonds and such default shall continue for a period of 30 days; or
(c) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act relating to the certification of its quarterly requirements, or the State Comptroller shall fail to pay to the Corporation any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman of the Corporation pursuant to such provisions of the Act; or

(d) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act relating to the certification of the amount required to maintain the Capital Reserve Fund at the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement, or the State shall fail to appropriate and pay to the Corporation any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman pursuant to such provisions of the Act; or

(e) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act, other than as provided in (c) or (d) above, or shall default in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the Resolution, any Series Resolution, any Supplemental Resolution, or in the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of 45 days after written notice thereof by the holders of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds; or

(f) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to continue the imposition of either the Sales Tax imposed by the Tax Law as the same may be from time to time amended or the Stock Transfer Tax imposed by such Law as the same may be from time to time amended or if the rates of such taxes shall be reduced to rates less than those in effect on July 2, 1975; or

(g) the State shall fail to maintain the existence of either the special account in the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund; or

(h) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to apportion and pay Per Capita Aid or shall fail to maintain the State Aid Fund and the Special Aid Account therein or shall reduce the amount of Per Capita Aid payable during the current Fiscal Year to an amount less than the maximum amount of principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds maturing or otherwise coming due in the current or any future Fiscal Year.

(Resolution, Section 1202)

Remedies

The Resolution vests the Trustee with all rights, powers and duties of a trustee appointed by Bondholders pursuant to the Act.

(Resolution, Section 1201)

Upon the happening and continuance of any event of default specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 1202 of the Resolution, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any event of default specified in paragraph (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h), of said Section, the Trustee may proceed, and upon the written request of the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds shall proceed, in its own name, to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders by such one or more of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights;

(a) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bondholders and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenant or agreement with Bondholders and to perform its duties under the Act;

(b) by bringing suit upon the Bonds;

(c) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the holders of the Bonds;
(d) by action or suit in equity, to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of
the rights of the holders of the Bonds; or

(e) in accordance with the provisions of the Act (including the requirement of 30 days notice to
the Governor, the Corporation and the Attorney General of the State) to declare all Bonds due and
payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the holders of not less
than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, to annual such declaration and its
consequences.

In the enforcement of any remedy under the Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce
payment on and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time
remaining, due under any provision of the Resolution or a Series Resolution or of the Bonds, together with
any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder, without prejudice to any other
right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bondholders.

(Resolution, Section 1203)

Series Resolutions and Supplemental Resolutions

The Corporation may adopt (without the consent of any Bondholders) a Series Resolution or
Supplemental Resolution not inconsistent with the Resolution, to provide for the issuance of a Series of
Bonds and specify the terms thereof; to add additional covenants and agreements for the purpose of further
securing the payment of the Bonds; to prescribe further limitations and restrictions on the issuance of Bonds;
to surrender any right, power, or privilege reserved to the Corporation; and, with the consent of the Trustee,
to cure any ambiguity or defect or inconsistent provision in the Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 1101)

Any of the provisions of the Resolution may be amended by a Supplemental Resolution with the written
consent of the holders of at least 66⅔% in principal amount in each case of (a) all Bonds then Outstanding,
and (b) if less than all the Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected, the Bonds of each affected Series;
excluding, in each case, from such consent, and from the Outstanding Bonds, the Bonds of any specific Series
and maturity, if such amendment by its terms will not take effect so long as any such Bonds remain
Outstanding; provided that any such amendment shall not permit a change in the terms of redemption or
maturity of the principal of or any installment of interest on any such Bond or make any reduction in
principal, Redemption Price, or interest without the consent of the affected holder, or reduce the percentages
of consents required for a further amendment.

(Resolution, Section 1101)

Amendments may be made in any respect with the written consent of the holders of all of the Bonds
then Outstanding.

(Resolution, Section 1103)

Investment of Funds

The Corporation may direct the Trustee to invest moneys in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital
Reserve Fund in (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, direct obligations of the State or
obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States of America or the State,
(b) any obligation issued by certain Federal agencies, (c) any other obligation of the United States of
America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the State of New
York or held in the State Treasury, (d) interest-bearing time deposits, and (e) repurchase agreements
covering obligations of issuers enumerated as aforesaid.

The Trustee shall not be liable or responsible for the making of any authorized investment made in the
manner provided in the Resolution or for any loss resulting therefrom.

(Resolution, Sections 702 and 703)
Defeasance

1. If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the holders of all Bonds and coupons then Outstanding, the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Resolution, then the covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Corporation to the Bondholders shall be discharged and satisfied.

2. Bonds or coupons or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee or any Paying Agent (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or redemption date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and, with the effect expressed in paragraph 1 above. All Outstanding Bonds of any Series and all coupons appertaining to such Bonds shall, prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in such paragraph 1 above if (a) there shall have been deposited with the Trustee either moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient, or direct obligations of the United States of America the principal of and the interest on which, when due, will provide moneys which, together with the moneys, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (b), the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to publish a notice to the effect and in accordance with the procedures provided in the Resolution. Neither direct obligations of the United States of America or moneys deposited with the Trustee nor principal or interest payments on any such securities shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on said Bonds.

(Resolution, Section 1401)

PART 15—TRUSTEE

United States Trust Company of New York (the “Trust Company”) is the Trustee under the First and Second General Bond Resolutions. Its principal offices are located at 45 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. The Trustee has accepted the duties and responsibilities imposed upon it by the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and is vested with all of the rights, powers and duties of a trustee appointed by Bondholders pursuant to the Act. Upon the happening of an “event of default” as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution, the Trustee may, and in certain circumstances is required to, proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders. See “PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION.” In the performance of its duties, the Trustee is entitled to indemnification for any act which would involve it in expense or liability and will not be liable as a result of any action taken in connection with the performance of its duties except for its own negligence or default. The Trustee is protected in acting upon any direction or document believed by it to be genuine and to be signed by the proper party or parties or upon the opinion or advice of counsel. The Trustee may resign at any time upon 60 days' written notice to the Corporation and publication thereof. Any such resignation shall take effect on the date specified in the notice, but in the event that a successor has been appointed, the resignation shall take effect immediately.

As of the date hereof, the Trust Company, which is a party to the Financing Agreement, owns $6,633 million of First Resolution obligations and $9.710 million of Second Resolution Bonds for its own account. The Trust Company also acts as trustee under the First General Bond Resolution and has performed, and may in the future perform, certain banking services for the Corporation, including acting as warrant agent in connection with the issuance of warrants by the Corporation. In addition, the Trust Company acts as collateral agent on behalf of certain commercial banks in connection with the Commercial Paper Program.
PART 16—LEGAL INVESTMENT

The Second Resolution Bonds are legal investments, under present provisions of State law, for all public officers and bodies of the State and political subdivisions of the State and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks, and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the State. Pursuant to the Act, the Second Resolution Bonds may be deposited with, and may be received by, all public officers and bodies of the State and all political subdivisions thereof and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or may hereafter be authorized.

PART 17—TAX EXEMPTION

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

PART 18—LEGAL OPINIONS

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds are subject to the approval of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. The approving opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to the Series 44 Bonds will be in substantially the form attached to this Official Statement as Exhibit B. Certain legal matters, including the accuracy and completeness of this Official Statement, will be passed on for the Corporation by its General Counsel, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, New York, New York. Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, New York, New York, have acted as counsel for the Trustee.

Certain matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their counsel, White & Case, New York, New York.

PART 19—UNDERWRITING

The Underwriters have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the Series 44 Bonds from the Corporation at a discount from the initial public offering prices equal to 2.30% of the principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. The Underwriters may offer to sell such Series 44 Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower than the initial public offering prices and the public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters. The Corporation has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities.

Commercial banks, some of which are Underwriters, hold substantial amounts of bonds of the Corporation and the City, and such banks may, from time to time during and after the time when the Series 44 Bonds are being offered to the public, purchase and sell bonds of the Corporation and the City for their own respective accounts or for the accounts of others.
PART 20—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the Corporation as at June 30, 1982 and the accompanying report thereon by Price Waterhouse, the Corporation's independent accountants, and the unaudited financial statements of the Corporation for the six months ended December 31, 1982 are annexed hereto as Exhibit A. These statements do not give effect to: (i) the receipt on January 12, 1983, of sales tax revenues in the amount of $49 million for First Resolution purposes and $56.8 million for Second Resolution purposes; (ii) the prepayment by the City on January 11, 1983 of $72.1 million of obligations of the City held by the Corporation; (iii) the issuance in January 1983 of $28.965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds; and (iv) the issuance in January 1983 of approximately $150 million of Series 2 commercial paper notes. The exhibits to the financial statements give effect to certain of such events.

*    *    *

Lazard Freres & Co. is acting without compensation as financial advisor to the Corporation. Felix G. Rohatyn, Chairman of the Corporation, is a General Partner of such firm, and Eugene J. Keilin, a Director of the Corporation, is a Senior Vice President of such firm.

The references herein to the Act, the Emergency Act, the Tax Law, the Finance Law, the Agreements, the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and Series Resolutions promulgated thereunder, are summaries of certain provisions thereof. Such summaries do not purport to be complete and reference is made to such Acts, Laws, Agreements, and Resolutions for full and complete statements of such provisions. Copies of such Acts, Laws, Agreements, and Resolutions are available at the office of the Corporation.

The delivery of this Official Statement has been duly authorized by the Corporation.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By    HEATHER L. RUTH
Executive Director
APPENDIX
Definitions

The following are definitions of certain of the terms used in this Official Statement.

Act—New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act and the Municipal Assistance Corporation For the City of New York Act, each as amended to date (Sections 3001 through 3040 of the State Public Authorities Law).

Agreements—Financing Agreement and the agreements relating to the issuance of bonds by the City guaranteed by the United States of America.

Agreement to Guarantee—An agreement dated as of November 15, 1978, among the Corporation, the City, the State, the United States of America and the Financial Control Board providing for the federal guarantee of up to $1.65 billion of City bonds to be issued pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan.

Board—Board of Directors of the Corporation.

Bond Service Fund—the bond service fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

Capital Reserve Aid Fund—the capital reserve fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

Capital Reserve Fund—the capital reserve fund established under the First General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

City Pension Funds—various City employee pension funds which are parties to the Financing Agreement and participants in the Debt Issuance Plan.

Commercial Paper Program—The issuance of short-term notes of the Corporation in an amount not to exceed $250 million principal and interest to accrue to maturity outstanding at any time, secured by irrevocable credit agreements with certain commercial banks.

Control Board—New York State Financial Control Board which was created in September 1975 pursuant to the Emergency Act.

Corporation—Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.

Debt Issuance Plan—the financing plan calling for the issuance of bonds and notes of the Corporation and the City.

Emergency Act—the New York State Financial Emergency Act for the City of New York, as amended to date.

Financial Institutions—various commercial banks, savings banks, and insurance companies which are parties to the Financing Agreement and participants in the Debt Issuance Plan.

Financing Agreement—an agreement dated as of November 15, 1978 among the Corporation, the Financial Institutions and the City Pension Funds.


First General Bond Resolution—the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation dated July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented.
First Resolution Obligations—Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations (each as defined in the First General Bond Resolution) that are or may be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution.

Fiscal Year—for the Corporation and the City, the 12 months ended June 30, for the State, the 12 months ended March 31.

Guaranty Fund—fund created in connection with the guarantee of bonds of the City by the United States of America, which, prior to the issuance of any Federal guarantees, must contain an amount equal to five percent of the sum of the principal of and one year's interest on the outstanding and then to be issued bonds of the City.

Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund—a fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law and in the custody of the State Comptroller into which Per Capita Aid is paid.

Municipal Assistance Tax Fund—a fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law and in the custody of the State Comptroller into which Sales Tax and, if necessary, Stock Transfer Tax is paid.

1978 State Covenant—a covenant of the State that it will not take certain actions with respect to the Control Board.

Per Capita Aid—amounts of revenue available to the Corporation (that otherwise would have been payable to the City) from the General Fund of the State as per capita State aid pursuant to Section 54 of the Finance Law.

Sales Tax—collections of the State sales and compensating use taxes formerly imposed by the City, and now imposed by the State within the City.

Second General Bond Resolution—the second general bond resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented.

Second Resolution Bonds—bonds that are or may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution.

Secretary—the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

Series 44 Bonds—the Bonds described in this Official Statement authorized to be issued pursuant to the Series 44 Resolution.

Series 44 Resolution—the Series Resolution of the Corporation authorizing the Series 44 Bonds.

Stock Transfer Tax—collections of the State stock transfer tax.

Stock Transfer Tax Fund—the fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law in the Custody of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance into which the Stock Transfer Tax is paid.

Tax Law—the State Tax Law of New York.

Trustee—United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution.
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors of
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

In our opinion, the accompanying Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations, Summary of Changes in Funding Requirement and the related Debt Service Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Guaranty Fund and Operating Fund Statements of Transactions present fairly the financial position of Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York at June 30, 1982 and the Debt Service Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Guaranty Fund and Operating Fund transactions for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. Our examination of these statements was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

153 East 53rd Street
New York, N.Y. 10022
July 29, 1982

PRICE WATERHOUSE
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liabilities:</th>
<th>June 30, 1982</th>
<th>December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>$2,355,738,000</td>
<td>$2,099,488,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>5,015,600,000</td>
<td>5,337,830,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bonds payable</td>
<td>7,371,338,000</td>
<td>7,437,318,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>0—</td>
<td>99,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on bonds payable</td>
<td>78,702,594</td>
<td>72,485,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on notes payable</td>
<td>0—</td>
<td>184,089</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment securities purchased payable</td>
<td>28,713,199</td>
<td>2,519,106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Guaranty Fund balance</td>
<td>84,020,818</td>
<td>78,424,322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Fund</td>
<td>2,641,913</td>
<td>4,701,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>7,565,416,524</td>
<td>7,694,633,165</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>2,032</td>
<td>4,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in marketable securities</td>
<td>325,755,683</td>
<td>250,992,441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on marketable securities</td>
<td>21,170,190</td>
<td>17,058,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of New York obligations</td>
<td>743,822,000</td>
<td>987,553,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on City of New York obligations</td>
<td>20,777,306</td>
<td>22,797,099</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations</td>
<td>812,742,000</td>
<td>618,567,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>1,924,269,211</td>
<td>1,896,973,786</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>7,096</td>
<td>8,213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in marketable securities</td>
<td>1,015,218,566</td>
<td>1,071,014,221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest</td>
<td>22,903,044</td>
<td>31,914,209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Capital Reserve Fund</td>
<td>1,038,128,706</td>
<td>1,102,936,643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guaranty Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>0—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in marketable securities</td>
<td>86,703,761</td>
<td>85,752,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest</td>
<td>1,679,107</td>
<td>1,525,061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>88,382,900</td>
<td>87,277,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Fund</td>
<td>2,159,672</td>
<td>4,764,745</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>3,052,940,489</td>
<td>3,091,952,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding requirement</td>
<td>$4,512,476,035</td>
<td>$4,602,680,639</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEBT SERVICE, CAPITAL RESERVE AND GUARANTY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Unaudited)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RECEIPTS:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of bonds issued</td>
<td>$275,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Discount on bonds issued</td>
<td>(6,792,250)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds from issuance of bonds</td>
<td>268,207,750</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales tax allocation received from State of New York</td>
<td>306,000,000</td>
<td>76,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per capita aid received from State of New York</td>
<td>86,000,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>133,891,199</td>
<td>71,740,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from obligations of the City of New York</td>
<td>67,904,036</td>
<td>37,423,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest received on issuance of bonds</td>
<td>4,104,303</td>
<td>3,864,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of New York obligations acquired</td>
<td>227,000,000</td>
<td>333,320,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5,024,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>824,899,538</td>
<td>795,580,443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from bond proceeds</td>
<td>122,477,493</td>
<td>6,861,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>95,384,288</td>
<td>57,946,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>217,861,781</td>
<td>64,807,936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guaranty Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from bond proceeds</td>
<td>17,488,204</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>(5,024,523)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>8,150,038</td>
<td>4,638,218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>25,638,242</td>
<td>(386,305)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decrease in requirement for Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5,596,496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total receipts</strong></td>
<td>1,068,399,561</td>
<td>865,598,570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EXPENDITURES:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on First General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>185,185,265</td>
<td>81,134,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on Second General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>438,227,287</td>
<td>242,712,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,988,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayment of First Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>26,595,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayments of Second Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>97,245,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Discount on purchases</td>
<td>(14,684,967)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cost</strong></td>
<td>82,560,033</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total debt service</strong></td>
<td>732,567,585</td>
<td>325,835,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in requirement for Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>29,631,332</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit for defeasance</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>269,058,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Operating Fund</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td>762,198,917</td>
<td>597,193,737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Excess of receipts over expenditures for the period</strong></td>
<td>$306,200,644</td>
<td>$268,404,833</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE TO PURCHASE
CITY OF NEW YORK OBLIGATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of bonds issued</td>
<td>$724,715,000</td>
<td>$47,230,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discount on bonds issued</td>
<td>(9,711,553)</td>
<td>(223,075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Capital Reserve Fund</td>
<td>(122,477,493)</td>
<td>(6,861,425)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>(17,488,204)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds available—bonds</td>
<td>575,037,750</td>
<td>40,145,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of notes issued</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>564,340,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayment of notes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>(465,340,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds available—notes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>99,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total proceeds available</td>
<td>575,037,750</td>
<td>139,145,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Distributions: | | |
| Purchase of City of New York obligations for Debt Service Fund | 227,000,000 | 333,320,000 |
| Net change for the period | $348,037,750 | $(194,174,500) |

| Funds available to purchase City of New York obligations: | | |
| For the period | $348,037,750 | $(194,174,500) |
| At beginning of period | 464,704,250 | 812,742,000 |
| At end of period | $812,742,000 | $618,567,500 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Summary of changes in funding requirement:</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funding requirement at beginning of the period</td>
<td>$4,559,195,801</td>
<td>$4,512,476,035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes during the period:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net increase in debt outstanding</td>
<td>600,875,000</td>
<td>164,980,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service, Capital Reserve and Guaranty Funds</td>
<td>(306,200,644)</td>
<td>(268,404,833)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds available to purchase City of New York obligations</td>
<td>(348,037,750)</td>
<td>194,174,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Fund</td>
<td>6,643,628</td>
<td>(545,063)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding requirement at end of period</td>
<td>$4,512,476,035</td>
<td>$4,602,680,639</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
OPERATING FUND
STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Municipal Assistance Tax Fund</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>779,736</td>
<td>133,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>779,736</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,433,100</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenditures:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt issuance:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>830,404</td>
<td>270,083</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Paper</td>
<td>731,755</td>
<td>1,591,366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,562,159</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,861,449</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt administration</td>
<td>1,054,433</td>
<td>368,945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oversight functions:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Special Deputy Comptroller</td>
<td>1,771,414</td>
<td>1,276,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Control Board</td>
<td>1,622,331</td>
<td>583,882</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,393,745</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,860,859</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment</td>
<td>124,867</td>
<td>75,117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial reporting</td>
<td>384,651</td>
<td>318,237</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General administrative</td>
<td>903,509</td>
<td>403,430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td><strong>7,423,364</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,888,037</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess (deficiency) of receipts over expenditures for the period</td>
<td><strong>$(6,643,628)</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 545,063</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

NOTE 1—Organization and Functions of the Corporation:

Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation. The Corporation was created by State legislation adopted in June 1975 (as amended to date, the "Act") for purposes of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for The City of New York (the "City"). To carry out such purposes, the Corporation, among other things, issues and sells bonds and notes to pay or loan funds received from such sales to the City and exchanges the Corporation’s obligations for those of the City.

NOTE 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The Debt Service Fund follows the modified accrual basis of accounting. Receipts from tax allocations are recorded as received. Interest income from investments and interest expense on the Corporation’s debt are recorded on the accrual basis. The Corporation’s debt is recorded at the principal amount of the obligations outstanding. Original issue discounts are charged to the Debt Service Fund as incurred and become part of funding requirements. Amounts required for the payment of debt service due on July 1 and January 1 are accounted for as if paid on the immediately preceding June 30 and December 31, respectively, by which date such amounts are segregated for that purpose by the Trustee under the bond resolutions. The funding requirements of the Corporation reported in the Statement of Financial Position do not include future interest requirements.

Debt service funds paid to the Corporation in advance of disbursement to bondholders are temporarily invested pursuant to the terms of the bond resolutions and the income therefrom is credited to the Debt Service Fund.

Investments in marketable securities held in the Capital Reserve and Guaranty Funds are carried at amortized cost and investments in marketable securities in the Debt Service Fund are carried at the lower of cost or market value, inclusive of accrued interest, in accordance with the bond resolutions pursuant to which they were established. These investments consist of direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the State or the United States of America, or in certain other permitted investments.

NOTE 3—Bonds of the Corporation; Authorization, Funding, Payment and Refunded Bonds:

Debt Authorization: The Corporation is authorized by the Act to issue obligations in an aggregate principal amount of $10 billion, exclusive of obligations issued to refund outstanding obligations of the Corporation and of notes issued to enable the City to fulfill its seasonal borrowing requirements. Pursuant to the Act, new obligations of the Corporation may not mature later than July 1, 2008 and no new obligation may be issued after December 31, 1984 except to renew or refund outstanding obligations. The Corporation may issue such obligations provided their issuance would not cause certain debt service limitations and debt service coverage ratios to be exceeded. See Exhibits I, II and III, which are an integral part of the Corporation’s Financial Statements.

Funding Methods: The Corporation funds its debt service requirements and operating expenses from the State’s collection of sales tax imposed by the State within the City at the rates formerly imposed by the City, the stock transfer tax and certain per capita aid, subject in each case to appropriation by the State Legislature. Net collections of such taxes and per capita aid not required by the Corporation are available to the City.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

All outstanding bonds are general obligations of the Corporation. The Corporation has no taxing power. The bonds are entitled to liens, created by pledges under the respective resolutions, on moneys paid into the debt service and capital reserve funds.

Debt service for obligations issued under the First General Bond Resolution is payable from funds paid into the Debt Service Fund from the State’s Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, which is funded from revenues collected, less the State’s charges for collection and administration, from the sales tax and, if necessary, the stock transfer tax. In 1977, the State enacted a program of gradually increasing rebates for all stock transfer tax payers. Rebates equal to 100% of the tax began on October 1, 1981. The legislation provides that taxpayers are to continue to pay the stock transfer tax at the present rate but will be entitled to a 100% rebate should the Corporation not require the funds. To date, the Corporation has not found it necessary to use the revenues derived from the stock transfer tax to pay its debt service. Based on present projections, the Corporation does not anticipate that it will be necessary to utilize these revenues in the future, although no assurance can be given that they will not be so required.

The net revenues from such sales and stock transfer taxes which were collected by the State during the twelve month periods ending June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 amounted to $1,932.1 million and $2,106.8 million, respectively. Payments made to the Corporation from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund are to be made quarterly and at such other times as the Corporation requests.

Debt service for obligations issued under the Second General Bond Resolution is payable from two sources: funds paid annually into the Debt Service Fund from the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund, which is funded from per capita aid otherwise payable by the State to the City, and, after satisfying the debt service requirements for obligations issued under the First General Bond Resolution as described above, funds paid quarterly from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund. Per capita aid is subject to prior claims asserted by certain other State or City entities; however, no such claims have been asserted since the inception of the Corporation. Total per capita aid paid into the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund during the twelve months ended June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 amounted to $484 million.

To the extent that funds are available from investment income, receipt of principal and interest payments on obligations of the City and other sources, they may be used to reduce the Corporation’s funding requirements.

The Corporation certified to and was paid on January 12, 1983, $49.0 million and $56.8 million of sales tax revenues from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for First General Bond Resolution and Second General Bond Resolution, respectively.

Payment Dates: Principal payments at maturity or mandatory sinking fund calls are made February 1 and interest is paid semiannually on February 1 and August 1 for bonds outstanding under the First General Bond Resolution. Principal payments at maturity or mandatory sinking fund calls are made July 1 and interest is paid semiannually on July 1 and January 1 for bonds outstanding under the Second General Bond Resolution. The Corporation may from time to time purchase at a price equal to or less than par certain of its securities to satisfy its sinking fund requirements.

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Refunded Bonds: The Corporation’s bonds may be refunded in advance of their maturity in accordance with provisions of the First and Second General Bond Resolutions by placing in trust with the Trustee sufficient moneys or certain securities which together with investment income will be sufficient to pay principal and interest when due on the bonds which have been refunded. Although they remain valid debt instruments with regard to principal and interest payable thereon from the moneys or securities placed in trust, advance refunded bonds are deemed to have been paid within the meaning of the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and are therefore no longer presented as liabilities of the Corporation. In November 1982, the Corporation issued $175 million of its Second General Resolution Series 40 Bonds and $100 million of its Second Resolution Series 41 Bonds and used $269.1 million to advance refund its previously issued Series CC Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of $256.3 million. At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, $499.6 million and $755.9 million, respectively, of the Corporation’s bonds which have been advance refunded remain valid debt instruments.

NOTE 4—Capital Reserve Fund:

The Act provides for the establishment of a Capital Reserve Fund to provide security for payment of interest on and principal of the Corporation’s bonds. The amount required to be on deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund is 100% of the principal (including sinking fund installments) and interest maturing or otherwise due or becoming due on outstanding bonds during the succeeding calendar year.

The Capital Reserve Fund balance at June 30, 1982 of $1,038.1 million comprised $356.5 million relating to First General Resolution Bonds and $681.6 million relating to Second General Resolution Bonds.

The Capital Reserve Fund balance at December 31, 1982 of $1,102.9 million comprised $375.5 million relating to First General Resolution Bonds and $727.4 million relating to Second General Resolution Bonds.

NOTE 5—Guaranty Fund:

In connection with the issuance by the City of Federally guaranteed obligations, a Guaranty Fund has been established by the Corporation. The Corporation is required, at the time of each issuance of guaranteed City obligations, to have on deposit in the Guaranty Fund a specified amount. The moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund, up to a specified amount, are available for the benefit of the United States of America in the event the City is unable to meet debt service requirements on certain City obligations for which the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the United States of America. Such specified amount is presented as a liability of the Corporation. To the extent moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund exceed the amount required, the Corporation is entitled to withdraw such excess from the Guaranty Fund and the United States of America has no further claim on such moneys. At December 31, 1982, no claim has been asserted. Moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund are invested in direct obligations of the United States of America.

NOTE 6—Operating Fund:

The Operating Fund provides for the expenses of carrying out the Corporation’s duties and functions and is funded from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund. The Operating Fund accounts have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The Corporation’s administrative expenses of debt issuance and service are charged to the Operating Fund as incurred. The assets of the Operating Fund at June 30, 1982 include $1,737,000 of securities purchased under agreements to resell and approximately $421,000 for computer and related software which is being depreciated on a straight line basis over a five year period beginning January 1, 1982. The assets of the Operating Fund at December 31, 1982 include $121,000 of securities purchased

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under an agreement to resell and approximately $495,000 for computer and related software which is being depreciated on a straight line basis over a five year period beginning January 1, 1982. The Corporation entered into a loan agreement in fiscal 1982 with the United States Trust Company of New York to finance the cost of the computer and related software. The $400,000 balance of this loan at June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 bears interest at 9%% and is due in four equal annual installments of principal with interest due semiannually. This loan is included in total operating fund liabilities.

NOTE 7—New York City Obligations Held by the Corporation:

At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, the Corporation held $743.8 million and $987.6 million respectively principal amount of City bonds. The City obligations held at December 31, 1982 bear interest at rates ranging from 7%% to 13%% and will mature on September 15 in each year as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturating (In thousands)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>$ 62,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>66,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>69,682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>63,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>51,374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988-1992</td>
<td>199,670</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993-1997</td>
<td>237,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998-2002</td>
<td>158,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-2007</td>
<td>79,803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$987,553</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On July 26, 1982 and January 6, 1983, the Corporation, in connection with the issuance of commercial paper, entered into credit agreements under which it pledged certain City obligations as collateral. The City has agreed that all bonds pledged as collateral may be sold without the consent of the City. All bonds not pledged as collateral may not be sold without the consent of the City. At January 6, 1983, approximately $332 million of bonds were pledged.

On January 11, 1983 the City redeemed $72.146 million of its bonds maturing in 2000-2004 held by the Corporation.

The Corporation, in making its certification for funds, is required to exclude from consideration any amounts it expects to receive as payment on city obligations until such amounts are received.

NOTE 8—Commitments:

The Corporation and the City have developed a Debt Issuance Plan (the "Plan") to provide for a significant portion of the City’s long-term financing requirements through 1984. Under the Plan, proceeds of debt issuances of the Corporation will be used principally to purchase obligations of the City when issued to provide a source of funding for a portion of the City’s capital program. At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, $812.7 million and $618.6 million, respectively, was available to purchase City obligations. The Plan provides for additional public sales of $860 million of the Corporation’s obligations through 1984.
The amount of the Corporation's obligations to be sold publicly under the Plan will depend upon many conditions, including the City's actual capital requirements, the City's ability to continue raising funds in the public bond markets and the general conditions in the public bond markets.

In November 1982, the Corporation sold $100 million of Second General Resolution Series 41 Bonds with detachable Warrants which entitle the holders of those Warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of $100 million principal amount of Series 42 Bonds periodically between November 19, 1982 and January 18, 1984. As of December 31, 1982, Warrants were exercised for the issuance of $5,000 of Series 42 Bonds. The financial statements and Exhibits I and II do not give effect to the remaining unissued principal amounts of $99,995 million Series 42 Bonds however, such are included in Exhibit III in summarizing the pro forma future payment requirements as explained therein.

On July 26, 1982, the Corporation issued short-term obligations secured by a credit arrangement with Citibank, N.A. Such short-term obligations have a claim on the sales tax, stock transfer tax or per capita aid revenues subordinate to First and Second Resolution Bonds. If the credit arrangement is used to pay the short-term obligations, the Corporation's obligation to Citibank, N.A. will be repayable over a period of at least five years through the issuance of bonds or otherwise. The Corporation has authorized the issuance of up to $100 million of such short-term obligations, which will serve as an alternative to selling bonds publicly in such amount during its 1983 fiscal year. At December 31, 1982, the Corporation had $99 million of such short-term obligations outstanding at interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.625% and maturities ranging from 3 days to 45 days. On January 6, 1983, the Corporation entered into an agreement which calls for Citibank, N.A. and Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company to provide an additional $150 million line of credit to secure the issuance by the Corporation of an additional $150 million of short-term obligations of which $148 million were subsequently issued during January 1983.

On January 25, 1983, the Corporation issued $28,965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds. As the period for exercising warrants for Series 28 and Series 36 Bonds ended on January 18, 1983, no additional Series 28 or Series 36 Bonds will be issued by the Corporation. The financial statements do not give effect to these transactions, although the exhibits do.

The Corporation has agreed to reimburse the New York State Office of the Special Deputy Comptroller for the City of New York and the Financial Control Board for the cost of providing certain oversight services of the City's financial affairs.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Concluded)

(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

Note 9—Investments in Marketable Securities: (in thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>December 31, 1982</th>
<th>June 30, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>Market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
<td>$1,389</td>
<td>$1,389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>160,014</td>
<td>158,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations of the Corporation</td>
<td>100,950</td>
<td>94,686</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$262,353</td>
<td>$254,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
<td>$104</td>
<td>$104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>457,951</td>
<td>453,293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>123,000</td>
<td>120,481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax-Exempt Obligations</td>
<td>28,684</td>
<td>28,165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One to Five Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>31,781</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$639,739</td>
<td>$633,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
<td>$135</td>
<td>$135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>311,099</td>
<td>308,894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>23,000</td>
<td>22,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One to Five Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>364,616</td>
<td>362,502</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>237,023</td>
<td>234,066</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five Years or Greater</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>50,962</td>
<td>49,456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>96,615</td>
<td>84,899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$1,083,450</td>
<td>$1,062,891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guaranty Fund</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td>$69,334</td>
<td>$68,443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in One to Five Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>18,217</td>
<td>18,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$87,551</td>
<td>$87,009</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
### BONDS OUTSTANDING

(In thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Redemption Date</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>June 30, 1982</th>
<th>December 31, 1982*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>First General Resolution Bonds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>(Unaudited)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>February 1, 1984-1985</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>$1,090</td>
<td>$1,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JB</td>
<td>1984-1986</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>61,910</td>
<td>61,910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC</td>
<td>1984-1993</td>
<td>10.25%</td>
<td>256,250</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EE</td>
<td>1991-1995</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>53,475</td>
<td>53,475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FF</td>
<td>1986</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>70,200</td>
<td>70,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GG</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>1,414,738</td>
<td>1,414,738</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HH</td>
<td>1988-1994</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>1,170</td>
<td>1,170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>21,905</td>
<td>21,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>1983-1995</td>
<td>7.5%-8.25%</td>
<td>2,355,738</td>
<td>2,099,488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total First Resolution</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Second General Resolution Bonds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1984-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>44,720</td>
<td>44,720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1984-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>95,315</td>
<td>95,315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>39,125</td>
<td>39,125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>48,700</td>
<td>48,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1983-1991</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>130,355</td>
<td>130,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1983-1991</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>16,975</td>
<td>16,975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1983-1992</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>184,100</td>
<td>184,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1983-1992</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>753,230</td>
<td>753,230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1989-2008</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>250,000</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>139,525</td>
<td>139,525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>60,375</td>
<td>60,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>201,100</td>
<td>201,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1989-1999</td>
<td>8.1% - 8.625%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1999-2008</td>
<td>8.125%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1983-1999</td>
<td>7.4% - 7.625%</td>
<td>132,235</td>
<td>132,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1983-1999</td>
<td>7.75%</td>
<td>103,095</td>
<td>103,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>1983-1999</td>
<td>7.875%</td>
<td>75,655</td>
<td>75,655</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>64,270</td>
<td>64,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>1984-1999</td>
<td>8.75%</td>
<td>209,680</td>
<td>209,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>1984-1999</td>
<td>8.75%</td>
<td>150,320</td>
<td>150,320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>1983-2008</td>
<td>6.5% - 9.75%</td>
<td>94,500</td>
<td>94,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>1984-2000</td>
<td>10.75%</td>
<td>171,370</td>
<td>171,370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>10.75%</td>
<td>122,900</td>
<td>122,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>98,990</td>
<td>98,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>208,575</td>
<td>208,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>116,125</td>
<td>116,125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10% - 11.375%</td>
<td>40,495</td>
<td>40,495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>59,505</td>
<td>59,505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>57,600</td>
<td>57,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Second Resolution</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,015,600</td>
<td>5,379,775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total bonds outstanding</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8,371,338</td>
<td>8,747,263</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXHIBIT II

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 1982

(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For the fiscal year ending June 30</th>
<th>Principal and Interest Requirements</th>
<th>Capital Reserve Fund Additions/ (Releases)</th>
<th>Total*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First General Bond Resolution</td>
<td>Second General Bond Resolution*</td>
<td>Total*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>$104,456+</td>
<td>$327,847+</td>
<td>$432,303+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>229,124</td>
<td>700,347</td>
<td>929,471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>230,471</td>
<td>728,505</td>
<td>958,976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>214,617</td>
<td>725,225</td>
<td>939,842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>223,717</td>
<td>703,306</td>
<td>927,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>273,555</td>
<td>683,091</td>
<td>956,646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>314,918</td>
<td>666,383</td>
<td>981,301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>307,268</td>
<td>640,575</td>
<td>947,843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>284,130</td>
<td>635,281</td>
<td>919,411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>261,630</td>
<td>635,721</td>
<td>897,351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>302,193</td>
<td>449,166</td>
<td>751,359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>350,962</td>
<td>456,048</td>
<td>807,010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>177,272</td>
<td>453,973</td>
<td>631,245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>398,542</td>
<td>398,542</td>
<td>398,542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>305,068</td>
<td>305,068</td>
<td>305,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>307,551</td>
<td>307,551</td>
<td>307,551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>258,944</td>
<td>258,944</td>
<td>258,944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>234,359</td>
<td>234,359</td>
<td>234,359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>217,354</td>
<td>217,354</td>
<td>217,354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>211,383</td>
<td>211,383</td>
<td>211,383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>183,274</td>
<td>183,274</td>
<td>183,274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>177,925</td>
<td>177,925</td>
<td>177,925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>174,313</td>
<td>174,313</td>
<td>174,313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>170,744</td>
<td>170,744</td>
<td>170,744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>162,508</td>
<td>162,508</td>
<td>162,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,274,313</strong></td>
<td><strong>$10,905,843</strong></td>
<td><strong>$14,180,156</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Reserve Fund Additions/ (Releases)</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,102,937</strong></td>
<td><strong>$13,077,219</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

+ The fiscal year 1983 requirements represent the balance of funding required during the year.
## EXHIBIT III

### MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

#### SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS

**December 31, 1982**

*Estimated Coverage Ratios on Second Resolution Bonds: All Revenues after deducting Debt Service on First Resolution Obligations*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>First General Bond Resolution</th>
<th>Second General Bond Resolution†</th>
<th>Total Debt Service on Bonds Outstanding††</th>
<th>Additional Debt Service on Authorized But Unissued Series 42 Bonds</th>
<th>Total††</th>
<th>Estimated Coverage Ratios on Second Resolution Bonds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>$224,792**</td>
<td>$567,095**</td>
<td>$791,887**</td>
<td>$12,124</td>
<td>$791,887**</td>
<td>4.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>208,912</td>
<td>653,327</td>
<td>862,239</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>874,363</td>
<td>3.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>249,335</td>
<td>695,529</td>
<td>944,864</td>
<td>14,338</td>
<td>954,564</td>
<td>3.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>211,606</td>
<td>722,462</td>
<td>934,068</td>
<td>14,165</td>
<td>948,406</td>
<td>3.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>217,629</td>
<td>718,663</td>
<td>936,292</td>
<td>13,916</td>
<td>950,457</td>
<td>3.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>229,805</td>
<td>696,677</td>
<td>926,482</td>
<td>13,717</td>
<td>940,443</td>
<td>3.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>317,305</td>
<td>676,354</td>
<td>993,659</td>
<td>13,499</td>
<td>1,007,376</td>
<td>3.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>312,530</td>
<td>659,481</td>
<td>972,011</td>
<td>13,499</td>
<td>985,460</td>
<td>3.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>302,005</td>
<td>633,758</td>
<td>935,763</td>
<td>10,667</td>
<td>946,430</td>
<td>3.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>266,255</td>
<td>627,972</td>
<td>894,227</td>
<td>10,406</td>
<td>904,633</td>
<td>3.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>257,005</td>
<td>627,818</td>
<td>884,823</td>
<td>10,124</td>
<td>894,947</td>
<td>3.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>347,380</td>
<td>444,364</td>
<td>791,744</td>
<td>9,837</td>
<td>801,581</td>
<td>4.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>354,543</td>
<td>450,602</td>
<td>805,145</td>
<td>9,529</td>
<td>814,674</td>
<td>4.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>448,165</td>
<td>448,165</td>
<td>8,042</td>
<td>456,207</td>
<td>5,49</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>393,474</td>
<td>393,474</td>
<td>7,796</td>
<td>401,270</td>
<td>6,24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>301,466</td>
<td>301,466</td>
<td>7,550</td>
<td>309,016</td>
<td>8,10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>294,594</td>
<td>294,594</td>
<td>7,292</td>
<td>301,886</td>
<td>8,30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>303,228</td>
<td>303,228</td>
<td>7,043</td>
<td>310,271</td>
<td>8,07</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>255,202</td>
<td>255,202</td>
<td>6,377</td>
<td>261,579</td>
<td>9,57</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>230,866</td>
<td>230,866</td>
<td>6,136</td>
<td>237,002</td>
<td>10,57</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>214,173</td>
<td>214,173</td>
<td>7,16</td>
<td>221,889</td>
<td>11,29</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>208,035</td>
<td>208,035</td>
<td>7,469</td>
<td>215,504</td>
<td>11,62</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>180,342</td>
<td>180,342</td>
<td>7,220</td>
<td>187,562</td>
<td>13,35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>174,850</td>
<td>174,850</td>
<td>5,508</td>
<td>180,358</td>
<td>13,89</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>171,026</td>
<td>171,026</td>
<td>5,375</td>
<td>176,401</td>
<td>14,20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>167,267</td>
<td>167,267</td>
<td>5,227</td>
<td>172,494</td>
<td>14,52</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>15,76</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$3,499,102</td>
<td>$11,675,712</td>
<td>$15,174,814</td>
<td>$230,768</td>
<td>$15,405,582</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Assumes the issuance of the remaining unissued authorized principal amount of $99,995 million of Series 42 Bonds on January 25, 1983.

†† Gives effect to the issuance of $28.965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds.

* All revenues include $2.106.8 million combined New York State Sales and Stock Transfer Tax and $408.7 million in Per Capita Aid. First Resolution Obligations include Debt Service on First Resolution Bonds and Operating Expenses of $11.2 million. Estimated coverage ratios on Second Resolution Bonds assume the exercise of all outstanding warrants.

** Includes $92 million which was paid on August 1, 1982 as debt service payments on First General Resolution Bonds and $329 million which was paid on July 1, 1982 and $238 million which was paid on January 1, 1983 as debt service payments on Second General Resolution Bonds.

F-14
Dear Sirs:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds (the “Series 44 Bonds”) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the “Corporation”), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the “State”) constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the Constitution and statutes of the State, including the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State, as amended to the date hereof (the “Act”).

The Series 44 Bonds are authorized and issued under and pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the “Second General Bond Resolution”) and the Series 44 Resolution, adopted February 9, 1983 (the “Series Resolution”). The Second General Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution are herein collectively called the “Resolutions”.

The Series 44 Bonds are part of an issue of bonds of the Corporation (the “Bonds”) which the Corporation has established and created under the terms of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized to issue from time to time for the corporate purposes of the Corporation authorized by the Act, as then in effect and without limitation as to amount except as provided in the Resolutions and certain agreements of the Corporation or as may be limited by law. The Corporation has covenanted with the holders of certain bonds of the Corporation and with certain others to limit the issuance of additional bonds. The Series 44 Bonds are being issued for purposes set forth in the Resolutions.

The Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds, in addition to the Series 44 Bonds, only upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Second General Bond Resolution and such Bonds, when issued, shall with the Series 44 Bonds and with all other such Bonds theretofore issued, be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Second General Bond Resolution.

The Series 44 Bonds are dated February 1, 1983 except as otherwise provided in the Resolutions with respect to registered Series 44 Bonds, will mature on July 1 in each of the years and will bear interest payable...
semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 1983 at the respective rates per annum shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturing</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10½%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10¾%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds are issued either in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000, registrable as to principal only, or in registered form without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. Coupon and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are interchangeable as provided in the Resolutions. Coupon Series 44 Bonds are numbered 44-- -- and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are lettered and numbered 44R-- -- followed, in each case, by the last two digits of the year of maturity and the number of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are numbered consecutively from one upward in order of issuance.

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are subject to redemption, commencing on July 1, 2000 and on each July 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in part, as provided in the Resolutions, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution in the amounts set forth in the Series Resolution, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

In addition, the Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth in the Series Resolution.

Chapter 168, 196, 868 and 870 of the Laws of 1975, as amended to the date hereof, each enacted by the People of the State, represented in Senate and Assembly of the State and signed into law by the Governor of the State (the “Enabling Legislation”) provide for, among other things, the insertion of the Act in the Public Authorities Law, creating the Corporation as aforesaid, adding a new section 92-e to Article 6 of the State Finance Law, constituting Chapter 56 of such Consolidated Laws, establishing a municipal assistance aid fund (the “Aid Assistance Fund”) and a special account for the Corporation within the Aid Assistance Fund (the “Special Aid Account”), amending section 54 of the State Finance Law to provide for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account of amounts of per capita aid appropriated by the Legislature of the State and otherwise payable out of the General Fund of the State to The City of New York, New York (“The City”) thereunder subject to payments being made as follows: (i) any amounts required to be paid to the City University Construction Fund pursuant to the City University Construction Fund Act, Article 125-B of the Education Law, constituting Chapter 16 of such Consolidated Laws; (ii) any amounts required to be paid to the New York City Housing Development Corporation pursuant to the New York City
Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 41 of such Consolidated Laws; (iii) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the New York City Transit Authority pursuant to the provisions of Chapter seven of the laws of the State of nineteen hundred seventy-two; (iv) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the State to repay an advance made in nineteen hundred seventy-four to subsidize the fare of the New York City Transit Authority; and (v) five hundred thousand dollars to the chief fiscal officer of The City for payment to the trustees of the police pension fund of such City pursuant to the provisions of paragraph e of subdivision 7 of such section 54 of the State Finance Law, suspending the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes pursuant to sections 1210 and 1212-A of Article 29 of the Tax Law, constituting Chapter 60 of such Consolidated Laws, and the taxes imposed pursuant to said sections, until all notes and bonds of the Corporation, including the Series 44 Bonds, and interest thereon have been fully paid and discharged, adding a new section 92-d to Article 6 of the State Finance Law establishing a municipal assistance tax fund (the “Tax Assistance Fund”) and a special account for the Corporation within the Tax Assistance Fund (the “Special Tax Account”), and adding a new section 1107 to Article 28 of said Tax Law imposing sales and compensating use taxes in The City at a rate of six percent (6%) on the sale of certain parking services (the “Sales Tax”), the revenues derived from which, less such amounts as the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance determines to be necessary for reasonable costs in administering, collecting and distributing such taxes, are required to be paid into the Special Tax Account, together with, after deducting such costs, such amounts, as may be required under the Enabling Legislation to be transferred from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by section 92-b of Article 6 of said State Finance Law, into which the revenues derived from a tax imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law (the “Stock Transfer Tax”) are deposited.

We are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, with the good right and lawful authority and power to adopt the Resolutions, to issue the Bonds including the Series 44 Bonds thereunder and to perform the obligations and covenants contained in the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds. Under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State, and under the Constitution of the United States, the Enabling Legislation, including the Act, is valid with respect to all provisions thereof material to the subject matters of this opinion letter.

2. The Series Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized and permitted by the Second General Bond Resolution. The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and both are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms, except for the covenant on behalf of the State required to be set forth in each Series 44 Bond pursuant to Chapter 201 of the Laws of New York of 1978 (the “State Covenant”) as to which a separate opinion has been rendered on the date hereof, and no other authorization for the Resolutions is required. The Resolutions create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds held or set aside under the Resolutions, subject only to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted by the Resolutions. The lien created by the Resolutions on such revenues, moneys, securities and funds in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund is and will be prior to all other liens thereon. All revenues, moneys and securities, as and when received, in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund in accordance with the Resolutions, will be validly subject to the pledge and lien created by the Resolutions.

3. The Series 44 Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, and in accordance with the Resolutions and the Certificate of Determination. The Series 44 Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the Corporation payable as provided in the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms, respectively, and the terms of the Resolutions, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited.
by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws validly enacted affecting creditors' rights or remedies generally, and, except as otherwise set forth with respect to the State Covenant as to which a separate opinion has been rendered as aforesaid, are entitled, together with additional Bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and obligations of the Second General Bond Resolution and of the Act.

4. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State his certificate stating such sum, if any, as shall be necessary to restore the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement under the Second General Bond Resolution. Subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act providing for the appropriation and payment to the Corporation for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund of such sum as shall be so certified by the Chairman, does not constitute an enforceable obligation or debt of the State, the amount of such sum being subject to annual appropriation for such purpose by the Legislature of the State, which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate such amount.

5. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and the Mayor of The City, the amounts required, pursuant to subdivision 1 of Section 3036 and of Section 3036-a of the Act, for deposit in the funds established by the Second General Bond Resolution at the time or times and in the manner provided therein, including the amounts required for deposit in the Bond Service Fund to pay all interest and all principal and redemption premium, if any, on bonds maturing or otherwise coming due and for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund to maintain such Fund at such Capital Reserve Fund requirement. Said subdivisions provide for the State Comptroller to pay such amounts to the Corporation for deposit as aforesaid, the source of such payments being the Aid Assistance Fund into which is paid such per capita aid, subject to certain prior claims as described above, and, to the extent required, subject to the prior claim of the holders of obligations of the Corporation issued or to be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution (as such term is defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), the Tax Assistance Fund into which is paid the Sales Tax, and to the extent required, out of the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax. The amount of per capita aid payable to The City and available for apportionment and payment from the General Fund of the State treasury and of such payments out of the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds to the Corporation are subject to annual appropriation for such purposes by the Legislature of the State which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate any such amounts so certified by the Chairman, as aforesaid.

6. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute a debt either of the State or of The City, and neither the State nor The City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

7. The State has the good right and lawful authority:

(a) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate out of the General Fund of the State amounts for the purpose of per capita aid and to provide, with respect to certain amounts of such per capita aid payable to The City in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the State Finance Law, for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account, of amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make any, or maintain any level of, such appropriation of per capita aid or to continue such procedure for apportionment and payment of such aid;

(b) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate to, the Corporation, from the Special Tax Account and from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make such appropriations;
(c) to suspend the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes and the taxes levied thereunder, in accordance with the Enabling Legislation;

(d) to impose and to increase or decrease the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax but the State is not bound or obligated to continue the imposition of said taxes; and

(e) to establish the Aid Assistance Fund and the Special Aid Account within the Aid Assistance Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Tax Assistance Fund and the Special Tax Account within the Tax Assistance Fund but the State is not bound or obligated to maintain the existence of said funds or accounts.

8. The Corporation, the holders of the Bonds, holders of any evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation or the holders of bonds or notes of The City do not have nor will they have a lien on the per capita aid referred to hereinafore or the Stock Transfer Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Sales Tax, or the Special Accounts for the Corporation in the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds. We are further of the opinion that, in any suit, action or other proceeding (whether under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code or otherwise) wherein a creditor of The City or The City seeks to assert a right to any such Taxes, such Stock Transfer Tax Fund or such Special Accounts superior or equal to the rights of holders of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, neither The City nor such creditor will prevail in the court of final jurisdiction.

9. Under existing law, upon any failure of the State Legislature to make required appropriations for State debt obligations or upon the establishment of a note repayment account pursuant to Section 55 of the State Finance Law, moneys on deposit in the Stock Transfer Tax Fund and the Tax Assistance Fund, including the Special Tax Account therein (each such account or fund as presently constituted being a special fund of the State), would not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence neither Article 7, Section 16 of the State Constitution nor said Section 55 authorizes or mandates such moneys to be set apart by the State Comptroller either for the payment of State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. We are further of the opinion that, under existing law, collections of the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax which are to be deposited into the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, do not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence such collections would likewise not be authorized or mandated to be set apart or applied by the State Comptroller either for the payment of the State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. Per capita aid is, under existing law, derived from the General Fund of the State and hence, in the event of a failure to appropriate as above described, revenues of the State, otherwise applicable to the General Fund and therefore available for appropriation as per capita aid will be subject to being set apart, or applied as aforesaid.

10. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including the City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

11. No registration with, consent of, or approval by any governmental agency or commission is necessary for the execution and delivery and the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

12. The adoption and performance of, and compliance with, all of the terms and conditions of the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds, and the execution and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds, will not result in a violation of or be in conflict with any term or provision of any existing law.

We have examined the executed Series 44 Bond numbered 44-1 and, in our opinion, the form of said Bond and its execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,

B-5
March 1, 1983

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Dear Sirs:

The Corporation now has outstanding $184,160,000 in aggregate principal amount of its 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the "1978 Series JJ Bonds") issued pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the "General Bond Resolution") and a Series Resolution adopted December 22, 1977 (the "1978 Series JJ Resolution"). In accordance with the provisions of Section 203 and Article XIV of the General Bond Resolution, direct obligations of the United States of America have been placed in trust with United States Trust Company of New York, N. Y. (the "Trustee", as such term is defined in the General Bond Resolution), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide monies sufficient to pay when due, the principal of and interest until the maturity or earlier redemption date on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds. The Corporation has directed the Trustee to redeem, by lot, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each 1978 Series JJ Bond so redeemed, on February 1 of each of the following years, the following aggregate principal amounts of 1978 Series JJ Bonds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Each amount to be so redeemed represents the amount of the sinking fund installment provided for such date in the 1978 Series JJ Resolution. The Trustee has been directed to pay the remaining principal due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, other than those so called for redemption, on their respective maturity dates.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the Corporation has duly provided for the payment of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the provisions of such Section 203 and Article XIV.

Very truly yours,

C-1
NEW ISSUE
In the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

$210,000,000

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
(A Public Benefit Corporation of the State of New York)
SERIES 44 BONDS

Dated March 1, 1983

Principal of and interest on the Series 44 Bonds are payable at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, unless registered. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is payable July 1, 1983 and semi-annually thereafter on each January 1 and July 1. The Series 44 Bonds will be issued as coupon bonds in the denomination of $5,000 each, registrable as to principal only, or as fully registered bonds in the denomination of $5,000 or any integral multiple of $5,000. Coupon and registered bonds are interchangeable as more fully described herein.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part on any interest payment date or dates, at an initial redemption price of 102% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, all as more fully described herein. The Series 44 Bonds maturing July 1, 2003 and July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption from mandatory sinking fund installments on each July 1, commencing on July 1, 2000 and July 1, 2004, respectively, in each case at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, all as more fully described herein.

The Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution is United States Trust Company of New York.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Due</th>
<th>Amount*</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$60,000,000</td>
<td>% Term Bonds due July 1, 2003</td>
<td>@</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$100,000,000</td>
<td>% Term Bonds due July 1, 2008</td>
<td>@</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Plus accrued interest)

The Series 44 Bonds are issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and are payable from certain per capita State aid and, to the extent not required for payment of certain other obligations of the Corporation, including bonds issued under the Corporation's First General Bond Resolution, revenues derived from certain sales and compensating use taxes imposed by the State of New York within the City of New York and, under certain conditions, the State stock transfer tax. The State is not bound or obligated to continue to appropriate such per capita State aid or to continue the imposition of such taxes or to make the necessary payments of such per capita State aid or the necessary appropriations of the revenues derived from such taxes. The Corporation has no taxing power. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute an enforceable obligation, or a debt, of either the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or the City is pledged to the payment of principal or of interest on the Series 44 Bonds.

The Series 44 Bonds are offered when, and as if issued by the Corporation and received by the Underwriters and subject to approval of legality by Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Corporation by its General Counsel, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Underwriters by their counsel, White & Case, New York, New York. It is expected that the Series 44 Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery on or about March 3, 1983. At the option of any Underwriter, delivery will be available at The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
Citibank, N.A. Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
Capital Markets Group The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.
Bear Stearns & Co. L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Shearson/American Express Inc.

The date of this Official Statement is February 1983

* Amount subject to change.
No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Series 44 Bonds or any other securities of the Municipal Assistance Corporation for The City of New York by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information set forth herein has been provided by such Corporation and by other sources which are believed to be reliable by such Corporation, but it is not guaranteed as to its accuracy or completeness and is not to be construed as a representation by the Underwriters. The information herein is subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of such Corporation or of the State of New York or of The City of New York since the date hereof. This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the securities referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE SERIES 44 BONDS, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF SUCH BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZATION, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

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</tr>
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Lazard Frères & Co.—Financial Advisor
PART I—INTRODUCTION

Certain factors and additional information that may affect decisions to invest in the Series 44 Bonds are described throughout this Official Statement which should be read in its entirety. Certain terms used in this Official Statement are defined in the Appendix.

The Corporation

The Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York is a public benefit corporation of the State created for the purpose of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for the City.

The Bonds

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Corporation's Second General Bond Resolution. A portion of the proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds will be used to refund the Corporation's Series JJ Bonds. Certain revenues of the Corporation described below are pledged to the payment of the Series 44 Bonds, which are general obligations of the Corporation and are not obligations of either the State or the City.

Payment of the Bonds and Debt Service Coverage

The Corporation's revenues pledged to the payment of Second Resolution Bonds are derived from moneys that are paid to the Trustee, subject to annual appropriation by the State Legislature, from three sources: Per Capita Aid and (after satisfying debt service, operating expenses and capital reserve funding requirements under the Corporation's First General Bond Resolution) the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax. "Per Capita Aid" consists of amounts that otherwise would have been payable to the City under the State law that provides for a general revenue sharing program applicable to localities throughout the State. The "Sales Tax" consists of a State sales tax imposed within the City, at the rate of 4%, on most retail and certain other sales. The "Stock Transfer Tax" consists of the State tax on the transfer of stocks and certain other securities. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Assuming that amounts available to the Corporation from Per Capita Aid, Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax continue at present levels, Available Revenues for debt service on all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds, including the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue, would be as follows:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{(Dollars in Millions)} & \\
+ & 1,435 & \text{Sales Tax (12 months ended December 31, 1982)} \\
+ & 672 & \text{Stock Transfer Tax (12 months ended December 31, 1982)} \\
- & 11 & \text{Operating expenses of the Corporation} \\
- & 344 & \text{Maximum annual debt service payment on currently outstanding First Resolution obligations after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds (issuance test limits annual debt service to $425 million)} \\
+ & 1,752 & \text{Available tax revenues after provision for First Resolution obligations} \\
+ & 409 & \text{Available Per Capita Aid (for the Corporation's 1982 fiscal year), net of $75 million of potential prior claims (none of which has been asserted since the inception of the Corporation)} \\
\hline \\
- & 803 & \text{Maximum annual debt service payment on currently outstanding Second Resolution Bonds (including the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue)} \\
\hline \\
\begin{align*}
\text{\$2,161} & \text{Available Revenues} \\
\hline \\
\text{\$2,69} & \text{Debt Service Coverage}
\end{align*}
\]
The authority of the State to impose and collect the Sales Tax and pay the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax revenues to the Corporation has been affirmed by the State’s highest court; the United States Supreme Court dismissed the appeal of the State court’s decision for lack of a substantial Federal question.

For further information with respect to the Corporation’s revenues and debt service, as well as estimated coverage ratios, see “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS” and “PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS.”

Limitations on Bond Issuance

The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional Second Resolution Bonds unless available revenues, calculated substantially in the manner outlined above, would cover estimated maximum annual debt service payments on Second Resolution Bonds at least two times. In addition, in connection with certain short-term note sales (“commercial paper program”), the Corporation has agreed that it will not issue short-term obligations except for refunding purposes unless debt service coverage equals or exceeds 2.2 times available revenues. For further information with respect to the Corporation’s Commercial Paper Program, see “PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN.”

The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional First Resolution obligations if the maximum annual debt service payments on all First Resolution obligations would exceed $425 million. Maximum annual debt service on currently outstanding First Resolution obligations, after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, is $344 million.

Appropriation of Revenues

The Legislature has appropriated Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for the benefit of the Corporation for each of the State’s fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation. The Corporation expects that the Legislature will continue to make such appropriations so long as the Corporation’s bonds are outstanding. Under the State Constitution, however, the Legislature cannot be bound or obligated to appropriate such revenues for the benefit of the Corporation.

The Corporation believes that any failure by the State to make annual appropriations as expected would have a serious impact on the ability of the State and its agencies to raise funds in the public credit markets.

Outstanding Debt of the Corporation

After the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue, the Corporation will have outstanding an aggregate of $7.788 billion of its bonds, $5.940 billion issued under the Second General Bond Resolution and $1.848 billion issued under the First General Bond Resolution. Bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue are bonds issuable on the exercise of the Corporation’s warrants and bonds issuable under certain circumstances in connection with its Commercial Paper Program. In each case the Corporation has covenanted with certain parties to treat such conditionally issuable bonds as issued and outstanding and, accordingly, unless otherwise indicated, the issuance and coverage figures set forth in this Official Statement are presented on the basis of such an assumption.
The Corporation's First and Second Resolution obligations each have the benefit of a capital reserve fund held by the Trustee. At December 31, 1982, there was on deposit in such funds securities valued in accordance with the Act at $375.5 million and $727.4 million, respectively, including accrued interest.

Debt Issuance Plan

The Series 44 Bonds are being offered as part of the Debt Issuance Plan developed by the Corporation and the City. The Debt Issuance Plan is intended to provide necessary long-term financing for the City to enable the City to finance its capital needs through June 30, 1985.

Certain institutional investors, some of which are underwriters of this offering, hold substantial amounts of bonds of the Corporation. Such investors may, from time to time during and after the time when the Series 44 Bonds are being offered to the public, offer or sell bonds of the Corporation, which may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the Series 44 Bonds.

Certain Factors

The Corporation believes that the market for and the market price of the Series 44 Bonds and the sources of payment of the Series 44 Bonds may be affected by certain other factors described elsewhere in this Official Statement. See, in particular, “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE” and “PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY” with respect to serious potential imbalances in the financial plans of the State and City.

PART 2—BONDS BEING OFFERED

General

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution. The Series 44 Bonds will be dated and bear interest from March 1, 1983 and will mature as set forth on the cover of this Official Statement.

The Series 44 Bonds will be issued as coupon bonds in the denomination of $5,000 each, registrable as to principal only, or as fully registered bonds in the denomination of $5,000 or any integral multiple of $5,000. Coupon bonds and fully registered bonds will be interchangeable. The Series 44 Bonds will be registrable on the books of the Corporation at the corporate trust office of the Trustee. Principal of and premiums if any on fully registered bonds is payable at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee. Interest on fully registered bonds is payable by check or draft mailed to the registered owner.

For every exchange or transfer of the Series 44 Bonds, the Corporation or the Trustee may make a charge sufficient to reimburse it for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer, which sum or sums shall be paid by the person requesting such exchange or transfer as a condition precedent to the exercise of the privilege of making such exchange or transfer. The cost of preparing each new Series 44 Bond issued upon such exchange or transfer and any other expenses of the Corporation or the Trustee incurred in connection therewith (except any applicable tax, fee or other governmental charge) will be paid by the Corporation as operating expenses.

Pursuant to the Act, the Series 44 Bonds will include the 1978 State Covenant to the effect that the State will not take certain actions, including any action that will substantially impair the authority of the Control Board to act in specified respects with regard to the City. See "PART 11—AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK."
United States Trust Company of New York is the Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution. Its corporate trust office is located at 45 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. For further information concerning the Trustee, see “PART 15—TRUSTEE.”

Optional Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part by lot on any interest payment date or dates, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest to the date of redemption:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period (Dates Inclusive)</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sinking Fund Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2003 and July 1, 2008 are subject to redemption, in part by lot, on July 1 in each of the years and in the respective principal amounts set forth below, at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, from mandatory “Sinking Fund Installments” which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 of each year, the principal amount of Series 44 Bonds specified for each of the years shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series 44 Bonds Due July 1, 2003</th>
<th>Series 44 Bonds Due July 1, 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Payment at maturity.

Giving effect to the Sinking Fund Installments set forth above, the average life of the Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2003 and July 1, 2008 would be approximately 18.83 years and 23.33 years, respectively, calculated from March 1, 1983.

The Corporation may from time to time direct the Trustee to purchase with moneys in the Bond Service Fund, Series 44 Bonds at or below par plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of such purchase, and apply any Bonds so purchased as a credit, at par, against and in fulfillment of a required Sinking Fund Installment on the Bonds, so purchased. See “PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION—Bond Service Fund.” To the extent the Corporation fulfills its obligations to make Sinking Fund Installments in a particular year through such purchases of such Bonds, the likelihood of redemption by lot of any holder’s Bonds of such Series through the operation of the sinking fund will be reduced for such year. The Corporation has in the past made such purchases with respect to certain series of its Second Resolution Bonds and may but is not obligated to do so with respect to the Series 44 Bonds.
Additional Bonds and Notes

Pursuant to the Act, the Corporation is authorized to issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding $10 billion (exclusive of bonds and notes issued to refund outstanding bonds and notes, and notes issued to meet the City's seasonal borrowing requirements). For purposes of this authorization, the Corporation will have issued approximately $8.711 billion after issuance of the Series 44 Bonds, assuming the exercise of all outstanding Warrants and including approximately $250 million of commercial paper notes. All bonds, other than refunding bonds, are required to be issued under the First or Second General Bond Resolutions.

Additional Second Resolution Bonds may be issued on a parity with the Series 44 Bonds, provided that (a) an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the most recent collections of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax for 12 consecutive calendar months ended not more than two months prior to the date of such determination or (ii) the amounts estimated by the State Commission of Taxation and Finance to be collectible during the succeeding 12-month period from such sources, plus (b) the estimated or actual amount of Per Capita Aid to be or theretofore apportioned and paid to the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund for the fiscal year of the State during which such additional Bonds are to be issued, less (c) the maximum annual debt service on outstanding First Resolution obligations, less (d) estimated operating expenses of the Corporation for its then current fiscal year, is at least 2 times (e) the maximum annual debt service on outstanding Second Resolution Bonds (including the particular series of such additional Bonds then proposed to be issued). In addition, the Corporation has agreed that it will not issue obligations under the Commercial Paper Program except for refunding purposes unless available revenues equal or exceed 2.2 times maximum annual debt service.

Pursuant to the Series 44 Resolution and certain other series resolutions of the Corporation, the Corporation may issue additional First Resolution obligations only to the extent that the issuance thereof would not cause the maximum annual debt service on outstanding First Resolution obligations to equal or exceed $425 million (with certain adjustments with respect to up to $25 million of small denomination obligations that the Corporation may offer to the public under the First General Bond Resolution).

In February 1981 and November 1981, the Corporation issued Warrants to purchase $100 million of its Series 28 Bonds and $59.505 million of its Series 36 Bonds, respectively. Such Warrants were exercisable through January 18, 1983, after which all such Warrants not exercised became void. Through January 18, 1983, Warrants were exercised for the purchase of $31.59 million of Series 28 Bonds and $57.60 million of Series 36 Bonds. In November 1982, the Corporation issued Warrants to purchase $100 million of its Series 42 Bonds, exercisable through January 18, 1984. Covenants of the Corporation with holders of the Warrants for the purchase of Series 42 Bonds provide that it will treat as issued and outstanding the aggregate authorized amount of Series 42 Bonds for purposes of the issuance and coverage tests set forth in this section. The Corporation has also covenanted with certain banks under the Commercial Paper Program that it will treat the $250 million Second Resolution Bonds issuable under the terms of the credit agreements as issued and outstanding for purposes of the coverage tests set forth in this section for the period of time such bonds may be issued, as provided in such credit agreements.

The Second General Bond Resolution contains further limitations upon the issuance by the Corporation of additional obligations under the First General Bond Resolution. See "PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION."

PART 3—USE OF PROCEEDS AND PLAN OF REFUNDING

The net proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds will be approximately $ million. Approximately $ of such proceeds will be used to refund the Corporation's Series JJ Bonds. The balance of the net proceeds will be deposited in the Capital Reserve Aid Fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution. An aggregate of $184.160 million of the Series JJ Bonds is currently outstanding and will mature or be retired with mandatory sinking fund installments on February 1 as follows:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>$40,280,000</td>
<td>7.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>83,880,000</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Mandatory Sinking Fund Installment

To accomplish the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds, which were issued under the First General Bond Resolution, approximately $ of the net proceeds will be used to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America (the “Government Obligations”), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide moneys sufficient to pay when due principal at maturity of and the Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds. At the time of issuance of the Series 44 Bonds, the Corporation will deposit the Government Obligations in a special trust fund held by United States Trust Company of New York, the trustee under the First General Bond Resolution. At such time, the Corporation will give such trustee irrevocable instructions to apply the special trust fund solely for the payment of principal of and Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds.

Upon the giving of such instructions, the Series JJ Bonds will no longer be outstanding for purposes of the First General Bond Resolution. Accordingly, all principal of and Sinking Fund Installments and interest on the Series JJ Bonds will be payable solely from the special trust fund.

The refunding of the Series JJ Bonds is part of the Corporation's refunding program. The program is intended to reduce the level of debt service requirements in certain early years where debt service requirements are at disproportionately high levels through the issuance of refunding bonds which have debt service requirements occurring at higher levels in later years. The refunding of the Series JJ Bonds has been actively considered by the Corporation since Spring 1982, but the refunding may not have been undertaken at this time except for the request of the Mayor of the City that the Corporation do so. The debt service savings to the Corporation during the fiscal years 1983, 1984 and 1985 as a result of such refunding will decrease the moneys used by the Corporation from its revenues (see “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS”), thereby increasing the moneys available to the City for its expense budget in those years by an aggregate of approximately $146 million. The Corporation may recommend to the Control Board that it monitor the use of such increased expense budget moneys to alleviate the need for fiscal retrenchment beyond the measures set forth in the City’s 1983 Revised Plan. See “PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY.” The Corporation has estimated that the present value cost to the Corporation of such refunding is between $10 and $15 million, but the Corporation has determined that such refunding meets its corporate purposes.

PART 4—THE CORPORATION

Background, Purposes and Powers

The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation. The Corporation was created by State legislation adopted in June 1975 (as amended to date, the “Act”), for the purpose of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for the City. To carry out such purpose, the Corporation was given the authority, among other things, to issue and sell bonds and notes, to pay or lend funds received from such sales to the City and to exchange the Corporation’s obligations for those of the City and to issue bonds to refund outstanding bonds. Between June 1975 and June 1978, the Corporation issued its obligations in accordance with this purpose and the City was provided with seasonal loans by the Federal government and long-term financing by certain City pension
funds and the Corporation. In September 1975, the Control Board was established to oversee the financial affairs of the City.

By June 1978, the City had brought its operating budget into balance in accordance with State law and accomplished other budgetary and accounting objectives. Despite this progress, it became clear that further actions would be necessary to enable the City to finance itself. As a result, the Debt Issuance Plan was developed to provide long-term financing to the City over the four fiscal years ending June 1982, during which time the City was required to follow a plan designed to bring its operating budget into balance in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") by the 1982 fiscal year and to enable it to regain access to the public credit markets. Although the City's operating budget for the 1981 fiscal year was balanced in accordance with GAAP, one year earlier than required, and its operating budget for its 1982 fiscal year was similarly balanced, the Debt Issuance Plan was supplemented to give the City additional time to regain full access to the public credit markets. The City sold $75 million of its bonds publicly during its 1981 fiscal year, $250 million of its bonds publicly during its 1982 fiscal year and $150 million of its bonds publicly to date during its 1983 fiscal year.

To enable the Corporation to assist in financing the City's capital needs during its 1983 through 1985 fiscal years, the State enacted legislation in June 1980 increasing the amount of obligations which the Corporation may issue to $10 billion (excluding refunding obligations and certain short-term notes) and extending through December 31, 1984 the period during which such obligations, other than refunding obligations, may be issued. The 1980 legislation provides sufficient bond issuance authority to enable the Corporation to fulfill its role under the Debt Issuance Plan.

**Outstanding Debt of the Corporation**

After issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the exercise of all outstanding warrants, the Corporation will have issued approximately $8.711 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes for purposes of the $10 billion statutory issuance limit (which limit excludes all refunding obligations). The Corporation will have outstanding (excluding bonds that have been refunded) $5.940 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution and $1.848 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under the First General Bond Resolution. The Second General Bond Resolution provides that all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds will be on a parity with each other, regardless of the date of issuance.

First Resolution Obligations have no claim on Per Capita Aid, which is a principal source of payment for the Second Resolution Bonds. First Resolution Obligations have a claim prior to that of Second Resolution Bonds on all amounts available to the Corporation from the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax. The Corporation has covenanted not to issue additional First Resolution Obligations if the maximum annual debt service payments on all First Resolution Obligations would exceed $425 million.

In addition to First and Second Resolution obligations, the Corporation is issuing commercial paper under separate resolutions on a continuing refunding basis. The Corporation presently has outstanding approximately $250 million of such obligations. The commercial paper has no claim on Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax prior to or on a parity with First or Second Resolution Bonds. For further information on the Corporation's commercial paper program, see "PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN."

For additional information concerning the financial condition of the Corporation, see the audited financial statements of the Corporation as of June 30, 1982, and the unaudited financial statements of the Corporation for the six months ended December 31, 1982, annexed hereto as Exhibit A, and "PART 20—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS."
PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN

In November 1978, the Corporation in conjunction with the City developed the Debt Issuance Plan to provide long-term financing for the City during the 1979 through 1982 fiscal years. The Debt Issuance Plan has been supplemented from time to time to include subsequent fiscal years and to adjust projections regarding the issuance of long-term obligations to the public and the City's capital needs.

DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN
(Dollars in Thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources of Funds</th>
<th>FY 1983</th>
<th>FY 1984</th>
<th>FY 1985</th>
<th>FY 1986</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of the Corporation's Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>250,000(a)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of the Corporation's Bonds</td>
<td>575,000(b)</td>
<td>350,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,225,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales to the Public of City Bonds Water and Sewer Revenue Financing (d)</td>
<td>300,000(c)</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>700,000</td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Available Sources (e)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>315,000</td>
<td>330,000</td>
<td>795,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Sources</td>
<td>$1,177,000</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
<td>$1,315,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
<td>$4,822,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Uses of Funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Uses of Funds</th>
<th>FY 1983</th>
<th>FY 1984</th>
<th>FY 1985</th>
<th>FY 1986</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City Capital Improvements</td>
<td>$1,125,000</td>
<td>$1,249,000</td>
<td>$1,330,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
<td>$5,134,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund of the Corporation</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refunding</td>
<td>455,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>455,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepayment of Federally Guaranteed City Obligations (e)</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>52,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Uses (f)</td>
<td>$1,677,000</td>
<td>$1,299,000</td>
<td>$1,330,000</td>
<td>$1,430,000</td>
<td>$5,736,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) All $250 million of these commercial paper notes have been issued.
(b) $364.2 million of such amount has been issued to date, including $57.60 million of Series 36 Bonds and $31.59 million of Series 28 Bonds issued upon exercise of warrants and $275 million of refunding bonds.
(c) $150 million of this amount was sold in January 1983.
(d) Contingent upon the State enacting legislation for and the City developing a program for the financing of water and sewer projects through the issuance of revenue bonds.
(e) See discussion of Federally guaranteed City bonds in this Part 5.
(f) Differences between total sources and uses are a result of the deposit or withdrawal of funds held by the Corporation from the proceeds of sales of its bonds in prior fiscal years for use in fiscal years 1983 and 1984 or transfers from the City's general fund for capital purposes. The Sources of Funds reflects the principal amount of obligations issued and the Use of Funds reflects the receipt of such sources without giving effect to cost of issuance.

The current Debt Issuance Plan is intended to enable the Corporation to assist the City in financing the City's capital needs which the City currently projects to be approximately $1.1 billion to $1.4 billion during each of its 1983 through 1986 fiscal years. Substantial portions of the Debt Issuance Plan have been
completed to date. To complete the Debt Issuance Plan, the Corporation intends to sell publicly $860 million of its obligations through December 31, 1984 of which the Series 44 Bonds are a portion, and the City plans to sell publicly $1.25 billion of its bonds through its 1985 fiscal year. The Plan assumes that the City will be able to meet, through sales of its bonds, its full capital needs after its 1985 fiscal year.

The actual amount of the Corporation's obligations to be issued during each fiscal year will depend upon the City's actual capital requirements, the amount which can be raised through public sales of City bonds on reasonable terms, the Corporation's requirements and other factors.

In connection with the Debt Issuance Plan, the City issued an aggregate of $1.65 billion of Federally guaranteed bonds from fiscal 1978 through 1982. The Agreement to Guarantee providing for such Federal guarantees requires the City under certain circumstances to prepay such bonds beginning in its 1983 fiscal year according to a prescribed formula. The City requested the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to waive this requirement for fiscal 1983. On July 13, 1982, the Secretary denied such request. Approximately $52 million in the 1983 fiscal year will be required to prepay federally-guaranteed city bonds. Such amount may be obtained from proceeds assumed to be available for capital funding or from sales of additional bonds or otherwise. If the waiver were denied in each of the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, approximately $548 million in bond proceeds presently allocated to capital financing may be required for such purpose.

In July 1982 and January 1983, respectively, the Corporation commenced sales of its Series 1 and Series 2 commercial paper notes (the "Commercial Paper Program"). Under the Commercial Paper Program, approximately $100 million of Series 1 short-term obligations and approximately $150 million of Series 2 short-term obligations were issued and will be continually refunded through the issuance of additional short-term obligations. The payment of these short-term obligations is secured for Series 1 by an irrevocable credit agreement with Citibank, N.A., for Series 2 by an irrevocable credit agreement with Citibank, N.A. and Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, each providing $75 million of the total Series 2 credit facility. If the Series 1 credit agreement is used to pay maturing Series 1 commercial paper notes or the Series 2 credit agreement is used to pay maturing Series 2 commercial paper notes, the Corporation's resulting obligations to the respective banks will be repaid over a period of not less than five years from the expiration of the applicable credit agreement. The Corporation developed the Commercial Paper Program in order to take advantage of the existing differential between short-term and long-term tax-exempt interest rates so that it could provide the City with capital funds at a lower cost. The Corporation intends to fund the commercial paper with proceeds of long-term bonds at such time as the markets make such option attractive.

PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS

General

The Second Resolution Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of certain pledged revenues as well as any other available revenues of the Corporation. The Second Resolution Bonds are entitled to a first lien, created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution, on all moneys and securities paid or deposited into the Corporation's Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund under the Second General Bond Resolution, which are held by United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee. Such moneys and securities include the following:

(i) amounts derived from Per Capita Aid, less certain prior statutory claims, none of which has been asserted since the inception of the Corporation;

(ii) amounts derived from the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax, after satisfying annual funding requirements for the Corporation's outstanding First Resolution obligations and operating expenses of the Corporation;

(iii) amounts received from the State to replenish the Capital Reserve Aid Fund, see "Maintenance of Capital Reserve Aid Fund" in this Part 6; and
(iv) any interest or income earned on investments of amounts deposited into the Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund.

The amounts described in (i) and (ii) above are paid to the Corporation from two special funds established by the Finance Law and held in the custody of the State Comptroller, the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund and the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, respectively. The Finance Law provides that the State Comptroller shall make payments from these special funds to the Corporation's Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund, in accordance with certificates of the Corporation setting forth the amount and timing of its cash requirements on a quarterly basis in order to deposit these amounts in advance of interest and principal payment dates and capital reserve funding dates. (Although quarterly payments of Per Capita Aid are provided for by the Finance Law, substantially all of the Per Capita Aid payable to the Corporation is paid on an annual basis in June.) Payments of Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax revenues are made to the Corporation to meet requirements under the Second General Bond Resolution only to the extent such revenues are not needed to meet requirements under the First General Bond Resolution.

After the Corporation’s certified requirements have been satisfied in full for a particular quarter, excess moneys in such special funds are paid to the City. Stock Transfer Tax revenues not required by the Corporation are paid to a fund established to provide rebates of such Tax. Pursuant to the Finance Law, the State Comptroller may not disburse Sales or Stock Transfer Tax revenues or Per Capita Aid held by him to the City or any other entity so long as an amount certified by the Corporation as required to be paid by the date of disbursement to the City remains unpaid.

Payments to the Corporation by the State are required to be made by the State only if and to the extent that such amounts have been appropriated by the State Legislature or that revenues have otherwise been made available therefor by the State.

The holders of the Second Resolution Bonds do not have any lien on Per Capita Aid, Sales Tax or Stock Transfer Tax until the moneys derived therefrom are paid into the Corporation’s Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Aid Fund. The Act provides that any provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution and the Second Resolution Bonds with respect to provision for payment by the State to the Corporation of Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax are executory only to the extent of the moneys available from time to time from such Aid and Tax sources and held by the State, which moneys shall have been theretofore appropriated to the Corporation, and no liability on account thereof shall be incurred by the State beyond the moneys available from such sources.

The Corporation currently holds substantial amounts of bonds of the City and will, as required by the Act, acquire substantial additional amounts of bonds in connection with providing capital financing for the City. Such obligations held from time to time by the Corporation are not subject to the lien created by the pledge under the First or Second General Bond Resolution. Some of such obligations have been pledged for the benefit of certain banks in connection with the Commercial Paper Program of the Corporation and a portion of such obligations to be acquired in the future may be so pledged. In certifying its requirements, the Corporation may not take into account any amounts payable on such City obligations but not yet received by the Corporation. However, the requirements for any fund may be reduced to the extent that such moneys are received and deposited into such fund of the Corporation.
The following chart illustrates the flow of money as described above:

1. Subject to appropriation by the State Legislature.
2. Upon certification by the Corporation.
3. And operating expenses of the Corporation.
4. After deduction of the amounts needed for First Resolution debt service and capital reserve funding and operating expenses.
5. After payment of all amounts certified by the Corporation and after payment of rebates of the Stock Transfer Tax. Amounts paid to the City are paid directly by the State.
The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State and not of the City. The Corporation has no taxing power. The Second Resolution Bonds do not constitute an enforceable obligation, or a debt, of either the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City is liable thereon. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or the City is pledged to the payment of principal or interest on the Second Resolution Bonds.

If the Corporation were to be authorized by State law to file such a petition under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, and if it were to meet other conditions specified in such Chapter, the Corporation could file a petition for relief under Chapter 9 pursuant to which the Corporation’s securities could be adjusted or modified. The Corporation is not now authorized by the State to file a Chapter 9 petition and the Corporation does not anticipate that it will seek such authorization or need the relief provided by Chapter 9.

**Appropriation by Legislature**

The Finance Law provides that the State Legislature shall appropriate Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for the benefit of the Corporation, and the Legislature has so appropriated Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax for each of the State’s fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation. The Corporation expects that the Legislature will continue to make such appropriations so long as the Corporation’s bonds are outstanding. Under the State Constitution, however, the Legislature cannot be bound or obligated to appropriate such revenues for the benefit of the Corporation.

The Corporation believes that any failure by the Legislature to make appropriations as expected would have a serious impact on the ability of the State and its agencies to raise funds in the public credit markets. See “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE.”

The State is not bound or obligated to continue payment of Per Capita Aid or to impose either the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax or to make any appropriations to the Corporation of the revenues received therefrom. The Second General Bond Resolution, however, provides that each of the following shall constitute an event of default with respect to the Second Resolution Bonds: (i) the failure of the State to continue to pay Per Capita Aid, as the laws relating to Per Capita Aid may be amended, or a reduction by the State of the amount of Per Capita Aid payable during any fiscal year to an amount less than the maximum annual debt service payable on the outstanding Second Resolution Bonds; (ii) the failure of the State to continue the imposition of either the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax, each imposed by the Tax Law, as such Law may be amended, or a reduction of the rates of such taxes to rates less than those in effect on July 2, 1975; or (iii) the failure of the State Comptroller to pay to the Corporation the amounts certified by the Corporation.

The Finance Law provides that in no event shall the State Comptroller pay over and distribute to the City or any other entity other than the Corporation any Sales or Stock Transfer Tax revenues or Per Capita Aid held in the special funds (other than for State administrative charges), unless and until the aggregate of all cash required by the Corporation at the date of such distribution has been appropriated and has been paid to the Corporation.

Provisions of the State Constitution and the Finance Law require the setting aside of the first revenues received that are applicable to the State’s General Fund if the State Legislature fails to make an appropriation for the payment of State indebtedness. Although the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax are revenues of the State, they are applicable to special funds, rather than the State’s General Fund. Consequently, under existing law, the provisions requiring moneys to be set aside to pay State obligations would not apply to the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax. However, Per Capita Aid is apportioned and paid from the State’s General Fund and may be subject to being set aside to pay State obligations in the event the State fails to pay such obligations.
Per Capita Aid

Per Capita Aid consists of revenues that would otherwise be paid to the City as the City’s share of the State’s general revenue sharing program for localities throughout the State. The State has appropriated moneys which have been apportioned among local governmental entities, including the City, in each year since 1946 and has provided some measure of assistance to local governments since 1800.

The apportionment of general revenue sharing among localities is based on a statutory formula which takes into account the distribution of the State’s population, the total assessed valuation of real property taxable within the State, personal income, and other factors. Both the determination of the amount of statewide general revenue sharing and the apportionment of such revenue sharing among localities are legislative acts and the Legislature may amend or repeal the statutes relating to statewide general revenue sharing and the formulas which determine the amount of Per Capita Aid payable to the Corporation. Such amendments could result in the increase or decrease of the amount of Per Capita Aid available for the payment of debt service on Second Resolution Bonds. However, certain of such acts by the Legislature would be events of default under the Second General Bond Resolution, see “Appropriation by Legislature” in this PART 6. The financial condition of the State may affect the amount of Per Capita Aid appropriated by the Legislature.

The following table, which presents data obtained from the City Office of Management and Budget, the State Comptroller’s office and the State Division of the Budget, indicates the aggregate payments of Per Capita Aid apportioned and paid to the City and, since 1976, to the Corporation, for the ten fiscal years ended June 30, 1982.

**PER CAPITA AID**
(Dollars in thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>331,780</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>360,870</td>
<td>1975</td>
<td>405,118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1976</td>
<td>434,311</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>434,311(a)</td>
<td>1978</td>
<td>434,324(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>481,569(b)</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>484,036(c)</td>
<td>1981</td>
<td>484,037(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>484,037(c)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Reflects State’s ceiling on Per Capita Aid payments at the 1976 level, with certain minor modifications applicable to 1978 payments.

(b) Does not include $49,276 million paid in October 1978.

(c) Reflects State’s ceiling on aid to localities.

**Sales Tax**

The Sales Tax is imposed within the City at the rate of 4% on receipts from most retail sales of tangible personal property and certain services and at the rate of 6% on receipts from parking, garaging or storing motor vehicles in the City. The Sales Tax is in addition to the 4% sales and compensating use taxes levied statewide and the 1/4 of 1% sales and compensating use tax levied in the regions served by the Metropolitan Transportation Authority. The Sales Tax is subject to certain limited exceptions, exemptions and exclusions. Under the Finance Law, the Sales Tax is paid into a special fund held by the State Comptroller on a monthly basis.

The Sales Tax is imposed on substantially the same tax base as the sales and compensating use taxes previously imposed by the City and collected by the State. A tax on sales of certain tangible personal property and services had been imposed by the City since 1934.
Collections of the Sales Tax and the sales and compensating use taxes previously imposed by the City have increased in each of the last ten years, although the primary cause of the growth of Sales Tax collections in recent years has been inflation. The level of Sales Tax receipts is necessarily dependent upon economic and demographic conditions in the City, and there can be no assurance that the historical data with respect to collections of such Tax are necessarily indicative of future receipts. The City has experienced adverse trends in certain economic and demographic factors which contributed in some years to a slowing of the growth rate of Sales Tax collections.

The following table sets forth State collections of the sales and compensating use taxes imposed by the City prior to July 1, 1975, and the Sales Tax imposed by the State since July 1, 1975, on a quarterly basis for the last ten complete fiscal years of the City, after deductions of the costs of administration, collection and distribution. Footnotes to the tables detail changes in law and administrative procedures affecting the collection and distribution of the State Tax which are important to an understanding of the tables.

**QUARTERLY COLLECTIONS OF SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES IN THE CITY (a)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ended June 30</th>
<th>September 30</th>
<th>December 31</th>
<th>March 31</th>
<th>June 30</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Dollars in thousands)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>$130,857</td>
<td>$129,541</td>
<td>$146,528</td>
<td>$142,258</td>
<td>$549,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1974</td>
<td>125,272</td>
<td>141,973</td>
<td>151,575</td>
<td>151,978</td>
<td>580,788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975(b)</td>
<td>173,824</td>
<td>198,990</td>
<td>212,671</td>
<td>201,715</td>
<td>787,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1976(c)</td>
<td>194,560</td>
<td>193,690</td>
<td>247,203</td>
<td>167,155</td>
<td>802,608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977</td>
<td>215,794</td>
<td>210,383</td>
<td>248,927</td>
<td>183,280</td>
<td>858,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1978</td>
<td>221,815</td>
<td>232,291</td>
<td>274,585</td>
<td>190,044</td>
<td>918,735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>222,732</td>
<td>239,852</td>
<td>317,400</td>
<td>208,750</td>
<td>998,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>253,974</td>
<td>283,540</td>
<td>357,270</td>
<td>241,764</td>
<td>1,136,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>293,581</td>
<td>313,990</td>
<td>413,179</td>
<td>273,324</td>
<td>1,294,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>329,950</td>
<td>349,041</td>
<td>433,782</td>
<td>288,566</td>
<td>1,401,339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>338,727</td>
<td>373,836</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOURCE:** State Department of Taxation and Finance.

(a) Commencing March 1976, quarterly collections were distributed to localities based on historical collection data. Commencing June 1980, quarterly collections are distributed to localities based on historical collection and current unverified vendor data. Subsequent quarterly distributions to localities are adjusted to compensate for overdistributions or underdistributions when data on actual collections by locality are available. Such adjustments are reflected in the table for the quarter in which the subsequent distributions are made. Since March 1976, adjustments have ranged from $493,000 to $111.1 million to reflect overdistributions for certain prior periods and from $116,971 to $9.8 million to reflect underdistributions for other prior periods. Periods subsequent to June 1982 remain subject to the ongoing process of adjustment.

(b) The amounts of sales and compensating use taxes collected for fiscal 1975 and all subsequent years reflect the increases in the sales and compensating use taxes from 3% to 4%, effective July 1, 1974. The 6% tax on sales of certain parking services has remained the same.

(c) Commencing March 1976, certain large vendors (those with taxable receipts of $300,000 or more in any quarter of the preceding four quarters) are required to prepay in March estimated amounts of Sales Tax liability for March in addition to filing their normal quarterly reports for the December-February quarter. Any adjustments necessary to reflect actual amounts of Sales Tax liability for the month of March are reflected in the June collection figures.
Stock Transfer Tax

The Stock Transfer Tax is imposed at rates ranging from $1\frac{1}{4}$ to 5¢ (based on the selling price per share) on sales, agreements to sell, memoranda of sale and deliveries or transfers made within the State of shares or certificates of stock and certain other certificates. The imposition of the Stock Transfer Tax is subject to certain limited exceptions and is subject to a maximum tax of $350 on any taxable transaction which involves a sale on a single day of shares or certificates of the same class issued by the same issuer.

The level of Stock Transfer Tax revenues is related to the rate of tax imposed, the price of the shares traded and the volume of transactions on the securities exchanges located in the City. Such volume has fluctuated widely so that there can be no assurance that the historical data with respect to collections of such tax are necessarily indicative of future revenues.

The Corporation believes that it is not possible to predict the effect of developments with respect to the City's economic condition or other related economic developments in the City on Stock Transfer Tax collections. The volume of taxable securities transactions in the State may be adversely affected by (i) the evolution of a centralized nationwide securities market, (ii) the possible movement out of the State of the stock exchanges now located in the State, and (iii) other proposals which if implemented might tend to facilitate the execution of securities transactions not subject to the Stock Transfer Tax.

The revenues derived from the Stock Transfer Tax, including amounts subject to rebate as discussed below, after deduction of the costs of administration, collection and distribution of such Tax, are shown below for the previous ten complete fiscal years of the City, based upon the various rates prevailing and types of transactions taxable during the periods shown:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ended June 30</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>September 30</td>
<td>December 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1973</td>
<td>$ 59,405</td>
<td>$ 68,993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1974</td>
<td>43,612</td>
<td>59,782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975</td>
<td>35,756</td>
<td>40,214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1976(a)</td>
<td>53,049</td>
<td>57,937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977(a)</td>
<td>62,220</td>
<td>69,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1978(a)</td>
<td>68,770</td>
<td>82,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>112,478(a)</td>
<td>93,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>107,772</td>
<td>106,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>146,066</td>
<td>182,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>131,039</td>
<td>140,816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>163,745</td>
<td>249,295</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: State Department of Taxation and Finance.

(a) Includes collections of the 25% surcharge imposed upon the Stock Transfer Tax effective as of August 1, 1975, which surcharge expired July 31, 1978.

In 1977, the State enacted a program of gradually increasing rebates for all Stock Transfer Tax payers. Rebates began October 1, 1977 with respect to transactions by non-residents subject to tax and began October 1, 1979 with respect to transactions by residents. Rebates equal to 100% of the tax began on October 1, 1981. The legislation provides that taxpayers are to continue to pay the Stock Transfer Tax at the above-stated rates and that revenues are to continue to be paid into the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, although a substantial portion of such revenues (the rebatable portion of the tax) will be paid in to the Stock Transfer Tax Fund.
only at the end of each calendar quarter. To the extent that the Corporation does not require the use of Stock Transfer Tax revenues for debt service on its outstanding obligations, such revenues are available on a quarterly basis for payment of rebates.

To date, the Corporation has not found it necessary to use the revenues derived from the Stock Transfer Tax to pay its debt service. Based on present projections, the Corporation does not anticipate that it will be necessary to utilize these revenues in the future, although no assurance can be given that they will not be so required. See "PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS." If the Corporation were to require a substantial portion of the Stock Transfer Tax revenues otherwise subject to rebate, the resulting reduction in the amounts available for rebate could have an adverse effect upon the New York securities industry.

The City, in its January 18, 1983 submission to the Control Board, has proposed enactment of a temporary three-year surcharge on the Stock Transfer Tax which it estimates would produce nonrebateable revenues of approximately $150 million annually, if enacted. Members of the securities industry have stated that the imposition of such a tax might have an adverse effect on the New York securities industry and the volume of taxable transactions within the State.

**Maintenance of Capital Reserve Aid Fund**

Under the Act, additional payments are to be made by the State, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, to the Capital Reserve Aid Fund if for any reason (including a payment from such Fund to the Bond Service Fund to make up a deficiency in the Bond Service Fund) the Capital Reserve Aid Fund falls below specified levels. The amount of any such payment, if required, is to be in accordance with a certificate of the Corporation, to be delivered on or before December 1, stating the sum, if any, required to restore the Capital Reserve Aid Fund to the required level. The specified level equals 100% of the amount of debt service payable in the succeeding calendar year on any Second Resolution Bonds then to be issued and on all other Second Resolution Bonds outstanding on the date of calculation. Such Fund is currently funded at an amount not less than the required level with securities valued in accordance with the requirements of the Act (which may differ from the market value of such securities). See Notes 4 and 5 to the financial statements of the Corporation contained in Exhibit A.

Moneys in the Capital Reserve Aid Fund may not be withdrawn at any time in such amounts as would reduce the amount of such Fund to less than the amount of debt service payable on the Second Resolution Bonds in the succeeding calendar year, except for the purpose of paying debt service on such Bonds if other moneys of the Corporation are not available. The Corporation has not found it necessary to use moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund to pay debt service on any of its bonds.

The provision of the Act referred to above does not constitute an enforceable obligation or debt of the State and no moneys may be paid to the Corporation pursuant thereto absent an appropriation by the Legislature. See “Appropriation by Legislature” in this PART 6.
PART 7—DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS

In order to estimate coverage ratios for the Second Resolution Bonds that will be outstanding, the Corporation has assumed certain amounts of Per Capita Aid and Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax collections. There is shown below the basis on which such amounts were calculated. The debt service payment requirements for the First and Second Resolution Bonds as well as certain coverage ratios are also shown below.

Adjusted Per Capita Aid

The Corporation has estimated the amounts of the following potential claims and liabilities on Per Capita Aid that are payable prior to the payment of Per Capita Aid to the Corporation, although since the inception of the Corporation no such claims have been asserted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Per Capita Aid available to the Corporation during the Corporation’s 1982 fiscal year</th>
<th>(Dollars in thousands)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less annual potential claims and liabilities:</td>
<td>$484,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) City University Construction Fund (&quot;CUCF&quot;). Amounts equal to 50% of CUCF’s share of certain State Dormitory Authority debt service and other expenses would be a claim against Per Capita Aid if not paid by the City to CUCF. The Corporation has been informed by CUCF that such debt service and other expenses are approximately $101.53 million during its current fiscal year. State law permits a maximum claim of $65 million in any fiscal year of the City*</td>
<td>$50,766</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) New York City Housing Development Corporation (&quot;HDC&quot;). Amounts required to restore the HDC capital reserve funds to the amount to be on deposit in such funds would be a claim against Per Capita Aid if not otherwise paid. The Corporation has been informed by HDC that the aggregate capital reserve fund requirements on all outstanding bonds of HDC as of this date is approximately $24.1 million. State law currently permits a maximum claim of $30 million in any fiscal year</td>
<td>$24,118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) New York City Police Pension Fund. Amounts due annually from Per Capita Aid to the Trustees of the City Police Pension Fund</td>
<td>$500 $ 75,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted Per Capita Aid</td>
<td>$408,653</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Although State law purports to limit claims on Per Capita Aid, such limitation may not be effective in the event that the then outstanding bonds of the State Dormitory Authority issued to finance CUCF facilities are accelerated pursuant to the occurrence of an event of default under the related Dormitory Authority bond resolutions. In such event, all such outstanding bonds of the Dormitory Authority could be due and payable and, to the extent of fifty percent of such principal amount, have a prior claim on Per Capita Aid. The Dormitory Authority has outstanding $965 million in such bonds. The State has, however, enacted legislation under which it permits, subject to annual appropriation, to reimburse the City for a portion of the CUCF share of the Dormitory Authority’s debt service. The portion has increased to 100% in the City’s 1983 fiscal year with respect to debt issued for senior colleges. See “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE—Problems of Authorities and Localities”.

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Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes

Assuming that the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax collections (after deduction of costs of administration, collection and distribution) in each fiscal year remain at the levels for the 12 months ended December 31, 1982, see "PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS—Sales Tax" and "Stock Transfer Tax", and operating expenses of the Corporation are $11.2 million (the estimate for the current fiscal year), the aggregate annual amount which would be available from the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax, if needed (the "Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes"), to pay debt service of the Corporation is shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount (in thousands)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sales Tax collections for the 12 months ended</td>
<td>$1,434,911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 1982</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock Transfer Tax collections for the 12 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ended December 31, 1982</td>
<td>671,913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-total</td>
<td>$2,106,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Operating expenses of Corporation</td>
<td>11,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes</td>
<td>$2,095,624</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Debt Service Requirements and Estimated Coverage Ratios

As shown above, Adjusted Per Capita Aid is approximately $409 million and Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes are approximately $2,096 million, for a total of $2,505 million.

The following table shows the aggregate annual debt service payment requirements on the First Resolution obligations after giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds. First Resolution obligations have a prior claim to that of the Second Resolution Bonds on the Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes. The Series 44 Resolution and certain other resolutions include a covenant by the Corporation that it will not issue any obligations under the First General Bond Resolution, if the aggregate annual debt service in any fiscal year on all obligations issued and outstanding under the First General Bond Resolution would exceed $425 million (with certain adjustments with respect to up to $25 million of small denomination obligations).

In addition, the table shows the annual principal payments, interest payments and the aggregate debt service payment requirements on all outstanding Second Resolution Bonds after giving effect to the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds and assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue. The table also shows the coverage of aggregate annual debt service on Second Resolution Bonds by all revenues (Adjusted Per Capita Aid plus Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes) after deducting from such revenues the aggregate annual debt service requirements with respect to the First Resolution Obligations.

There is no assurance that Adjusted Per Capita Aid, Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes or operating expenses will in fact remain at the levels referred to above in subsequent years. Furthermore, the Corporation reserves the right to issue additional obligations pursuant to the First and Second General Bond Resolutions within the limitations contained in such Resolutions, the Series 44 Resolution, the credit agreements with the banks under the Commercial Paper Program and the Act.
# Debt Service Payment Requirements and Estimated Coverage Ratios

(assuming the issuance of all bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue and giving effect to the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds)

(Dollars in thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>12-Month Period Ended June 30</th>
<th>Total Debt Service Payment Requirement on First Resolution Obligations (a)</th>
<th>Debt Service Payment Requirements on Second Resolution Bonds</th>
<th>Estimated Coverage Ratios on Second Resolution Bonds—All Revenues after deducting Debt Service on First Resolution Obligations (b)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>$153,850</td>
<td>149,455</td>
<td>555,611</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>153,795</td>
<td>239,355</td>
<td>533,307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>206,656</td>
<td>292,885</td>
<td>509,724</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>212,679</td>
<td>314,610</td>
<td>482,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>224,855</td>
<td>319,325</td>
<td>453,497</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>292,355</td>
<td>326,045</td>
<td>424,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>289,230</td>
<td>336,760</td>
<td>394,228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>300,355</td>
<td>336,175</td>
<td>364,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>255,355</td>
<td>389,130</td>
<td>300,027</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>335,730</td>
<td>231,195</td>
<td>271,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>343,718</td>
<td>233,030</td>
<td>249,692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>261,970</td>
<td>226,327</td>
<td>488,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>229,090</td>
<td>203,260</td>
<td>432,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>154,485</td>
<td>184,586</td>
<td>339,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>162,500</td>
<td>168,406</td>
<td>330,906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>187,480</td>
<td>150,766</td>
<td>338,246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>160,230</td>
<td>132,993</td>
<td>293,223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>150,420</td>
<td>116,613</td>
<td>267,033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>149,050</td>
<td>101,258</td>
<td>250,308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>156,225</td>
<td>86,085</td>
<td>242,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>146,370</td>
<td>71,092</td>
<td>217,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>151,660</td>
<td>56,398</td>
<td>208,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>160,865</td>
<td>41,036</td>
<td>201,901</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>170,955</td>
<td>24,839</td>
<td>195,794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>171,750</td>
<td>8,272</td>
<td>180,022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Includes Sinking Fund Installments

(b) Coverage ratios for the years 1996 to 2009 are not shown because of the relatively small amount of debt service in such years compared to the amount of revenues.

* These debt service amounts and coverage ratios are based upon interest rates for the Series 44 Bonds estimated solely for purposes of this Preliminary Official Statement. The actual interest rates, debt service and coverage ratios may vary. Such variations, which are not expected to be material, will be reflected in the final Official Statement.

All revenues (Adjusted Per Capita Aid plus Aggregate Sales and Stock Transfer Taxes) would cover the aggregate of the debt service on all First and Second Resolution obligations, shown in the table above for the fiscal years 1984 through 1995, ranging from a low of 2.48 times in 1986 to a high of 3.03 times in 1995 and such coverages average approximately 2.64 times.
The Corporation anticipates that an aggregate of approximately $860 million, of which the Series 44 Bonds are a portion, (excluding the bonds which the Corporation is conditionally obligated to issue) of additional First Resolution obligations and Second Resolution Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan and that such issuance can be made within the issuance coverage tests imposed under the First and Second General Bond Resolution, the Series 44 Resolution and certain other resolutions of the Corporation, see “PART 2—BONDS BEING OFFERED—Additional Bonds and Notes”, on the basis of the assumptions described in this PART 7 and reflected in the above coverage table.

In addition to the aggregate debt service payments with respect to the First Resolution obligations shown in the above table, the Corporation is required to make deposits into the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution, which Fund is currently funded at not less than the required level.

PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE

Although bonds of the Corporation are not obligations of the State, financial developments with respect to the State may affect the market for or market prices of the Corporation’s securities and the sources of payment for the Corporation’s securities. As described under “PART 6—PAYMENT OF THE BONDS”, the revenues of the Corporation that are pledged to payment of debt service on the Second Resolution Bonds derive from Per Capita Aid and the Sales Tax and, in certain circumstances, the Stock Transfer Tax. The payment of these revenues to the Corporation is subject to appropriation by the State Legislature. The State Legislature has made appropriations to the Corporation for each of the State’s fiscal years since the inception of the Corporation, including appropriations for the State’s current fiscal year, and it is expected, but the Corporation has no assurance, that the State Legislature will make such appropriations for subsequent fiscal years. It is possible that the willingness of the State Legislature to make such appropriations in the future may be affected by the financial condition of the State, which may in turn depend upon the financial condition of the City. Such willingness might also be adversely affected if the Secretary of the Treasury withheld payments to the State as an offset against any claims the Secretary might have in connection with the issuance of Federal guarantees of obligations of the City.

The factors affecting the State’s financial condition are complex, and the following description constitutes only a brief summary. This PART 8 is based entirely on information supplied by the State.

Long-Term Trends

The State and the City face serious potential long-term economic problems. The City accounts for approximately 40% of the State’s population and personal income, and the City’s financial health affects the State in numerous ways.

The State has long been one of the wealthiest states in the nation. For decades, however, the State economy has grown more slowly than that of the nation as a whole, resulting in the gradual erosion of its relative economic affluence. The causes of this relative decline are varied and complex, in many cases involving national and international developments beyond the State’s control. Part of the reason for the long-term relative decline in the State economy has been attributed to the combined state and local tax burden, which is among the highest in the nation. The existence of this tax burden limits the State’s ability to impose higher taxes in the event of future financial difficulties.

Recently, the State has been relatively successful in bringing the rate of growth in the public sector in the State into line with the slower expansion in the private economy. Prior to those efforts, annual increases in expenditures at both the State and local levels exceeded the increases in revenues generated by economic growth and were therefore financed in part through tax increases at both levels of government.
The burden of State and local taxation, in combination with the many other causes of regional economic dislocation, may have contributed to the decisions of businesses and individuals to relocate outside, or not locate within, the State. Certain manufacturing facilities have relocated to other states. This trend has been partially offset by the location of some new manufacturing facilities in the State and by expansion of existing facilities in the State. While no sustained reversal of the State's relative economic position has been projected, the actions taken to date, in combination with many other causes of regional economic changes, have slowed this trend. During 1980 and 1981, personal income growth in the State exceeded that of the rest of the nation. In the second half of 1981 and for 1982 the State unemployment rate was below that of the nation. Overall economic activity declined less in the State than in the nation as a whole over the last two years. However, see "Program for the 1983 Fiscal Year" in this PART 8 for a discussion of the adverse effect of the State economy on the 1983 State Financial Plan.

Financial Developments—Fiscal Years 1975-1982

During the last several years, some of the State's public benefit corporations (the "Authorities") and municipalities (in particular, the City) have faced extraordinary financial difficulties, which have affected the State's own financial condition. These events, including a default on short-term notes issued by the New York State Urban Development Corporation ("UDC") in February 1975, which default was cured shortly thereafter, and a continuation of the financial difficulties of the City, created substantial investor resistance to securities issued by the State and by some of its municipalities and Authorities. For a time, in late 1975 and early 1976, these difficulties resulted in a virtual closing of public credit markets for State and many State-related securities.

In response to the financial problems confronting it, the State developed and implemented programs for its 1977 fiscal year that included (i) the adoption of a balanced budget on a cash basis (a deficit of $92 million that actually resulted was financed by issuing notes that were paid during the first quarter of the State's 1978 fiscal year), (ii) a $4.53 billion borrowing plan, (iii) a plan (the "Authority Build-Out Plan") to meet the borrowing requirements through September 30, 1978 of four Authorities (the "Build-Out Authorities") including the New York State Housing Finance Agency ("HFA"), and (iv) provisions for appropriations to certain Authorities as part of a program to complete projects under construction and to avoid defaults on their outstanding obligations. In addition, legislation was enacted limiting the incurring of additional so-called "moral obligation" and certain other Authority debt, which legislation does not, however, apply to debt of the Corporation.

The 1978 fiscal year saw an improvement in the financial condition of the State, its Authorities and municipalities generally, although certain municipalities (including the City) and certain Authorities continued to face financial difficulties. The State adopted and adhered to a balanced budget, with receipts and expenditures of approximately $11.18 billion. For its 1979, 1980 and 1981 fiscal years, the State achieved balanced budgets with receipts and expenditures of $11.9 billion, $13.2 billion and $15.2 billion, respectively. For its 1982 fiscal year, the State achieved a balanced budget with receipts and expenditures of $16.782 billion. During the 1982 fiscal year, the State had full access to the public credit markets for its borrowing needs.

In addition to cash-based reports for fiscal years 1981 and 1982, the Comptroller has reported and will report the State's 1981 and 1982 comprehensive (all funds) operating results and financial position for such fiscal years in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Because the State's financial accounting system in effect during such fiscal years was designed to facilitate cash reporting and not GAAP modified accrual reporting, the Comptroller used certain accrual estimates and assumptions in preparing the GAAP financial statements. Such financial statements have not been audited by independent certified public accountants.

When reported in accordance with GAAP, the State's governmental funds group shows a net operating deficit of $328 million for fiscal year 1982. This net operating deficit reflects operating deficits in the General
Fund and Capital Projects Funds of $339 million and $82 million, respectively, which were offset by operating surpluses of $55 million and $38 million in Debt Service Funds and Special Revenue Funds, respectively.

The State's combined balance sheet as of March 31, 1982 reflects an accumulated deficit in the State's governmental funds in the amount of $2.071 billion. This deficit includes an accumulated deficit in the General Fund of $2.697 billion and a net accumulated surplus of $626 million in the other three governmental fund types.

For its 1981 fiscal year, the State reported a restated GAAP operating deficit for its governmental funds of $239 million. This governmental funds operating deficit included a restated operating deficit of $278 million in the General Fund and $4.4 million in the Debt Service Fund Group, partially offset by operating surpluses of $43 million in the Capital Projects Fund Group and $416,000 in the Special Revenue Fund Group.

Program for the 1983 Fiscal Year

Until the 1983 fiscal year the State maintained its financial records and reported the results of its operations on a cash basis. The Accounting, Financial Reporting and Budget Accountability Reform Act of 1981 ("Chapter 405") provides for a phased changeover of the State's financial reporting systems from a cash basis to a system which will conform with GAAP. In preparation for the presentation of the financial plan of the State in accordance with GAAP beginning with the 1983 fiscal year, the financial plan for the State's 1983 fiscal year, although presented on a cash basis, incorporated the fund classifications required by GAAP. Therefore, the 1983 State Financial Plan includes considerably more transactions than plans of prior years, which included transactions in only one fund, the general fund. The major operating fund of the State remains the General Fund (as restructured). Therefore, this section summarizes the 1983 State Financial Plan (as defined below), with particular emphasis on the General Fund.

The State's financial plan for the 1983 fiscal year, promulgated on May 13, 1982 projected receipts and disbursements of $17.580 billion in the General Fund, an increase of $1.441 billion (8.9%) over the level of disbursements in the 1982 fiscal year.

On July 15, 1982, the Governor submitted a revised financial plan for the State's 1983 fiscal year to the Legislature that reflected an excess of disbursements over receipts in the General Fund of $362 million.

On October 18, 1982, the Governor submitted a second revision of the financial plan for the State's 1983 fiscal year to the Legislature (the "1983 State Financial Plan"). The 1983 State Financial Plan reflects an excess of disbursements over receipts in the General Fund of $579 million. The increase in the projected imbalance from July 1982 results from a $157 million downward adjustment in disbursements, which is more than offset by a $374 million downward adjustment in anticipated receipts. The downward revision in receipts is primarily reflected in the level of receipts expected from the personal income tax (down $200 million), the corporation franchise tax (down $95 million) and the sales and use tax (down $45 million).

In December 1982, the Governor submitted to the Legislature various measures which, if enacted, could help alleviate the $579 million imbalance in the 1983 State Financial Plan.

The projection of receipts in the General Fund (which receives approximately 97% of total State tax revenues) assumes that the national economy will grow in the current quarter and throughout 1983 but that the current weakness in the State's economy will continue during the remainder of the current fiscal year. The projection of disbursements in the General Fund includes grants to local governments ($10.628 billion); State operations ($4.609 billion), general State charges ($1.196 billion), and transfers to other funds principally for capital and debt service purposes ($1.236 billion). The projection of receipts continues to
include transfers from certain security funds, totalling $255 million. The validity of these transfers is currently being challenged in court.

In addition to the General Fund, the 1983 State Financial Plan includes Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Funds. The total operations in these three governmental fund types aggregate $12,389 billion in receipts and $12,541 billion in disbursements, resulting in a net decrease in fund balances of $152 million.

The 1983 State Financial Plan reflects the issuance of approximately $363 million of additional State obligations for capital purposes during the 1983 fiscal year. In addition, the State will refinance $172 million of bond anticipation notes issued during the 1982 fiscal year. On May 26, 1982, the State issued $3.5 billion of tax and revenue anticipation notes to finance disbursements made during the first quarter of the 1983 fiscal year, of which $3.25 billion remain outstanding. The 1983 State Financial Plan also reflects the issuance of $530 million in short-term debt to finance the projected imbalance in the General Fund.

As a result of lower than expected receipts during the first six months of the 1983 fiscal year and a downward revision of the estimate of receipts for the remaining six months, the State issued a total of $350 million of tax and revenue anticipation notes (the "cash flow notes") to cover cash flow shortfalls in November and December 1982 to the Short Term Investment Pool administered by the State Comptroller. The cash flow notes are expected to be paid when due on February 16, 1983 from taxes and revenues received during the fourth quarter of the State's 1983 fiscal year and impounded for that purpose. In January 1983, the State Comptroller publicly sold $500 million in tax and revenue anticipation notes (the "Notes"). It is expected that no additional short-term borrowings for operating purposes will be necessary during the balance of the State's 1983 fiscal year. Actual results of the operations of the General Fund for the three months since the presentation of the 1983 State Financial Plan have, in aggregate, produced a higher than projected cash balance as of December 31, 1982. This result is largely attributable to higher than expected payments of estimated tax by personal income taxpayers that were more than sufficient to offset continued shortfalls in business tax receipts.

The State Comptroller will issue GAAP-based financial statements for the State's 1983 fiscal year by July 29, 1983. The State's balance sheet as of March 31, 1983 is required by Chapter 405 to be certified by an independent firm of certified public accountants. Based on preliminary estimates made in January 1983, the State Comptroller projects that there will be a deficit on a GAAP basis in the General Fund of between $550 million and $850 million as compared to a GAAP deficit of $339 million in fiscal 1982. This GAAP-based operating deficit in the General Fund for the 1983 fiscal year, as contrasted with an estimated $580 million cash-basis deficit, is primarily attributable to an estimated decline in net revenues receivable at March 31, 1983.

Together with the 1983 State Financial Plan, the Governor released preliminary projections for the 1984 fiscal year indicating a baseline imbalance of approximately $1.3 billion. After giving effect to the repayment of the Notes, the projected baseline imbalance in the 1984 fiscal year would approach $1.8 billion. Pursuant to the State Constitution, the Governor is required to submit a balanced Executive Budget for 1984, reflecting the payment of any notes, including the Notes, issued to finance a deficit incurred during the 1983 fiscal year and payable during the 1984 fiscal year. In addition to the requirement to pay the Notes, the imbalance projected for the 1984 fiscal year results primarily from (i) the absence in 1984 of approximately $600 million in nonrecurring revenues expected to be received during the 1983 fiscal year and (ii) increases in statutory program commitments for 1984 including such local assistance programs as human service overburden ($360 million) and the need to finance collective bargaining agreements with State employees ($370 million) that are not offset by reductions of nonrecurring expenditures.

In order to submit a balanced Executive Budget to the Legislature, it is expected that the Governor will propose either material increases in tax revenues or material decreases in State expenditures (including those for local assistance payments) or some combination of both. Before a balanced budget is enacted, it is
expected that the State Legislature will be required to adopt tax increases and spending decreases (including those for local assistance) which may have an adverse effect on the State’s economy as a whole and on the financial condition of the State’s localities.

The Governor is expected to submit the Executive Budget to the Legislature by February 1, 1983.

On November 10, 1982, Standard and Poor’s Corporation reduced its rating on the general obligation bonds of the State from AA+ to A+, citing the State’s continued use of one-time revenues, increased use of income tax refund deferrals, rising seasonal cash requirements and borrowings and the increase in the size of the projected deficit for the 1983 fiscal year from the July 1982 projection. At the same time, Standard and Poor’s Corporation also reduced its rating on certain bond issues of various Authorities, not including the Corporation. On November 12, 1982, Moody’s Investors Service reduced its rating on outstanding State tax and revenue anticipation notes from MIG-1 to MIG-2. Ratings reflect the views of the respective rating agency and explanations of such ratings may be obtained from each of the rating agencies. Any action by a rating agency to lower the credit rating on any outstanding indebtedness of the State may have an adverse impact on the market for the Corporation’s bonds.

Problems of Authorities and Localities

The fiscal stability of the State is related, at least in part, to the fiscal stability of its localities and Authorities. Various Authorities have issued bonds secured, in part, by non-binding statutory provisions for State appropriations to maintain various debt service reserve funds established for such bonds (commonly referred to as “moral obligation” provisions).

At December 31, 1982, there was outstanding $16.4 billion aggregate principal amount of bonds issued by Authorities which are either guaranteed by the State or supported by the State through lease-purchase arrangements or moral obligation provisions of which the Corporation's bonds totalled approximately $7.5 billion. Debt service on outstanding Authority obligations is normally paid out of revenues generated by the Authorities' projects or programs, but in recent years the State has provided special financial assistance, in some cases of a recurring nature, to certain Authorities for operating and other expenses and for debt service pursuant to moral obligation indebtedness provisions or otherwise. Additional assistance is expected to be required in the State's 1983 fiscal year and future years.

Certain Authorities continue to experience financial difficulties, especially those Authorities conducting housing programs. Rising operating costs and interest rates require increased rents or fees on projects financed by various Authorities. The inability or unwillingness of the residents or users of such projects to pay such increases has led to increasingly serious financial difficulties at a number of such projects. These difficulties could adversely affect the fiscal stability of certain of the programs of the Authorities involved and have increased the likelihood that the State will be requested to make appropriations to such Authorities pursuant to moral obligation provisions or otherwise.

HFA and UDC face significant financial difficulties with some of the projects on which they hold mortgages. Seven HFA housing projects were more than one month in arrears in their monthly mortgage repayment escrow deposits due as of December 15, 1982. The most significant of the projects in arrears is Co-op City, on which HFA holds a mortgage with an original principal amount of $390 million. Co-op City has been in arrears from time to time in its monthly mortgage payments and, from August 1980 until October 1981, made no cash payments. As a result of mortgage payment delinquencies of Co-op City and, to a substantially lesser extent, of certain other projects, HFA has been required to withdraw a total of $95.1 million between November 1975 and March 31, 1982 from the debt service reserve fund securing the Non-Profit Housing project bonds to make debt service payments on such bonds. Approximately $27.4 million of such withdrawals were made during the State's 1982 fiscal year. At the end of each of the State's fiscal years, HFA's Non-Profit Housing debt service reserve fund must contain an amount equal to the maximum debt service on such bonds due in any succeeding calendar year. Such reserve fund has been replenished for all
withdrawals made through March 31, 1982 by payments from the State of approximately $67.9 million pursuant to the moral obligation provisions of the statutes authorizing HFA’s Non-Profit Housing project bonds and from funds otherwise legally available to HFA for such purposes. In addition, between November 1979 and March 31, 1982, HFA was required to withdraw $9.3 million from the debt service reserve fund securing its General Housing bonds to make debt service payments on such bonds. Such reserve fund has been replenished by payments of approximately $3.1 million from the State and from funds otherwise legally available to HFA for such purposes. During the State’s 1983 fiscal year, HFA withdrew $26.6 million from the debt service reserve funds securing its Non-Profit Housing Project bonds and General Housing Loan bonds to meet a portion of its May 1, 1982 and November 1, 1982 debt service payments. The Governor has submitted an appropriation recommendation to the Legislature for an amount sufficient to restore to HFA’s Non-Profit Housing Project and General Housing Loan debt service reserve funds the withdrawals made during the State’s 1983 fiscal year.

UDC has approximately $913 million of long-term general purpose bonds outstanding as of November 30, 1982. At that date the debt service arrears on UDC/PFA mortgages aggregated approximately $124.9 million, excluding an aggregate of $16.9 million in payments deferred pursuant to various workout arrangements. UDC is, and for an extended period of time is expected to be, dependent upon the State for appropriations which will be substantial to enable it to meet its financial requirements including debt service on its general purpose bonds. In early 1979, the State Comptroller made projections that indicated that UDC could require State appropriations through 1988 aggregating $300 million. As a result of a successful refinancing by UDC it did not require State appropriations for debt service during the 1982 fiscal year. In addition, UDC expects that it will need no State appropriations for debt service during the State’s 1983 fiscal year.

In 1972, the Battery Park City Authority (“BPCA”) issued $200 million of moral obligation bonds for the development of a residential and commercial project in New York City, of which $194 million remain outstanding. BPCA has been paying interest on the bonds, in part, out of the original bond proceeds. In the opinion of its counsel, BPCA does not have the power to use bond proceeds, except those held in BPCA’s debt service reserve fund securing such bonds, to make principal payments on such bonds. To enable it to make its principal payments which came due in November 1980 and November 1981, the State paid $1.85 million and $1.95 million, respectively, to BPCA. The annual debt service of approximately $14.2 million on its bonds could exhaust BPCA’s financial resources available to pay debt service (other than amounts in such debt service reserve fund) prior to 1984 without significantly reducing its outstanding indebtedness. Unless the Legislature provides additional appropriations to BPCA or additional sources of revenue for BPCA are obtained, BPCA will be compelled to withdraw money from such debt service reserve fund to make future payments and the State would then be called upon to replenish the fund pursuant to the moral obligation provision of the bonds. The Legislature has appropriated $20.8 million to BPCA for the State’s 1983 Fiscal year. Of this amount $9.7 million was used for debt service payments in May and November 1982. The balance is expected to be used for infrastructure development and BPCA’s general and administrative costs.

Another problem faced by certain Authorities is that future increases in operating costs may result in a need for increased rents, fees or user charges in Authority-financed projects, particularly residential housing projects and medical care facilities. Inability or unwillingness to pass increased costs on to residents or users of such projects would adversely affect the fiscal stability of the Authorities, and possibly cause the State to be requested to make appropriations to support such projects. There is no assurance, however, that the Legislature would make such appropriations.

Failure of the State to appropriate necessary amounts or to take other action to permit the Authorities to meet their obligations could result in a default by one or more of the Authorities. If a default were to occur, it would likely have a significant adverse effect on the market price of obligations of the State and its Authorities, including the Corporation.
Certain localities other than the City may face financial problems during the State's 1983 fiscal year and thereafter. The anticipated and potential problems stem, in part, from the litigations and judicial decisions relating to property tax assessments and rates and pension contributions by such localities, as well as from longer range economic trends. Such factors may result in the inability of certain localities to achieve balanced budgets during the State's 1983 fiscal year.

New York City's metropolitan area is heavily dependent on the subway and bus lines within the City operated by the New York City Transit Authority and the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (collectively, the “TA”) and on the rail lines operated by the MTA, which include the Long Island Railroad and rail lines serving suburban New York and Connecticut. Service levels on all such lines have been declining. The MTA attributes this decline in part to policies of equipment maintenance deferral and to the need to keep aging equipment and other assets in service as a result of low capital expenditure levels in recent years.

Because the fare revenues derived from the operations of the MTA, including the TA, are insufficient to finance such operations, the MTA depends heavily upon a system of State, local and Federal government support, including loans, grants and operating subsidies. The MTA anticipates receiving significant aid from the State during the State's 1983 fiscal year to finance MTA operations, including a $135 million operating subsidy appropriation and a $100 million special public transportation operating assistance appropriation. In addition, the MTA had projected receiving $425 million in the TA's fiscal year ending June 30, 1983 from the collection of taxes provided for in 1981 legislation which, as discussed below, have not produced the revenues anticipated.

State support of the MTA was significantly expanded in 1981 through appropriations and legislation providing for five taxes designed to secure the revenues required for the day-to-day operation of the MTA's mass transit facilities. These five taxes were projected to produce $792 million in revenues over a two-year period through June 30, 1983, of which $640 million was to be appropriated for the MTA and the TA. $490 million has been appropriated for the MTA and the TA for the period ending March 31, 1983, and an additional $150 million is expected to be appropriated for the period April 1, 1983 through June 30, 1983, assuming the taxes yield the full amounts anticipated. However, certain of these taxes are being challenged in court. Another tax was repealed and replaced with new taxes. The transit taxes have not produced the revenues expected. Based upon collections of these taxes to date, the MTA expects shortfalls in receipts from these taxes that could exceed $200 million.

In December 1982, new tax legislation was enacted to provide revenues to the MTA in addition to those received from the taxes discussed above. The new tax imposed upon corporations located or doing business in the twelve county MTA region, is a two-year surcharge on various existing corporate profits and franchise taxes and will be imposed at the rate of 18 percent in the first year and 17 percent in the second year. The MTA expects that this tax, in addition to $70 million from continued Federal operating subsidies contained in the legislation that provide a 5-cent per gallon increase in the Federal gasoline tax, will provide sufficient revenues to eliminate the MTA budget imbalance in its 1983 fiscal year and to avert the need for a fare increase for at least one year. The constitutionality of the imposition of these taxes is being litigated. See "Litigation" in this PART 8.

Legislation was also enacted in 1981 to provide for additional sources of capital financing for mass transportation in the metropolitan region. This legislation, which recognizes and expressly does not relieve the City of its obligation to provide for the capital needs of the TA, also recognizes that the capital needs of the MTA and TA are far in excess of the funding sources authorized in the legislation. The Legislature expressed its intentions therefore to follow the progress of the projects financed from the sources therein authorized and to review the limitations therein contained as necessary.

The Dormitory Authority has invested approximately $304 million of its idle funds that were held principally as construction funds with Lombard-Wall Inc., in the form of repurchase agreements. On August 12, 1982 Lombard-Wall, Inc. filed for reorganization pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code. Between August 12, 1982 and November 10, 1982, Lombard-Wall paid the Dormitory Authority, and
certain bond and note trustees have received, approximately $64 million on account of outstanding repurchase agreements. On November 10, 1982, the Dormitory Authority entered into an agreement of settlement with Lombard-Wall which provides for the payment to the Dormitory Authority of an additional $221.5 million in cash, government securities and certificates of deposit. This agreement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court on December 3, 1982. At January 14, 1983, the Dormitory Authority had received cash and government securities valued at approximately $220 million as required by the settlement agreement. The remaining $1.5 million is to be paid to the Dormitory Authority by July 1, 1983.

The Dormitory Authority believes that the payments already received from Lombard-Wall and other monies currently available to it provide sufficient money to allocate each affected construction fund an amount necessary to complete all of the respective projects based on current cost estimates and has adopted a resolution committing to use all its available monies for that purpose.

It is possible that one or more of the institutions for which the Dormitory Authority issued its bonds and notes or trustees for the benefit of its bond or note holders might assert claims against the Dormitory Authority with respect to the losses resulting from the Lombard-Wall investments, including claims relating to noncompliance with provisions of applicable bond resolutions relating to permitted investments of funds and claims relating to the allocation of monies received by the Dormitory Authority from Lombard-Wall. The Dormitory Authority has received notices relating to two of its current projects, that two institutions and, as to one of these projects, a bond trustee, may assert claims against the Dormitory Authority arising out of the investments with Lombard-Wall. The Authority has reached a resolution with one of the two institutions and with the bond trustee of the matters to which their respective notices related. No claims have yet been filed with respect to the other such notice. Other institutions may give notice or assert claims against the Dormitory Authority. The Dormitory Authority expects to enter into discussions with all the affected institutions and trustees to reach amicable resolution of any claim they may have arising out of the Dormitory Authority dealings with Lombard-Wall.

The Dormitory Authority cannot determine whether any claim which might be asserted will result in litigation or the likelihood of success of any such claims. If claims were successfully asserted, the Dormitory Authority might not have sufficient resources to pay them. Should the Dormitory Authority suffer losses that would impair its ability to meet its commitments, it is possible that the State and others could be called upon to assist the Dormitory Authority. There is no legal obligation for the State or others to assist the Dormitory Authority nor can there be any assurance that the State or others would provide such assistance. If insufficient resources are available to pay such claims, the Dormitory Authority would have to pursue other available remedies.

**Litigation**

Certain litigations pending against the State or its officers or employees could have a substantial or long-term, adverse effect on State finances. Among the more significant of these litigations are those that involve: (i) the validity and fairness of agreements and treaties by which the Oneida and Cayuga Indians transferred title to the State of approximately 6 million acres of land in central New York; (ii) certain aspects of the State's Medicaid rates and regulations, including standards for determining medical assistance eligibility and reimbursements to providers of mandatory and optional Medicaid services; (iii) the care and housing for individuals released from State Mental Health facilities; (iv) the treatment provided at several State Mental Hygiene facilities and the alleged differentiation between institutionalized and non-institutionalized retarded children in the State's provision of assistance for residential care; (v) the conduct of the State, HFA, and the State Commissioner of Housing and Community Renewal in the construction, financing, supervision and management of Co-op City; (vi) contamination in the Love Canal area of Niagara Falls; (vii) certain aspects of the State's plan to construct Westway; (viii) educational accommodations for learning disabled students at a State University; (ix) alleged employment discrimination by the State University of New York; (x) alleged State negligence following polychlorinated biphenyl contamination of the Binghamton State Office Building; (xi) claims on behalf of State employees injured in the Attica prison uprising; (xii) the constitutionality of State legislation providing for a gross receipts tax on oil company revenues; (xiii) the constitutionality of the
imposition of an additional sales tax in the MTA region; and (xiv) the constitutionality of a gross earnings tax on transportation carriers.

Additionally, a suit was commenced on April 13, 1982, in Supreme Court, New York County, in which the plaintiffs seek to enjoin implementation of a section of the budget bill. That section requires that $190 million be transferred from the State Insurance Fund’s assets to the State’s General Fund. The State Insurance Fund is the carrier for the Workers’ Compensation System. Should the plaintiffs prevail, the imbalance presently existing in the 1983 State Financial Plan may be exacerbated.

On September 29, 1982, an additional suit was commenced which challenges the same section of the budget bill requiring the transfer of a total of $204 million from various other funds to the State’s General Fund. The 1983 State Financial Plan currently assumes the receipt of $65 million of these moneys. Should the plaintiffs prevail, the consequences would be similar to those discussed in the preceding paragraph.

PART 9—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE CITY

Although bonds of the Corporation are not obligations of the City, financial developments with respect to the City may affect the market for or market prices of the Corporation’s securities. The Corporation believes that its ability to repay the Second Resolution Bonds is not dependent upon the financial condition of the City. However, economic and demographic conditions in the City may affect the levels of Sales Tax receipts and Per Capita Aid. During the time the Series 44 Bonds are outstanding, financial developments and other matters concerning the City will be the subject of reviews and reports by various agencies of Federal and State Government, see “PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS.”

This section describes the City’s actual operating results for the 1982 fiscal year, projections for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, major assumptions and uncertainties with respect to such projections, and some of the financial difficulties the City is expected to face in the future. It provides only a brief summary of the complex factors affecting the City’s financial condition. This section is based entirely on information reported to the Corporation by the City, the Control Board, and the Office of the Special Deputy Comptroller (“OSDC”), or as presented in the City’s four year financial plans or the Official Statements prepared by the City in connection with the issuance of its securities, or contained in other reports and statements referred to herein.

Fiscal Years 1975-1982

During 1975 the City became unable to market its securities and entered a period of extraordinary financial difficulties. In response to this crisis, the State created the Corporation and enacted the Emergency Act, which created the Control Board. See “PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS.” Among other State actions was an advance to the City at the end of the City’s 1975 fiscal year of $800 million of State assistance moneys due the City in the succeeding fiscal year (an action repeated in each of the next three fiscal years).

The City took a number of steps which were intended to enable it to balance its budget and to regain access to the public credit markets. As required by the Emergency Act, these included accounting reforms and development of a three year financial plan (the “Three Year Financial Plan”) to provide for a budget balanced in accordance with accounting principles then permitted by State law by the 1978 fiscal year.

In order to provide both seasonal and long-term financing for the City for fiscal years 1976 through 1978, a number of actions were taken. The City and the Federal Government entered into an agreement which provided the Cityler with seasonal financing for the period. Certain City pension funds agreed to provide the City with long-term financing by purchasing City bonds and the City’s sinking funds exchanged City notes for City bonds. In addition, bonds of the Corporation were: (1) purchased by certain commercial banks and City pension funds, (2) sold to the public, and (3) exchanged for outstanding City notes. In November 1975, the State Legislature enacted the New York State Emergency Moratorium Act, which suspended the
rights of holders of short-term notes of the City to bring suit to enforce payment of such notes. The State Court of Appeals subsequently held the Moratorium Act unconstitutional and all of such notes have either been paid or exchanged for bonds of the Corporation.

During the 1976 through 1978 fiscal years, the City, among other actions, took steps to reduce the number of its employees, entered into labor contracts consistent with the assumptions contained in the Three Year Financial Plan and with the wage guidelines adopted by the Control Board, began charging general tuition at the City University of New York, and received additional State and Federal aid. Under the Three Year Financial Plan, the City Comptroller reported, in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law, operating deficits of $968 and $329 million, for the 1976 and 1977 fiscal years, respectively. The City Comptroller has estimated that without the two major deviations from GAAP permitted by State law the reported deficits for the 1976 and 1977 fiscal years would have been approximately $1.870 billion and $1.039 billion, respectively. The financial statements for those two years, however, are unaudited and may contain substantial errors as well as other deviations from GAAP.

As required by the Act, beginning with its 1978 fiscal year, the City's financial statements have been audited by a consortium of independent accounting firms. The statements for fiscal year 1978 through 1980 report results both in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law which allowed certain deviations from GAAP and in accordance with GAAP. Under the accounting principles permitted by State law, the General Fund balances for fiscal 1978, 1979, and 1980 showed surpluses of $32 million, $216 million and $145 million respectively; when reported in accordance with GAAP, the General Fund showed a deficit of $712 million, $422 million and $356 million, respectively. The City's financial statements for fiscal 1981 and 1982 were reported in accordance with GAAP and showed a surplus of $128 million and $41 million, respectively. During the 1982 fiscal year, the City took various measures which, had they not been taken, would have caused the surplus to increase by $338 million. These measures included $298 million of authorized transfers for debt service, $30 million representing the prepayment of a portion of the City's subsidy to the New York City Transit Authority ("TA") and $10 million prefining of educational expenditures subject to Federal reimbursement. The opinion of the independent accountants for the 1982 audit was subject to pending real estate tax certiorari proceedings, which, if decided adversely to the City, could have a substantial financial impact on the City. See "Litigation" in this PART 9.

Although the City accomplished the budgetary and accounting objectives of the Three Year Financial Plan, it did not regain access to the public credit markets during its 1978 fiscal year. The City, the Corporation, the Control Board and others, therefore, proposed a combination of actions intended to provide for the City's long-term financing through the 1982 fiscal year and to enable the City to reenter the public credit markets. These proposals resulted in: (1) the development of the Debt Issuance Plan and a financial plan for the 1979 through the 1982 fiscal years, (2) an extension of the Control Board, (3) an increase in the Corporation's debt issuance authority, (4) authorization for the Federal guarantee of certain City bonds, (5) elimination of the State advance and (6) reduction of the City's seasonal financing requirements. The State and Federal legislation necessary to undertake this program was enacted, and in November 1978 the Agreements implementing the Debt Issuance Plan were signed.

In March 1981, the City reentered the long-term public credit markets with an issue of $75 million of its bonds and in July and November 1981, the City sold another $100 million and $75 million of its bonds, respectively. In March 1982, the City sold an additional $75 million of its bonds, thereby exceeding its portion of the bonds to be sold publicly during the 1982 fiscal year under the Debt Issuance Plan. In fiscal 1983 to date, the City has sold $150 million of its bonds and presently intends to issue an additional $150 million in fiscal 1983. These bond issues received an investment grade rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation. Moody's Investors Service, Inc. raised its rating of City bonds to the highest non-investment grade rating. Since 1979, the City has been able to obtain an increasing portion of its seasonal financing needs through the sale of short-term notes to the public, and in the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years, the City obtained all of its seasonal financing requirements in that manner. The City has sold $700 million of its short-term
obligations for seasonal financing purposes in the 1983 fiscal year, thereby satisfying its projected requirement for such year.

Pursuant to the Act and the Emergency Act, the City is required to submit by May 12 of each year for review and approval by the Control Board a financial plan for the next four fiscal years, covering the City and certain agencies subject to the provisions of the Emergency Act (the "Covered Organizations"). The four year financial plan may be modified from time to time during the fiscal year upon request of the City and approval of the Control Board. The Emergency Act requires that the City provide for a budget balanced in accordance with GAAP for fiscal years 1982 and thereafter, a requirement that the City has fulfilled for the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years.

Fiscal Years 1983-1986

Pursuant to the Financial Emergency Act, the City submitted to the Control Board on May 12, 1982 a proposed financial plan for the City and its Covered Organizations covering the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years. Subsequently, the City withdrew the submitted plan stating that, due to the City's inability to project the cost of pending labor settlements and other uncertainties, it could not prepare a complete four year financial plan in conformance with the requirements of the Financial Emergency Act prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Pursuant to State law, on June 30, 1982, the Control Board formulated and adopted an interim financial plan for the City and its Covered Organizations (the "1983 Interim Plan") on the basis of projections and assumptions developed and previously submitted by the City, the City's Adopted Budget and certain other information. Tentative labor settlements were not concluded until October 1982.

As a result of the continued uncertainty with respect to the local impact of the weak national economy and the labor settlements with the City's employees, the Mayor in October 1982 instituted a temporary hiring freeze, and ordered all City agencies to prepare plans to achieve expenditure reductions aggregating 2.25% in the 1983 fiscal year and 7.5% in the 1984 fiscal year.

The City, on November 17, 1982, submitted to the Control Board a proposed modification to the 1983 Interim Plan covering the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years (the "1983 Proposed Plan"). The 1983 Proposed Plan cited the increased costs of the labor settlements and the effects of the lingering national recession as major factors necessitating revisions in revenue and expenditure projections from those stated in the adopted budget for the 1983 fiscal year (the "Adopted Budget"). The City estimated that an additional $248 million in labor costs and a $100 million shortfall in projected tax revenues, partially offset by a $7 million increase in projected miscellaneous revenues, would create a $341 million budget gap in the 1983 fiscal year and that an additional $755 million of labor costs and $103 million in tax revenue reductions in the 1984 fiscal year, when added to an already projected gap of $406 million and a projected reduction in miscellaneous revenues of $76 million, would result in a $1.34 billion budget gap for fiscal 1984. The 1983 Proposed Plan included the costs of the recent labor settlements between the City and various unions representing its employees for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years but assumed a 2% increase in labor costs beginning in the 1985 fiscal year.

The 1983 Proposed Plan included certain actions to reduce expenditures and raise revenues which it projected would result in a budget surplus of $13 million in the 1983 fiscal year and budget gaps of $841 million, $1.084 billion, and $922 million in the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, respectively.

The City, in the 1983 Proposed Plan, included a variety of measures to eliminate the 1983 projected gap and to partially alleviate the 1984 projected gap. Among proposed expenditure reductions were $148 million and $280 million in agency spending in the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, respectively. Personnel reductions were to be achieved primarily through attrition and reorganization. The resulting loss of services was to be partially offset by productivity and management improvements. Cost savings were also expected to be achieved through reductions in previously projected debt service, a reduction in the general reserve, and amendments related to calculation of pension cost estimates.

Revenue enhancement programs as set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan consisted largely of proposed additional tax measures and State aid. The proposed tax package included a number of proposed tax measures which, if enacted in their entirety, would yield a maximum of $388 million of new taxes for fiscal
1984. These taxes are subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both. The 1983 Proposed Plan included revenue from additional taxes of $22 million in fiscal 1983 and $200 million of the above-referenced $388 million in fiscal 1984. The package included a new 10% tax on capital gains realized from real estate transfers valued over $1 million, increases in the real estate tax and the commuter earnings tax rates, and accelerated collections of certain corporations’ estimated tax liabilities, conforming City practice to Federal tax requirements. The 1983 Proposed Plan contained $200 million of additional State aid for the 1984 fiscal year, a reduction from $297 million assumed for that year in the revised financial plan for the 1982 through 1985 fiscal years submitted to the Control Board in April 1982.

The budget gaps remaining for the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, after giving effect to the expenditure reductions and revenue enhancements set forth above, were expected to be closed through a combination of City and State actions for such years, including Federal actions in fiscal 1985 and 1986, certain of which were expected to be detailed in the January submission of the City’s 1984 preliminary budget.

After the City’s submission of the 1983 Proposed Plan, in a report issued December 15, 1982, the OSDC stated that after the City gap closing actions contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan, the City would still face a $112 million budget gap in fiscal 1983, and projected that the 1984 budget gap would be $893 million.

The State Comptroller, in a letter to the Mayor dated November 12, 1982, stated that the City’s fiscal problem was critical, given the significant decline in revenue growth, State budget problems and decreased Federal aid, combined with the $1.5 billion labor settlement. He also stated, in a letter to the Mayor dated November 19, 1982, that the 1983 Proposed Plan as it related to the 1983 fiscal year did not adequately address the City’s financial problems.

In response to discussions with the Control Board and its own ongoing monitoring of financial developments, the City, in submissions to the Control Board on December 17, 1982 and December 22, 1982, revised the 1983 Proposed Plan (collectively, the “1983 Revised Plan”). After giving effect to additional reductions in the City work force, the receipt of accelerated corporate tax payments, a component of the City’s tax package set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan which has been enacted at the State level, and an expected reduction in certain additional State aid which had been included in the projections contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan, the 1983 Revised Plan projected a City budget balanced for fiscal 1983 and a projected 1984 gap of $611 million. The City proposed to close the projected 1984 gap through a combination of expenditure reductions and enhanced revenues in addition to those contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan. The expenditure reductions included a decrease of 14,400 planned City-funded positions by the end of the 1984 fiscal year, such decrease being 9,400 above the reduction level reflected in the 1983 Proposed Plan. These reductions were comprised of 6,600 to be achieved through attrition, 1,200 through the elimination of planned personnel additions and up to 6,600 through layoffs by the end of the 1984 fiscal year. Additional revenues included a further $100 million in taxes which may include a tax on securities transfers. The City did not withdraw its request for the additional State aid, the receipt of which would ameliorate the need to implement all or a portion of the expenditure reductions and revenue enhancements included in the 1983 Revised Plan.

The staff of the Control Board concluded that the 1983 Revised Plan complied with the standards of the Financial Emergency Act and recommended its adoption. The 1983 Revised Plan was approved by the Control Board on December 22, 1982.

On January 18, 1983, the City submitted a proposed modification to the 1983 Revised Plan to the Control Board (the “January Modification”). This proposed modification, as supplemented for fiscal 1987 and prepared for submission to the City Council and Board of Estimate, also satisfies the requirement in the City Charter that the City prepare for submission to the Board of Estimate and City Council in January a financial plan for the four ensuing fiscal years and which, with respect to fiscal 1984, constitutes the 1984 Preliminary Budget. The January Modification projects a GAAP-balanced budget for the 1983 fiscal year with revenues and expenditures of $15.480 billion, and budget gaps of $580 million, $882 million, and $748
million for the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, respectively. The supplemental information provided to the Board of Estimate and City Council projects a budget gap of $710 million for the 1987 fiscal year.

The January Modification, in projecting balanced revenues and expenditures for fiscal 1984, takes account of continuing reductions of City revenues due to adverse developments with regard to the economy, reductions of anticipated State and Federal aid and the funding of the City’s collective bargaining agreements. In the January Modification, the City includes measures necessary for it to increase its revenues and decrease its expenditures in order to balance its fiscal 1984 budget.

The January Modification reflects the tax measures proposed in the 1983 Revised Plan with the addition of a proposed temporary stock transfer tax surcharge estimated to provide the City with additional revenues of approximately $150 million annually over a three year period, if enacted. Revenues from these taxes are estimated to provide a maximum of $498 million, of which $260 million is sought by the City for the 1984 fiscal year. These taxes are subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both.

The City, in the January Modification, has not projected State aid levels above those contained in the 1983 Revised Plan because of the State’s own continuing fiscal difficulties but has continued to request additional aid from the State. The City has, however, proposed measures which, if enacted by the State, would provide relief from certain mandated City expenditures. Among the proposed aid measures are the continuation of the takeover of a portion of Medicaid costs with a view to a phased total resumption of such costs and a redistribution of State aid to education in line with the issues set forth in Levittown v. Nyquist. Other revenue measures, such as expanded tax enforcement and increases in user fees, charges and fines, are also set forth in the January Modification.

The current financial difficulties of the State may affect the ability of the State to make available additional State aid or other financial assistance to the City. For a discussion of the State’s financial difficulties, see “PART 8—CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS AFFECTING THE STATE.”

The City, in the January Modification, has revised its estimate of agency spending, including the employee attrition and layoff program. Savings from management improvements, program reductions, changes in funding sources and other reductions are expected to provide $488 million in fiscal 1984. The City expects a reduction in personnel levels of 11,400 employees by the end of the 1984 fiscal year from the levels contained in the 1983 Adopted Budget. Of this amount, 4,600 is expected to result from layoffs.

The City has also revised downward its debt service and general reserve estimates from the 1983 Revised Plan. A portion of the debt service savings is expected to result from the Corporation’s refunding of the Series JJ Bonds.

These revenue and expenditure measures, among others, are projected in the January Modification to result in a GAAP-balanced budget for the 1984 fiscal year. Budget gaps for the 1985 and 1986 fiscal years are projected to be closed by a combination of City, State and Federal actions.

The OSDC and the Control Board are expected to issue reports on the January Modification by mid-February 1983. The Control Board is expected to meet on February 17, 1983, to take action on the January Modification. The January Modification is subject to amendment by the City or the Control Board prior to adoption.

Litigation

The notes to the City’s audited financial statements for the 1982 fiscal year report that the City is a defendant in a significant number of lawsuits pertaining to material matters including those claims asserted which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. As of June 30, 1982, claims in excess of $42 billion were outstanding against the City for which the City estimated its aggregate potential future liability to be $936 million. The 1983 Revised Plan contains provisions for the settlement of judgments
and claims, other than the real estate tax certiorari proceedings described below, in the amount of $120 million for each of the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years.

Numerous real estate tax certiorari proceedings are presently pending against the City on grounds of alleged overvaluation of assessed property, inequality of assessments and illegality of assessments. An adverse decision to the City involving the inequality issue could have a negative financial impact on the City. The City has reported that as of June 30, 1982, the estimated potential exposure to the City in these cases could amount to approximately $1.36 billion (in addition to $220 million provided for estimated refunds based on overvaluation). Provision was made in the 1983 Revised Plan for estimated refunds for overpayments of real estate taxes in amounts of approximately $50 million in the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years based on an analysis of claims settled within recent fiscal years and pending certiorari proceedings. In response to these problems, on December 3, 1981, State legislation was enacted (the "1981 Legislation") which, among other things, authorized the City to assess real property according to four classes and makes certain evidentiary changes in real estate tax certiorari proceedings. On January 7, 1982, the State Court of Appeals held that assessments in the City may be challenged on the ground of inequality either on a section-wide or City-wide basis, and that the prohibition in the 1981 Legislation against introduction of the State equalization rate as a method of proving inequality in all such pending proceedings involving the City did not violate equal protection and due process rights. On June 17, 1982, the State Court of Appeals upheld the introduction at trial of the State equalization rate as a method of proving inequality where a judgment had been entered before the enactment of the 1981 Legislation.

Also pending are various proceedings commenced by Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., against the City and others alleging that the assessments of its real property within the City for the fiscal years 1975 through 1982 were erroneous on several grounds, including inequality and overvaluation. The City has denied all material allegations and all liability.

On February 10, 1977, Alfred Kirchner, a retired City teacher, commenced an action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the trustees of the Teachers' Retirement System of New York ("TRS") and certain other defendants. The complaint, as subsequently amended in November 1981, alleges that: (i) the TRS defendants have breached their fiduciary duties and violated the Federal securities laws in connection with certain TRS transactions in City securities and (ii) the City has failed to provide for its unfunded accrued liability to active members of the TRS in violation of the Constitution. Plaintiff seeks: (i) damages from the allegedly improper TRS transactions; (ii) a ruling requiring the defendants to fund fully and segregate from other assets of the City certain reserve funds; and (iii) a judgment restoring certain investment standards with regard to such reserve funds. On December 23, 1981, the City answered, denying plaintiff's allegations.

On August 1, 1975, Women in City Government United, purporting to represent all female employees of the City and certain Covered Organizations, commenced a class action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the City, the City Employees' Retirement System and its officers and trustees and others. Plaintiffs allege that certain retirement plans discriminate against female employees in violation of the United States Constitution and certain Federal statutes and regulations. The complaint seeks a declaratory judgment that the alleged discriminatory practices are illegal and unconstitutional and injunctive relief. On April 24, 1981, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment in regard to liability on their federal statutory claim, but deferred judgment, pending a trial, as to the appropriate relief to be granted. On December 21, 1982, the District Court granted plaintiffs leave to amend the complaint to include claims under the Federal Equal Pay Act and the State Human Rights Law. The City has estimated that an adverse decision applicable to the relevant actuarial pension systems could result in prospective liability of up to $950 million over ten years. If past female contribution rates were required to be lowered and past female benefit levels were required to be increased to male levels, an additional annual cost of approximately $29.8 million would be required for each year such levels were made retroactive. An adverse decision based on the Equal Pay Act may increase the estimated cost of such retroactive relief.
Federal Bankruptcy Legislation

The City projects meeting its cash needs through the 1986 fiscal year from its own revenues, Federal and State aid, seasonal borrowings, and the sale of the City's and the Corporation's bonds pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan. If the City's cash sources are insufficient to meet its obligations, Federal and State statutes provide for certain remedies under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code.

Chapter 9 permits any State political subdivision or agency to file a petition for relief under its provisions if the subdivision or agency is authorized to do so by State law. Both the City and the Control Board (on behalf of the City) are so authorized, and either could file such a petition if the City were (a) insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (b) desirous of effecting a plan to adjust its debts, and (c) able to meet the other prerequisites for filing a Chapter 9 petition with respect to negotiations between the City and its creditors and other matters. Any plan to adjust the City's debts would become effective only upon court approval, after the requisite approval by creditors of the City has been obtained.

Although the filing of such petition might have a general adverse effect on the economic health of the City, the Corporation believes that such a filing would not have a materially adverse effect on the Corporation's ability to repay its obligations, including the Series 44 Bonds. The filing of such a petition, as with other financial developments with respect to the City, might affect the market for and market prices of the Corporation's securities.

PART 10—VARIOUS CONTROL PROGRAMS

This Part describes the powers of the Corporation to aid the City, the requirements imposed upon the City by the Act and the Emergency Act, and the powers of the Corporation and the Control Board to review and take action with respect to the City's compliance with such requirements.

The Corporation

The Act authorizes the Corporation to make direct payments to or purchase obligations of the City. At the time of payment to the City, the City is required to agree to observe and perform a number of statutory conditions which the Corporation may modify from time to time, but may not waive. The Act provides that the statutory conditions, as modified by the Corporation and agreed to by the City, shall cease to apply when all bonds and notes of the Corporation have been repaid or such payment is provided for as specified in the Act.

The statutory conditions are designed to (i) reform and unify the City's system of accounting, (ii) provide independent review of the City's expenditures, and (iii) establish limits and controls over the City's debt-incurred power. These conditions, and the City's compliance therewith to date, may be briefly summarized as follows:

(i) The City has adopted as its method of accounting the accounting principles permitted by State law. The City's audited financial statements provided to the Corporation for the City's 1978, 1979 and 1980 fiscal years were prepared and those to be prepared for each subsequent fiscal year are to be prepared in accordance with GAAP, with the adjustments necessary to show results in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law for fiscal years through 1981.

(ii) The Act requires the City to comply with various provisions of the Emergency Act relating to balanced budgets, provisions for debt service and other financial requirements. The City is required to submit its proposed operating budgets (and any subsequent increases in expenditures therein) and operations reports for each fiscal year and each quarter to the Corporation for review to determine whether the City is adhering to an operating budget in which revenues equal or exceed expenditures under the accounting principles permitted by State law.
(iii) The Act sets forth limitations for the issuance by the City of its short-term notes. The Corporation is required to police these limitations by making an advance determination as to whether a proposed issuance of short-term obligations by the City violates these limitations and by reporting any adverse determination to the City Comptroller, who is then prohibited from issuing such obligations. The Corporation anticipates that these limitations will not prevent the City from issuing any short-term obligations to meet its seasonal needs.

If the Board of Directors of the Corporation determines, after review of the City's books and records and consultation with the Mayor, that the City's operating budget will not be balanced in accordance with State law, or that any of the conditions summarized above have not been fulfilled or should be modified, the Corporation must notify the Governor, the Mayor and certain other State and City officials and must disclose such determinations to the public.

**Control Board**

The Control Board, created pursuant to the Emergency Act in 1975, is composed of the Governor and the Comptroller of the State, the Mayor and the Comptroller of the City and three appointees of the Governor: G.G. Michelson, Stanley S. Shuman and Lee P. Oberst. Comer S. Coppie is the Executive Director of the Control Board. Bernard Kabak is Acting Special Deputy State Comptroller and assists the Control Board and the Corporation in carrying out their functions.

The most significant powers of the Control Board are exercisable during a "control period," defined in the Emergency Act to mean the period ending when (i) there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee (see "PART 5—DEBT ISSUANCE PLAN"), (ii) the Control Board has determined that the City has adopted and adhered to an operating budget balanced in accordance with GAAP for each of the three immediately preceding fiscal years, and (iii) the State and City Comptrollers have jointly certified that securities sold by or for the benefit of the City during the preceding and current fiscal year in the public market satisfied the capital and seasonal financing requirements of the City during such period and that there is a substantial likelihood that such securities can be sold in the public credit markets through the end of the next succeeding fiscal year in amounts that will satisfy substantially all of the capital and seasonal financing requirements of the City during such period. Thereafter, a control period is to be reimposed by the Control Board at such times and for such durations as are made necessary by the actual (or substantially likely and imminent) occurrence of certain events relating to the City's ability to pay debt service on its bonds and notes when due or its ability to adopt or adhere to a balanced operating budget or to satisfy its capital and seasonal financing needs in the public credit markets. After the termination of a control period, the Control Board is required to consider annually whether, in its judgment, any of the specified events has occurred. No control period may extend beyond the earlier of (i) July 1, 2008 or (ii) the date when all notes or bonds containing the 1978 State Covenant remain outstanding and there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee.

During a control period, the four year financial plans for the City and the Covered Organizations, including modifications thereof, are subject to review and approval by the Control Board. In addition, the Control Board must formulate and adopt a financial plan, in the event a plan shall not have been approved prior to the beginning of the first fiscal year covered by such plan, and may modify a plan, in the event a modification required pursuant to the Emergency Act shall not have been approved within the time period specified by such Act. The Control Board is required to disapprove a financial plan or financial plan modification if the plan or modification is incomplete or fails to comply with the applicable standards specified in the Emergency Act, except that the Control Board may authorize a method of phasing into the operating budgets the requirements of any changes in GAAP over a reasonable period if immediate compliance would cause a substantial adverse impact on the delivery of essential services. The Control Board may also approve modifications to a financial plan that would cause the financial plan to no longer be in compliance with the applicable standards if compliance would result in a material adverse impact upon the
delivery of essential services because of unforeseen events during the fiscal year. Beginning with the 1983 fiscal year, any deficit in the results of the City's operations must be provided for in the following fiscal year.

The Control Board's current program for determining the City's compliance with its financial plan includes monitoring the City's system of monthly expenditure projections and quarterly allocations for each agency, review of cost reduction programs, and review of revenue by category on an ongoing basis.

For the duration of a control period all revenues, funds and accounts of the City and any covered organization are revenues, funds and accounts of a fund established pursuant to the Emergency Act (the "Board Fund") and are held for the account of the City or the appropriate covered organization except to the extent prohibited by law or previous agreement relating to outstanding securities and except for moneys deposited into the City general debt service fund or repayment accounts for tax or revenue anticipation notes. Responsibility for disbursements from and day-to-day management of the Board Fund is in the hands of the City, although the Control Board has established procedures through which it may assume immediate control of such fund, subject to certain conditions. The Control Board has the power to exempt revenues, funds or accounts from these requirements.

In addition to its responsibilities with respect to the four year financial plans, during a control period the Control Board is also charged with responsibility for the review and approval of proposed contracts and certain obligations of the City and the covered organizations, and, in coordination with the Corporation, the approval of long-term or short-term borrowing by the City or any covered organization.

PART 11—AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

In the legislation which established the Corporation in 1975, the State pledged to and agreed with the holders of the Corporation’s bonds, that the State will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with holders of any such bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such holders, until any such bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of such holders, are fully met and discharged. The Corporation has included such pledge in the Second General Bond Resolution.

In addition, pursuant to legislation enacted in 1978, the City is authorized and the Corporation is required to include the 1978 State Covenant in any agreement with holders or guarantors of their notes or bonds. By the terms of the 1978 State Covenant, the State agrees not to take any action that will (a) substantially impair the authority of the Control Board during a control period to approve, disapprove or modify any financial plan or modification, to disapprove contracts of the City or covered organizations, to approve or disapprove proposed borrowings of the City or covered organizations, and to establish procedures for deposits to and disbursements from the Board Fund; (b) substantially impair the authority of the Control Board to review financial plans and modifications, contracts and proposed borrowings of the City or covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the Control Board so that a majority of the voting members are not elected State officials or appointees of the Governor; (e) terminate the existence of the Control Board before the earlier of July 1, 2008 or the date when all notes or bonds containing the 1978 State Covenant are no longer outstanding and there is no longer effective or outstanding any Federal guarantee; (f) substantially modify the requirement that the City's financial statements be independently audited; or (g) alter the definition of control period or substantially alter the authority of the Control Board to repossess or terminate a control period. The Emergency Act provides that the pledge and agreement of the State shall cease to be effective when notes and bonds subject to the pledge are no longer outstanding or when sufficient moneys have been set aside for their payment.

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Enactment of the 1978 State Covenant was considered by the Financial Institutions to be an essential condition to their participation in the Debt Issuance Plan. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, given to the Financial Institutions and City Pension Funds pursuant to the Financing Agreement, while the matter is not free from doubt, the 1978 State Covenant is enforceable, provided a court would hold that the pledge is an "important security provision" of the bonds, "subject at all times to the proper exercise of the State's reserved police power." The enforceability of the 1978 State Covenant is subject to various factual requirements and legal uncertainties and there can be no assurance that any purchaser seeking to enforce the 1978 State Covenant will be able to meet such factual requirements or that such legal uncertainties will be resolved in favor of such enforcement.

PART 12—MANAGEMENT

Under the Act, the Corporation is administered by a Board of Directors (the "Board"), consisting of nine directors. All of the directors are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate; four of the directors are appointed upon written recommendation of the Mayor. The Act also provides for the appointment of representatives to the Board (the "Representatives") by certain City officials or bodies politic. The Representatives are entitled to receive notice of and to attend all meetings of the Board but are not entitled to vote. In addition, the State Comptroller or his representative is entitled to attend and participate in the meetings of the Board but is not entitled to vote.

The Act provides that no director (and no Representative) may be an officer or employee of the Federal Government or of the State or of any political subdivision thereof.

The present members of the Board and the Representatives of the Corporation, and the expiration dates of their respective terms of office are as follows:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Directors</th>
<th>Expiration of Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Felix G. Robatyn, Chairman</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward M. Kresky, Vice Chairman(1)</td>
<td>December 31, 1985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Francis J. Barry(2)</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenneth J. Bialkin(1)(2)(3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George M. Brooker(2)(3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eugene J. Keilin(3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dick Netzer</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andrew P. Steffan(1)(2)(3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert C. Weaver(3)</td>
<td>December 31, 1980</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<tr>
<th>Representatives(4)</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jerome Belson</td>
<td>Appointed by the Vice-Chairman of the City Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John P. Holmes</td>
<td>Appointed by the Minority Leader of the State Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leonard Nadel</td>
<td>Appointed by the Speaker of the State Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard D. Parsons</td>
<td>Appointed by the President Pro-Tem of the State Senate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bradford J. Race, Jr.</td>
<td>Designated representative of the State Comptroller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert W. Seavey</td>
<td>Appointed by the Minority Leader of the State Senate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Heather L. Ruth is the Executive Director of the Corporation.(5)

(1) Wertheim & Co., Inc., Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated, and Shearson/American Express Inc., with which Messrs. Kresky, Steffan and Bialkin, respectively, are affiliated as described in their biographies, may act as underwriters in connection with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds.

(2) Appointed upon the written recommendation of the Mayor.
(3) Messrs. Bialkin, Brooker, Keilin, Steffan and Weaver are continuing to serve as directors until reappointed or until their successors have been appointed and qualified.

(4) Each Representative serves at the pleasure of the appointing official or body, is eligible for reappointment and holds office until his successor has been appointed.

(5) Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group (Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated), of which Ms. Ruth's husband is a Managing Director, is acting as a managing underwriter in connection with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds.

FELIX G. ROHATYN, Chairman. Mr. Rohatyn is a General Partner of Lazard Freres & Co., investment bankers. He is a former Governor of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., and is a director of Schlumberger, Ltd., Owens-Illinois, Inc., Pfizer Inc., Pechiney Ugine Kuhlmann Corporation, MCA Corporation, American Motors Corporation and Minerals and Resources Corp., Ltd. He is also a director of the New York Philharmonic. Mr. Rohatyn is a resident of New York City.

EDWARD M. KRESKY, Vice-Chairman. Mr. Kresky, Chairman of the Corporation's Investment Committee, is a General Partner of Wertheim & Co., investment bankers. He has been with Wertheim since 1971. From 1965 through 1971, he served as Secretary to the Metropolitan Transportation Authority of New York State. He is a member of the Boards of Security Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the New York State Council on the Arts and the New York City Ballet. Mr. Kresky served the Corporation as a Representative from June 1975 to January 1979. He also served as an observer to the Control Board from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Kresky is a resident of New York City.

FRANCIS J. BARRY. Mr. Barry is Chairman of the Board of Circle Line-Sightseeing Yachts, Inc. and other of its affiliated companies. Since 1967, he has served as an arbitrator for the United Marine Division of Local 333 I.L.A. of the AFL-CIO. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the New York Convention Center Operating Corporation. He is a director and a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Convention and Visitors Bureau. He is a former member of the Control Board. Mr. Barry is a resident of New York City.

KENNETH J. BIALKIN. Mr. Bialkin is a member of the law firm of Willkie Farr & Gallagher, New York, New York, and is an Adjunct Professor of Law at the New York University School of Law. He is Chairman of the Section of Corporation, Banking and Business Law of the American Bar Association, and is a former Chairman of the Committee on Federal Regulation of Securities of that Section. He is also a Vice President and a former Chairman of the Committee on Securities and Exchanges of the New York County Lawyers' Association. He is a director of Shearson/American Express Inc., and E. M. Warburg, Pincus & Co., Inc. Mr. Bialkin is a resident of New York City.

GEORGE M. BROOKER. Mr. Brooker is a principal stockholder and President of Webb & Brooker, Inc., a real estate management and brokerage firm. He is past President of the New York Chapter of the Institute of Real Estate Management. He was formerly the Chairman and is currently a member of the Board of Directors of the New York Urban League. He is a director of the Regional Plan Association, a member of the Board of Governors of the Real Estate Board of New York and the Realty Advisory Board of New York. He is a trustee of the Educational Broadcasting Corp. (WNET/Channel 13). He is a director of the Management Council, National Center Housing Management of Washington, D.C. and a director of the Realty Foundation of New York. Mr. Brooker is a resident of New Rochelle, New York.

EUGENE J. KEILIN. Mr. Keilin, Chairman of the Corporation's Finance Committee, is a Senior Vice President of Lazard Freres & Co., investment bankers, and was Executive Director of the Corporation from October 1976 to January 1979. From 1973 to 1975, he served as General Counsel of the City's Office of Management and Budget and, from 1975 to October 1976, he was counsel to the City's first Deputy Mayor for Finance. Prior to his employment by the City, Mr. Keilin was associated with the New York law firm of Sage, Gray, Todd & Sims. Mr. Keilin is a Lecturer in urban problems and municipal finance at Columbia.
Law School. He is a Trustee of the Citizens Budget Commission and the Lenox Hill Neighborhood Association, and Chairman of the Municipal Affairs Committee of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York. Mr. Keilin is a resident of New York City.

**DICK NETZER.** Dr. Netzer, Chairman of the Corporation's City Budget Committee, has been Director of New York University's Urban Research Center since September 1981 and was Dean of the University's Graduate School of Public Administration from 1696 through 1982. He is a former member of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. He is a nationally recognized expert in the areas of state and local government finance and urban economics and he has published extensively in each of those areas. He is editor of the quarterly *New York Affairs* and a member of numerous editorial and research advisory Boards. Dr. Netzer is a resident of New York City.

**ANDREW P. STEFFAN.** Mr. Steffan, Chairman of the Corporation's Audit Committee, is a First Vice President of Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated. From 1972 until 1976, he was on the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission and became the Agency's first Director of Economic and Policy Research. Mr. Steffan is a resident of New York City.

**ROBERT C. WEAVER.** Dr. Weaver, Chairman of the Corporation's Administration Committee, was Distinguished Professor of Urban Affairs at Hunter College from 1971 to 1978. He is now Distinguished Professor Emeritus. From 1966 through 1968, he was Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and, from 1968 through 1970, was President of Bernard M. Baruch College. He is a former member of the Board of Trustees of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and the Bowery Savings Bank, and is a former Chairman of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Dr. Weaver is a resident of New York City.

**JEROME BELSON, Representative.** Mr. Belson is President and Chief Executive Officer of Jerome Belson Associates, Inc., a real estate management firm. He is also a partner in the law firm of Belson, Connolly & Belson. He is Chairman of the Board of Waterhouse Securities, Inc. He is a director of the Association for Government Assisted Housing, Inc., and the New York Metropolitan Chapter of the National Association for Housing Redevelopment Officials. He is a member of the Board of Governors of the New York Chapter of Registered Apartment Managers of the National Association of Home Builders. He serves as Chairman of the Federation of Alumni Associations of St. John's University. Mr. Belson is a resident of New York City.

**JOHN P. HOLMES, Representative.** Mr. Holmes is President of Holmes, Phillips & Co., Inc., a New York based investment banking firm. He is a director of Integrated Energy Co., Inc. and serves as Chairman of the American Onshore Petroleum Co., Inc. He is a director of American Completion and Development Corporation. He is active in supporting the performing arts and is President of The Paul Taylor Dance Company. Mr. Holmes is a resident of Westchester County, New York.

**LEONARD NADEL, Representative.** Mr. Nadel, who was Senior Vice President of Abraham & Straus, a division of Federated Department Stores, Inc. until March 1978, established his own management consulting firm, Leonard Nadel Associates Inc., in New York City in April 1978. In July 1980, Mr. Nadel joined Beldoch Industries Corporation, an apparel manufacturer, where he presently serves as an Executive Vice President. He is former Chairman and current member of the Board of Trustees of Adelphi University, a Trustee of Long Island Jewish-Hillside Medical Center, and he was President of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Nadel is a resident of Roslyn, New York.

**RICHARD D. PARSONS, Representative.** Mr. Parsons is a member of the law firm of Patterson, Belknap, Webb & Tyler. He has been with the Patterson firm since 1977. From 1971 through 1974, Mr. Parsons served as an Assistant and First Assistant Counsel to former Governor Rockefeller. In 1975, he became Deputy Counsel to then Vice President Rockefeller and, later that year, was appointed to the White House staff as
Counsel to the Domestic Council. He also serves as an observer to the Control Board. Mr. Parsons is a resident of Briarcliff Manor, New York.

BRADFORD J. RACE, JR., Representative. Mr. Race is a member of the law firm of Seward & Kissel, New York, New York. He is a member of the National Association of Bond Lawyers and the Municipal Finance Officers Association. Mr. Race is a resident of New York City.

ROBERT W. SEAKEY, Representative. Mr. Seavey is President of N.D.I., a real estate development and construction firm. He is a member of the law firm of Seavey, Fingerit, Vogel & Oziel, New York, New York, a director of the Citizens Housing and Planning Council of New York, a member of the Committee on Housing and Urban Development of the Association of the Bar of The City of New York, and an Adjunct Professor of Law at Brooklyn Law School. Mr. Seavey is a resident of New York City.

HEATHER L. RUTH, Executive Director. Until July 1980 Ms. Ruth was a self-employed economist and consultant to government and private clients, including agencies of the states of New York and New Jersey. From 1974 to 1978, she was a Vice President of Mathematica Policy Research, Inc., Princeton, N.J. Prior to that, Ms. Ruth served as an analyst with the New York City Budget Bureau, as an Assistant Administrator of the City's Environmental Protection Administration and as staff to the New York State Charter Revision Commission for the City of New York. She is presently an Adjunct Associate Professor at Columbia University Graduate School of Business. Ms. Ruth resides in New York City.

PART 13—LITIGATION

The Corporation is not party to any litigation. Various actions challenging the constitutionality of the imposition and appropriation of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax to the Corporation have all been dismissed with the State's highest court affirming the constitutionality of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax as security and sources of payment for the Corporation's obligations. The United States Supreme Court dismissed an appeal from the State court ruling for lack of a substantial Federal question.

PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution. The summary is not comprehensive or definitive and is subject to all of the terms and provisions of the Resolution, to which reference is hereby made and copies of which are available from the Corporation. The Capital Reserve Aid Fund is referred to hereinafter as the "Capital Reserve Fund." Section references, unless otherwise indicated, are to the Resolution.

Certain Defined Terms

"Bonds" means all bonds issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution.

"Bond Service Fund" means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Capital Reserve Fund" means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Capital Reserve Fund Requirement" means, as of any date of calculation, the amount referred to as the capital reserve fund requirement in subdivision 4 of Section 3036-a of the Act, including, as provided in Section 901 for such purposes, any unpaid and matured amounts of principal and interest on the Bonds or such larger amounts as may hereafter be authorized pursuant to the Act as amended from time to time.
“First General Bond Resolution” means the General Bond Resolution dated July 2, 1975, as heretofore and hereafter supplemented in accordance with the terms thereof.

“Fiscal Year” means any twelve consecutive calendar months commencing with the first day of July and ending on the last day of the following June.

“Operating Expenses” means the Corporation’s expenses of carrying out and administering its powers, duties and functions, as authorized by the Act, as then in effect, and includes administrative expenses, legal, accounting and consultants’ services and expenses, payments to pension, retirement, health and hospitalization funds, and any other expenses required or permitted to be paid by the Corporation under the provisions of the Act, as then in effect, or the Resolution or the First General Bond Resolution or otherwise.

“Operating Fund” means the fund by the name established by Section 604 of the First General Bond Resolution.

“Outstanding” means, as of any date, Bonds theretofore or then being delivered under the provisions of the Resolution, except: (i) any Bonds cancelled by the Trustee at or prior to such date, (ii) any Bonds for the payment or redemption of which moneys equal to the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof, with interest to the date of maturity or redemption date, shall be held by the Trustee or the Paying Agents in trust, (iii) any Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been delivered pursuant to Article III or Section 406 or Section 1106, and (iv) Bonds deemed to have been defeased.

“Paying Agent” for the Bonds of any Series means the bank or trust company and its successor or successors, appointed pursuant to the Resolution and a Series Resolution or any other resolution of the Corporation adopted prior to authentication and delivery of the Series of Bonds for which such Paying Agent or Paying Agents is so appointed.

“Per Capita Aid” shall mean the amounts of per capita aid payable to the City pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“Redemption Price” means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof, plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof pursuant to the Resolution and the Series Resolution.

“Resolution” means the Second General Bond Resolution as from time to time amended or supplemented by Supplemental Resolutions or Series Resolutions in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof.

“Revenues” means all payments to the Corporation pursuant to Section 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except any payments to the Operating Fund.

“Serial Bonds” means the Bonds so designated in a Series Resolution.

“Series of Bonds” or “Bonds of a Series” or words of similar meaning means the Series of Bonds authorized by a Series Resolution.

“Series Resolution” means a resolution of the Corporation authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X of the Resolution.

“Sinking Fund Installment” means as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series of Bonds, so long as any Bonds thereof are outstanding, the amount of money required, by the relevant Series Resolution, to be paid at all events by the Corporation on a single future July 1 for the retirement of any Outstanding Bonds of that Series which mature after such July 1, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason only of the maturity of a Bond.
“Special Aid Account” means the special account created for the Corporation in the State Aid Fund.

“State” means the State of New York.

“State Aid Fund” means the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund established pursuant to Section 92-e of the State Finance Law.

“Stock Transfer Tax” means the tax on the sale or transfer of stock or other certificates imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law of the State.

“Supplemental Resolution” means a resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the Resolution, adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X of the Resolution.

“Term Bonds” means the bonds so designated in a Series Resolution and payable from Sinking Fund Instalments.

“Trustee” means United States Trust Company of New York and its successor or successors and any other bank or trust company at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 101)

The Pledge Effect by the Resolution

The proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, the Revenues and all Funds established by the Resolution (except for the Operating Fund) are pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The pledge created by the Resolution is subordinate to the pledge of the revenues, moneys and securities and funds pledged under the First General Bond Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 601)

Establishment of Funds

The Resolution establishes the Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Fund, both of which are held by the Trustee.

(Resolution, Section 602)

Application of Payments

If the amount of any payment received is less than the amount certified by the Chairman of the Corporation, such amount shall be applied pro rata to the respective Funds on the basis of the amounts as certified.

(Resolution, Section 603)

Operating Fund

The Corporation shall pay out of the Operating Fund the amounts required for the payment of Operating Expenses.

(Resolution, Section 604)

Bond Service Fund

1. On or before the business day preceding each date of a required payment on any Bonds, the Trustee shall pay, from the Bond Service Fund, to itself and the Paying Agents, the amount required for such payment.
2. If the amount in the Bond Service Fund shall be less than the amounts required to be paid pursuant to paragraph 1 above, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Capital Reserve Fund such amount as will be sufficient to make such payment.

3. As soon as practicable after the 45th day preceding the date of any Sinking Fund Installment, the Trustee shall call for redemption the specified amount of Term Bonds to be retired by such Sinking Fund Installment.

4. The Corporation may, after July 2 in any year but not less than 45 days prior to the date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is due, direct the Trustee to purchase, with moneys in the Bond Service Fund, at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of such purchase, Term Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment. Term Bonds so purchased shall be credited against the Sinking Fund Installment due on such date.

(Resolution, Section 605)

Capital Reserve Fund

1. The Corporation shall deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (i) all moneys paid to the Corporation pursuant to Section 3036-a of the Act for the purpose of maintaining or restoring the amount in such Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) such portion of the proceeds of sale of Bonds as shall be prescribed by a Series Resolution; and (iii) any other moneys which may be made available to the Corporation for such purposes.

2. At any time after December 31, 1980, moneys and securities in the Capital Reserve Fund in excess of the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement, upon direction of the Corporation, may be deposited to the credit of the Bond Service Fund.

3. The Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State a certificate stating the sum, if any, required to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement.

4. Moneys and securities held in the Capital Reserve Fund may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn therefrom by the Trustee and deposited in the Bond Service Fund for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time; provided that subsequent to such withdrawal, the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund will not be less than the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement.

(Resolution, Section 606)

Maintenance of Certain Funds

In order to assure the maintenance of the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund, not less than 120 days before the beginning of each Fiscal Year (but prior to February 12 in each calendar year), the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor, with a copy of such Certificate to the Trustee, a schedule setting forth the cash requirements of the Corporation for such Fiscal Year and the time or times when such cash is required, which certification shall be revised from time to time as required. The total amount so certified by such Chairman for such Fiscal Year shall be equal to: (i) the amounts which are required to maintain the Capital Reserve Fund at the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Bond Service Fund to make all principal and interest payments on Bonds due during such Fiscal Year; and (iii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Operating Fund as determined by the Corporation, to meet the Operating Expenses of the Corporation during such Fiscal Year. In order further to secure the Bonds, each payment (to be made on or before April 12, June 25, October 12 and January 12) by the State Comptroller to the Corporation in accordance with such certification shall be an amount, after taking into account moneys then in the Bond Service Fund and available for purposes of the Bond Service Fund during such Fiscal Year, not
less than the sum of (A) 50% of the interest on all outstanding Bonds payable within six months after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made plus (B) 25% of the principal and premium, if any, on all Bonds and Sinking Fund Installments of the Corporation payable within one year after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made and of such amount, if any, as may be required to be paid into the Capital Reserve Fund during the Fiscal Year of the Corporation of which such quarterly period is a part. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation covenanted to make the certifications referred to above at such times and in such amounts as shall be necessary to coincide with the State procedures for payment of Per Capita Aid or other sources of revenues and as shall be necessary to make the deposits required herein and to make principal and interest payments on the Bonds when due. If any increase shall occur in the cash requirements specified above, or if payments are required at a time or times earlier than previously certified, or if the City shall for any reason fail to make timely payment of the principal and accrued interest due on any obligation issued by the City to the Corporation and maturing within the same Fiscal Year, the Chairman shall certify a revised schedule of cash requirements for such Fiscal Year to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor. The schedule accompanying each certification (or revision thereof) shall provide for such payment dates as the Corporation deems appropriate to assure that sufficient funds will be available to meet the obligations of the Corporation as they become due. The Chairman shall exclude from consideration in making any such certification with respect to the funds required by the Corporation for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, any amounts due to be received as payment of principal of or interest on obligations of the City held by the Corporation.

(Resolution 607)

*Creation of Liens*

The Corporation shall not issue any indebtedness, other than the Bonds secured by the Capital Reserve Fund, and shall not create any lien prior to the Bonds on the Bond Service Fund, provided, however, that nothing shall prevent the Corporation from issuing (i) indebtedness under a separate resolution if the lien created by such resolution is not prior or equal to the charge or lien created by the Resolution and (ii) obligations issued in accordance with the applicable provisions of the First General Bond Resolution.

(Resolution, Section 907)

*General*

The Corporation shall not amend the First General Bond Resolution in any manner which would have a material adverse effect on the Bondholders, provided, however, that nothing shall prevent the issuance of obligations upon the terms as provided in the First General Bond Resolution. No such obligations shall be issued if such issuance would cause the amounts available for debt service on the Bonds to be less than 1.2 times the maximum aggregate amount of debt service on the Bonds for each Fiscal Year of the Corporation.

(Resolution, Section 909)

*Additional Obligations*

The Corporation reserves the right to issue its obligations under a separate resolution so long as the same are not entitled to a prior or equal lien with respect to the moneys pledged under the Resolution or with respect to proceeds from the Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax.

(Resolution, Section 204)

*Events of Default*

The Resolution provides that it shall constitute an “event of default” if:

(a) the Corporation shall default in the payment of the principal of any Bond when due; or

(b) the Corporation shall default in the payment of interest on any of the Bonds and such default shall continue for a period of 30 days; or
(c) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act relating to the certification of its quarterly requirements, or the State Comptroller shall fail to pay to the Corporation any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman of the Corporation pursuant to such provisions of the Act; or

(d) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act relating to the certification of the amount required to maintain the Capital Reserve Fund at the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement, or the State shall fail to appropriate and pay to the Corporation any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman pursuant to such provisions of the Act; or

(e) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act, other than as provided in (c) or (d) above, or shall default in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the Resolution, any Series Resolution, any Supplemental Resolution, or in the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of 45 days after written notice thereof by the holders of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds; or

(f) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to continue the imposition of either the Sales Tax imposed by the Tax Law as the same may be from time to time amended or the Stock Transfer Tax imposed by such Law as the same may be from time to time amended or if the rates of such taxes shall be reduced to rates less than those in effect on July 2, 1975; or

(g) the State shall fail to maintain the existence of either the special account in the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund; or

(h) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to apportion and pay Per Capita Aid or shall fail to maintain the State Aid Fund and the Special Aid Account therein or shall reduce the amount of Per Capita Aid payable during the current Fiscal Year to an amount less than the maximum amount of principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds maturing or otherwise coming due in the current or any future Fiscal Year.

(Resolution, Section 1202)

Remedies

The Resolution vests the Trustee with all rights, powers and duties of a trustee appointed by Bondholders pursuant to the Act.

(Resolution, Section 1201)

Upon the happening and continuance of any event of default specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 1202 of the Resolution, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any event of default specified in paragraph (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h), of said Section, the Trustee may proceed, and upon the written request of the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds shall proceed, in its own name, to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders by such one or more of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights;

(a) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bondholders and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenant or agreement with Bondholders and to perform its duties under the Act;

(b) by bringing suit upon the Bonds;

(c) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the holders of the Bonds;
(d) by action or suit in equity, to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders of the Bonds; or

(e) in accordance with the provisions of the Act (including the requirement of 30 days notice to the Governor, the Corporation and the Attorney General of the State) to declare all Bonds due and payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, to annual such declaration and its consequences.

In the enforcement of any remedy under the Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment on and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due under any provision of the Resolution or a Series Resolution or of the Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bondholders.
(Resolution, Section 1203)

**Series Resolutions and Supplemental Resolutions**

The Corporation may adopt (without the consent of any Bondholders) a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution not inconsistent with the Resolution, to provide for the issuance of a Series of Bonds and specify the terms thereof; to add additional covenants and agreements for the purpose of further securing the payment of the Bonds; to prescribe further limitations and restrictions on the issuance of Bonds; to surrender any right, power, or privilege reserved to the Corporation; and, with the consent of the Trustee, to cure any ambiguity or defect or inconsistent provision in the Resolution.
(Resolution, Section 1001)

Any of the provisions of the Resolution may be amended by a Supplemental Resolution with the written consent of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in principal amount in each case of (a) all Bonds then Outstanding, and (b) if less than all the Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected, the Bonds of each affected Series; excluding, in each case, from such consent, and from the Outstanding Bonds, the Bonds of any specific Series and maturity, if such amendment by its terms will not take effect so long as any such Bonds remain Outstanding; provided that any such amendment shall not permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of or any installment of interest on any such Bond or make any reduction in principal, Redemption Price, or interest without the consent of the affected holder, or reduce the percentages of consents required for a further amendment.
(Resolution, Section 1101)

Amendments may be made in any respect with the written consent of the holders of all of the Bonds then Outstanding.
(Resolution, Section 1103)

**Investment of Funds**

The Corporation may direct the Trustee to invest moneys in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund in (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, direct obligations of the State or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States of America or the State, (b) any obligation issued by certain Federal agencies, (c) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the State of New York or held in the State Treasury, (d) interest-bearing time deposits, and (e) repurchase agreements covering obligations of issuers enumerated as aforesaid.

The Trustee shall not be liable or responsible for the making of any authorized investment made in the manner provided in the Resolution or for any loss resulting therefrom.
(Resolution, Sections 702 and 703)
Deleasance

1. If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the holders of all Bonds and coupons then Outstanding, the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Resolution, then the covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Corporation to the Bondholders shall be discharged and satisfied.

2. Bonds or coupons or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee or any Paying Agent (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or redemption date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and, with the effect expressed in paragraph 1 above. All Outstanding Bonds of any Series and all coupons appertaining to such Bonds shall, prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in such paragraph 1 above if (a) there shall have been deposited with the Trustee either moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient, or direct obligations of the United States of America the principal of and the interest on which, when due, will provide moneys which, together with the moneys, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (b), the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to publish a notice to the effect and in accordance with the procedures provided in the Resolution. Neither direct obligations of the United States of America or moneys deposited with the Trustee nor principal or interest payments on any such securities shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on said Bonds.

(Resolution, Section 1401)

PART 15—TRUSTEE

United States Trust Company of New York (the “Trust Company”) is the Trustee under the First and Second General Bond Resolutions. Its principal offices are located at 45 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. The Trustee has accepted the duties and responsibilities imposed upon it by the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and is vested with all of the rights, powers and duties of a trustee appointed by Bondholders pursuant to the Act. Upon the happening of an “event of default” as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution, the Trustee may, and in certain circumstances is required to, proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders. See “PART 14—SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION.” In the performance of its duties, the Trustee is entitled to indemnification for any act which would involve it in expense or liability and will not be liable as a result of any action taken in connection with the performance of its duties except for its own negligence or default. The Trustee is protected in acting upon any direction or document believed by it to be genuine and to be signed by the proper party or parties or upon the opinion or advice of counsel. The Trustee may resign at any time upon 60 days’ written notice to the Corporation and publication thereof. Any such resignation shall take effect on the date specified in the notice, but in the event that a successor has been appointed, the resignation shall take effect immediately.

As of the date hereof, the Trust Company, which is a party to the Financing Agreement, owns $6.633 million of First Resolution obligations and $9.710 million of Second Resolution Bonds for its own account. The Trust Company also acts as trustee under the First General Bond Resolution and has performed, and may in the future perform, certain banking services for the Corporation, including acting as warrant agent in connection with the issuance of warrants by the Corporation. In addition, the Trust Company acts as collateral agent on behalf of certain commercial banks in connection with the Commercial Paper Program.
PART 16—LEGAL INVESTMENT

The Second Resolution Bonds are legal investments, under present provisions of State law, for all public officers and bodies of the State and political subdivisions of the State and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks, and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the State. Pursuant to the Act, the Second Resolution Bonds may be deposited with, and may be received by, all public officers and bodies of the State and all political subdivisions thereof and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or may hereafter be authorized.

PART 17—TAX EXEMPTION

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

For purposes of Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (the "Code") relating to arbitrage, the Corporation has taken into account the Underwriter's discount in computing the yield on the Series 44 Bonds. This treatment is in accordance with the decision of United States Tax Court which was affirmed by the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia in the State of Washington v. Commissioner, 77 T.C. 656 (1981) aff'd No. 81-1108 (D.C. Cir. 1982). That case held invalid the existing Regulations of the Internal Revenue Service prohibiting taking such underwriters' discount and certain costs of issuance into account in calculating yield on obligations of a state or political subdivision thereof. The Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") has not announced whether it will follow this decision nor has it or the Treasury Department taken any action to withdraw or amend such regulations. Prior to the time such action is taken, no assurance can be given that the Service will not attempt to apply such regulation and seek to state that the Series 44 Bonds are arbitrage bonds, the interest on which is not excludable from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. In rendering its opinion that interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from Federal income taxes, Bond Counsel has concluded that the aforementioned case correctly interprets Section 103(c) of the Code.

PART 18—LEGAL OPINIONS

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds are subject to the approval of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. The approving opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to the Series 44 Bonds will be in substantially the form attached to this Official Statement as Exhibit B. Certain legal matters, including the accuracy and completeness of this Official Statement, will be passed on for the Corporation by its General Counsel, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, New York, New York. Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, New York, New York, have acted as counsel for the Trustee.

Certain matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their counsel, White & Case, New York, New York.
PART 19—UNDERWRITING

The Underwriters have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the Series 44 Bonds from the Corporation at a discount from the initial public offering prices equal to % of the principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. The Underwriters may offer to sell such Series 44 Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower than the initial public offering prices and the public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters. The Corporation has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities.

Commercial banks, some of which are Underwriters, hold substantial amounts of bonds of the Corporation and the City, and such banks may, from time to time during and after the time when the Series 44 Bonds are being offered to the public, purchase and sell bonds of the Corporation and the City for their own respective accounts or for the accounts of others.

PART 20—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the Corporation as of June 30, 1982 and the accompanying report thereon by Price Waterhouse, the Corporation’s independent accountants, and the unaudited financial statements of the Corporation for the six months ended December 31, 1982 are annexed hereto as Exhibit A. These statements do not give effect to: (i) the receipt on January 12, 1983, of sales tax revenues in the amount of $49 million for First Resolution purposes and $56.8 million for Second Resolution purposes; (ii) the prepayment by the City on January 11, 1983 of $72.1 million of obligations of the City held by the Corporation; (iii) the issuance in January 1983 of $28.965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds; and (iv) the issuance in January 1983 of approximately $150 million of Series 2 commercial paper notes. The exhibits to the financial statements give effect to certain of such events.

* * *

Lazard Freres & Co. is acting without compensation as financial advisor to the Corporation. Felix G. Rohatyn, Chairman of the Corporation, is a General Partner of such firm, and Eugene J. Keilin, a Director of the Corporation, is a Senior Vice President of such firm.

The references herein to the Act, the Emergency Act, the Tax Law, the Finance Law, the Agreements, the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and Series Resolutions promulgated thereunder, are summaries of certain provisions thereof. Such summaries do not purport to be complete and reference is made to such Acts, Laws, Agreements, and Resolutions for full and complete statements of such provisions. Copies of such Acts, Laws, Agreements, and Resolutions are available at the office of the Corporation.

The delivery of this Official Statement has been duly authorized by the Corporation.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
APPENDIX
Definitions

The following are definitions of certain of the terms used in this Official Statement.

Act—New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act and the Municipal Assistance Corporation For the City of New York Act, each as amended to date (Sections 3001 through 3040 of the State Public Authorities Law).

Agreements—Financing Agreement and the agreements relating to the issuance of bonds by the City guaranteed by the United States of America.

Agreement to Guarantee—An agreement dated as of November 15, 1978, among the Corporation, the City, the State, the United States of America and the Financial Control Board providing for the federal guarantee of up to $1.65 billion of City bonds to be issued pursuant to the Debt Issuance Plan.

Board—Board of Directors of the Corporation.

Bond Service Fund—the bond service fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

Capital Reserve Aid Fund—the capital reserve fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

Capital Reserve Fund—the capital reserve fund established under the First General Bond Resolution and held by the Trustee.

City Pension Funds—various City employee pension funds which are parties to the Financing Agreement and participants in the Debt Issuance Plan.

Commercial Paper Program—The issuance of short-term notes of the Corporation in an amount not to exceed $250 million principal and interest to accrue to maturity outstanding at any time, secured in part by irrevocable credit agreements with certain commercial banks.

Control Board—New York State Financial Control Board which was created in September 1975 pursuant to the Emergency Act.

Corporation—Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.

Debt Issuance Plan—the financing plan calling for the issuance of bonds and notes of the Corporation and the City.

Emergency Act—the New York State Financial Emergency Act for the City of New York, as amended to date.

Financial Institutions—various commercial banks, savings banks, and insurance companies which are parties to the Financing Agreement and participants in the Debt Issuance Plan.

Financing Agreement—an agreement dated as of November 15, 1978 among the Corporation, the Financial Institutions and the City Pension Funds.


First General Bond Resolution—the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation dated July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented.
**APPENDIX-(Continued)**

*First Resolution Obligations*—Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations (each as defined in the First General Bond Resolution) that are or may be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution.

*Fiscal Year*—for the Corporation and the City, the 12 months ended June 30; for the State, the 12 months ended March 31.

*Guaranty Fund*—fund created in connection with the guarantee of bonds of the City by the United States of America, which, prior to the issuance of any Federal guarantees, must contain an amount equal to five percent of the sum of the principal of and one year’s interest on the outstanding and then to be issued bonds of the City.

*Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund*—a fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law and in the custody of the State Comptroller into which Per Capita Aid is paid.

*Municipal Assistance Tax Fund*—a fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law and in the custody of the State Comptroller into which Sales Tax and, if necessary, Stock Transfer Tax is paid.

*1978 State Covenant*—a covenant of the State that it will not take certain actions with respect to the Control Board.

*Per Capita Aid*—amounts of revenue available to the Corporation (that otherwise would have been payable to the City) from the General Fund of the State as per capita State aid pursuant to Section 54 of the Finance Law.

*Sales Tax*—collections of the State sales and compensating use taxes formerly imposed by the City, and now imposed by the State within the City.

*Second General Bond Resolution*—the second general bond resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented.

*Second Resolution Bonds*—bonds that are or may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution.

*Secretary*—the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

*Series 44 Bonds*—the Bonds described in this Official Statement authorized to be issued pursuant to the Series 44 Resolution.

*Series 44 Resolution*—the Series Resolution of the Corporation authorizing the Series 44 Bonds.

*Stock Transfer Tax*—collections of the State stock transfer tax.

*Stock Transfer Tax Fund*—the fund established for the Corporation pursuant to the Finance Law in the Custody of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance into which the Stock Transfer Tax is paid.

*Tax Law*—the State Tax Law of New York.

*Trustee*—United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution.
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors of
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

In our opinion, the accompanying Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations, Summary of Changes in Funding Requirement and the related Debt Service Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Guaranty Fund and Operating Fund Statements of Transactions present fairly the financial position of Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York at June 30, 1982 and the Debt Service Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Guaranty Fund and Operating Fund transactions for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. Our examination of these statements was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

153 East 53rd Street
New York, N.Y. 10022
July 29, 1982

PRICE WATERHOUSE
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

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<th>Liabilities:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>$2,355,738,000</td>
<td>$2,099,488,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>5,015,600,000</td>
<td>5,337,830,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bonds payable</td>
<td>7,371,338,000</td>
<td>7,437,318,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>78,702,594</td>
<td>72,485,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on bonds payable</td>
<td>28,713,199</td>
<td>2,519,106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Guaranty Fund balance</td>
<td>84,020,818</td>
<td>78,424,322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Fund</td>
<td>2,641,913</td>
<td>4,701,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>7,565,416,524</td>
<td>7,694,633,165</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>2,032</td>
<td>4,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in marketable securities</td>
<td>325,755,683</td>
<td>250,992,441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on marketable securities</td>
<td>21,170,190</td>
<td>17,058,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of New York obligations</td>
<td>743,822,000</td>
<td>987,553,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest on City of New York obligations</td>
<td>20,777,306</td>
<td>22,797,099</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations</td>
<td>812,742,000</td>
<td>618,567,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>1,924,269,211</td>
<td>1,896,973,786</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Capital Reserve Fund:                            |                 |                                |
| Cash                                             | 7,096           | 8,213                          |
| Investments in marketable securities             | 1,015,218,566   | 1,071,014,221                  |
| Accrued interest                                 | 22,903,044      | 31,914,209                     |
| Total Capital Reserve Fund                       | 1,038,128,706   | 1,102,936,643                  |

| Guaranty Fund:                                   |                 |                                |
| Cash                                             | 32              | 0                              |
| Investments in marketable securities             | 86,703,761      | 85,752,291                     |
| Accrued interest                                 | 1,679,107       | 1,525,061                      |
| Total Guaranty Fund                              | 88,382,900      | 87,277,352                     |

| Operating Fund                                   | 2,159,672       | 4,764,745                      |
| Total assets                                     | 3,052,940,489   | 3,091,952,526                  |
| Funding requirement                              | $4,512,476,035  | $4,602,680,639                 |

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEBT SERVICE, CAPITAL RESERVE AND GUARANTY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>June 30, 1982</th>
<th>December 31, 1992 (Unaudited)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>RECEIPTS:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of bonds issued</td>
<td>$275,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Discount on bonds issued</td>
<td>(6,792,250)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds from issuance of bonds</td>
<td>268,207,750</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales tax allocation received from State of New York</td>
<td>$306,000,000</td>
<td>76,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per capita aid received from State of New York</td>
<td>86,000,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>133,891,199</td>
<td>71,740,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from obligations of the City of New York</td>
<td>67,904,036</td>
<td>37,423,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest received on issuance of bonds</td>
<td>4,104,303</td>
<td>3,864,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of New York obligations acquired</td>
<td>227,000,000</td>
<td>333,320,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>5,024,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>824,899,538</td>
<td>795,580,443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from bond proceeds</td>
<td>122,477,493</td>
<td>6,861,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>95,384,288</td>
<td>57,946,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>217,861,781</td>
<td>64,807,936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guaranty Fund:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from bond proceeds</td>
<td>17,488,204</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>(5,024,523)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>8,150,038</td>
<td>4,638,218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>25,638,242</td>
<td>(386,305)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decrease in requirement for Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>5,596,496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total receipts</td>
<td>1,068,399,561</td>
<td>865,598,570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EXPENDITURES:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on First General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>185,185,265</td>
<td>81,134,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on Second General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>438,227,287</td>
<td>242,712,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on Commercial Paper Notes</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>1,988,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayment of First Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>26,595,000</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayments of Second Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>97,245,000</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Discount on purchases</td>
<td>(14,684,967)</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net cost</td>
<td>82,560,033</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total debt service</td>
<td>732,567,585</td>
<td>325,835,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in requirement for Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>29,631,332</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit for defeasance</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>269,058,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Operating Fund</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenditures</td>
<td>762,198,917</td>
<td>597,193,737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess of receipts over expenditures for the period</td>
<td>$306,200,644</td>
<td>$268,404,833</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE TO PURCHASE
CITY OF NEW YORK OBLIGATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RECEIPTS:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of bonds issued</td>
<td>$724,715,000</td>
<td>$47,230,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discount on bonds issued</td>
<td>(9,711,553)</td>
<td>(223,075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Capital Reserve Fund</td>
<td>(122,477,493)</td>
<td>(6,861,425)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers to Guaranty Fund</td>
<td>(17,488,204)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds available—bonds</td>
<td>575,037,750</td>
<td>40,145,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal amount of notes issued</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>564,340,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal repayment of notes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>(465,340,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net proceeds available—notes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>99,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total proceeds available</td>
<td>575,037,750</td>
<td>139,145,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DISTRIBUTIONS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of City of New York obligations for Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>227,000,000</td>
<td>333,320,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change for the period</td>
<td>$348,037,750</td>
<td>$(194,174,500)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Funds available to purchase City of New York Obligations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>For the period</th>
<th>At beginning of period</th>
<th>At end of period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$348,037,750</td>
<td>464,704,250</td>
<td>812,742,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN FUNDING REQUIREMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funding requirement at beginning of the period</td>
<td>$4,559,195,801</td>
<td>$4,512,476,035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes during the period:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net increase in debt outstanding</td>
<td>600,875,000</td>
<td>164,980,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service, Capital Reserve and Guaranty Funds</td>
<td>(306,200,644)</td>
<td>(268,404,833)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds available to purchase City of New York obligations</td>
<td>(348,037,750)</td>
<td>194,174,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Fund</td>
<td>6,643,628</td>
<td>(545,063)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding requirement at end of period</td>
<td>$4,512,476,035</td>
<td>$4,602,680,639</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
OPERATING FUND
STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1982</th>
<th>For the six months ended December 31, 1982 (Unaudited)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal Assistance Tax Fund</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers from Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from investments</td>
<td>$779,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>779,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5,433,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt issuance:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>830,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Paper</td>
<td>731,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,562,159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt administration</td>
<td>1,054,433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oversight functions:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Special Deputy Comptroller</td>
<td>1,771,414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Control Board</td>
<td>1,622,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,393,745</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment</td>
<td>124,867</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial reporting</td>
<td>384,651</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General administrative</td>
<td>903,509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenditures</td>
<td>7,423,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess (deficiency) of receipts over expenditures for the period</td>
<td>$(6,643,628)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

NOTE 1—Organization and Functions of the Corporation:

Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation. The Corporation was created by State legislation adopted in June 1975 (as amended to date, the "Act") for purposes of providing financing assistance and fiscal oversight for The City of New York (the "City"). To carry out such purposes, the Corporation, among other things, issues and sells bonds and notes to pay or loan funds received from such sales to the City and exchanges the Corporation's obligations for those of the City.

NOTE 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The Debt Service Fund follows the modified accrual basis of accounting. Receipts from tax allocations are recorded as received. Interest income from investments and interest expense on the Corporation's debt are recorded on the accrual basis. The Corporation's debt is recorded at the principal amount of the obligations outstanding. Original issue discounts are charged to the Debt Service Fund as incurred and become part of funding requirements. Amounts required for the payment of debt service due on July 1 and January 1 are accounted for as if paid on the immediately preceding June 30 and December 31, respectively, by which date such amounts are segregated for that purpose by the Trustee under the bond resolutions. The funding requirements of the Corporation reported in the Statement of Financial Position do not include future interest requirements.

Debt service funds paid to the Corporation in advance of disbursement to bondholders are temporarily invested pursuant to the terms of the bond resolutions and the income therefrom is credited to the Debt Service Fund.

Investments in marketable securities held in the Capital Reserve and Guaranty Funds are carried at amortized cost and investments in marketable securities in the Debt Service Fund are carried at the lower of cost or market value, inclusive of accrued interest, in accordance with the bond resolutions pursuant to which they were established. These investments consist of direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the State or the United States of America, or in certain other permitted investments.

NOTE 3—Bonds of the Corporation; Authorization, Funding, Payment and Refunded Bonds:

Debt Authorization: The Corporation is authorized by the Act to issue obligations in an aggregate principal amount of $10 billion, exclusive of obligations issued to refund outstanding obligations of the Corporation and of notes issued to enable the City to fulfill its seasonal borrowing requirements. Pursuant to the Act, new obligations of the Corporation may not mature later than July 1, 2008 and no new obligation may be issued after December 31, 1984 except to renew or refund outstanding obligations. The Corporation may issue such obligations provided their issuance would not cause certain debt service limitations and debt service coverage ratios to be exceeded. See Exhibits I, II and III, which are an integral part of the Corporation's Financial Statements.

Funding Methods: The Corporation funds its debt service requirements and operating expenses from the State's collection of sales tax imposed by the State within the City at the rates formerly imposed by the City, the stock transfer tax and certain per capita aid, subject in each case to appropriation by the State Legislature. Net collections of such taxes and per capita aid not required by the Corporation are available to the City.

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MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

All outstanding bonds are general obligations of the Corporation. The Corporation has no taxing power. The bonds are entitled to liens, created by pledges under the respective resolutions, on moneys paid into the debt service and capital reserve funds.

Debt service for obligations issued under the First General Bond Resolution is payable from funds paid into the Debt Service Fund from the State’s Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, which is funded from revenues collected, less the State’s charges for collection and administration, from the sales tax and, if necessary, the stock transfer tax. In 1977, the State enacted a program of gradually increasing rebates for all stock transfer tax payers. Rebates equal to 100% of the tax began on October 1, 1981. The legislation provides that taxpayers are to continue to pay the stock transfer tax at the present rate but will be entitled to a 100% rebate should the Corporation not require the funds. To date, the Corporation has not found it necessary to use the revenues derived from the stock transfer tax to pay its debt service. Based on present projections, the Corporation does not anticipate that it will be necessary to utilize these revenues in the future, although no assurance can be given that they will not be so required.

The net revenues from such sales and stock transfer taxes which were collected by the State during the twelve month periods ending June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 amounted to $1,932.1 million and $2,106.8 million, respectively. Payments made to the Corporation from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund are to be made quarterly and at such other times as the Corporation requests.

Debt service for obligations issued under the Second General Bond Resolution is payable from two sources: funds paid annually into the Debt Service Fund from the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund, which is funded from per capita aid otherwise payable by the State to the City, and, after satisfying the debt service requirements for obligations issued under the First General Bond Resolution as described above, funds paid quarterly from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund. Per capita aid is subject to prior claims asserted by certain other State or City entities; however, no such claims have been asserted since the inception of the Corporation. Total per capita aid paid into the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund during the twelve months ended June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 amounted to $484 million.

To the extent that funds are available from investment income, receipt of principal and interest payments on obligations of the City and other sources, they may be used to reduce the Corporation’s funding requirements.

The Corporation certified to and was paid on January 12, 1983, $49.0 million and $56.8 million of sales tax revenues from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for First General Bond Resolution and Second General Bond Resolution, respectively.

Payment Dates: Principal payments at maturity or mandatory sinking fund calls are made February 1 and interest is paid semiannually on February 1 and August 1 for bonds outstanding under the First General Bond Resolution. Principal payments at maturity or mandatory sinking fund calls are made July 1 and interest is paid semiannually on July 1 and January 1 for bonds outstanding under the Second General Bond Resolution. The Corporation may from time to time purchase at a price equal to or less than par certain of its securities to satisfy its sinking fund requirements.

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Refunded Bonds: The Corporation's bonds may be refunded in advance of their maturity in accordance with provisions of the First and Second General Bond Resolutions by placing in trust with the Trustee sufficient moneys or certain securities which together with investment income will be sufficient to pay principal and interest when due on the bonds which have been refunded. Although they remain valid debt instruments with regard to principal and interest payable thereon from the moneys or securities placed in trust, advance refunded bonds are deemed to have been paid within the meaning of the First and Second General Bond Resolutions and are therefore no longer presented as liabilities of the Corporation. In November 1982, the Corporation issued $175 million of its Second General Resolution Series 40 Bonds and $100 million of its Second Resolution Series 41 Bonds and used $269.1 million to advance refund its previously issued Series CC Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of $256.3 million. At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, $499.6 million and $755.9 million, respectively, of the Corporation's bonds which have been advance refunded remain valid debt instruments.

NOTE 4—Capital Reserve Fund:

The Act provides for the establishment of a Capital Reserve Fund to provide security for payment of interest on and principal of the Corporation's bonds. The amount required to be on deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund is 100% of the principal (including sinking fund installments) and interest maturing or otherwise due or becoming due on outstanding bonds during the succeeding calendar year.

The Capital Reserve Fund balance at June 30, 1982 of $1,038.1 million comprised $356.5 million relating to First General Resolution Bonds and $681.6 million relating to Second General Resolution Bonds.

The Capital Reserve Fund balance at December 31, 1982 of $1,102.9 million comprised $375.5 million relating to First General Resolution Bonds and $727.4 million relating to Second General Resolution Bonds.

NOTE 5—Guaranty Fund:

In connection with the issuance by the City of Federally guaranteed obligations, a Guaranty Fund has been established by the Corporation. The Corporation is required, at the time of each issuance of guaranteed City obligations, to have on deposit in the Guaranty Fund a specified amount. The moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund, up to a specified amount, are available for the benefit of the United States of America in the event the City is unable to meet debt service requirements on certain City obligations for which the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the United States of America. Such specified amount is presented as a liability of the Corporation. To the extent moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund exceed the amount required, the Corporation is entitled to withdraw such excess from the Guaranty Fund and the United States of America has no further claim on such moneys. At December 31, 1982, no claim has been asserted. Moneys on deposit in the Guaranty Fund are invested in direct obligations of the United States of America.

NOTE 6—Operating Fund:

The Operating Fund provides for the expenses of carrying out the Corporation's duties and functions and is funded from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund. The Operating Fund accounts have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The Corporation's administrative expenses of debt issuance and service are charged to the Operating Fund as incurred. The assets of the Operating Fund at June 30, 1982 include $1,737,000 of securities purchased under agreements to resell and approximately $421,000 for computer and related software which is being depreciated on a straight line basis over a five year period beginning January 1, 1982. The assets of the Operating Fund at December 31, 1982 include $121,000 of securities purchased.
under an agreement to resell and approximately $495,000 for computer and related software which is being depreciated on a straight line basis over a five year period beginning January 1, 1982. The Corporation entered into a loan agreement in fiscal 1982 with the United States Trust Company of New York to finance the cost of the computer and related software. The $400,000 balance of this loan at June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982 bears interest at 9\% and is due in four equal annual installments of principal with interest due semiannually. This loan is included in total operating fund liabilities.

NOTE 7—New York City Obligations Held by the Corporation:

At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, the Corporation held $743.8 million and $987.6 million respectively principal amount of City bonds. The City obligations held at December 31, 1982 bear interest at rates ranging from 7\% to 13\% and will mature on September 15 in each year as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturing (in thousands)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>$ 62,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>66,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>69,682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>63,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>51,374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988-1992</td>
<td>199,670</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993-1997</td>
<td>237,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998-2002</td>
<td>158,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-2007</td>
<td>79,803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$987,553</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On July 26, 1982 and January 6, 1983, the Corporation, in connection with the issuance of commercial paper, entered into credit agreements under which it pledged certain City obligations as collateral. The City has agreed that all bonds pledged as collateral may be sold without the consent of the City. All bonds not pledged as collateral may not be sold without the consent of the City. At January 6, 1983, approximately $332 million of bonds were pledged.

On January 11, 1983 the City redeemed $72.146 million of its bonds maturing in 2000-2004 held by the Corporation.

The Corporation, in making its certification for funds, is required to exclude from consideration any amounts it expects to receive as payment on city obligations until such amounts are received.

NOTE 8—Commitments:

The Corporation and the City have developed a Debt Issuance Plan (the “Plan”) to provide for a significant portion of the City’s long-term financing requirements through 1984. Under the Plan, proceeds of debt issuances of the Corporation will be used principally to purchase obligations of the City when issued to provide a source of funding for a portion of the City’s capital program. At June 30, 1982 and December 31, 1982, $812.7 million and $618.6 million, respectively, was available to purchase City obligations. The Plan provides for additional public sales of $860 million of the Corporation’s obligations through 1984.
The amount of the Corporation's obligations to be sold publicly under the Plan will depend upon many conditions, including the City's actual capital requirements, the City's ability to continue raising funds in the public bond markets and the general conditions in the public bond markets.

In November 1982, the Corporation sold $100 million of Second General Resolution Series 41 Bonds with detachable Warrants which entitle the holders of those Warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of $100 million principal amount of Series 42 Bonds periodically between November 19, 1982 and January 18, 1984. As of December 31, 1982, Warrants were exercised for the issuance of $5,000 of Series 42 Bonds. The financial statements and Exhibits I and II do not give effect to the remaining unissued principal amounts of $99.995 million Series 42 Bonds however, such are included in Exhibit III in summarizing the pro forma future payment requirements as explained therein.

On July 26, 1982, the Corporation issued short-term obligations secured by a credit arrangement with Citibank, N.A. Such short-term obligations have a claim on the sales tax, stock transfer tax or per capita aid revenues subordinate to First and Second Resolution Bonds. If the credit arrangement is used to pay the short-term obligations, the Corporation's obligation to Citibank, N.A. will be repayable over a period of at least five years through the issuance of bonds or otherwise. The Corporation has authorized the issuance of up to $100 million of such short-term obligations, which will serve as an alternative to selling bonds publicly in such amount during its 1983 fiscal year. At December 31, 1982, the Corporation had $99 million of such short-term obligations outstanding at interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.625% and maturities ranging from 3 days to 45 days. On January 6, 1983, the Corporation entered into an agreement which calls for Citibank, N.A. and Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company to provide an additional $150 million line of credit to secure the issuance by the Corporation of an additional $150 million of short-term obligations of which $148 million were subsequently issued during January 1983.

On January 25, 1983, the Corporation issued $28.965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds. As the period for exercising warrants for Series 28 and Series 36 Bonds ended on January 18, 1983, no additional Series 28 or Series 36 Bonds will be issued by the Corporation. The financial statements do not give effect to these transactions, although the exhibits do.

The Corporation has agreed to reimburse the New York State Office of the Special Deputy Comptroller for the City of New York and the Financial Control Board for the cost of providing certain oversight services of the City's financial affairs.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Concluded)
(All data relating to December 31, 1982 and the period then ended are unaudited)

Note 9—Investments in Marketable Securities: (in thousands)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>December 31, 1982</th>
<th>June 30, 1982</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>Market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
<td>$1,389</td>
<td>$1,389</td>
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<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>160,014</td>
<td>158,534</td>
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<tr>
<td>Obligations of the Corporation</td>
<td>100,950</td>
<td>94,686</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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<td>$254,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Available to Purchase City of New York Obligations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
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<td>$104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>457,951</td>
<td>453,293</td>
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<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>123,000</td>
<td>120,481</td>
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<td>Tax-Exempt Obligations</td>
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<td>28,165</td>
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<tr>
<td>One to Five Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>31,781</td>
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<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$639,739</td>
<td>$633,824</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Fund</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell</td>
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<td>$135</td>
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<tr>
<td>Obligations Maturing in Less than One Year</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>311,099</td>
<td>308,894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>23,000</td>
<td>22,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One to Five Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>364,616</td>
<td>362,502</td>
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<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>237,023</td>
<td>234,066</td>
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<td>Five Years or Greater</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
<td>50,962</td>
<td>49,456</td>
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<td>U.S. Government Agencies</td>
<td>96,615</td>
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<td>$1,062,891</td>
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<td>Guaranty Fund</td>
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<td>Obligations Maturing in One to Five Years</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Treasury</td>
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<td>18,566</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$87,551</td>
<td>$87,009</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

#### BONDS OUTSTANDING

(In thousands)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Redemption Date</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Principal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>June 30, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First General Resolution Bonds</td>
<td>1984-1985</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>1,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>February 1:</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BB</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>61,910</td>
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<tr>
<td>CC</td>
<td>1984-1993</td>
<td>10.25%</td>
<td>256,250</td>
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<tr>
<td>EE</td>
<td>1991-1995</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>1986</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>53,495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GG</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>70,200</td>
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<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>1988-1995</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>1,414,738</td>
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<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>11,170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>1983-1995</td>
<td>7.5%-8.25%</td>
<td>236,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total First Resolution</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2,355,738</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Redemption Date</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Principal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>July 1:</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>95,315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>1983-1986</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>48,700</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>1983-1991</td>
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<td>130,355</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1983-1991</td>
<td>8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1983-1992</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>403,285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1983-1992</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>184,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1983-1992</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>753,230</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1999-2008</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>139,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>60,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1985-1998</td>
<td>8.375%</td>
<td>201,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1989-1999</td>
<td>7.85%-8.5%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1999-2008</td>
<td>8.125%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1993-1999</td>
<td>7.4%-7.625%</td>
<td>103,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1983-1999</td>
<td>7.875%</td>
<td>73,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>1983-1999</td>
<td>7.875%</td>
<td>90,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>64,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>209,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>1984-1999</td>
<td>8.75%</td>
<td>150,320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>1984-1999</td>
<td>8.75%</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>2000-2008</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>64,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>6.5%-9.75%</td>
<td>94,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>1983-2000</td>
<td>10.75%</td>
<td>171,370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>1983-2000</td>
<td>10.75%</td>
<td>122,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>1996-2008</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>31,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1984-2007</td>
<td>10.625%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>1983-2000</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>1983-2000</td>
<td>11.375%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>1984-2008</td>
<td>11%-13.5%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>13.375%</td>
<td>208,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>1983-2001</td>
<td>13.375%</td>
<td>116,125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>1985-1989</td>
<td>10%-11.25%</td>
<td>40,495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1990-2008</td>
<td>12.75%</td>
<td>59,505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>1985-2007</td>
<td>12.75%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>1984-2008</td>
<td>9%-14.125%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>1984-2008</td>
<td>10%-13%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>1984-2008</td>
<td>10%-13%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>1995-2008</td>
<td>9.25%-9.875%</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>2004-2008</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>175,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1985</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Second Resolution</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,015,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total bonds outstanding</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8,179,983</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDING REQUIREMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 1982
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For the fiscal year ending June 30</th>
<th>Principal and Interest Requirements</th>
<th>Capital Reserve Fund Additions/ (Releases)</th>
<th>Total*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First General Bond Resolution</td>
<td>Second General Bond Resolution*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983 ..........................</td>
<td>$104,456+</td>
<td>$327,847+</td>
<td>$432,303+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984 ..........................</td>
<td>229,124</td>
<td>700,347</td>
<td>929,471</td>
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<tr>
<td>1985 ..........................</td>
<td>230,471</td>
<td>728,505</td>
<td>958,976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986 ..........................</td>
<td>214,617</td>
<td>725,225</td>
<td>939,842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987 ..........................</td>
<td>223,717</td>
<td>703,309</td>
<td>927,026</td>
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<tr>
<td>1988 ..........................</td>
<td>273,555</td>
<td>683,091</td>
<td>956,646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989 ..........................</td>
<td>314,918</td>
<td>666,383</td>
<td>981,301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990 ..........................</td>
<td>307,268</td>
<td>640,575</td>
<td>947,843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991 ..........................</td>
<td>284,130</td>
<td>635,281</td>
<td>919,411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992 ..........................</td>
<td>261,630</td>
<td>635,721</td>
<td>897,351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993 ..........................</td>
<td>302,193</td>
<td>449,166</td>
<td>751,359</td>
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<tr>
<td>1994 ..........................</td>
<td>350,962</td>
<td>456,048</td>
<td>807,010</td>
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<tr>
<td>1995 ..........................</td>
<td>177,272</td>
<td>453,973</td>
<td>631,245</td>
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<td>398,542</td>
<td>398,542</td>
<td>947,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>1997 ..........................</td>
<td>305,068</td>
<td>305,068</td>
<td>610,136</td>
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<tr>
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<td>298,407</td>
<td>596,814</td>
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<td>307,551</td>
<td>615,102</td>
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<td>258,944</td>
<td>517,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001 ..........................</td>
<td>234,359</td>
<td>234,359</td>
<td>468,718</td>
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<tr>
<td>2002 ..........................</td>
<td>217,354</td>
<td>217,354</td>
<td>434,708</td>
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<td>2003 ..........................</td>
<td>211,383</td>
<td>211,383</td>
<td>422,766</td>
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<td>2004 ..........................</td>
<td>183,274</td>
<td>183,274</td>
<td>366,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005 ..........................</td>
<td>177,925</td>
<td>177,925</td>
<td>355,850</td>
</tr>
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<td>2006 ..........................</td>
<td>174,313</td>
<td>174,313</td>
<td>348,626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007 ..........................</td>
<td>170,744</td>
<td>170,744</td>
<td>341,488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008 ..........................</td>
<td>162,508</td>
<td>162,508</td>
<td>325,016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total ..........................</td>
<td>$3,274,313</td>
<td>$10,905,843</td>
<td>$14,180,156</td>
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</table>

+ The fiscal year 1983 requirements represent the balance of funding required during the year.
## MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

### SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS

**December 31, 1982**

(In thousands)  
(Unaudited)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For the fiscal year ending June 30</th>
<th>First General Bond Resolution</th>
<th>Second General Bond Resolution</th>
<th>Total Debt Service on Bonds Outstanding</th>
<th>Pro Forma†</th>
<th>Additional Debt Service on Authorized But Unissued Series 42 Bonds</th>
<th>Total‡‡</th>
<th>Estimated Coverage Ratios On Second Resolution Bonds: All Revenues after deducting Debt Service on First Resolution Obligations*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>$224,792**</td>
<td>$567,095**</td>
<td>$791,887**</td>
<td>$12,124</td>
<td>$2,258</td>
<td>$794,111</td>
<td>4.02</td>
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<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>208,912</td>
<td>653,327</td>
<td>862,239</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>1,506</td>
<td>871,945</td>
<td>3.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>249,335</td>
<td>695,529</td>
<td>944,864</td>
<td>10,758</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>955,518</td>
<td>3.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>211,606</td>
<td>722,462</td>
<td>934,068</td>
<td>11,496</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>945,692</td>
<td>3.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>217,629</td>
<td>718,663</td>
<td>936,292</td>
<td>12,158</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>950,416</td>
<td>3.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>229,805</td>
<td>696,677</td>
<td>926,482</td>
<td>12,720</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>940,106</td>
<td>3.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>317,305</td>
<td>676,354</td>
<td>993,659</td>
<td>13,717</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>1,007,376</td>
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<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>312,530</td>
<td>659,481</td>
<td>972,011</td>
<td>13,844</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>985,635</td>
<td>3.26</td>
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<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>302,005</td>
<td>633,758</td>
<td>935,763</td>
<td>10,667</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>946,380</td>
<td>3.42</td>
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<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>266,255</td>
<td>627,972</td>
<td>894,227</td>
<td>10,406</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>904,633</td>
<td>3.51</td>
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<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>257,005</td>
<td>627,818</td>
<td>884,823</td>
<td>10,124</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>894,443</td>
<td>3.52</td>
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<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>347,380</td>
<td>444,364</td>
<td>791,744</td>
<td>9,837</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>801,581</td>
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<td>1995</td>
<td>354,543</td>
<td>450,602</td>
<td>805,145</td>
<td>9,529</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>814,674</td>
<td>4.67</td>
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<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>448,165</td>
<td>448,165</td>
<td>896,330</td>
<td>8,042</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>456,207</td>
<td>5.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>393,474</td>
<td>393,474</td>
<td>786,948</td>
<td>7,796</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>401,270</td>
<td>6.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>301,466</td>
<td>301,466</td>
<td>602,932</td>
<td>7,520</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>309,086</td>
<td>8.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>294,594</td>
<td>294,594</td>
<td>589,188</td>
<td>7,292</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>301,886</td>
<td>8.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>303,228</td>
<td>303,228</td>
<td>606,456</td>
<td>7,043</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>310,271</td>
<td>8.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>255,202</td>
<td>255,202</td>
<td>510,404</td>
<td>6,377</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>261,579</td>
<td>9.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>230,866</td>
<td>230,866</td>
<td>461,732</td>
<td>6,136</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>237,002</td>
<td>10.57</td>
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<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>214,173</td>
<td>214,173</td>
<td>428,346</td>
<td>6,716</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>221,899</td>
<td>11.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>208,035</td>
<td>208,035</td>
<td>416,070</td>
<td>7,469</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>215,504</td>
<td>11.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>180,342</td>
<td>180,342</td>
<td>360,684</td>
<td>7,220</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>187,562</td>
<td>13.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>174,850</td>
<td>174,850</td>
<td>349,700</td>
<td>5,508</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>180,358</td>
<td>13.89</td>
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<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>171,026</td>
<td>171,026</td>
<td>342,052</td>
<td>5,375</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>176,401</td>
<td>14.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>167,267</td>
<td>167,267</td>
<td>334,534</td>
<td>5,227</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>172,494</td>
<td>14.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>317,844</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,624</td>
<td>158,922</td>
<td>15.76</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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† Assumes the issuance of the remaining unissued authorized principal amount of $99,995 million of Series 42 Bonds on January 25, 1983.

‡‡ Gives effect to the issuance of $28,965 million of Series 28 Bonds and $12.98 million of Series 36 Bonds.

* All revenues include $2,106.8 million combined New York State Sales and Stock Transfer Tax and $408.7 million in Per Capita Aid. First Resolution Obligations include Debt Service on First Resolution Bonds and Operating Expenses of $11.2 million. Estimated coverage ratios on Second Resolution Bonds assume the exercise of all outstanding warrants.

** Includes $92 million which was paid on August 1, 1982 as debt service payments on First General Resolution Bonds and $329 million which was paid on July 1, 1982 and $238 million which was paid on January 1, 1983 as debt service payments on Second General Resolution Bonds.
March 1983

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DEAR SIRS:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds (the "Series 44 Bonds") of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the Constitution and statutes of the State, including the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State, as amended to the date hereof (the "Act").

The Series 44 Bonds are authorized and issued under and pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the "Second General Bond Resolution") and the Series 44 Resolution, adopted January 1, 1983 (the "Series Resolution"). The Second General Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution are herein collectively called the "Resolutions".

The Series 44 Bonds are part of an issue of bonds of the Corporation (the "Bonds") which the Corporation has established and created under the terms of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized to issue from time to time for the corporate purposes of the Corporation authorized by the Act, as then in effect and without limitation as to amount except as provided in the Resolutions and certain agreements of the Corporation or as may be limited by law. The Corporation has covenanted with the holders of certain bonds of the Corporation and with certain others to limit the issuance of additional bonds. The Series 44 Bonds are being issued for purposes set forth in the Resolutions.

The Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds, in addition to the Series 44 Bonds, only upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Second General Bond Resolution and such Bonds, when issued, shall with the Series 44 Bonds and with all other such Bonds theretofore issued, be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Second General Bond Resolution.

The Series 44 Bonds are dated March 1, 1983 except as otherwise provided in the Resolutions with respect to registered Series 44 Bonds, will mature on July 1 in each of the years and will bear interest payable
semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 1983 at the respective rates per annum shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturing</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>60,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>100,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds are issued either in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000, registrable as to principal only, or in registered form without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. Coupon and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are interchangeable as provided in the Resolutions. Coupon Series 44 Bonds are numbered 44- - and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are lettered and numbered 44R-- followed, in each case, by the last two digits of the year of maturity and the number of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are numbered consecutively from one upward in order of issuance.

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2003 and on July 1, 2008 are subject to redemption, commencing on July 1, 2000 and July 1, 2004, respectively, and on each July 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in each case in part, as provided in the Resolutions, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution in the amounts set forth in the Series Resolution, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

In addition, the Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth in the Series Resolution.

Chapter 168, 196, 868 and 870 of the Laws of 1975, as amended to the date hereof, each enacted by the People of the State, represented in Senate and Assembly of the State and signed into law by the Governor of the State (the "Enabling Legislation") provide for, among other things, the insertion of the Act in the Public Authorities Law, creating the Corporation as aforesaid, adding a new section 92-e to Article 6 of the State Finance Law, constituting Chapter 56 of such Consolidated Laws, establishing a municipal assistance aid fund (the "Aid Assistance Fund") and a special account for the Corporation within the Aid Assistance Fund (the "Special Aid Account"), amending section 54 of the State Finance Law to provide for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account of amounts of per capita aid appropriated by the Legislature of the State and otherwise payable out of the General Fund of the State to The City of New York, New York ("The City") thereunder subject to payments being made as follows: (i) any amounts required to be paid to the City University Construction Fund pursuant to the City University Construction Fund Act, Article 125-B of the Education Law, constituting Chapter 16 of such Consolidated Laws; (ii) any amounts required to be paid to the New York City Housing Development Corporation pursuant to the New York City
Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting
Chapter 41 of such Consolidated Laws; (iii) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the New York
City Transit Authority pursuant to the provisions of Chapter seven of the laws of the State of nineteen
hundred seventy-two; (iv) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the State to repay an advance
made in nineteen hundred seventy-four to subsidize the fare of the New York City Transit Authority; and
(v) five hundred thousand dollars to the chief fiscal officer of The City for payment to the trustees of the
police pension fund of such City pursuant to the provisions of paragraph e of subdivision 7 of such section 54
of the State Finance Law, suspending the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain
sales and compensating use taxes pursuant to sections 1210 and 1212-A of Article 29 of the Tax Law,
constituting Chapter 60 of such Consolidated Laws, and the taxes imposed pursuant to said sections, until all
notes and bonds of the Corporation, including the Series 44 Bonds, and interest thereon have been fully paid
and discharged, adding a new section 92-d to Article 6 of the State Finance Law establishing a municipal
assistance tax fund (the "Tax Assistance Fund") and a special account for the Corporation within the Tax
Assistance Fund (the "Special Tax Account"), and adding a new section 1107 to Article 28 of said Tax Law
imposing sales and compensating use taxes in The City at a rate of four percent (4%) on certain items
therein described and at a rate of six percent (6%) on the sale of certain parking services (the "Sales Tax"),
the revenues derived from which, less such amounts as the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance
determines to be necessary for reasonable costs in administering, collecting and distributing such taxes, are
required to be paid into the Special Tax Account, together with, after deducting such costs, such amounts, as
may be required under the Enabling Legislation to be transferred from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund
established by section 92-b of Article 6 of said State Finance Law, into which the revenues derived from a tax
imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law (the "Stock Transfer Tax") are deposited.

We are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency and
instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation under the laws of the State, including
the Constitution of the State and the Act, with the good right and lawful authority and power to adopt the
Resolutions, to issue the Bonds including the Series 44 Bonds thereunder and to perform the obligations and
covenants contained in the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds. Under the laws of the State, including the
Constitution of the State, and under the Constitution of the United States, the Enabling Legislation,
including the Act, is valid with respect to all provisions thereof material to the subject matters of this opinion
letter.

2. The Series Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted in accordance with the provisions of the
Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized and permitted by the Second General Bond Resolution.
The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and both are in full force and effect
and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms, except for
the covenant on behalf of the State required to be set forth in each Series 44 Bond pursuant to Chapter 201 of
the Laws of New York of 1978 (the "State Covenant") as to which a separate opinion has been rendered on
the date hereof, and no other authorization for the Resolutions is required. The Resolutions create the valid
pledge and lien which they purport to create of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds held or set aside
under the Resolutions, subject only to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted
by the Resolutions. The lien created by the Resolutions on such revenues, moneys, securities and funds in the
Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund is and will be prior to all other liens thereon. All revenues,
moneys and securities, as and when received, in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund in
accordance with the Resolutions, will be validly subject to the pledge and lien created by the Resolutions.

3. The Series 44 Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued by the Corporation in
accordance with the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, and in accordance
with the Resolutions and the Certificate of Determination. The Series 44 Bonds are valid and binding general
obligations of the Corporation payable as provided in the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with
their terms, respectively, and the terms of the Resolutions, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited
by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws validly enacted affecting creditors’ rights or remedies generally, and, except as otherwise set forth with respect to the State Covenant as to which a separate opinion has been rendered as aforesaid, are entitled, together with additional Bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and obligations of the Second General Bond Resolution and of the Act.

4. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State his certificate stating such sum, if any, as shall be necessary to restore the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement under the Second General Bond Resolution. Subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act providing for the appropriation and payment to the Corporation for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund of such sum as shall be so certified by the Chairman, does not constitute an enforceable obligation or debt of the State, the amount of such sum being subject to annual appropriation for such purpose by the Legislature of the State, which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate such amount.

5. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and the Mayor of The City, the amounts required, pursuant to subdivision 1 of Section 3036 and of Section 3036-a of the Act, for deposit in the funds established by the Second General Bond Resolution at the time or times and in the manner provided therein, including the amounts required for deposit in the Bond Service Fund to pay all interest and all principal and redemption premium, if any, on bonds maturing or otherwise coming due and for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund to maintain such Fund at such Capital Reserve Fund requirement. Said subdivisions provide for the State Comptroller to pay such amounts to the Corporation for deposit as aforesaid, the source of such payments being the Aid Assistance Fund into which is paid such per capita aid, subject to certain prior claims as described above, and, to the extent required, subject to the prior claim of the holders of obligations of the Corporation issued or to be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution (as such term is defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), the Tax Assistance Fund into which is paid the Sales Tax, and to the extent required, out of the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax. The amount of per capita aid payable to The City and available for apportionment and payment from the General Fund of the State treasury and of such payments out of the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds to the Corporation are subject to annual appropriation for such purposes by the Legislature of the State which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate any such amounts so certified by the Chairman, as aforesaid.

6. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute a debt either of the State or of The City, and neither the State nor The City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

7. The State has the good right and lawful authority:

(a) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate out of the General Fund of the State amounts for the purpose of per capita aid and to provide, with respect to certain amounts of such per capita aid payable to The City in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the State Finance Law, for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account, of amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make any, or maintain any level of, such appropriation of per capita aid or to continue such procedure for apportionment and payment of such aid;

(b) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate to, the Corporation, from the Special Tax Account and from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make such appropriations;
(c) to suspend the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes and the taxes levied thereunder, in accordance with the Enabling Legislation;

(d) to impose and to increase or decrease the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax but the State is not bound or obligated to continue the imposition of said taxes; and

(e) to establish the Aid Assistance Fund and the Special Aid Account within the Aid Assistance Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Tax Assistance Fund and the Special Tax Account within the Tax Assistance Fund but the State is not bound or obligated to maintain the existence of said funds or accounts.

8. The Corporation, the holders of the Bonds, holders of any evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation or the holders of bonds or notes of The City do not have nor will they have a lien on the per capita aid referred to hereinafore or the Stock Transfer Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Sales Tax, or the Special Accounts for the Corporation in the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds. We are further of the opinion that, in any suit, action or other proceeding (whether under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code or otherwise) wherein a creditor of The City or The City seeks to assert a right to any such Taxes, such Stock Transfer Tax Fund or such Special Accounts superior or equal to the rights of holders of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, neither The City nor such creditor will prevail in the court of final jurisdiction.

9. Under existing law, upon any failure of the State Legislature to make required appropriations for State debt obligations or upon the establishment of a note repayment account pursuant to Section 55 of the State Finance Law, moneys on deposit in the Stock Transfer Tax Fund and the Tax Assistance Fund, including the Special Tax Account therein (each such account or fund as presently constituted being a special fund of the State), would not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence neither Article 7, Section 16 of the State Constitution nor said Section 55 authorizes or mandates such moneys to be set apart by the State Comptroller either for the payment of State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. We are further of the opinion that, under existing law, collections of the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax which are to be deposited into the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, do not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence such collections would likewise not be authorized or mandated to be set apart or applied by the State Comptroller either for the payment of the State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. Per capita aid is, under existing law, derived from the General Fund of the State and hence, in the event of a failure to appropriate as above described, revenues of the State, otherwise applicable to the General Fund and therefore available for appropriation as per capita aid will be subject to being set apart, or applied as aforesaid.

10. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including the City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

11. No registration with, consent of, or approval by any governmental agency or commission is necessary for the execution and delivery and the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

12. The adoption and performance of, and compliance with, all of the terms and conditions of the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds, and the execution and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds, will not result in a violation of or be in conflict with any term or provision of any existing law.

We have examined the executed Series 44 Bond numbered 44-95-1 and, in our opinion, the form of said Bond and its execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Dear Sirs:

The Corporation now has outstanding $184,160,000 in aggregate principal amount of its 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the "1978 Series JJ Bonds") issued pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the "General Bond Resolution") and a Series Resolution adopted December 22, 1977 (the "1978 Series JJ Resolution"). In accordance with the provisions of Section 203 and Article XIV of the General Bond Resolution, direct obligations of the United States of America have been placed in trust with United States Trust Company of New York, N. Y. (the "Trustee", as such term is defined in the General Bond Resolution), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide monies sufficient to pay when due, the principal of and interest until the maturity or earlier redemption date on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds. The Corporation has directed the Trustee to redeem, by lot, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each 1978 Series JJ Bond so redeemed, on February 1 of each of the following years, the following aggregate principal amounts of 1978 Series JJ Bonds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Each amount to be so redeemed represents the amount of the sinking fund installment provided for such date in the 1978 Series JJ Resolution. The Trustee has been directed to pay the remaining principal due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, other than those so called for redemption, on their respective maturity dates.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the Corporation has duly provided for the payment of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the provisions of such Section 203 and Article XIV.

Very truly yours,
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Series 44 Bonds

BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

February 9, 1988

Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
Merill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
Citibank, N.A.
Capital Markets Group
Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association)
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Bear, Stearns & Co.
L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
Shearson/American Express Inc.
As Representatives of the Underwriters
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Gentlemen:

Subject to the terms and conditions herein, the undersigned Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the “Corporation”) hereby confirms its agreement with you and the other Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto (the “Underwriters”), for whom you are acting as Representatives (the “Representatives”), with respect to the purchase by the Underwriters, jointly and severally, from the Corporation, and the sale by the Underwriters, of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation’s Series 44 Bonds, maturing and bearing interest as set forth on the cover of the final Official Statement (the “Bonds”), which the Underwriters herein agree to purchase and which are to be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on November 25, 1975 and February 9, 1988, respectively (collectively, the “Resolution”).

Pursuant to certain provisions of the Resolution (the “Trust Provisions”), some or all of the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds will be used to refund the Corporation’s 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the “Series JJ Bonds”) currently outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of $184,160,000 originally issued pursuant to the Corporation’s General Bond Resolution dated July 2, 1975 (the “First General Bond Resolution”) and the 1978 Series JJ Resolution.

Attached hereto is a copy of the final Official Statement of the Corporation including the cover page and exhibits thereto, dated February 9, 1988, relating to the Bonds (the “final Official Statement”).

SECTION 1. Representations and Agreements of the Corporation.

The Corporation hereby represents to and agrees with each of the Underwriters that:

(a) The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York constituting a public benefit corporation created and validly existing under the provisions of the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, each as further amended (the “Act”); it is a purpose of
the Corporation to assist The City of New York (the “City”) in providing essential services to its inhabitants without interruption and in creating investor confidence in the soundness of the obligations of the City; and the Act has been validly adopted and is in full force and effect.

(b) A specimen Bond, a copy of each of this Agreement executed by the Corporation and a copy of the Resolution certified by an appropriate officer of the Corporation shall be delivered to you at or prior to the Closing Time (as hereinafter defined).

(c) The information concerning the Corporation and the Bonds in the final Official Statement is true at the time of acceptance hereof by the Representatives in all material respects. The final Official Statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The Corporation will apply the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds substantially as set forth in the Resolution and the final Official Statement.

(d) When delivered to and paid for by the Underwriters, the Bonds will have been duly authorized, executed, authenticated, issued and delivered and will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Corporation and will be entitled to the benefits of the Resolution, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of holders of the Bonds.

(e) The Corporation agrees to cooperate with the Underwriters to register or qualify the Bonds for offer and sale under the securities or “blue sky” laws of such jurisdictions in the United States as the Underwriters may request (it being understood that nothing herein shall require the Corporation to qualify as a foreign corporation or as a dealer in securities or to execute any consent to service of process other than in connection with such qualification or registration).

(f) Except as set forth in the final Official Statement, there is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation at law or in equity before or by any court or public board or body pending (or to the best of the knowledge of the Corporation threatened) against the Corporation or (to the best of the knowledge of the Corporation, no independent investigation having been made) any other person, wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding might in any material respect adversely affect the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Trust Provisions, or which in any way might adversely affect provisions for the payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest on the Bonds, the Second General Bond Resolution, this Agreement, the Trust Provisions or any agreement or instrument to which the Corporation is a party which is required in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

(g) The execution, delivery and receipt of the final Official Statement, this Agreement, the Bonds and the Resolution under the circumstances contemplated hereby and by the final Official Statement, and compliance with the provisions thereof, will not conflict with or constitute on the part of the Corporation a breach of, or a default under, any existing law, or administrative regulation, decree, or order, or any agreement, indenture, mortgage, lease or other instrument to which the Corporation is subject or by which it is bound.

(h) Any certificate signed by any officer of the Corporation and delivered to the Underwriters shall be deemed a representation by the Corporation to each of the Underwriters as to the truth of the statements therein made.

(i) The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement, the Bonds, the Trust Provisions and the refunding of the Series JJ Bonds have been duly authorized by proper proceedings and will not contravene any provisions of law or regulation or by-law of the Corporation or any agreement, decree or instrument binding upon the Corporation or any of its property. This Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Corporation enforceable against the Corporation in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may
be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the
rights of the parties to this Agreement.

(j) Except for liens created by or in connection with the bonds and notes heretofore issued
by the Corporation, by the Resolution and by the First General Bond Resolution, there is no lien
on the revenues or property of the Corporation as of the date of this Agreement and as of the
Closing Time there will be no liens on the revenues or property of the Corporation except for the
liens created by or in connection with such bonds and notes, by the Resolution and by the First
General Bond Resolution.

(k) The Corporation has complied with all of the covenants contained in, and no event of
default exists pursuant to, the Resolution, the Bonds, or the First General Bond Resolution or
the bonds issued thereunder.

(l) No authorization, consent or approval of, or filing or registration with, any court or
governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality is or will be
necessary for the valid execution, delivery or performance by the Corporation of this
Agreement, the Resolution, the Bonds or the Trust Provisions, or, if necessary, such
authorization, consent, approval, filing or registration has been duly obtained or made.

(m) The financial statements of the Corporation contained in the final Official Statement (i)
fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the Corporation as of the dates
and for the periods therein set forth and (ii) were prepared in accordance with generally
accepted accounting principles. Since June 30, 1982, the date of the audited financial statements,
there has been no material adverse change in the financial position of the Corporation or
transactions in the Bond Service Fund, Debt Service Fund, either of the Capital Reserve Funds
and Operating Fund established under the Resolution and the First General Bond Resolution,
extcept as referred to in the final Official Statement.

(n) If during the period commencing on the date hereof and ending at the Closing Time any
event affecting the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall occur which makes
untrue any statement of a material fact set forth in the final Official Statement or causes an
omission to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the
circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and if in the opinion of the
Corporation and the Representatives such event requires a supplement or amendment to the
final Official Statement, the Corporation at its expense will supplement or amend the final Official
Statement in a form and in a manner approved by the Representatives and counsel for the
Underwriters.

(o) To the best of the knowledge of the Corporation, no independent investigation having
been made, the Agreements (as defined in the final Official Statement) are in full force and
effect and no default exists thereunder. The Agreements to which the Corporation is a party
constitute legal, valid and binding agreements enforceable against the Corporation in
accordance with their respective terms, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy,
moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of the parties to such
Agreements.

SECTION 2. Purchase, Sale and Delivery of the Bonds.

On the basis of the representations and agreements herein contained, and subject to the terms
and conditions herein set forth, at the Closing Time the Corporation agrees to sell to the
Underwriters, and the Underwriters, jointly and severally, agree to purchase from the Corporation,
the Bonds for an aggregate purchase price of $205,170,000, plus accrued interest on the Bonds from
February 1, 1983 to the date of payment and delivery. The Bonds shall be issued under and secured
by the Resolution, to the extent therein provided. The Bonds shall mature and bear the interest rates and
be subject to redemption as set forth in the final Official Statement. Payment for the Bonds shall be
made by certified or official bank check or checks, in immediately available funds, payable to the order
of the Corporation, at the Closing Time, at the offices of the Corporation, One World Trade Center,
Suite 8901, New York, New York. The Closing Time shall be 8:30 A.M., New York time, on March 3,
1983, or such other time and place as may be provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 9 hereof or as may otherwise be agreed to by the Representatives and the Corporation. The Bonds shall be delivered in definitive form, as coupon Bonds in the denomination of $5,000 each registrable as to principal only, or Bonds registered as to principal and interest in the denomination of $5,000 each or any integral multiple of $5,000 and shall be available for examination and packaging by the Underwriters not less than 24 hours prior to the Closing Time. The paying agents for the Bonds are as set forth in the final Official Statement.

SECTION 3. Conditions of the Underwriters’ Obligations.

The Underwriters’ obligations hereunder shall be subject to the performance by the Corporation of its obligations and agreements to be performed hereunder at or prior to the Closing Time, to the accuracy of and compliance with the representations and agreements of the Corporation contained herein, as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Time, and to the following conditions:

(a) At the Closing Time you shall receive as Representatives:

(1) Opinions, dated the Closing Time, with sufficient copies for each Underwriter, of (i) Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, General Counsel to the Corporation, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and (ii) Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, Bond Counsel, in the forms attached hereto as Exhibits B, C and D and further as to the enforceability of the 1978 State Covenant (as defined in the final Official Statement), in each case with such changes, and with such annexed opinions of other counsel referred to therein, if any, as counsel for the Underwriters shall reasonably approve.

(2) An opinion of White & Case, counsel for the Underwriters, dated the Closing Time, with sufficient copies for each Underwriter, satisfactory in form and substance to the Representatives, with respect to the creation and existence of the Corporation, the adoption of the Resolution, the authorization and issuance of the Bonds, the authorization, execution and delivery by the Corporation of this Agreement, the exemption of the offering and sale of the Bonds from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the exemption of the Resolution from the qualification requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, and the status of the Bonds as "municipal securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; to the effect that nothing has come to their attention which would lead them to believe that the final Official Statement (as the same has been theretofore supplemented or amended as of the Closing Time) contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and such other related matters as the Representatives may reasonably request; and such counsel shall have received such papers and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

(3) A certificate, reasonably satisfactory in form to you, as Representatives, of an appropriate officer of the Corporation reasonably satisfactory to you, dated the Closing Time, to the effect that (i) each of the representations of the Corporation set forth in Section 1 hereof is true, accurate and complete in all material respects as though made with respect to and as of the Closing Time (with regard to the final Official Statement, such certification shall be based on the final Official Statement, as the same has been theretofore supplemented or amended as of the Closing Time); (ii) each of the agreements of the Corporation set forth in Section 1 hereof to be complied with at or prior to the Closing Time has been complied with as of such time; and (iii) the Bonds and the Resolution conform in all material respects to the descriptions thereof in the final Official Statement.

(4) A certificate, reasonably satisfactory in form to you, as Representatives, of the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, dated the Closing Time, to the effect that the information concerning the State of New York in the final Official Statement, as the same has been theretofore supplemented or amended as of the Closing Time, under the caption “Certain Developments Affecting the State” is true in all material respects and does not omit any statement of a material fact necessary to make such information therein contained, in light of the circumstances under which such information is furnished, not misleading and to the effect that the numerical information concerning the amount of Per
Capita Aid in the final Official Statement, as the same has been theretofore supplemented or amended as of the Closing Time, under the caption "Payment of the Bonds—Per Capita Aid" is true.

(5) A certificate of the Commission of Taxation and Finance of the State in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E, with such changes, if any, as the Representatives shall approve.

(6) Certificates, reasonably satisfactory in form to you, as Representatives, dated the Closing Time, of the Mayor and the Comptroller of the City, or an appropriate deputy, to the effect that certain specified information contained in the final Official Statement, as the same has been theretofore supplemented or amended as the Closing Time, under the caption "Certain Developments Affecting the City" is true in all material respects or is a fair presentation of the information set forth therein.

(7) A certificate, dated the Closing Time, of the United States Trust Company of New York, trustee under the First General Bond Resolution (the "Trustee"), stating that it holds in trust, pursuant to the Trust Provisions, direct obligations of the United States of America, the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide moneys to pay or redeem the Sinking Fund Installments or redemption price of and interest due on the Series JJ Bonds until their respective redemption dates and that the Series JJ Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with Article XIV of the First General Bond Resolution.

(8) Irrevocable instructions satisfactory to the Trustee, shall have been delivered pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution to give effect to the Trust Provisions.

(9) A certificate, reasonably satisfactory in form to you, as Representatives, of an appropriate officer of the Corporation reasonably satisfactory to you, dated the Closing Time, setting forth sufficient facts, estimates and circumstances to support the conclusion, stated in the certificate, that on the date of issue it is not expected that the proceeds of the Bonds will be used in a manner that will cause the Bonds to be arbitrage bonds within the meaning of Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and stating that to the best of the knowledge and belief of the certifying officer there are no other facts, estimates or circumstances that would materially change such expectation.

(10) An opinion, dated the Closing Time and addressed to the Corporation, of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, to the effect that, based upon their examination of law and review of the certification by the Corporation provided for in (9) above, they are of the opinion that the facts, estimates and circumstances are sufficiently set forth in such certificate to satisfy the criteria which are necessary under Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and Sections 1.103-13, 1.103-14 and 1.103-15 of the regulations promulgated thereunder as amended to the date thereof, to support the conclusion that the Series 44 Bonds will not be arbitrage bonds, and that no matters have come to their attention which make unreasonable or incorrect the representations made in said certificate.

(11) Such additional certificates, instruments and other documents as you, as Representatives, may reasonably request, to evidence the truth and accuracy, as of the Closing Time, of the representations of the Corporation herein contained and of the final Official Statement (as the same has been theretofore amended or supplemented), and the due performance and satisfaction by the Corporation at or prior to such time of all agreements to be performed and all conditions then to be satisfied by it in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby or by the final Official Statement (as the same has been theretofore amended or supplemented).

(b) The market prices of the Bonds, or the market prices of general credit or revenue obligations issued by states or political subdivisions thereof, or the market prices of such revenue obligations of the character of the Bonds, shall not (in the reasonable opinion of the Representatives) have been materially adversely affected by reason of the fact that between the date hereof and the Closing Time:
(1) legislation shall have been enacted by the Congress, or recommended to the Congress for passage by the President of the United States, or introduced and favorably reported for passage to either House of the Congress by any Committee of such House to which such legislation has been referred for consideration, or

(2) a decision shall have been rendered by a court established under Article III of the Constitution of the United States, or the Tax Court of the United States, or

(3) an order, ruling or regulation (final, temporary or proposed) shall have been made by the Treasury Department of the United States or the Internal Revenue Service and published in the Federal Register,

with the purpose or effect, directly or indirectly, of imposing Federal income taxation upon such interest as would be received by the holders of the Bonds, or

(4) there shall have been a material adverse change in the national financial economic situation in the United States and there shall have occurred (i) the closing other than in the ordinary course of business of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. or (ii) the general suspension of trading on the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. or (iii) the establishment of a general banking moratorium by Federal or New York State authorities.

(c) No order, decree or injunction of any court of competent jurisdiction, and no order, ruling, regulation or administrative proceeding by any governmental body or board, shall have been issued or commenced, and no legislation shall have been enacted by the Congress, or the State of New York, with the purpose or effect of prohibiting the issuance, offering or sale of the Bonds as contemplated hereby or by the final Official Statement.

(d) The Comptroller of the State of New York shall have approved in writing the sale of the Bonds and the terms thereof as provided in this Agreement.

(e) The Government of the United States shall not have made any declaration of war and the United States shall not have become engaged in any intercontinental ballistic or atomic warfare, or other major military hostilities (exclusive of civil war, insurrection or rebellion).

(f) Underwriters which are member banks of the Federal Reserve System shall be authorized under applicable law to underwrite the Bonds. Underwriters which are subject to regulation by the New York State Department of Banking shall be authorized under applicable law to underwrite the Bonds.

(g) There shall not have been a default on or after the date hereof upon the general obligations of the State of New York or any instrumentality, agency or political subdivision thereof.

(h) There shall not have occurred any event of the type referred to in Section 1(n) hereof which in the reasonable judgment of the Representatives requires or has required an amendment, modification or supplement to the final Official Statement.


The Corporation's obligations hereunder, other than pursuant to Sections 5, 7 and 10 hereof, are subject to:

(a) the performance by the Underwriters of their obligations hereunder;

(b) the satisfaction of the conditions set forth above in (a) (4), (a) (5), (a) (6), (a) (7), (c), (d), (f), (g) and (h) of Section 3 hereof; and

(c) the receipt by the Underwriters at the Closing Time of the opinions described in (a) (1), (a) (2) and (a) (10) of Section 3 hereof.

SECTION 5. Deposit.

The Corporation hereby acknowledges receipt of a certified or bank cashier's check payable to the order of the Corporation in New York Clearing House funds in the amount equal to 1% of 1% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds. In the event of the failure of the Corporation to deliver the Bonds at the Closing Time or if the Corporation shall be unable to satisfy the conditions of the obligations of the Underwriters set forth in this Agreement (unless waived by the Underwriters), or if the obligation of the Underwriters shall be terminated for any reason permitted by this
Agreement, the amount of such check shall be returned to the Representatives. In the event that the Underwriters fail (other than for a reason permitted hereunder) to accept delivery and pay for the Bonds at the Closing Time as herein provided, the amount of such check shall be retained by the Corporation as and for full liquidated damages for such failure and for any defaults hereunder on the part of the Underwriters and, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, no party shall have any further right against any other hereunder. Upon acceptance of this offer, such check may be cashed by the Corporation and the proceeds thereof deposited in a special account of the Corporation. Such proceeds may be invested for the exclusive benefit of the Corporation and the amount of such check shall be applied by the Corporation to the aggregate purchase price for the Bonds set forth in Section 2 hereof.

SECTION 6. Representations and Agreements to Survive Delivery.

All representations and agreements of the Corporation shall remain operative and in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Underwriters or any person who controls any Underwriter, and shall survive delivery of the Bonds to the Underwriters.

SECTION 7. Payment of Expenses.

The Corporation shall pay all costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations under this Agreement including all expenses incident to the delivery of the Bonds to the several Underwriters, the fees and expenses of Bond Counsel and General Counsel for the Corporation, the costs and expenses incident to the preparing and printing of this Agreement, the Official Statement, the Resolution and related documents, and expenses incurred in connection with any securities or “blue sky” law qualifications and the preparation of a memorandum with respect thereto and for any fees charged by investment rating agencies for the rating of the Bonds, it being understood that, except as provided in this Section 7, the Underwriters will pay all their own costs and expenses including fees and expenses of their counsel, the printing of the Agreement Among Underwriters and any advertising and mailing connected with any offering of the Bonds by them; provided, however, that the Corporation shall have no obligation under this Section 7 if the Corporation is not obligated under this Agreement pursuant to Section 4(a) hereof. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default.

SECTION 8. Use of Preliminary and Final Official Statement.

The Corporation hereby confirms the authority, and authorizes the Underwriters, to use and make available to prospective and ultimate purchasers of the Bonds the preliminary Official Statement dated January 31, 1983, and authorizes the use of the final Official Statement by the Underwriters in connection with the sale of the Bonds. Each Underwriter agrees, in connection with the sale of Bonds by such Underwriter, that it will not confirm the sale of any Bonds unless the confirmation of sale is accompanied or preceded by delivery of a copy of the final Official Statement.


If the Underwriters shall default in their obligation to purchase the principal amount of Bonds herein agreed to be purchased, and if the Representatives at such time shall notify the Corporation that such default is the result of a failure on the part of one or more of the Underwriters to comply with its or their obligations, then either the Representatives or the Corporation shall have the right to postpone the Closing Time for a single period of not more than three business days (and the Representatives with the consent of the Corporation shall have the right to postpone the Closing Time for an additional single period of seven days) in order that necessary changes and arrangements may be effected by the Representatives and the Corporation to have the Underwriters which shall not have so failed, or one or more other underwriters, take up, in such proportions as the Underwriters may agree and upon the terms herein set forth, the participations of the Underwriter or Underwriters which failed to comply with its or their obligations, whereupon this Agreement shall
be carried out accordingly at such postponed Closing Time. The provisions of this Section 9 shall not in any way affect the joint and several obligations of the Underwriters to take up and pay for all of the Bonds or any liability of any Underwriter or Underwriters which failed to comply with its or their obligations to the Underwriters which have not so failed.

SECTION 10. Indemnification.

To the extent it may legally do so, the Corporation agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each of the Underwriters and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (i) arising out of any untrue statement of a material fact contained in the final Official Statement, as the same has been supplemented or amended, or the omission therefrom of a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, except any such statements as were based on information furnished to the Corporation by any Underwriter, and (ii) to the extent of the aggregate amount paid in settlement of any litigation commenced or threatened arising from a claim based upon any such untrue statement or omission if such settlement is effected with the written consent of the Corporation. In case any claim shall be made or action brought against any Underwriter or person controlling such Underwriter based upon the final Official Statement as aforesaid, in respect of which indemnity may be sought against the Corporation, such Underwriter shall promptly notify the Corporation in writing setting forth the particulars of such claim or action and the Corporation shall assume the defense thereof including the employment of counsel, satisfactory to the Representatives (who shall not, except with the consent of the Representatives, be counsel of the Corporation) and the payment of all expenses. Any Underwriter or any such controlling person shall have the right to employ separate counsel in any such action and to participate in the defense thereof, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Underwriter or such controlling person unless the employment, and payment by the Corporation, of such counsel has been specifically authorized by the Corporation or unless in the opinion of counsel for the Underwriters, the Underwriters have a defense or defenses not available to the Corporation.

SECTION 11. Parties in Interest.

This Agreement has been and is made solely for the benefit of the Underwriters and the Corporation and their respective successors, and, to the extent expressed herein, for the benefit of persons controlling any of the Underwriters or the Corporation, and officials of the Corporation, and their respective successors and assigns, and no other person, partnership, association or corporation shall acquire or have any right under or by virtue of this Agreement. The terms “successors” and “assigns” shall not include any purchaser of Bonds from any Underwriter merely because of such purchase.

Any provisions of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law of the State of New York or in this Agreement which relate to taxes imposed under Article 12 or Section 1107 or 1108 of Article 28 of the Tax Law of the State of New York or the apportionment and payment of per capita aid under Section 54 of the State Finance Law or to the funds created by Sections 92-b, 92-d and 92-e of the State Finance Law of the State of New York shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State of New York in such funds from time to time and no liability on account thereof shall be incurred by the State of New York beyond the moneys available in such funds.

SECTION 12. Notice.

All communications hereunder shall be in writing and, if sent to the Corporation, shall be mailed, delivered or telegraphed and confirmed to it at One World Trade Center, Suite 8801, New York, New York 10048, with a copy to Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, 345 Park Avenue, New York,
New York 10022; and, if sent to the Underwriters, shall be mailed, delivered or telegraphed and confirmed to the Representatives at the address set forth above.

SECTION 13. Representation.

In all dealings under this Agreement the Corporation shall be entitled to act and rely upon any statement, request, notice or agreement made or entered into by you jointly, or by Salomon Brothers Inc on behalf of you as the Representatives, as having been duly made or entered into on behalf of each of the Underwriters.


This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York and may not be assigned by the Corporation or the Underwriters.
If the foregoing is in accordance with the Underwriters' understanding of the agreement among the Corporation and the Underwriters, kindly sign and return to the Corporation the enclosed duplicates hereof, whereupon it will constitute a binding agreement among the Corporation and the Underwriters in accordance with its terms.

Yours very truly,

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By Edward M. Kresky
Authorized Officer

By Maxine H. Gillman
Authorized Officer

Accepted and confirmed as of the date first above written:

SALOMON BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED
CITIBANK, N.A.
CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK (NATIONAL ASSOCIATION)
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BEAR, STEARNS & CO.
L. F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.
on behalf of themselves and the other Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto.

By SALOMON BROTHERS INC

By Gedale B. Horowitz
SCHEDULE I

To Bond Purchase Agreement among Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York and the Underwriters referred to therein

UNDERWRITERS

SALOMON BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED
CITIBANK, N.A.
CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK (NATIONAL ASSOCIATION)
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BEAR, STEARNS & CO.
L. F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.

Representatives

Allen & Company, Incorporated
Prudential-Bache Securities
Bancnorthwest
Bankers Trust Company
Warburg Paribas Becker
Blyth Eastman Paine Webber, Incorporated
Alex Brown & Sons
Chemical Bank
The Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Company
Dillon, Read & Co., Inc.
Donalson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation
Drexel Burnham Lambert Incorporated
Ehlerlich-Bober & Co., Inc.
Bank of Boston/The First National Bank of Boston
First Chicago/The First National Bank of Chicago
Interfirst Bank Dallas
The First Boston Corporation
First Interstate Bank of California
Glitzenhaus & Co.
Harris Trust and Savings Bank
E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.
Irving Trust Company
Kidder, Peabody & Co., Incorporated
Lebenthal & Co., Inc.
Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb, Inc.
Manufacturers Hanover Trust Co.
Marine Midland Bank, N.A.
Moseley, Hallgarten, Estabrook & Wood Inc.
The Northern Trust Company
John Nuvem & Co., Incorporated
Oppenheimer & Co., Inc.
Refco Partners
Rothschild Inc.
Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co., Incorporated
Thomson, McKinnon Securities Inc.
VanKampen, Merritt Inc.

Wells Fargo Bank N.A.
Wertheim & Co., Inc.
Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc.

Adams, McEntee & Company
Advest Inc.
American Securities Corp.
Bank of New York
Barr Brothers & Co., Inc.
J. C. Bradford & Co.
Langdon P. Cook & Co., Inc.
European American Bank & Trust Co.
Fahnestock & Company
Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Girard Bank
J. J. Lowrey & Co.
Matthews & Wright, Inc.
McDonald & Company
National Bank of North America
North Carolina National Bank
The Philadelphia National Bank
Wm. E. Pollock & Co., Inc.
Prescott, Ball & Turbon
Samuel A. Ramires & Company, Inc.
Roosevelt & Cross, Inc.
Rotan, Mosie Inc.
Herbert J. Sims & Co., Inc.
Southeast Bank, N.A.
Stephens, Inc.
Swiss American Securities, Inc.
UMIC Inc.
Underwood, Neuhaus & Co., Incorporated
Young, Smith & Peacock, Inc.

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Adams, Harkness, Hill, Inc.
Baker, Watts & Co.
Bancomer de Puerto Rico
Bevill, Bresler & Schulman, Inc.
Bolland, Saffin, Gordon & Sautter
Butcher & Singer
Celtic Inc.
Dorf & Co., Inc.
A. Webster Dougherty & Co., Incorporated
Douglas & Co. Municipal, Inc.
A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.
Fidelity Union Bank
First of Michigan Corporation
Grunthal & Co.
Halpert, Oberst & Company
Hanaei, Stern & Co., Inc.
Chester Harris & Co., Inc.
Herzfeld & Stern
William E. Hough & Co.
Howard, Weil, Labouisse, Friedricks, Inc.
Josephthal & Co.
Laflin, Adams & Peck, Inc.
Mercantile Trust Co., N.A.
Moore & Schley Municipal, Inc.
Phillips, Appel & Walden, Inc.
Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood
Rauscher Pierce Refenes, Inc.
Ryan, Beck & Co.
Donald Sheibert & Co., Inc.
Sterling Equity Municipal Securities Corporation
Tucker, Anthony, R. L. Day Inc.
Michael A. Weisner, Inc.
Wheat, First Securities, Inc.

Baird, Patrick & Co., Inc.
George P. Baum & Co.
Carleton D. Beh Co., Div. of E. P. Hutton & Co.
Burr, Wilson & Company, Inc.
Boehning & Scudder, Inc.
Brisin & Woram
Burgess & Leith Incorporated
Carolan & Company, Inc.
Cherokee Securities Co. (A Div. of J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons & Co.)
Connecticut National Bank
Comers & Co., Inc.
Coogan, Gilbert & Co.
R. W. Corby & Company, Incorporated
Coven & Company
Cranin & Co.
Dolphin & Bradbury
James J. Duane & Co.
Emanuel & Company
Ernst & Co.
Ferris & Company, Inc.
First Albany Corporation
First Equity Corporation of Florida
First Huntington Securities Corporation
First Miami Securities
First Union National Bank of North Carolina
First Wisconsin National Bank of Milwaukee
Fleet National Bank
Gabriele, Huglin & Cashman, Inc.
Gibraltor, Inc.
Gibraltor Securities Co.
Hofren-Tillotson Inc.
Henderson, Pew & Co.
Frank Henjes & Company Inc.
Herseth, Orr & Jones
Hutchinson, Shockey, Erley & Co.
Illinois Company, Inc.
Interstate Securities Corporation
Janney Montgomery & Scott Inc.
Johnston, Lemon & Co., Inc.
The Kennedy Corporation
Ledy, Wheeler & Alleman, Inc.
Legg Mason Wood Walker, Inc.
M. G. Lewis & Company, Inc.
Mason, Nugent & Co.
Manley, Bennett, McDonald & Co.
Marcas, Stowell & Beye, Inc.
Marks, Allen & Co.
Marshall & Meyer, Inc.
A. E. Masten & Company
McLaughlin, Piven Inc.
McAleney & Company
Mesrow & Co., Inc.
Mid State Securities Corp.
Miller & Schroeder Municipal, Inc.
E. A. Moos & Co. Incorporated
Multi-Vest Securities Inc.
Municipal Investors Service, Inc.
National Bank of Commerce
J. A. Overton & Co.
Park, Ryan Inc.
Charles G. Peeler & Co.
R. W. Peters, Richel & Co., Inc.
D. A. Pincus & Co., Inc.
Purcell, Graham & Co., Inc.
Quick & Reilly
T. J. Raney & Sons, Inc.
Riviere Securities Corporation
Arch W. Roberts & Co.
Rodman & Renshaw, Inc.
Rogers & Lamb
Wm. C. Roney & Company
Rooney, Pace Inc.
R. Rowland & Co., Incorporated
Schafer, Neckar & Company
Schraff & Jones, Inc.
M. L. Stern & Co., Inc.
Swink & Company, Inc.
Thomas & Company, Inc.
Tollner & Bean, Inc.
Tripp & Co., Inc.
Union Planters National Bank
R. D. White & Company
Warren W. York & Co., Inc.
Zahnner and Company
A. W. Zucker & Co.
EXHIBIT A to Bond Purchase Agreement

MORRIS S. ABRAHAMS  
MARTIN L. LIMAN  
NASAN M. ALBERT  
RAYLEIGH MANING  
MARK R. ALDIS  
JOHN E. WASSENDAHL  
DANIEL J. BELLER  
JOHN P. MAGNADUO  
MARK A. BERNICK  
ROBERT E. MCKINROE  
ALLAN BLUMSTEIN  
ROBERT H. MONTGOMERY, JR.  
RICHARD S. BRESOFF  
ROBERT B. MOORE  
JOHN P. SREGLO  
PAUL J. NEWTON, AC  
DAVID C. BRODHEAD  
MATTHEW NIETZER  
COMER E. BROWDY  
JOHN J. O'BRION  
CAMERON CLARE  
JAMES A. O'CONNOR  
THOMAS L. LEANEY  
EDWARD N. COSTITAYAN  
PAUL J. O'NEILL, AC  
ADRIAN R. CROWDIS, AC  
JAMES A. O'CONNOR  
RICHARD A. ENGELMAN  
JAMES A. O'CONNOR  
PETER J. FELDOVICH  
TODD R. ROBINSON  
GEORGE F. FELLEMAN  
FLORIDA Props.  
BERNARD S. FRANKEL  
MICHAEL J. GORG  
CONNIE M. FRIEDMAN  
MICHAEL J. GROBY  
DONALD J. FRIEDMAN  
SHELLO S. HANSON  
MARSHALL LEVINE  
TAYLOR W. HENRY  
RICHARD A. LEVINE  
G. WILLIAM HENRY  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
JOSEPH M. HERNANDEZ  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
GEORGE B. LEWIS  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
LLOYD K. GARRISON  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
HOWARD A. SELTZ  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  
COUNSEL  
JOSEPH P. LEWAND  

SALOMON BROTHERS INC  
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.  
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP  
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED  

CITIBANK, N.A.  
CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP  
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP  
THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK (NATIONAL ASSOCIATION)  
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK  
BEAR, STEARNS & CO.  
L. F. ROTHCHILD, Unterberg, Towbin  
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.  
As Representatives of the Underwriters  
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc  
One New York Plaza  
New York, New York 10004

Dear Sirs:

We have been requested by our client, Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York constituting a public benefit corporation (the "Corporation"), to furnish you our opinion as to the matters herein set forth in connection with the execution of a bond purchase agreement, dated February 9, 1983 (the "Agreement"), by and among the Corporation and each of you as purchasers, and the sale by the Corporation to you thereunder of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds").

In this connection, we have examined the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, each as further amended (the "Act"), the final Official Statement of the Corporation, dated February 9, 1983, with respect to the Bonds, as amended or supplemented to the date hereof (the "final Official Statement"), the By-laws of the Corporation, records of its corporate proceedings, including the Second General Bond Resolution and
the Series 44 Resolution, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on November 25, 1975 and on February 9, 1988, respectively (the "Resolutions"), and the Agreement and the exhibits attached thereto, and have made such further examination of law and fact as we considered necessary in order to form the opinions herein expressed.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, duly created by and validly existing under the Act, with the right and power under the Act to execute and deliver and to perform its obligations under the Agreement, to adopt the Resolutions and to issue the Bonds thereunder.

2. Under the Act, it is a purpose of the Corporation to assist The City of New York (the "City") in providing essential services to its inhabitants without interruption and in creating investor confidence in the soundness of the obligations of the City.

3. The execution and delivery of, and the performance of the obligations under the Agreement and the issuance of the Bonds have been duly authorized by proper corporate proceedings of the Corporation. The Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding agreement of the Corporation enforceable in accordance with its terms except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights created pursuant to the Agreement. The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of the holders of the Bonds, and no other authorization for, or filing or recording of, the Resolutions is required. Anything in this opinion to the contrary notwithstanding, we express no opinion with respect to the 1978 State Covenant as that term is defined in the final Official Statement.

4. The Bonds have been duly authorized, executed, authenticated, issued and delivered and constitute legal, valid, binding, direct and general obligations of the Corporation and are entitled to the benefits of the Resolutions, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of holders of the Bonds.

5. The execution, delivery and receipt of the final Official Statement, the Agreement, the Bonds and the Resolutions, under the circumstances contemplated by the Agreement and the final Official Statement, and compliance with the provisions thereof, will not conflict with or constitute on the part of the Corporation a breach of, or a default under, any existing law, court or administrative regulation, decree, order, or any agreement, indenture, mortgage, lease or other instrument, in each such case of which we have knowledge, to which the Corporation is subject or by which it is bound.

6. Except as set forth in the final Official Statement, to the best of our knowledge, there is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation at law or in equity before or by any court or public board or body pending or threatened against the Corporation wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would in any material respect adversely affect the transactions contemplated by the Agreement or which in any way would adversely affect provisions for the payment of principal or interest on the Bonds or the validity of the Bonds, the Resolutions, the Agreement, or any agreement or instrument to which the Corporation is a party which is used or contemplated for use in connection with consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Agreement.

7. The offering and sale of the Bonds by the Corporation to you, and the resale of the Bonds by you as contemplated by the Agreement and the final Official Statement, are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, pursuant to Section 3(a)(2) of such
Act and there is no requirement for the qualification of the Resolutions or any indenture with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The Bonds constitute "municipal securities" as such term is defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

8. In the course of the preparation by the Corporation of the final Official Statement, we participated in numerous conferences and conversations with certain of the Corporation's officials and also consulted on numerous occasions with representatives of certain of you. In this connection, with your concurrence, we did not undertake any independent examination or review of, or otherwise attempt to make any independent verification of, (i) any records or proceedings of, or any factual matters relating to or otherwise involving, the Corporation, the State of New York or any authority, agency or political subdivision thereof or therein, or (ii) any other factual matters contained in the final Official Statement. Accordingly, except with respect to the statements and summaries referred to in paragraph 9 hereof, we do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the final Official Statement; it being understood that you are relying on the preparation of the final Official Statement by the Corporation, and certifications of various officials as to the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the statements contained therein. Further, we are not in a position to provide, and we hereby expressly disclaim, any commentary or assurances as to the adequacy or accuracy of the financial statements and other financial and statistical data contained in the final Official Statement. Subject to the foregoing limitations with respect to our engagement, no information was disclosed to us in connection with the preparation of the final Official Statement or in our conferences or conversations referred to above which has caused us to believe that the final Official Statement, as of the date thereof, and as of the date hereof, contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

9. The statements set forth in the final Official Statement under the headings "Debt Issuance Plan", "Certain Developments Affecting the City—Federal Bankruptcy Legislation", "Various Control Programs" and "Litigation" are in all material respects accurate statements or summaries of the statutory provisions, documents or matters therein set forth.

All opinions rendered herein relating to the enforceability of the Corporation's obligations under the Resolutions, the Agreement or the Bonds are subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

All opinions rendered herein relating to the effect of the Constitution of the State of New York, or state or local finance laws upon the validity, binding effect or enforceability of the Resolutions, the Agreement or the Bonds are rendered in reliance upon the opinions of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, Bond Counsel, of even date herewith addressed to the Corporation and delivered to you in accordance with the Agreement, and, although we have made no independent investigation with respect thereto, such opinions are in form and substance satisfactory to us, and we believe that you and we are justified in relying thereon.

Very truly yours,
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DEAR SIRS:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds (the “Series 44 Bonds”) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the “Corporation”), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the “State”) constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the Constitution and statutes of the State, including the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State, as amended to the date hereof (the “Act”).

The Series 44 Bonds are authorized and issued under and pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the “Second General Bond Resolution”) and the Series 44 Resolution, adopted February 9, 1983 (the “Series Resolution”). The Second General Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution are herein collectively called the “Resolutions”.

The Series 44 Bonds are part of an issue of bonds of the Corporation (the “Bonds”) which the Corporation has established and created under the terms of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized to issue from time to time for the corporate purposes of the Corporation authorized by the Act, as then in effect and without limitation as to amount except as provided in the Resolutions and certain agreements of the Corporation or as may be limited by law. The Corporation has covenanted with the holders of certain bonds of the Corporation and with certain others to limit the issuance of additional bonds. The Series 44 Bonds are being issued for purposes set forth in the Resolutions.

The Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds, in addition to the Series 44 Bonds, only upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Second General Bond Resolution and such Bonds, when issued, shall with the Series 44 Bonds and with all other such Bonds theretofore issued, be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Second General Bond Resolution.

The Series 44 Bonds are dated February 1, 1983 except as otherwise provided in the Resolutions with respect to registered Series 44 Bonds, will mature on July 1 in each of the years and will bear interest payable
semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 1983 at the respective rates per annum shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturing</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10 ½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10 ⅜</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds are issued either in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000, registrable as to principal only, or in registered form without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. Coupon and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are interchangeable as provided in the Resolutions. Coupon Series 44 Bonds are numbered 44- - and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are lettered and numbered 44R- - followed, in each case, by the last two digits of the year of maturity and the number of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are numbered consecutively from one upward in order of issuance.

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July-1, 2008 are subject to redemption, commencing on July 1, 2000 and on each July 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in part, as provided in the Resolutions, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution in the amounts set forth in the Series Resolution, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

In addition, the Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth in the Series Resolution.

Chapter 168, 196, 868 and 870 of the Laws of 1975, as amended to the date hereof, each enacted by the People of the State, represented in Senate and Assembly of the State and signed into law by the Governor of the State (the "Enabling Legislation") provide for, among other things, the insertion of the Act in the Public Authorities Law, creating the Corporation as aforesaid, adding a new section 92-e to Article 6 of the State Finance Law, constituting Chapter 56 of such Consolidated Laws, establishing a municipal assistance aid fund (the "Aid Assistance Fund") and a special account for the Corporation within the Aid Assistance Fund (the "Special Aid Account"), amending section 54 of the State Finance Law to provide for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account of amounts of per capita aid appropriated by the Legislature of the State and otherwise payable out of the General Fund of the State to The City of New York, New York ("The City") thereunder subject to payments being made as follows: (i) any amounts required to be paid to the City University Construction Fund pursuant to the City University Construction Fund Act, Article 125-B of the Education Law, constituting Chapter 16 of such Consolidated Laws; (ii) any amounts required to be paid to the New York City Housing Development Corporation pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 41 of such Consolidated Laws; (iii) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the New York City Transit Authority pursuant to the provisions of Chapter seven of the laws of the State of nineteen hundred seventy-two; (iv) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the State to repay an advance made in nineteen hundred seventy-four to subsidize the fare of the New York City Transit Authority; and
(v) five hundred thousand dollars to the chief fiscal officer of The City for payment to the trustees of the police pension fund of such City pursuant to the provisions of paragraph e of subdivision 7 of such section 54 of the State Finance Law, suspending the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes pursuant to sections 1210 and 1212-A of Article 29 of the Tax Law, constituting Chapter 60 of such Consolidated Laws, and the taxes imposed pursuant to said sections, until all notes and bonds of the Corporation, including the Series 44 Bonds, and interest thereon have been fully paid and discharged, adding a new section 92-d to Article 6 of the State Finance Law establishing a municipal assistance tax fund (the "Tax Assistance Fund") and a special account for the Corporation within the Tax Assistance Fund (the "Special Tax Account"), and adding a new section 1107 to Article 28 of said Tax Law imposing sales and compensating use taxes in The City at a rate of four percent (4%) on certain items therein described and at a rate of six percent (6%) on the sale of certain parking services (the "Sales Tax"), the revenues derived from which, less such amounts as the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance determines to be necessary for reasonable costs in administering, collecting and distributing such taxes, are required to be paid into the Special Tax Account, together with, after deducting such costs, such amounts, as may be required under the Enabling Legislation to be transferred from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by section 92-b of Article 6 of said State Finance Law, into which the revenues derived from a tax imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law (the "Stock Transfer Tax") are deposited.

We are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, with the good right and lawful authority and power to adopt the Resolutions, to issue the Bonds including the Series 44 Bonds thereunder and to perform the obligations and covenants contained in the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds. Under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State, and under the Constitution of the United States, the Enabling Legislation, including the Act, is valid with respect to all provisions thereof material to the subject matters of this opinion letter.

2. The Series Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized and permitted by the Second General Bond Resolution. The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and both are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms, except for the covenant on behalf of the State required to be set forth in each Series 44 Bond pursuant to Chapter 201 of the Laws of New York of 1978 (the "State Covenant") as to which a separate opinion has been rendered on the date hereof, and no other authorization for the Resolutions is required. The Resolutions create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds held or set aside under the Resolutions, subject only to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted by the Resolutions. The lien created by the Resolutions on such revenues, moneys, securities and funds in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund is and will be prior to all other liens thereon. All revenues, moneys and securities, as and when received, in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund in accordance with the Resolutions, will be validly subject to the pledge and lien created by the Resolutions.

3. The Series 44 Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, and in accordance with the Resolutions and the Certificate of Determination. The Series 44 Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the Corporation payable as provided in the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms, respectively, and the terms of the Resolutions, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws validly enacted affecting creditors' rights or remedies generally, and, except as otherwise set forth with respect to the State Covenant as to which a separate opinion has been rendered as aforesaid, are entitled, together with additional Bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and obligations of the Second General Bond Resolution and of the Act.
4. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State his certificate stating such sum, if any, as shall be necessary to restore the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement under the Second General Bond Resolution. Subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act providing for the appropriation and payment to the Corporation for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund of such sum as shall be so certified by the Chairman, does not constitute an enforceable obligation or debt of the State, the amount of such sum being subject to annual appropriation for such purpose by the Legislature of the State, which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate such amount.

5. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and the Mayor of The City, the amounts required, pursuant to subdivision 1 of Section 3036 and of Section 3036-a of the Act, for deposit in the funds established by the Second General Bond Resolution at the time or times and in the manner provided therein, including the amounts required for deposit in the Bond Service Fund to pay all interest and all principal and redemption premium, if any, on bonds maturing or otherwise coming due and for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund to maintain such Fund at such Capital Reserve Fund requirement. Said subdivisions provide for the State Comptroller to pay such amounts to the Corporation for deposit as aforesaid, the source of such payments being the Aid Assistance Fund into which is paid such per capita aid, subject to certain prior claims as described above, and, to the extent required, subject to the prior claim of the holders of obligations of the Corporation issued or to be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution (as such term is defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), the Tax Assistance Fund into which is paid the Sales Tax, and to the extent required, out of the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax. The amount of per capita aid payable to The City and available for apportionment and payment from the General Fund of the State treasury and of such payments out of the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds to the Corporation are subject to annual appropriation for such purposes by the Legislature of the State which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate any such amounts so certified by the Chairman, as aforesaid.

6. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute a debt either of the State or of The City, and neither the State nor The City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

7. The State has the good right and lawful authority:

(a) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate out of the General Fund of the State amounts for the purpose of per capita aid and to provide, with respect to certain amounts of such per capita aid payable to The City in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the State Finance Law, for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account, of amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make any, or maintain any level of, such appropriation of per capita aid or to continue such procedure for apportionment and payment of such aid;

(b) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate to, the Corporation, from the Special Tax Account and from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make such appropriations;

(c) to suspend the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes and the taxes levied thereunder, in accordance with the Enabling Legislation;

(d) to impose and to increase or decrease the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax but the State is not bound or obligated to continue the imposition of said taxes; and
(e) to establish the Aid Assistance Fund and the Special Aid Account within the Aid Assistance Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Tax Assistance Fund and the Special Tax Account within the Tax Assistance Fund but the State is not bound or obligated to maintain the existence of said funds or accounts.

8. The Corporation, the holders of the Bonds, holders of any evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation or the holders of bonds or notes of The City do not have nor will they have a lien on the per capita aid referred to hereinbefore or the Stock Transfer Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Sales Tax, or the Special Accounts for the Corporation in the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds. We are further of the opinion that, in any suit, action or other proceeding (whether under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code or otherwise) wherein a creditor of The City or The City seeks to assert a right to any such Taxes, such Stock Transfer Tax Fund or such Special Accounts superior or equal to the rights of holders of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, neither The City nor such creditor will prevail in the court of final jurisdiction.

9. Under existing law, upon any failure of the State Legislature to make required appropriations for State debt obligations or upon the establishment of a note repayment account pursuant to Section 55 of the State Finance Law, moneys on deposit in the Stock Transfer Tax Fund and the Tax Assistance Fund, including the Special Tax Account therein (each such account or fund as presently constituted being a special fund of the State), would not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence neither Article 7, Section 16 of the State Constitution nor said Section 55 authorizes or mandates such moneys to be set apart by the State Comptroller either for the payment of State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. We are further of the opinion that, under existing law, collections of the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax which are to be deposited into the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, do not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence such collections would likewise not be authorized or mandated to be set apart or applied by the State Comptroller either for the payment of the State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. Per capita aid is, under existing law, derived from the General Fund of the State and hence, in the event of a failure to appropriate as above described, revenues of the State, otherwise applicable to the General Fund and therefore available for appropriation as per capita aid will be subject to being set apart, or applied as aforesaid.

10. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including the City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

11. No registration with, consent of, or approval by any governmental agency or commission is necessary for the execution and delivery and the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

12. The adoption and performance of, and compliance with, all of the terms and conditions of the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds, and the execution and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds, will not result in a violation of or being in conflict with any term or provision of any existing law.

We have examined the executed Series 44 Bond numbered 44 -1 and, in our opinion, the form of said Bond and its execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,
Hawkins, Delafield & Wood
67 Wall Street, New York 10005

EXHIBIT C
to
Bond Purchase Agreement

March 1983

SALOMON BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED
CITIBANK, N.A.
CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK (NATIONAL ASSOCIATION)
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BEAR, STEARNS & CO.
L. F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, Towbin
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.

As representatives of the several Underwriters
named in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase
Agreement dated February 9, 1983 with the
Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City
of New York.

c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Gentlemen:

We are Bond Counsel to the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the
"Corporation") and are this day rendering our final approving opinion (the "Opinion") relating to the
authorization and issuance of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds"), dated February 1, 1983 and
authorized by the Second General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as
Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Resolutions".
The Opinion is being rendered in connection with the delivery of the Bonds to Salomon Brothers Inc on
behalf of the Underwriters named in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase Agreement for the Bonds (the "Bond
Purchase Agreement") by and among you, as representatives of said Underwriters and the Corporation.

In connection with the rendering of the Opinion, we have reviewed records of the acts taken by the
Corporation in connection with the authorization, sale and issuance of the Bonds, including a record of
proceedings of the Corporation relating to the authorization, execution and delivery of the Bond Purchase
Agreement were present at various meetings in connection therewith and have participated with others in the
preparation of various parts of the Official Statement with respect to the Bonds dated February 9, 1983 (the
"Official Statement")

In connection with the sale of the Bonds, at the request of the Corporation, we participated and assisted
as Bond Counsel in the preparation of the Official Statement and have reviewed the information and
representations contained therein. Rendering such assistance involved, among other things, discussions and
inquiries concerning various and related subjects, and reviews of and reports on certain documents and
proceedings. We also participated in conferences with the board of directors of the Corporation and its
officers, agents and employees, the State Comptroller and his deputy, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton &
Garrison, General Counsel for the Corporation, you and your counsel, White & Case, at which the contents of the Official Statement and related matters were discussed and revised.

The statements set forth in the Official Statement under the headings PAYMENT OF THE BONDS (other than the statistical and financial information under the headings "Per Capita Aid", "Sales Tax", "Quarterly Collections of Sales and Compensating Use Taxes in the City" and "Quarterly Collections of Stock Transfer Tax"), DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS (other than the statistical and financial information set forth therein), BONDS BEING OFFERED, AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK and SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION are accurate statements or summaries of the statutory provisions, documents or matters therein set forth.

In the course of the preparation of the Official Statement and in rendering the Opinion and this opinion we have received and relied upon the certificate of no litigation of the Corporation including statements to the effect that, except as noted in the Official Statement, there is no litigation of any nature now pending or threatened restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds, any proceedings of the Corporation taken with respect to the issuance thereof, the pledge or application of any revenues, moneys or securities provided for the payment of Bonds or the existence or powers of the Corporation. In such connection, we have also received and relied upon the opinion of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, dated the date hereof, with respect to the absence of litigation against the Corporation. While, except as above stated with respect to information under certain specific headings, we have not undertaken to verify independently and take no responsibility for the correctness or completeness of the statements made in the Official Statement (or in the statistical and financial information as to which we express no opinion) we can and do advise you that in the course of our participation in the preparation of the Official Statement and in our review thereof in the light of the discussion, inquiries and conferences referred to above, nothing has come to our attention which would lead us to believe that the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

We are further of the opinion that the Bond Purchase Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by, and constitutes a binding agreement of, the Corporation, enforceable in accordance with its terms.

We are further of the opinion that the Series 44 Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and is in full force and effect and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

We are further of the opinion that the issuance and sale to you of the Bonds pursuant to and as contemplated by the Bond Purchase Agreement is exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the resale of the Bonds by you would be similarly exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and there is no requirement for the qualification of the Resolutions or any indenture with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, and the Bonds constitute "municipal securities" within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are legal investments, under present provisions of New York law, for all public officers and bodies of the State and political subdivisions of the State and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the State.

Very truly yours,
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Dear Sirs:

The Corporation now has outstanding $184,160,000 in aggregate principal amount of its 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the “1978 Series JJ Bonds”) issued pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the “General Bond Resolution”) and a Series Resolution adopted December 22, 1977 (the “1978 Series JJ Resolution”). In accordance with the provisions of Section 203 and Article XIV of the General Bond Resolution, direct obligations of the United States of America have been placed in trust with United States Trust Company of New York, N. Y. (the “Trustee”, as such term is defined in the General Bond Resolution), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide monies sufficient to pay when due, the principal of and interest until the maturity or earlier redemption date on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds. The Corporation has directed the Trustee to redeem, by lot, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each 1978 Series JJ Bond so redeemed, on February 1 of each of the following years, the following aggregate principal amounts of 1978 Series JJ Bonds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
</tr>
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Each amount to be so redeemed represents the amount of the sinking fund installment provided for such dates in the 1978 Series JJ Resolution. The Trustee has been directed to pay the remaining principal due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, other than those so called for redemption, on their respective maturity dates.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the Corporation has duly provided for the payment of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the provisions of such Section 203 and Article XIV.

Very truly yours,
I, Robert Bouchard, Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State of New York, do hereby certify as follows:

I have reviewed the tabular data and footnotes set forth under the charts “Quarterly Collections of Sales and Compensating Use Taxes in the City” and “Quarterly Collections of Stock Transfer Tax” contained in the final official statement with respect to the Series 44 Bonds dated February 9, 1983, as the same has been heretofore supplemented or amended as of the date hereof (the “Official Statement”) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York under the sections captioned “Payment of the Bonds—Sales Tax” and “Payment of the Bonds—Stock Transfer Tax.” Such tabular data and footnotes are accurate in all material respects and there are no material omissions.

This certification constitutes my sole opinion and conclusion, and I express no opinion nor give certification with respect to any other portion of the Official Statement.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 9th day of March, 1983.

Robert Bouchard
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

EXTRACT OF MINUTES OF MEETING OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS
HELD ON FEBRUARY 9, 1983

After discussion, upon motion duly made, seconded and unanimously carried, it was:

RESOLVED, that the Series 44 Resolution, substantially in the form as presented to the meeting, with such non-substantive changes as General Counsel and Bond Counsel may in their discretion require, be and hereby is adopted.
After discussion, upon motion duly made, seconded and unanimously carried, it was:

RESOLVED, that the Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, substantially in the form as presented to the meeting, with such non-substantive changes as General Counsel and Bond Counsel may in their discretion require, be and hereby is adopted.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

Adopted November 25, 1975
RESOLUTION OF THE MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1001 of each of the General Bond Resolutions of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, adopted July 2, 1975 and November 25, 1975, respectively, each as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the “Resolutions”), Section 103 of each of the Resolutions is amended and supplemented by the addition thereto of the following paragraph:

“The Corporation covenants that it will issue no obligations pursuant to the Resolution the payment of which is guaranteed pursuant to the New York City Loan Guarantee Act of 1978, P.L. 95-339 (the “Guarantee Act”). The Corporation further covenants that it will issue no obligations pursuant to any other resolution the payment of which is guaranteed pursuant to the Guarantee Act unless, prior to the issuance of such guaranteed obligations, the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States has waived as to all obligations of the Corporation pursuant to Section 105(e) of the Guarantee Act any priority granted to the United States of America to payment on any debt owed to it by Section 3466 of the Revised Statutes of the United States of America.”

This resolution shall take effect immediately upon the filing of a certified copy with the Trustee as identified in each of the Resolutions.

Adopted: November 14, 1978
Certified copy filed with
Trustee November 17, 1978
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SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS AND STATUTORY AUTHORITY

101. Definitions. The following terms shall, for all purposes of this Resolution, except as otherwise defined, have the following meanings:

"Act" shall mean the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, and as further amended by Chapters 868 and 870 of the Laws of 1975, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, both as amended to the date of adoption of this Second General Bond Resolution.

"Authorized Newspaper" shall mean a newspaper customarily published at least once a day for at least five days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar week, printed in the English language and of general circulation in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

"Authorized Officer" shall mean any member of the Corporation, its Treasurer, Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, its Executive Director, and any other person authorized by resolution of the Corporation to perform the act or sign the document in question.

"Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Corporation, the members of which are appointed and qualified pursuant to the Act.

"Bond" or "Bonds" shall mean any Bond or the issue of Bonds, as the case may be, established and created by this Resolution and issued pursuant to a Series Resolution.

"Bond Service Fund" means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Bondholders" or "Holder of Bonds" or "Holder" (when used with reference to Bonds) or any similar term, shall mean any person or party who shall be the bearer of any Outstanding Bond or Bonds.
registered to bearer or not registered or the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond or Bonds which shall at the time be registered other than to bearer and "Holder" (when used with reference to coupons) shall mean any person who shall be the bearer of such coupons.

"Capital Reserve Fund" means the fund by that name established by Section 602.

"Capital Reserve Fund Requirement" shall mean, as of any date of calculation, the amount referred to as the capital reserve fund requirement in subdivision 4 of Section 3036-a of the Act, including, as provided in Section 901 hereof, for such purposes any unpaid and matured amounts of principal and interest on the Bonds, or such larger amount as may hereafter be authorized pursuant to the Act as amended from time to time.

"Chairman" shall mean the Chairman of the Board of the Corporation.

"City" shall mean the City of New York.

"Corporation" shall mean the Municipal Assistance Corporation for The City of New York, a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York constituting a public benefit corporation created by the Act, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the rights, powers, duties and functions of the Corporation.

"Counsel’s Opinion" shall mean an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys selected by or satisfactory to the Corporation (who may be counsel to the Corporation); provided, however, that for the purposes of Article II of this Resolution such term shall mean an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal bonds (who may be counsel to the Corporation) selected by the Corporation.

"Fiduciary" or "Fiduciaries" shall mean the Trustee, any Paying Agent, or any or all of them, as may be appropriate.

"First General Bond Resolution" shall mean the General Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on July 2, 1975 as heretofore and hereafter supplemented in accordance with the terms thereof.

"Fiscal Year" shall mean any twelve (12) consecutive calendar months commencing with the first day of July and ending on the last day of the following June.
"Governor" shall mean the Governor of the State.

"Mayor" shall mean the Mayor of the City.

"Operating Expenses" shall mean the Corporation's expenses of carrying out and administering its powers, duties and functions, as authorized by the Act, as then in effect, and shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing: administrative expenses, legal, accounting and consultant's services and expenses, payments to pension, retirement, health and hospitalization funds, and any other expenses required or permitted to be paid by the Corporation under the provisions of the Act, as then in effect, or this Resolution or the First General Bond Resolution or otherwise.

"Operating Fund" shall mean the fund by that name established by Section 602 of the First General Bond Resolution.

"Outstanding," when used with reference to Bonds, other than Bonds referred to in Section 1105 hereof, shall mean, as of any date, Bonds theretofore or then being delivered under the provisions of this Resolution, except: (i) any Bonds cancelled by the Trustee at or prior to such date, (ii) any Bonds for the payment or redemption of which monies equal to the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof, as the case may be, with interest to the date of maturity or redemption date, shall be held by the Trustee or the Paying Agents in trust (whether at or prior to the maturity or redemption date), provided that if such Bonds are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption shall have been given as in Article IV provided or provision satisfactory to the Trustee shall have been made for the giving of such notice, (iii) any Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been delivered pursuant to Article III or Section 406 or Section 1106, and (iv) Bonds deemed to have been paid as provided in subsection 2 of Section 1401.

"Outstanding Note Resolutions" shall mean the note resolutions adopted by the Corporation on September 15, 1975 and November 17, 1975.

"Outstanding Notes" means the notes issued by the Corporation pursuant to the Outstanding Note Resolutions.

"Paying Agent" for the Bonds of any Series shall mean the bank or trust company and its successor or successors, appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Resolution and a Series Resolution or any other resolution of the Corporation adopted prior to authentication and
delivery of the Series of Bonds for which such Paying Agent or Paying Agents shall be so appointed.

"Per Capita Aid" shall mean the amounts of per capita aid payable to the City pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Redemption Price" shall mean, with respect to any Bond, the principal amount thereof, plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof pursuant to this Resolution and the Series Resolution pursuant to which the same was issued.

"Refunding Bonds" shall mean all Bonds constituting the whole or a part of a Series of Bonds delivered on original issuance pursuant to Section 203.

"Resolution" shall mean this Second General Bond Resolution as from time to time amended or supplemented by Supplemental Resolutions or Series Resolutions in accordance with the terms and provisions hereof. The Resolution is sometimes referred to hereinafter as "this Resolution" or "the Resolution".

"Revenues" shall mean all payments to the Corporation pursuant to Sections 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except any payments to the Corporation for credit to the Operating Fund.

"Sales Tax" shall mean the sales and compensating use taxes imposed by Section 1107 of Article 28 of the Tax Law of the State.

"Serial Bonds" shall mean the bonds so designated in a Series Resolution.

"Series of Bonds" or "Bonds of a Series" or words of similar meaning shall mean the Series of Bonds authorized by a Series Resolution.

"Series Resolution" shall mean a resolution of the Corporation authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds in accordance with the terms and provisions hereof adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X.

"Sinking Fund Installment" shall mean as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series of Bonds, so long as any Bonds thereof are Outstanding, the amount of money required by a Series Resolution, pursuant to which such Bonds were issued, to be paid at all events by the Corporation on a single future July 1 for the retirement of any Outstanding Bonds of said Series which mature after said future July 1, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason only of the maturity of a Bond, and said future
July 1 is deemed to be the date when a Sinking Fund Installment is payable and the date of such Sinking Fund Installment and said Outstanding Bonds are deemed to be the Bonds entitled to such Sinking Fund Installment.

"Special Aid Account" shall mean the special account created for the Corporation in the State Aid Fund.

"State" shall mean the State of New York.

"State Aid Fund" shall mean the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund established pursuant to Section 92-c of the State Finance Law.

"Stock Transfer Tax" shall mean the tax on the sale or transfer of stock or other certificates imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law of the State.

"Supplemental Resolution" shall mean a resolution supplemental to or amendatory of this Resolution, adopted by the Corporation in accordance with Article X.

"Term Bonds" shall mean the bonds so designated in a Series Resolution and payable from Sinking FundInstallments.

"Trustee" shall mean the bank or trust company appointed pursuant to Section 801 to act as trustee hereunder, and its successor or successors and any other bank or trust company at any time substituted in its place pursuant to this Resolution.

Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter genders. Unless the context shall otherwise indicate, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include corporations and associations, including public bodies, as well as natural persons.

The terms "hereby," "hereof," "hereto," "herein," "hereunder," and any similar terms, as used in this Resolution, refer to this Resolution.

102. Authority for this Resolution. This Second General Bond Resolution is adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Act.

103. Resolution to Constitute Contract. In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of any and all of the Bonds authorized to be
issued hereunder by those who shall hold the same from time to time, the Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract between the Corporation and the Holders from time to time of the Bonds and coupons; and the pledge made in the Resolution and the covenants and agreements therein set forth to be performed on behalf of the Corporation shall be for the equal benefit, protection and security of the Holders of any and all of the Bonds and coupons, all of which, regardless of the time or times of their issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction of any of the Bonds or coupons over any other thereof except as expressly provided in or permitted by this Resolution.

ARTICLE II

AUTHORIZATION AND ISSUANCE OF BONDS

201. Authorization of Bonds. There is hereby established and created an issue of Bonds of the Corporation to be known and designated as "Bonds," which Bonds may be issued as hereinafter provided without limitation as to amount except as provided in this Resolution or as may be limited by law. There is hereby created by this Resolution, in the manner and to the extent provided herein, a continuing pledge and lien to secure the full and final payment of the principal, Sinking Fund Installments, if any, and Redemption Price of and interest on all of the Bonds issued pursuant to this Resolution. The Bonds shall be general obligations of the Corporation and are secured by the pledge effected pursuant to Section 601 hereof.

The Bonds of the Corporation shall not be a debt of either the State or The City, and neither the State nor The City shall be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation; and such Bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

Any provision hereof relating to the Stock Transfer Tax, the Sales Tax, or Per Capita Aid, or the funds created by Sections 92-b, 92-d or 92-e of the State Finance Law shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State in such funds from time to time and no liability on account thereof shall be incurred by the State beyond moneys available in such funds.

202. Provisions for Issuance of Bonds. 1. The issuance of the Bonds shall be authorized by a Series Resolution or Series Resolutions
of the Corporation adopted subsequent hereto and the Bonds may be issued in one or more Series. The Bonds of each Series, including Refunding Bonds, shall contain an appropriate Series designation.

Each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds shall also specify:

(1) The authorized principal amount of said Series of Bonds;

(2) The purposes for which such Series of Bonds are being issued, which shall be purposes authorized by the Act, as then in effect;

(3) The date or dates of issue, maturity date or dates and amounts of each maturity of the Bonds of said Series;

(4) The interest rate or rates, or the manner of determining such rate or rates of the Bonds of said Series, and the interest payment dates therefor;

(5) The denomination or denominations of, and the manner of numbering and lettering, the Bonds of such Series, provided that each Bond shall be of the denomination of $5,000 (or such lesser amount as shall be specified in the Series Resolution) or a multiple thereof not exceeding the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds of such Series maturing in the year of maturity of the Bond for which the denomination is to be specified;

(6) The Paying Agent or Paying Agents and, subject to the provisions of Section 802, the place or places of payment of the principal, Sinking Fund Installments, if any, and Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds of such Series; provided, however, that such Paying Agent or Paying Agents may be appointed by resolution of the Corporation adopted prior to authentication and delivery of such Series of Bonds in accordance with the provision of Section 802;

(7) The Redemption Price or Redemption Prices, if any, and, subject to Article IV, the redemption terms, if any, for the Bonds of such Series;

(8) If so determined by the Corporation, provisions for the sale or exchange of the Bonds of such Series and for the delivery thereof;
(9) The form or forms of the Bonds of such Series and the coupons to be attached to the coupon Bonds, if any, of such Series and of the Trustee’s certificate of authentication;

(10) The officer or employee of the Corporation directed to attest by manual or facsimile signature, the seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced on the Bonds of such Series; and

(11) Any other provisions deemed advisable by the Corporation, not in conflict with the provisions of this Resolution.

2. All of the Bonds of such Series shall be executed by the Corporation for issuance under the Resolution and delivered to the Trustee and thereupon shall from time to time and in such amounts as directed by the Corporation be authenticated by the Trustee and by it delivered to the Corporation or upon its order, but only upon the receipt by the Trustee of:

(1) A Counsel’s Opinion dated as of the date of such delivery by the Trustee to the effect that (i) the Corporation has the right and power under the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion to adopt the Resolution (with such approvals as may be required by the Act as so amended), and the Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and such approvals given, is in full force and effect and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms, and no other authorization for the Resolution is required; (ii) the Resolution creates the valid pledge which it purports to create of the Revenues, moneys, securities and funds held or set aside under the Resolution, subject to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted by the Resolution; and (iii) the Bonds of such Series are valid and binding obligations of the Corporation as provided in the Resolution, enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolution and entitled to the benefits of the Resolution and of the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and such Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with law, including the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and in accordance with the Resolution;

(2) A written order as to the delivery of such Bonds, signed by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation;
(3) A copy of the Series Resolution authorizing such Bonds, certified by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation;

(4) Except in the case of Refunding Bonds, a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation stating that the Corporation is not in default in the performance of any of the covenants, conditions, agreements or provisions contained in the Resolution or in the First General Bond Resolution; and

(5) Such further documents, moneys and securities as are required by the provisions of this Section 202, and Section 203, or Article X or any Supplemental Resolution adopted pursuant to Article X.

3. No Series of Bonds, other than any Series of Bonds authorized by one or more Series Resolutions adopted prior to November 30, 1975, issued under the Resolution shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee except upon receipt by the Trustee of:

(1) A certificate by the New York State Commissioner of Taxation and Finance setting forth the most recent collections for the 12 consecutive calendar months ended not more than two months prior to the date of such certificate, of the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax, and such other taxes, which as of the date of issuance of any such Series of Bonds are levied and collected by the State and are payable into the special account in the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund established for the Corporation.

Where the amount for such 12 consecutive calendar months is greater than the revenue expected by said Commissioner for the next succeeding 12 months from such Sales Tax, Stock Transfer Tax and such other taxes, the certificate shall set forth the estimated amount which is expected to be levied and collected in such next succeeding 12 months and paid into such special account. Any distortion for any such prior 12 consecutive month period occasioned by a change in payment dates, prepayments, and late payments of such Sales Tax, Stock Transfer Tax or such other taxes shall be taken into account in such certification by increasing or decreasing the estimated amount of Sales Tax, Stock Transfer Tax or such other taxes to be levied and collected. In the event the Sales Tax or such other taxes have not been in effect for 12 calendar months
said Commissioner shall use, respectively, collections of the sales and compensating use taxes previously imposed by the City or collections of the tax similarly based to the other taxes referred to above if such tax was previously imposed by the City, as the amount to be certified in lieu of actual collections of the Sales Tax or other taxes, for those months the Sales Tax or other taxes were not in effect;

(2) A certificate of the State Comptroller or the State Director of the Budget setting forth the estimated amount of Per Capita Aid available to be apportioned and paid (or to the extent previously apportioned and paid, the actual amount so apportioned and paid and the estimated amount, if any, available to be apportioned and paid) into the Special Aid Account for the fiscal year of the State during which such Series of Bonds are issued, provided, however, that for the fiscal year of the State ending March 31, 1976, such certificate shall set forth the amount actually apportioned and paid to the City;

(3) A certificate by an Authorized Officer setting forth (a) the maximum amount of principal and interest maturing or otherwise coming due in the current or any succeeding Fiscal Year on any outstanding obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and the Outstanding Note Resolutions (b) the aggregate amount of the principal on Serial Bonds, the Sinking Fund Installments, maturities of Term Bonds not required to be paid from Sinking Fund Installments and interest on all Outstanding Bonds, including such Series, for each Fiscal Year and (c) the aggregate amount of Operating Expenses as estimated by an Authorized Officer for the current Fiscal Year; and

(4) A certificate by an Authorized Officer stating that the aggregate of the amounts set forth pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) above after deducting the amount set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) above and the Operating Expenses set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(c) above, will be at least 1.2 times such aggregate amount set forth in (3)(b) above for each Fiscal Year set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) above.

203. Provisions for Refunding Bonds. (1) All or any part of one or more Series of Refunding Bonds may be authenticated and delivered
upon original issuance to refund all Outstanding Bonds or any part of one or more Series of Outstanding Bonds. No part of a Series of Bonds may be refunded if the Bonds being refunded bear interest at a rate lower than the Bonds of such Series not being refunded. Refunding Bonds shall be issued in a principal amount sufficient, together with other moneys available therefor, to accomplish such refunding and to make such deposits required by the provisions of the Act, this Section and of the Series Resolution authorizing said Series of Refunding Bonds.

(2) A Series of Refunding Bonds may be authenticated and delivered only upon receipt by the Trustee (in addition to the receipt by it of the documents required by Section 202) of:

(a) Irrevocable instructions to the Trustee, satisfactory to it, to give due notice of redemption of all the Bonds to be refunded on the redemption date specified in such instructions;

(b) Irrevocable instructions to the Trustee, satisfactory to it, to make due publication of the notice provided for in Section 1401 to the Holders of the Bonds and coupons being refunded;

(c) Either (i) moneys in an amount sufficient to effect payment at the applicable Redemption Price of the Bonds to be refunded, together with accrued interest on such Bonds to the redemption date, which moneys shall be held by the Trustee or any one or more of the Paying Agents in a separate account irrevocably in trust for and assigned to the respective Holders of the Bonds to be refunded, or (ii) direct obligations of the United States of America in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest, and otherwise having such terms and qualifications, as shall be necessary to comply with the provisions of subsection 2 of Section 1401 and any moneys required pursuant to said subsection 2, which direct obligations of the United States of America and moneys shall be held in trust and used only as provided in said subsection 2; and

(d) A certificate of an Authorized Officer containing such additional statements as may be reasonably necessary to show compliance with the requirements of subsection 1 and this subsection 2 of this Section 203.
204. Additional Obligations. The Corporation reserves the right to issue bonds, notes or any other obligations, under another and separate resolution so long as the same are not entitled to a charge or lien or right prior or equal to the charge or lien created by, or prior or equal to the rights of the Corporation and Holders of the Bonds provided by, this Resolution and the Act, or with respect to the monies pledged under the Resolution or with respect to proceeds from the Per Capita Aid, the Sales Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax or the sources set forth in the Act, provided however, that, except as otherwise provided in Section 909 hereof the foregoing shall not limit any right, including the right to issue additional obligations, which the Corporation has on the date of adoption of this Resolution under the First General Bond Resolution.

ARTICLE III

GENERAL TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF BONDS

301. Medium of Payment; Form and Date. The Bonds shall be payable, with respect to interest, principal and Redemption Price, in any coin or currency of the United States of America which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

The Bonds of each Series shall be issued in the form of coupon Bonds, registrable as to principal only, or in the form of fully registered Bonds without coupons, or in both such forms.

Coupon Bonds of each Series shall be dated as of the date specified in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof. Coupon Bonds of each Series shall bear interest from the date specified in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof, payable in accordance with, and upon surrender of, the appurtenant interest coupons as they severally mature. Registered Bonds of each Series issued prior to the first interest payment date thereof shall be dated as of the date specified in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof. Registered Bonds issued on or subsequent to the first interest payment date thereof shall be dated as of the date six months preceding the interest payment date next following the date of delivery thereof, unless such date of delivery shall be an interest payment date, in which case they shall be dated as of such date of delivery; provided, however, that if, as shown by the records of the Trustee, interest on the Bonds of any Series shall be in default, the registered Bonds of such Series issued in lieu of Bonds surrendered for transfer or ex-
change may be dated as of the date to which interest has been paid in full on the Bonds surrendered. Registered Bonds of each Series shall bear interest from their date except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution.

For all purposes of the Act relating to or dealing with the date of the Bonds, registered Bonds of any Series shall be deemed to be dated as of the date specified for the Bonds of such Series in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof.

All Bonds of each Series shall mature on July 1 of each year in which a maturity is fixed by a Series Resolution. Interest on all Bonds of each Series, except the first installment of interest due on the Bonds of a Series, shall be payable semi-annually on July 1 and January 1 of each year in which an installment of interest becomes due as fixed by a Series Resolution. The first installment of interest due on the Bonds of a Series may be for such period as the Corporation shall fix by Series Resolution provided that the due date thereof shall be January 1 or July 1.

302. Legends. The Bonds of each Series may contain or have endorsed thereon such provisions, specifications and descriptive words not inconsistent with the provisions of this Resolution as may be necessary or desirable to comply with custom, or otherwise, as may be determined by the Corporation prior to the delivery thereof.

303. Execution and Authentication. (1) The Bonds shall be executed in the name of the Corporation by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman or other Authorized Officer and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) shall be thereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced, and attested by the manual or a facsimile signature of such officer or employee of the Corporation as shall be authorized and directed pursuant to the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof, or in such other manner as may be required by law. In case any one or more of the officers or employees who shall have signed or sealed any of the Bonds shall cease to be such officer or employee before the Bonds so signed and sealed shall have been actually authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, such Bonds may, nevertheless, be authenticated and delivered as herein provided, and may be issued as if the persons who signed or sealed such Bonds
change may be dated as of the date to which interest has been paid in full on the Bonds surrendered. Registered Bonds of each Series shall bear interest from their date except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution.

For all purposes of the Act relating to or dealing with the date of the Bonds, registered Bonds of any Series shall be deemed to be dated as of the date specified for the Bonds of such Series in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof.

All Bonds of each Series shall mature on July 1 of each year in which a maturity is fixed by a Series Resolution. Interest on all Bonds of each Series, except the first installment of interest due on the Bonds of a Series, shall be payable semi-annually on July 1 and January 1 of each year in which an installment of interest becomes due as fixed by a Series Resolution. The first installment of interest due on the Bonds of a Series may be for such period as the Corporation shall fix by Series Resolution provided that the due date thereof shall be January 1 or July 1.

302. *Legends.* The Bonds of each Series may contain or have endorsed thereon such provisions, specifications and descriptive words not inconsistent with the provisions of this Resolution as may be necessary or desirable to comply with custom, or otherwise, as may be determined by the Corporation prior to the delivery thereof.

303. *Execution and Authentication.* (1) The Bonds shall be executed in the name of the Corporation by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman or other Authorized Officer and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) shall be thereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced, and attested by the manual or a facsimile signature of such officer or employee of the Corporation as shall be authorized and directed pursuant to the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance thereof, or in such other manner as may be required by law. In case any one or more of the officers or employees who shall have signed or sealed any of the Bonds shall cease to be such officer or employee before the Bonds so signed and sealed shall have been actually authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, such Bonds may, nevertheless, be authenticated and delivered as herein provided, and may be issued as if the persons who signed or sealed such Bonds
had not ceased to hold such offices or be so employed. Any Bond of a Series may be signed and sealed on behalf of the Corporation by such persons as at the actual time of the execution of such Bond shall be duly authorized or hold the proper office in or employment by the Corporation, although at the date of the Bonds of such Series such persons may not have been so authorized or have held such office or employment.

(2) The coupons to be attached to the coupon Bonds of each Series shall be signed by the facsimile signature of the present or any future Chairman of the Corporation, or in such other manner as may be required by law, and the Corporation may adopt and use for that purpose the facsimile signature of any person or persons who shall have been Chairman of the Corporation at any time on or after the date of the Bonds of such Series, notwithstanding that he may not have been such Chairman at the date of any such Bond or may have ceased to be such Chairman at the time when any such Bond shall be actually authenticated and delivered.

(3) The Bonds of each Series shall bear thereon a certificate of authentication, in the form set forth in the Series Resolution authorizing such Bonds, executed manually by the Trustee unless the Series Resolution shall authorize execution by the Trustee by facsimile signature. Only such Bonds as shall bear thereon such certificate of authentication shall be entitled to any right or benefit under the Resolution and no Bond and no coupon thereunto appertaining shall be valid or obligatory for any purpose until such certificate of authentication shall have been duly executed by the Trustee. Such certificate of the Trustee upon any Bond executed on behalf of the Corporation shall be conclusive evidence that the Bond so authenticated has been duly authenticated and delivered under the Resolution and that the Holder thereof is entitled to the benefits of the Resolution.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in Section 309, the Trustee, before authenticating and delivering any coupon Bonds, shall cut off, cancel and destroy all matured coupons thereto attached, except matured coupons for which payment in full has not been provided; provided, however, that when coupon Bonds are issued in exchange for registered Bonds of any Series upon which interest is in default, as shown by the records of the Trustee, such coupon Bonds shall have attached thereto all coupons maturing after the date to which interest has been paid
in full, as shown by the records of the Trustee, and in case any interest installments shall have been paid in part, appropriate notation shall be made on the coupons to evidence such fact.

304. Interchangeability of Bonds. Coupon Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee with all unmatured coupons attached, may, at the option of the Holder thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of registered Bonds of the same Series and maturity of any of the authorized denominations.

Registered Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, may, at the option of the registered owner thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of coupon Bonds of the same Series and maturity with appropriate coupons attached, or of registered Bonds of the same Series and maturity of any other authorized denominations.

305. Negotiability, Transfer and Registry. All the Bonds issued under this Resolution shall be negotiable as provided in the Act, subject to the provisions for registration and transfer contained in this Resolution and in the Bonds. So long as any of the Bonds shall remain Outstanding, the Corporation shall maintain and keep, at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, books for the registration and transfer of Bonds; and, upon presentation thereof for such purpose at said office, the Corporation shall register or cause to be registered therein, and permit to be transferred thereon, under such reasonable regulations as it or the Trustee may prescribe, any Bond entitled to registration or transfer. So long as any of the Bonds remain Outstanding, the Corporation shall make all necessary provisions to permit the exchange of Bonds at the corporate trust office of the Trustee.

306. Transfer and Registration of Coupon Bonds. All coupon Bonds shall pass by delivery, unless registered as to principal other than to bearer in the manner provided in this Section 306. Any coupon Bond may be registered as to principal on the books of the Corporation at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, upon presentation
thereof at said office and the payment of a charge sufficient to reimburse the Corporation or the Trustee for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such registration, and such registration shall be noted on such Bond. After said registration no transfer thereof shall be valid unless made on said books by the registered owner in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, and similarly noted on such Bond; but such Bond may be discharged from registration by being in like manner transferred to bearer, after which it shall again become transferable by delivery. Thereafter such Bond may again, from time to time, be registered or discharged from registration in the same manner. Registration of any coupon Bond as to principal, however, shall not affect the negotiability by delivery of the coupons appertaining to such Bond, but every such coupon shall continue to pass by delivery and shall remain payable to bearer.

As to any coupon Bond registered as to principal other than to bearer the person in whose name the same shall be registered upon the books of the Corporation may be deemed and treated as the absolute owner thereof, whether such Bond shall be overdue or not, for all purposes, except for the purpose of receiving payment of coupons; and payment of, or on account of, the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of such Bond shall be made only to, or upon the order of, such registered owner thereof, but such registration may be changed as above provided. All such payments shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid. The Corporation, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may deem and treat the bearer of any coupon as the absolute owner thereof, whether such coupon shall be overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment thereof and for all other purposes whatsoever, and may deem and treat the bearer of any coupon Bond which shall not at the time be registered as to principal other than to bearer, or the person in whose name any coupon Bond for the time being shall be registered upon the books of the Corporation, as the absolute owner of such Bond, whether such Bond shall be overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment of the principal or Redemption Price thereof and for all other purposes whatsoever except for the purpose of receiving payment of coupons, and neither the Corporation, nor the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. The Corporation agrees to indemnify and save the Trustee and each Paying Agent harmless from
and against any and all loss, cost, charge, expense, judgment or liability incurred by it, acting in good faith and without negligence hereunder, in so treating such bearer or registered owner.

307. **Transfer of Registered Bonds.** Each registered Bond shall be transferable only upon the books of the Corporation, which shall be kept for the purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, by the registered owner thereof in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender thereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney. Upon the transfer of any such registered Bond, the Corporation shall issue in the name of the transferee a new registered Bond or Bonds or, at the option of the transferee, coupon Bonds, with appropriate coupons attached, of the same aggregate principal amount and Series and maturity as the surrendered Bond.

The Corporation and the Trustee may deem and treat the person in whose name any Outstanding registered Bond shall be registered upon the books of the Corporation as the absolute owner of such Bond, whether such Bond shall be overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal and Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on such Bond and for all other purposes whatsoever, and all such payments so made to any such registered owner or upon his order shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, and neither the Corporation nor the Trustee shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. The Corporation agrees to indemnify and save the Trustee harmless from and against any and all loss, cost, charge, expense, judgment or liability incurred by it, acting in good faith and without negligence hereunder, in so treating such registered owner.

308. **Regulations with Respect to Exchanges and Transfers.** In all cases in which the privilege of exchanging Bonds or transferring registered Bonds is exercised, the Corporation shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver Bonds in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution. All Bonds and coupons surrendered in any such exchanges or transfers shall forthwith be cancelled by the Trustee, provided however, the Trustee is authorized to retain any coupon Bond so surrendered and to re-issue any Bond so retained with unmatured coupons representing interest to become due attached thereto in exchange for a registered Bond or Bonds in accordance with the provisions of Section 304 hereof (any Bond or coupons so retained by the Trustee...
shall not be deemed Outstanding while so retained). For every such exchange or transfer of Bonds, whether temporary or definitive, the Corporation or the Trustee may make a charge sufficient to reimburse it for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer, which sum or sums shall be paid by the person requesting such exchange or transfer as a condition precedent to the exercise of the privilege of making such exchange or transfer. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Resolution, the cost of preparing each new coupon Bond or registered Bond upon each exchange or transfer, and any other expenses of the Corporation or the Trustee incurred in connection therewith (except any applicable tax, fee or other governmental charge) shall be paid by the Corporation as an Operating Expense. The Corporation shall not be obliged to make any such exchange or transfer of Bonds of any Series during the ten (10) days next preceding an interest payment date on the Bonds of such Series or, in the case of any proposed redemption of Bonds of such Series, next preceding the date of the selection of Bonds to be redeemed.

309. Bonds Mutilated, Destroyed, Stolen or Lost. In case any Bond shall become mutilated or be destroyed, stolen or lost, the Corporation shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver a new Bond (with appropriate coupons attached in the case of coupon Bonds) of like Series, maturity and principal amount as the Bond and attached coupons, if any, so mutilated, destroyed, stolen or lost, in exchange and substitution for such mutilated Bond, upon surrender and cancellation of such mutilated Bond and attached coupons, if any, or in lieu of and substitution for the Bond and coupons, if any, destroyed, stolen or lost, upon filing with Corporation evidence satisfactory to the Corporation and the Trustee that such Bond and attached coupons, if any, have been destroyed, stolen or lost and proof of ownership thereof, and upon furnishing the Corporation and the Trustee with indemnity satisfactory to them and complying with such other reasonable regulations as the Corporation and the Trustee may prescribe and paying such expenses as the Corporation and the Trustee may incur in connection therewith. All Bonds and coupons so surrendered to the Trustee shall be cancelled by it and evidence of such cancellation shall be given to the Corporation.

310. Preparation of Definitive Bonds; Temporary Bonds. The definitive Bonds of each Series shall be lithographed or printed on steel engraved borders. Until the definitive Bonds of any Series are prepared, the Corporation may execute, in the same manner as is provided in
Section 303, and upon the request of the Corporation, the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in lieu of definitive Bonds, but subject to the same provisions, limitations and conditions as the definitive coupon Bonds, except as to the denominations thereof and as to exchangeability for registered Bonds, one or more temporary Bonds (which may be registrable as to principal and interest), substantially of the tenor of the definitive coupon Bonds in lieu of which such temporary Bond or Bonds are issued, but with or without coupons, in authorized denominations or any whole multiples thereof authorized by the Corporation, and with such omissions, insertions and variations as may be appropriate to temporary Bonds. The installments of interest payable on such temporary Bonds in bearer form shall be payable only upon the presentation and surrender of the coupons therefor attached thereto or, if no coupons for such interest are attached thereto, then only upon presentation of such temporary Bonds for notation thereon of the payment of such interest. The Corporation at its own expense shall prepare and execute and, upon the surrender at the corporate trust office of the Trustee of such temporary Bonds, with all unmatured coupons, if any, and all matured coupons, if any, for which no payment or only partial payment has been provided, attached, for exchange and the cancellation of such surrendered temporary Bonds and coupons, the Trustee shall authenticate and, without charge to the Holder thereof, deliver in exchange therefor, at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, definitive coupon Bonds, with appropriate coupons attached, or, at the option of the Holder, definitive registered Bonds, of the same aggregate principal amount and Series and maturity as the temporary Bonds surrendered. Until so exchanged, the temporary Bonds shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits and security as definitive Bonds authenticated and issued pursuant to this Resolution.

All temporary Bonds surrendered in exchange for a definitive Bond or Bonds shall be forthwith cancelled by the Trustee.

**ARTICLE IV**

**Redemption of Bonds**

401. *Privilege of Redemption and Redemption Price.* Bonds subject to redemption prior to maturity pursuant to the provisions of a Series Resolution shall be redeemable, upon published notice as provided in this Article IV, at such times, at such Redemption Prices and upon such terms as may be specified in the Series Resolution authorizing such Series.
402. Redemption at the Election or Direction of the Corporation. In the case of any redemption of Bonds other than as provided in Section 403, the Corporation shall give written notice to the Trustee of its election or direction so to redeem, of the redemption date, of the Series, of the principal amounts of the Bonds of each maturity of such Series to be redeemed (which Series, maturities and principal amounts thereof to be redeemed shall be determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion, subject to any limitations with respect thereto contained in the Act or this Resolution and any Series Resolution) and of the monies to be applied to the payment of the Redemption Price. Such notice shall be given at least sixty (60) days prior to the redemption date or such shorter period as shall be acceptable to the Trustee. In the event notice of redemption shall have been given as in Section 405 provided, the Trustee, if it holds the monies to be applied to the payment of the Redemption Price, or otherwise the Corporation, shall, prior to the redemption date, pay to the Trustee and the appropriate Paying Agent or Paying Agents an amount in cash which, in addition to other monies, if any, available therefor held by the Trustee and such Paying Agent or Paying Agents, will be sufficient to redeem, on the redemption date at the Redemption Price thereof, together with interest accrued to the redemption date, all of the Bonds to be redeemed. The Corporation shall promptly notify the Trustee in writing of all such payments made by the Corporation to a Paying Agent.

403. Redemption Other Than at Corporation's Election or Direction. Whenever by the terms of this Resolution the Trustee is required to redeem Bonds other than at the election or direction of the Corporation, the Trustee shall select the Bonds to be redeemed, give the notice of redemption and pay the Redemption Price thereof, together with interest accrued to the redemption date, to itself and the appropriate Paying Agents in accordance with the terms of this Article IV and, to the extent applicable, the provisions of Section 605.

404. Selection of Bonds to Be Redeemed by Lot. In the event of redemption of less than all of the Outstanding Bonds of like Series and maturity, the Trustee shall assign to each such Outstanding registered Bond of the Series and maturity to be redeemed a distinctive number for each unit of the principal amount of such Bond equal to the lowest
denomination of the coupon Bonds of such Series and shall select by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its discretion, from the numbers of all such coupon Bonds then Outstanding and the numbers assigned to such registered Bonds as many numbers as, at such unit amount equal to the lowest denomination of coupon Bonds of such Series for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed. In making such selections the Trustee may draw the Bonds by lot (a) individually or (b) by one or more groups, the grouping for the purpose of such drawing to be by serial numbers (or, in the case of Bonds of a denomination of more than the lowest denomination of the coupon Bonds of such Series, by the numbers assigned thereto as in this Section 404 provided) which end in the same digit or in the same two digits. In case, upon any drawing by groups, the total principal amount of Bonds drawn shall exceed the amount to be redeemed, the excess may be deducted from any group or groups so drawn in such manner as the Trustee may determine. The Trustee may in its discretion assign numbers to aliquot portions of Bonds and select part of any Bond for redemption. The Bonds to be redeemed shall be the coupon Bonds bearing the numbers so selected and the registered Bonds to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided, however, that only so much of the principal amount of each such registered Bond of a denomination of more than the lowest denomination of the coupon Bonds of such Series shall be redeemed as shall equal the lowest denomination of the coupon Bonds of such Series for each number assigned to it and so selected.

405. Notice of Redemption. When the Trustee shall receive notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem Bonds pursuant to Section 402, and when redemption of Bonds is required by this Resolution pursuant to Section 403, the Trustee shall give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such Bonds, which notice shall specify the Series and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed, the redemption date and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable and, if less than all of the Bonds of any like Series and maturity are to be redeemed, the letters and numbers or other distinguishing marks of such Bonds so to be redeemed, and, in the case of registered Bonds to be redeemed in part only, such notice shall also specify the respective portions of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. Such notice shall further state
that on such date there shall become due and payable upon each Bond to be redeemed the Redemption Price thereof, or the Redemption Price of the specified portions of the principal thereof in the case of registered Bonds to be redeemed in part only, together with interest accrued to the redemption date, and that from and after such date interest thereon shall cease to accrue and be payable. Such notice shall be given by publication once a week for at least two (2) successive weeks in an Authorized Newspaper, the first such publication to be not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the redemption date. In case, by reason of the temporary or permanent suspension of publication of any newspaper, or by reason of any other cause, it shall be impossible to make publication of any required notice as herein provided, then such publication or other notice in lieu thereof as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient publication of such notice, provided that such publication or other notice shall, so far as may be possible, approximate the terms and conditions of the publication in lieu of which it is given. The Trustee shall also mail a copy of such notice, postage prepaid, not less than thirty (30) days before the redemption date, to the registered owners of any Bonds or portions of Bonds which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses, if any, appearing upon the registry books, but such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure so to mail any such notice shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of Bonds.

406. Payment of Redeemed Bonds. Notice having been given by publication in the manner provided in Section 405, the Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall become due and payable on the redemption date so designated at the Redemption Price, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date, and, upon presentation and surrender thereof at the offices specified in such notice, together with, in the case of Bonds registered other than to bearer presented by other than the registered owner, a written instrument of transfer duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney, and, in the case of coupon Bonds, all appurtenant coupons maturing subsequent to the redemption date, such Bonds, or portions thereof, shall be paid at the Redemption Price plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date not represented by coupons for matured interest installments. All interest installments represented by
coupons which shall have matured on or prior to the redemption date shall continue to be payable to the bearers of such coupons. If there shall be drawn for redemption less than all of a registered Bond, the Corporation shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, upon the surrender of such Bond, without charge to the owner thereof, for the unredeemed balance of the principal amount of the registered Bond so surrendered, at the option of the owner thereof, either coupon Bonds or registered Bonds of like Series and maturity in any of the authorized denominations. If, on the redemption date, monies for the redemption of all the Bonds or portions thereof of any like Series and maturity to be redeemed, together with interest to the redemption date, shall be held by the Trustee and Paying Agents so as to be available therefor on said date and if notice of redemption shall have been published as aforesaid, then, from and after the redemption date, interest on the Bonds or portions thereof of such Series and maturity so called for redemption shall cease to accrue, and the coupons for interest appertaining thereto maturing subsequent to the redemption date shall be void. If said monies shall not be so available on the redemption date, such Bonds or portions thereof shall continue to bear interest until paid at the same rate as they would have borne had they not been called for redemption.

ARTICLE V

CUSTODY AND APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROCEEDS OF BONDS

501. Application of Certain Proceeds. (1) The Corporation shall apply the amount of the proceeds derived from the sale of each Series of Bonds as shall be specified in the Series Resolution authorizing such Series.

(2) Accrued interest, if any, received upon the delivery of such Series of Bonds shall be deposited in the Bond Service Fund unless such amount is to be otherwise applied as provided in the Series Resolution authorizing such Series. The amount received as a premium over the principal amount of such Series of Bonds, if any, upon the delivery of such Series shall be applied as provided in the Series Resolution authorizing such Series.
ARTICLE VI

ESTABLISHMENT OF FUNDS AND APPLICATION THEREOF

601. The Pledge Effectuated by the Resolution. The proceeds of sale of the Bonds, the Revenues, and all funds established by the Resolution, and other monies and securities referred to herein (other than monies and securities in the Operating Fund) are hereby pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution, subject only to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution. The pledge created by this Resolution, insofar as it relates to revenues, monies and securities and funds pledged either under the First General Bond Resolution or the Outstanding Note Resolutions is, and is hereby expressly declared to be, subordinate in all respects to the pledge of such revenues, monies and securities and funds created by the First General Bond Resolution or the Outstanding Note Resolutions. This pledge shall be valid and binding from and after the time of adoption of this Resolution, and the proceeds of sale of the Bonds, the Revenues as received by the Corporation, all funds and other monies and securities herein pledged shall immediately be subject to the lien of this pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act, and the lien of this pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the Corporation irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof.

602. Establishment of Funds. The following funds are hereby established:

(1) Bond Service Fund, to be held by the Trustee,

(2) Capital Reserve Fund, to be held by the Trustee.

603. Application of Payments. The payments received in accordance with subdivision 1 of Section 3036-a of the Act shall be applied to the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund and to the Capital Reserve Fund in accordance with certificates of the Chairman pursuant to which the payment is made, provided, however, that if the amount
of the payment is less than the amount certified, the payment shall be applied pro rata to the respective Funds on the basis of the respective amounts certified. No Revenues received as such payments shall be deposited in the Operating Fund.

604. Operating Fund. The Corporation shall pay out of the Operating Fund the amounts required for the payment of Operating Expenses.

605. Bond Service Fund.

1. The Trustee shall on or before the business day preceding each interest payment date for any of the Bonds pay, out of the amounts then held in the Bond Service Fund, to itself and the Paying Agents, the amounts respectively required for the payment of principal, Sinking Fund Installments, if any, and Redemption Price of, if any, and interest on any Bonds due and payable on such date, and such amounts so paid out shall be irrevocably pledged to and applied to such payments.

2. In the event that on the business day preceding any interest payment date, the amount in the Bond Service Fund shall be less than the amounts respectively required for payment of interest on the Outstanding Bonds and for the payment of the principal and Sinking Fund Installments of the Outstanding Bonds of any Series due and payable on such interest payment date, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Capital Reserve Fund and deposit into the Bond Service Fund such amounts as will increase the amount in the Bond Service Fund to an amount sufficient to make such payment or payments.

3. As soon as practicable after the 45th day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Installment, the Trustee shall proceed to call for redemption, pursuant to Section 403 hereof on such due date, Term Bonds of the Series and maturity for which such Sinking Fund Installment was established in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of the principal amount specified for such Sinking Fund Installment of the Term Bonds of such Series and maturity. The Trustee shall so call such Term Bonds for redemption whether or not it then has monies in the Bond Service Fund sufficient to pay the applicable principal amount thereof, together with interest thereon to the redemption date. The Trustee shall pay out of the Bond Service Fund
to the appropriate Paying Agents, on the day preceding each such redemption date, the amount required for the redemption of the Term Bonds so called for redemption, and such amount shall be applied by such Paying Agents to such redemption.

4. The Corporation may, at any time subsequent to the second day of July of any year but in no event less than forty-five (45) days prior to the succeeding first day of July on which a Sinking Fund Installment is scheduled to be due, direct the Trustee to purchase, with monies in the Bond Service Fund, at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of such purchase, Term Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment and any Term Bonds so purchased prior to the first day of July shall be cancelled by the Trustee and evidence of such cancellation shall be given to the Corporation and the aggregate principal amount of the Term Bonds so purchased shall be credited against the Sinking Fund Installment due on such first day of July.

606. Capital Reserve Fund.

1. The Corporation shall deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (i) all monies paid to the Corporation pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act for the purpose of maintaining or restoring the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to the amount of the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) such portion of the proceeds of sale of Bonds, if any, as shall be prescribed by Series Resolution; and (iii) any other monies which may be made available to the Corporation for the purposes of the Capital Reserve Fund from any other source or sources.

2. Monies and securities held for the credit of the Capital Reserve Fund shall be withdrawn by the Trustee and deposited to the credit of the Bond Service Fund at the times and in the amounts required to comply with the provisions of paragraph 2 of Section 605. At any time after December 31, 1980, monies and securities in the Capital Reserve Fund in excess of the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement, upon direction of the Corporation, may be withdrawn by the Trustee and deposited to the credit of the Bond Service Fund.

3. In order further to assure the maintenance of the Capital Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement and in compliance with the requirements of subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act, the Chairman shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the
Budget of the State (with a copy to the Trustee) his certificate stating the sum, if any, required to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement. All monies received by the Corporation from the State pursuant to any such certification, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act, as amended, shall be deposited in the Capital Reserve Fund, as required by paragraph 1 of this Section 606.

4. Monies and securities held for the credit of the Capital Reserve Fund may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn from the Capital Reserve Fund by the Trustee and deposited in the Bond Service Fund for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time provided that subsequent to such purchase or redemption the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund will not be less than the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement.

607. Certificate to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor of The City of New York. In order to assure the maintenance of the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund, not less than one hundred and twenty days before the beginning of each Fiscal Year (but prior to February 12 in each calendar year) (but not later than March 1, 1976 for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1976), the Chairman shall certify to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor (with a copy to the Trustee) a schedule setting forth the cash requirements of the Corporation for such Fiscal Year and the time or times when such cash is required, which certification shall be revised from time to time as required. The total amount so certified by such Chairman for such Fiscal Year shall be equal to: (i) the amounts which are required to be deposited in the Capital Reserve Fund during such Fiscal Year in order to maintain the Capital Reserve Fund at the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement; (ii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Bond Service Fund to pay all interest on and all payments of principal, Sinking Fund Installments, if any, and Redemption Price, if any, of Bonds maturing or otherwise coming due during such Fiscal Year; and (iii) the amounts required to be deposited in the Operating Fund as determined by the Corporation, to meet the Operating Expenses of the Corporation during such Fiscal Year. In order further to secure the obligations of the Corporation, including the Bonds, each quarterly payment (to be made on or before April 12, June 25, October 12 and January 12) by the State Comptroller to the Corporation in accordance with such certification, shall be an amount,
after taking into account monies then in the Bond Service Fund and available for the purposes of such Fund during such Fiscal Year, not less than the sum of (A) 50% of the interest on all outstanding Bonds the interest on which is payable from the Bond Service Fund of the Corporation payable within six months after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made plus (B) 25% of the principal and premium, if any, on all Bonds and Sinking Fund Installments of the Corporation payable within one year after the end of the quarterly period for which such payment is made and of such amount, if any, as may be required to be paid into the Capital Reserve Fund during the Fiscal Year of which such quarterly period is a part. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation hereby covenants to make the certifications referred to in this Section at such times and in such amounts as shall be necessary to coincide with the State procedures for payment of Per Capita Aid or other sources of revenues and as shall be necessary to make the deposits required herein and to pay the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on the Bonds when due. If any increase shall occur in the cash requirements specified above, or if payments are required at a time or times earlier than previously certified or if the City shall for any reason fail to make timely payment of the principal and accrued interest due on any obligation issued by the City to the Corporation and maturing within the same Fiscal Year, the Chairman shall certify a revised schedule of cash requirements for such Fiscal Year to the State Comptroller and to the Mayor (with a copy to the Trustee). The schedule accompanying each certification (or revision thereof) shall provide for such payment dates as the Corporation deems appropriate to assure that sufficient funds will be available to meet the obligations of the Corporation as they become due. The Chairman shall exclude from consideration in making any such certification with respect to the funds required by the Corporation for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds any amounts due to be received as payment of principal of or interest on obligations of the City held by the Corporation.

ARTICLE VII

SECURITY FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT OF FUNDS

701. Security for Deposits. All monies held hereunder by the Trustee shall be continuously and fully secured, for the benefit of the Corporation and the Holders of the Bonds by direct obligations of the State or of the United States of America or obligations the principal
and interest of which are guaranteed by the State or the United States of America of a market value equal at all times to the amount of the deposit so held by the Trustee; provided, however, (a) that if the securing of such monies is not permitted by applicable law, then in such other manner as may then be required or permitted by applicable state or federal laws and regulations regarding the security for, or granting a preference in the case of, the deposit of trust funds, and (b) that it shall not be necessary for the Trustee or any Paying Agent to give security for the deposit of any monies with them held in trust for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on any Bonds, or for the Trustee to give security for any monies which shall be represented by obligations purchased under the provisions of this Resolution as an investment of such monies.

702. **Investment of Funds and Accounts Held by the Trustee.**

(1) Monies in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund shall, as nearly as may be practicable, be invested by the Trustee upon direction of the Corporation in writing, signed by an Authorized Officer (which direction shall specify the amount thereof to be so invested and the Corporation in issuing such direction shall take into consideration the dates and times when monies in such Fund will be required for the purposes of this Resolution) in (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, direct obligations of the State or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States of America or the State, (b) any bond, debenture, note, participation or other similar obligation issued by any of the following Federal agencies: Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Land Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Banks for Cooperatives, Tennessee Valley Authority, Farmers’ Home Administration and Export-Import Bank, (c) if permitted by law, any bond, debenture, note, participation or other similar obligation issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association to the extent such obligations are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, and (d) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the State of New York or held in the State treasury. The maturity or redemption date at the option of the holder of any such investment shall coincide as nearly as practicable with but in no event later than the times at which monies in the Bond Service Fund and Capital Reserve Fund will be required for the purposes in this Resolution provided.
(2) Obligations purchased as an investment of monies in any fund or account held by the Trustee under the provisions of this Resolution shall be deemed at all times to be a part of such fund or account and the income or interest earned, profits realized or losses suffered by a fund or account due to the investment thereof shall be retained in, credited or charged, as the case may be, to such fund or account.

(3) In computing the amount in any fund or account held by the Trustee under the provisions of this Resolution, excepting the Capital Reserve Fund, obligations purchased as an investment of monies therein shall be valued at the cost or market price thereof, whichever is lower, inclusive of accrued interest. In computing the amount of the Capital Reserve Fund, obligations purchased as an investment of monies therein shall be valued at par if purchased at par or at Amortized Value if purchased at other than par. Amortized Value, when used with respect to an obligation purchased at a premium above or a discount below par, means the value as of any given time obtained by dividing the total premium or discount at which such obligation was purchased by the number of interest payments remaining on such obligation after such purchase and deducting the amount thus calculated for each interest payment date after such purchase from the purchase price in the case of an obligation purchased at a premium and adding the amount thus calculated for each interest payment date after such purchase to the purchase price in the case of an obligation purchased at a discount. Valuation on any particular date shall include the amount of interest then earned or accrued to such date on any monies or investments in the Capital Reserve Fund.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in the Resolution, the Trustee shall sell at the best price obtainable, or present for redemption or exchange, any obligation purchased by it as an investment pursuant to this Resolution whenever it shall be necessary in order to provide monies to meet any payment or transfer from the fund or account for which such investment was made. The Trustee shall advise the Corporation in writing, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, of the details of all investments held for the credit of each fund and account in its custody under the provisions of this Resolution as of the end of the preceding month.
(5) In lieu of the investments of monies in obligations authorized in paragraph (1) above, the Trustee shall, to the extent permitted by the Act then in effect, upon direction of the Corporation in writing, signed by an Authorized Officer, deposit monies from any fund or account held by the Trustee under the terms of this Resolution, in interest-bearing time deposits, or shall make other similar investment arrangements, including, but not limited to, repurchase agreements covering obligations of issuers enumerated as authorized for investments pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) above, with itself or a member bank or banks of the Federal Reserve System or banks the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or securities dealers approved by an Authorized Officer; provided, that each such interest-bearing time deposit or other similar investment arrangement shall permit the monies so placed to be available for use at the times provided with respect to the investment or reinvestment of such monies; and provided further, that all monies in each such interest-bearing time deposit or other similar investment arrangement shall be continuously and fully secured by obligations of issuers enumerated as authorized for investments pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) above, of a market value equal at all times to the amount of the deposit or of the other similar investment arrangement.

(6) No part of the proceeds of any Series of Bonds or any other funds of the Corporation shall be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities or obligations the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an “arbitrage bond” as defined in subsection (d)(2) of section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 [Title 26 of the United States Code] as then in effect and to be subject to treatment under subsection (d)(1) of said section as an obligation not described in subsection (a) of said section.

703. Liability of Trustee for Investments. The Trustee shall not be liable or responsible for the making of any investment authorized by the provisions of this Article, in the manner provided in this Article, or for any loss resulting from any such investment so made.

ARTICLE VIII
THE TRUSTEE AND THE PAYING AGENTS

801. Appointment and Acceptance of Duties of Trustee. United States Trust Company of New York, in the City, County and State of
New York, is hereby appointed as Trustee. The Trustee shall signify its acceptance of the duties and obligations imposed upon it by this Resolution by written instrument of acceptance deposited with the Corporation.

802. Appointment and Acceptance of Duties of Paying Agents. The Corporation shall appoint one or more Paying Agents for the Bonds of any Series in the Series Resolution authorizing such Bonds or shall appoint such Paying Agent or Paying Agents by resolution of the Corporation adopted prior to the authentication and delivery of such Bonds, and may at any time or from time to time appoint one or more other Paying Agents in the manner and subject to the conditions set forth in Section 812 for the appointment of a successor Paying Agent. The Trustee may be appointed to act as Paying Agent notwithstanding that it may then be acting in the capacity of Trustee.

Each Paying Agent shall signify its acceptance of the duties and obligations imposed upon it by this Resolution by written instrument of acceptance deposited with the Corporation and the Trustee.

The corporate trust offices of the Paying Agents are hereby designated as the respective agencies of the Corporation for the payment of the interest on and principal or Redemption Price of the Bonds, except that interest on all registered Bonds and the principal and Redemption Price of all registered Bonds and of all coupon Bonds registered as to principal shall be payable at the corporate trust office of the Trustee.

803. Responsibilities of Trustee and Paying Agents. The recitals of fact herein and in the Bonds contained shall be taken as the statements of the Corporation and neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent assumes any responsibility for the correctness of the same. Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be deemed to make any representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Resolution or of any Bonds or coupons issued hereunder or in respect of the security afforded by this Resolution, and neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall incur any responsibility in respect thereof. Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be under any responsibility or duty with respect to the issuance of the Bonds for value or the applica-
tion of the proceeds thereof or the application of any monies paid to the Corporation. Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be under any obligation or duty to perform any act which would involve it in expense or liability or to institute or defend any suit in respect thereof, or to advance any of its own monies, unless properly indemnified. Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be liable in connection with the performance of its duties hereunder except for its own negligence or default. Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be under any responsibility or duty with respect to the application of any monies paid to any one of the others.

804. Evidence on Which Fiduciaries May Act. The Trustee and any Paying Agent shall be protected in acting upon any notice, direction, resolution, request, consent, order, certificate, report, opinion, bond or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Trustee and any Paying Agent may consult with counsel, who may or may not be of counsel to the Corporation, and the opinion or advice of such counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or suffered by it under this Resolution in good faith and in accordance therewith.

Whenever the Trustee or any Paying Agent shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or suffering any action under this Resolution, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by a certificate of an Authorized Officer, and such certificate shall be full warrant for any action taken or suffered in good faith under the provisions of this Resolution upon the faith thereof, but in its discretion the Trustee or any Paying Agent may in lieu thereof accept other evidence of such fact or matter or may require such further or additional evidence as to it may seem reasonable.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Resolution, any request, order, notice or other direction required or permitted to be furnished pursuant to any provision thereof by the Corporation to the Trustee or any Paying Agent shall be sufficiently executed if executed in the name of the Corporation by an Authorized Officer.
805. Compensation. The Corporation shall pay to the Trustee and to each Paying Agent from time to time reasonable compensation for all services rendered under this Resolution, and also all reasonable expenses, charges, counsel fees and other disbursements, including those of its attorneys, agents and employees, incurred in and about the performance of their powers and duties under this Resolution, and the Trustee and each Paying Agent shall have a lien therefor on any and all monies in the Operating Fund. The Corporation further agrees to indemnify and save the Trustee and each Paying Agent harmless against any liabilities which it may incur in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties hereunder, and which are not due to its negligence or default.

806. Permitted Acts and Functions. The Trustee and any Paying Agent may become the owner of any Bonds and coupons, with the same rights it would have if it were not such Trustee or Paying Agent. The Trustee and any Paying Agent may act as depository for, and permit any of its officers or directors to act as a member of, or in any other capacity with respect to, any committee formed to protect the rights of Bondholders or to effect or aid in any reorganization growing out of the enforcement of the Bonds or this Resolution, whether or not any such committee shall represent the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding.

807. Resignation of Trustee. The Trustee may at any time resign and be discharged of the duties and obligations created by this Resolution by giving not less than sixty (60) days' written notice to the Corporation and publishing notice thereof, specifying the date when such resignation shall take effect, once in an Authorized Newspaper, and such resignation shall take effect upon the day specified in such notice unless previously a successor shall have been appointed, as provided in Section 809, in which event such resignation shall take effect immediately on the appointment of such successor.

808. Removal of Trustee. The Trustee shall be removed by the Corporation if at any time so requested by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing, filed with the Trustee and the Corporation, and
signed by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding or their attorneys-in-fact duly authorized, excluding any Bonds held by or for the account of the Corporation.

809. Appointment of Successor Trustee. In case at any time the Trustee shall resign or shall be removed or shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or if a receiver, liquidator or conservator of the Trustee, or of its property, shall be appointed, or if any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee, or of its property or affairs, the Corporation covenants and agrees that it will thereupon appoint a successor Trustee. The Corporation shall publish notice of any such appointment made by it in an Authorized Newspaper, such publication to be made within twenty (20) days after such appointment.

If in a proper case no appointment of a successor Trustee shall be made pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section within forty-five (45) days after the Trustee shall have given to the Corporation written notice, as provided in Section 807, or after a vacancy in the office of the Trustee shall have occurred by reason of its inability to act, the Trustee or the Holder of any Bond may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a successor Trustee. Said court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as such court may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor Trustee.

Any Trustee appointed under the provisions of this Section 809 in succession to the Trustee shall be a bank or trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, or a national banking association doing business and having its principal office in such State, and having a capital and surplus aggregating at least Fifty Million Dollars ($50,000,000) if there be such a bank or trust company or national banking association willing and able to accept the office on reasonable and customary terms and authorized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by this Resolution.

810. Transfer of Rights and Property to Successor Trustee. Any successor Trustee appointed under this Resolution shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to its predecessor Trustee, and also to the Corporation, an instrument accepting such appointment, and thereupon
such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become fully vested with all monies, estates, properties, rights, powers, duties and obligations of such predecessor Trustee, with like effect as if originally named as Trustee; but the Trustee ceasing to act shall nevertheless, on the written request of the Corporation, or of the successor Trustee, execute, acknowledge and deliver such instruments of conveyance and further assurance and do such other things as may reasonably be required for more fully and certainly vesting and confirming in such successor Trustee all the right, title and interest of the predecessor Trustee in and to any property held by it under this Resolution, and shall pay over, assign and deliver to the successor Trustee any money or other property subject to the trusts and conditions herein set forth. Should any deed, conveyance or instrument in writing from the Corporation be required by such successor Trustee for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor Trustee any such estates, rights, powers and duties, any and all such deeds, conveyances and instruments in writing shall, on request, and so far as may be authorized by law, be executed, acknowledged and delivered by the Corporation. Any such successor Trustee shall promptly notify the Paying Agents of its appointment as Trustee.

811. Merger, Conversion or Consolidation. Any company into which the Trustee or any Paying Agent may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated or any company resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which it shall be a party or any company to which the Trustee or any Paying Agent may sell or transfer all or substantially all of its corporate trust business, shall be the successor to such Trustee or Paying Agent without the execution or filing of any paper or the performance of any further act, provided with respect to the Trustee that such company shall be a bank or trust company organized under the laws of any states of the United States or the District of Columbia or a national banking association and shall have an office for the transaction of its business in any of such states or the District of Columbia and shall be authorized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by this Resolution.

812. Resignation or Removal of the Paying Agents and Appointment of Successors. Any Paying Agent may at any time resign and be discharged of the duties and obligations created by this Resolution by
giving at least sixty (60) days' written notice to the Corporation and
Trustee. Any Paying Agent may be removed at any time by an instru-
ment filed with such Paying Agent and the Trustee and signed by an
Authorized Officer of the Corporation. Any successor Paying Agent
shall be appointed by the Corporation and (subject to the requirements
of Section 903) shall be a bank or trust company organized under the
laws of any state of the United States of America or a national bank-
ing association, having a capital and surplus aggregating at least
Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000), and willing and able to accept the
office of Paying Agent on reasonable and customary terms and author-
ized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by this Resolution.

In the event of the resignation or removal of any Paying Agent,
such Paying Agent shall pay over, assign and deliver any monies held
by it to its successor, or if there be no successor then appointed, to the
Trustee until such successor be appointed.

ARTICLE IX

COVENANTS OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation covenants and agrees with the Holders of the
Bonds and coupons as follows:

901. Payment of Bonds. The Corporation shall duly and punctu-
ally pay or cause to be paid the principal or Redemption Price, if any,
of every Bond and the interest thereon, at the dates and places and in
the manner provided in the Bonds and in the coupons thereto appert-
taining, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and shall
duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid all Sinking Fund Instal-
ments, if any, becoming payable with respect to any Series of Bonds.
All such payments, to the extent not paid when due and payable, shall
continue to be due and payable and, accordingly, shall be deemed to be
becoming due until the same shall be paid.

902. Extension of Payment of Bonds and Coupons. The Corpo-
ration shall not directly or indirectly extend or assent to the extension
of the maturity of any of the Bonds or the time of payment of any of
the coupons or claims for interest by the purchase or funding of such
Bonds, coupons or claims for interest or by any other arrangement and
in case the maturity of any of the Bonds or the time for payment of
any such coupons or claims for interest shall be extended, such Bonds, coupons or claims for interest shall not be entitled in case of any default under this Resolution to the benefit of this Resolution or to any payment out of any assets of the Corporation or the funds (except funds held in trust for the payment of particular Bonds, coupons or claims for interest pursuant to this Resolution) held by the Trustee or any Paying Agent, except subject to the prior payment of the principal of all Bonds issued and Outstanding the maturity of which has not been extended and of such portion of the accrued interest on the Bonds as shall not be represented by such extended coupons or claims for interest. Nothing herein shall be deemed to limit the right of the Corporation to issue Refunding Bonds as provided in Section 203 and such issuance shall not be deemed to constitute an extension of maturity of Bonds or the time of payment of any of the coupons or claims for interest.

903. Offices for Payment and Registration of Bonds and Coupons. The Corporation shall at all times maintain an office or agency in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York where Bonds and coupons may be presented for payment. The Corporation may pursuant to a Series Resolution or pursuant to resolution adopted in accordance with Section 802 designate an additional Paying Agent or Paying Agents where Bonds and coupons of the Series authorized thereby or referred to therein may be presented for payment. The Corporation shall at all times maintain an office or agency in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, where Bonds may be presented for registration, transfer or exchange and the Trustee is hereby appointed as its agent to maintain such office or agency for the registration, transfer or exchange of Bonds.

904. Further Assurances. At any and all times the Corporation shall, so far as it may be authorized or permitted by law, pass, make, do, execute, acknowledge and deliver, all and every such further resolutions, acts, deeds, conveyances, assignments, transfers and assurances as may be necessary or desirable for the better assuring, conveying, granting, assigning, confirming and effecting all and singular the rights, Revenues and other monies, securities and funds hereby pledged or assigned, or intended so to be, or which the Corporation may hereafter become bound to pledge or assign. The Corporation further covenants that it
shall cause the Chairman to make and deliver the certificates referred to in sub-section 3 of Section 606 and Section 607 hereof at the times required therein and shall cause the amounts received to be deposited in the appropriate Funds, respectively.

905. Power to Issue Bonds and Make Pledges. The Corporation is duly authorized pursuant to law to create and issue the Bonds and to adopt this Resolution and to pledge the Revenues and other monies, securities and funds purported to be pledged by this Resolution in the manner and to the extent provided in this Resolution. Except to the extent otherwise provided in Section 601, the Revenues and other monies, securities and funds so pledged are and will be free and clear of any pledge, lien, charge or encumbrance thereon or with respect thereto prior to, or of equal rank with, the pledge created by this Resolution, and all corporate action on the part of the Corporation to that end has been duly and validly taken. The Bonds and the provisions of this Resolution are and will be the valid and legally enforceable obligations of the Corporation in accordance with their terms and the terms of this Resolution. The Corporation shall at all times, to the extent permitted by law, defend, preserve and protect the pledge of the Revenues and other monies, securities and funds pledged under this Resolution and all the rights of the Bondholders under this Resolution against all claims and demands of all persons whomever.

906. Agreement of the State. In accordance with the provisions of Section 3015 of the Act, the Corporation hereby includes in this Resolution the pledge of and agreement with the Holders of the Bonds that the State will not limit or alter the rights vested pursuant to the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with Bondholders, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such Holders until the Bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such Holders, are fully paid and discharged.

907. Creation of Liens. The Corporation shall not issue any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, other than the Bonds, secured by a pledge of the revenues, monies and securities in the Capital Reserve Fund, and shall not create or cause to be created any lien or charge
prior to the Bonds on revenues, monies and securities in the Bond Service Fund; provided, however, that nothing contained in this Resolution shall prevent the Corporation from issuing (i) bonds, notes, or any other obligations under another and separate resolution so long as the charge or lien created by such resolution is not prior or equal to the charge or lien created by the Resolution, (ii) obligations issued in accordance with Article II of the First General Bond Resolution except as limited in Section 909 hereof and (iii) obligations issued in lieu of or in substitution for other obligations pursuant to Sections 304 and 306 through 310 or Sections 406 or 1106 of the First General Bond Resolution.

908. Accounts and Reports. The Corporation shall keep or cause to be kept proper books of record and account in which complete and correct entries shall be made for its transactions relating to all Funds established by this Resolution which shall at all reasonable times be subject to the inspection of the Holders of an aggregate of not less than five per cent (5%) in the principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding or their representatives duly authorized in writing.

909. General. The Corporation shall do and perform or cause to be done and performed all acts and things required to be done or performed by or on behalf of the Corporation under the provisions of the Act as then in effect and the Resolution in accordance with the terms of such provisions.

Upon the date of issuance of any of the Bonds, all conditions, acts and things required by the Constitution and statutes of the State of New York and the Resolution to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of such Bonds, shall exist, have happened and have been performed and the issue of such Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of the Corporation, shall be within every debt and other limit prescribed by the laws of said State.

If the Corporation shall exercise its power to limit the implementation of the conditions set forth in Section 3038 of the Act or thereafter to permit such conditions to be further limited, any such action shall
be taken by resolution of the Board. When so acting the Board shall make a determination that any such limitation is not so substantial as effectively to constitute a waiver of any of the conditions in Section 3038, or shall make a determination that the conditions shall impose a further condition on the City which determination shall be conclusive and binding upon the holders of the Bonds and the Trustee. A copy of such resolution shall promptly be delivered to the Trustee and to the Governor, the State Legislature, the State Comptroller, the Mayor, the Board of Estimate, the City Council and the City Comptroller and promptly be published by the Corporation.

Subject to the rights of holders of obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution, the Corporation shall not modify or amend the First General Bond Resolution in any manner which would have a material adverse effect on the Bondholders, provided, however, that nothing herein shall prevent the Corporation from amending or supplementing the First General Bond Resolution to provide for the issuance of Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations (as such terms are defined in the First General Bond Resolution) as provided in the First General Bond Resolution. No such Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations shall be issued in accordance with Article 11 of the First General Bond Resolution if such issuance would cause the amounts stated in paragraph (1) and (2) of Subsection 3 of Section 202 after making the deductions provided in subparagraphs 3(a) and 3(c) to be less than 1.2 times such aggregate amount set forth in paragraph 3(b) of subsection 3 of Section 202 for each Fiscal Year set forth pursuant to said paragraph 3(b) if such certifications required to be made pursuant to such Subsection 3 had been made at the time of, and gave effect to, the issuance of such Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations.

The Corporation hereby covenants and agrees with all who may be Holders of the Bonds that it shall not issue and the Corporation represents hereby that there are presently not outstanding any Bonds, Notes, or Other Obligations (as such terms are defined in the First General Bond Resolution), or any bonds, notes or other obligations pursuant to any resolution, including the Outstanding Note Resolutions, of the Corporation, the holders of which would have a right to payment from the State Aid Fund prior or equal to the right of the Holders of the Bonds to payment from such Fund.
ARTICLE X

SERIES RESOLUTIONS AND SUPPLEMENTAL RESOLUTIONS

1001. Modification and Amendment Without Consent. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Article X, or Article XI, the Corporation may adopt at any time or from time to time Series Resolutions or Supplemental Resolutions for any one or more of the following purposes, and any such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution shall become effective in accordance with its terms upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy thereof certified by an Authorized Officer:

(1) To provide for the issuance of a Series of Bonds pursuant to the provisions of this Resolution and to prescribe the terms and conditions pursuant to which such Bonds may be issued, paid or redeemed;

(2) To add additional covenants and agreements of the Corporation for the purpose of further securing the payment of the Bonds, provided such additional covenants and agreements are not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in this Resolution;

(3) To prescribe further limitations and restrictions upon the issuance of Bonds and the incurring of indebtedness by the Corporation which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the limitations and restrictions thereon theretofore in effect;

(4) To surrender any right, power or privilege reserved to or conferred upon the Corporation by the terms of this Resolution, provided that the surrender of such right, power or privilege is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in this Resolution;

(5) To confirm as further assurance any pledge under and the subjection to any lien, claim or pledge created or to be created by the provisions of this Resolution, of the Revenues or of any other monies, securities or funds;

(6) To modify any of the provisions of this Resolution or any previously adopted Series Resolution in any other respects, provided that such modifications shall not be effective until after all Bonds of any Series of Bonds Outstanding as of the date of adop-
tion of such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution shall cease to be Outstanding, and all Bonds issued under such resolutions shall contain a specific reference to the modifications contained in such subsequent resolutions; or

(7) With the consent of the Trustee, to cure any ambiguity or defect or inconsistent provision in this Resolution or to insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under this Resolution as are necessary or desirable in the event any such modifications are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Resolution as theretofore in effect.

1002. Supplemental Resolutions Effective With Consent of Bondholders. The provisions of this Resolution may also be modified or amended at any time or from time to time by a Supplemental Resolution, subject to the consent of Bondholders in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Article XI hereof, such Supplemental Resolution to become effective upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy thereof certified by an Authorized Officer.

1003. General Provisions Relating to Series Resolutions and Supplemental Resolutions. This Resolution shall not be modified or amended in any respect except in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this Article X and Article XI. Nothing contained in this Article X or Article XI shall affect or limit the rights or obligations of the Corporation to adopt, make, do, execute or deliver any resolution, act or other instrument pursuant to the provisions of Section 904 or the right or obligation of the Corporation to execute and deliver to the Trustee or any Paying Agent any instrument elsewhere in this Resolution provided or permitted to be delivered to the Trustee or any Paying Agent.

A copy of every Series Resolution and Supplemental Resolution adopted by the Corporation when filed with the Trustee shall be accompanied by a Counsel’s Opinion stating that such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, is authorized or permitted by this Resolution and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms.
The Trustee is hereby authorized to accept delivery of a certified copy of any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution permitted or authorized pursuant to the provisions of this Resolution and to make all further agreements and stipulations which may be contained therein, and, in taking such action, the Trustee shall be fully protected in relying on Counsel's Opinion that such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution is authorized or permitted by the provisions of this Resolution.

No Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution changing, amending or modifying any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee or of any Paying Agent may be adopted by the Corporation without the written consent of the Trustee or Paying Agent affected thereby.

ARTICLE XI
Amendments of Resolutions

1101. Powers of Amendment. Any modification or amendment of this Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the Holders of the Bonds and coupons hereunder, in any particular, may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent given as hereinafter provided in Section 1102, (a) of the Holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, or (b) in case less than all of the several Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the Holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given, or (c) in case the modification or amendment changes the amount or date of any Sinking Fund Installment, of the Holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series, maturity and interest rate entitled to such Sinking Fund Installment Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided, however, that if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the Holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this Section. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or
maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon; or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the Holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the Holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment. For the purposes of this Section, a Series shall be deemed to be affected by a modification or amendment of this Resolution if the same adversely affects or diminishes the rights of the Holders of Bonds and coupons of such Series. The Trustee may in its discretion determine whether or not in accordance with the foregoing provisions Bonds of any particular Series or maturity would be affected by any modification or amendment of this Resolution and any such determination shall be binding and conclusive on the Corporation and all Holders of Bonds. The Trustee may receive an opinion of counsel, including Counsel’s Opinion, as conclusive evidence as to whether Bonds of any particular Series or maturity would be so affected by any such modification or amendment of this Resolution.

1102. Consent of Bondholders. The Corporation may at any time adopt a Supplemental Resolution making a modification or amendment permitted by the provisions of Section 1101 to take effect when and as provided in this Section. A copy of such Supplemental Resolution (or brief summary thereof or reference thereto in form approved by the Trustee) together with a request to Bondholders for their consent thereto in form satisfactory to the Trustee, shall promptly after adoption be mailed by the Corporation to Bondholders and be published at least once a week for two (2) successive weeks (but failure to mail such copy and request shall not affect the validity of the Supplemental Resolution when consented to as in this Section provided). Such Supplemental Resolution shall not be effective unless and until (a) there shall have been filed with the Trustee (i) the written consents of Holders of the percentages of Outstanding Bonds specified in Section 1101 and (ii) a Counsel’s Opinion stating that such Supplemental Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted and filed by the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, is authorized or permitted by this Resolution, and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms, and (b) a notice shall have been published as hereinafter in this Section 1102
provided. Each such consent shall be effective only if accompanied by proof of the holding at the date of such consent, of the Bonds with respect to which such consent is given, which proof shall be such as is permitted by Section 1301. A certificate or certificates by the Trustee filed with the Trustee that it has examined such proof and that such proof is sufficient in accordance with Section 1301 shall be conclusive that the consents have been given by the Holders of the Bonds described in such certificate or certificates of the Trustee. Any such consent shall be binding upon the Holder of the Bonds giving such consent and, anything in Section 1301 to the contrary notwithstanding, upon any subsequent Holder of such Bonds and of any Bonds issued in exchange therefor (whether or not such subsequent Holder thereof has notice thereof), unless such consent is revoked in writing by the Holder of such Bonds giving such consent or a subsequent Holder thereof by filing with the Trustee, prior to the time when the written statement of the Trustee hereinafter in this Section 1102 provided for is filed, such revocation and, if such Bonds are transferable by delivery, proof that such Bonds are held by the signer of such revocation in the manner permitted by Section 1301. The fact that a consent has not been revoked may likewise be proved by a certificate of the Trustee filed with the Trustee to the effect that no revocation thereof is on file with the Trustee. At any time after the Holders of the required percentages of Bonds shall have filed their consents to the Supplemental Resolution, the Trustee shall make and file with the Corporation and the Trustee a written statement that the Holders of such required percentages of Bonds have filed such consents. Such written statement shall be conclusive that such consents have been so filed. At any time thereafter notice, stating in substance that the Supplemental Resolution (which may be referred to as a Supplemental Resolution adopted by the Corporation on a stated date, a copy of which is on file with the Trustee) has been consented to by the Holders of the required percentages of Bonds and will be effective as provided in this Section 1102, shall be given to Bondholders by the Corporation by mailing such notice to Bondholders (but failure to mail such notice shall not prevent such Supplemental Resolution from becoming effective and binding as in this Section 1102 provided) and by publishing the same at least once not more than ninety (90) days after the Holders of the required percentages of Bonds shall have filed their consents to the Supplemental Resolution and the written statement of the Trustee herein-
above provided for is filed. The Corporation shall file with the Trustee proof of the publication of such notice, and, if the same shall have been mailed to Bondholders, of the mailing thereof. A transcript, consisting of the papers required or permitted by this Section 1102 to be filed with the Trustee, shall be proof of the matters therein stated. Such Supplemental Resolution making such amendment or modification shall be deemed conclusively binding upon the Corporation, the Trustee, each Paying Agent and the Holders of all Bonds and coupons at the expiration of thirty (30) days after the filing with the Trustee of the proof of the first publication of such last mentioned notice, except in the event of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction setting aside such Supplemental Resolution in a legal action or equitable proceeding for such purpose commenced within such thirty (30) day period; provided, however, that the Corporation, the Trustee and any Paying Agent during such thirty (30) day period and any such further period during which any such action or proceeding may be pending shall be entitled in their reasonable discretion to take such action, or to refrain from taking such action, with respect to such Supplemental Resolution as they may deem expedient.

1103. Modifications by Unanimous Consent. The terms and provisions of this Resolution and the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the Holders of the Bonds and coupons thereunder may be modified or amended in any respect upon the adoption and filing with the Trustee by the Corporation of a copy of a Supplemental Resolution certified by an Authorized Officer and the consent of the Holders of all of the Bonds then Outstanding, such consent to be given as provided in Section 1102, except that no notice to Bondholders either by mailing or publication shall be required.

1104. Mailing and Publication. (1) Any provision in this Article for the mailing of a notice or other document to Bondholders shall be fully complied with if it is mailed postage prepaid only (i) to each registered owner of Bonds then Outstanding at his address, if any, appearing upon the registry books of the Corporation, (ii) to each Holder of any Bond payable to bearer who shall have filed with the Trustee within two (2) years preceding such mailing an address for notices, and (iii) to the Trustee.

(2) Any provision in this Article for publication of a notice or
other matter shall require the publication thereof only in an Authorized Newspaper.

1105. Exclusion of Bonds. Bonds owned or held by or for the account of the Corporation shall not be deemed Outstanding for the purpose of consent or other action or any calculation of Outstanding Bonds provided for in this Resolution, and the Corporation shall not be entitled with respect to such Bonds to give any consent or take any other action provided for in this Resolution. At the time of any consent or other action taken under this Resolution, the Corporation shall furnish the Trustee a certificate of an Authorized Officer, upon which the Trustee may rely, describing all Bonds so to be excluded.

1106. Notation on Bonds. Bonds delivered after the effective date of any action taken as in Article X or this Article XI provided may, and if the Trustee so determines, shall, bear a notation by endorsement or otherwise in form approved by the Corporation and the Trustee as to such action, and in that case upon demand of the Holder of any Bond Outstanding at such effective date and upon presentation of his Bond for such purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee suitable notation shall be made on such Bond by the Trustee as to any such action. If the Corporation or the Trustee shall so determine, new Bonds so modified as in the opinion of the Trustee and the Corporation to conform to such action shall be prepared and delivered, and upon demand of the Holder of any Bond then Outstanding shall be exchanged, without cost to such Bondholder, for Bonds of the same Series and maturity then Outstanding, upon surrender of such Bonds with all unpaid coupons, if any, appertaining thereto.

ARTICLE XII
Defaults and Remedies

1201. Trustee to Exercise Powers of Statutory Trustee. The Trustee shall be and hereby is vested with all of the rights, powers and duties of a trustee appointed by Bondholders pursuant to Section 3017 of the Act and the right of Bondholders to appoint a trustee pursuant to Section 3017 of the Act is hereby abrogated in accordance with the provision of subdivision 2(g) of Section 3012 of the Act.

1202. Events of Default Each of the following events is hereby declared an “event of default,” that is to say; if
(a) the Corporation shall default in the payment of the principal, Sinking Fund Installments, if any, or Redemption Price of any Bond when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise; or

(b) the Corporation shall default in the payment of interest on any of the Bonds and such default shall continue for a period of thirty (30) days; or

(c) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of subdivision 1 of Section 3036-a of the Act, or the State Comptroller shall fail to pay to the Corporation, as and when required by such Section, for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund, the Bond Service Fund or the Operating Fund any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman pursuant to such provisions of the Act or the Corporation shall fail or refuse to deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund or the Bond Service Fund the amount or amounts received by the Corporation for deposit in such Funds, respectively; or

(d) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act, or the State shall fail to appropriate and pay to the Corporation, as and when required by such Section, for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund any amount or amounts as shall be certified by the Chairman pursuant to such provisions of the Act or the Corporation shall fail or refuse to deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund the amount or amounts received by the Corporation for deposit in such Fund; or

(e) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Act, other than as provided in (c) or (d) above, or shall default in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in this Resolution, any Series Resolution, any Supplemental Resolution, or in the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of forty-five (45) days after written notice thereof by the Holders of not less than five per centum (5%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds; or

(f) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to continue the imposition of either the Sales Tax imposed by Section 1107
of Article 28 of the Tax Law as the same may be from time to
time amended or the Stock Transfer Tax imposed by Sections 270
and 270-a of Article 12 of such Law as the same may be from time
to time amended or if the rates of such taxes shall be reduced to
rates less than those in effect on July 2, 1975; or

(g) the State shall fail to maintain the existence of either the
special account for the Corporation in the municipal assistance
tax fund established pursuant to Section 92-d of the State Finance
Law or the stock transfer tax fund established by Section 92-b of
said Law; or

(h) the State shall for any reason fail or refuse to apportion
and pay Per Capita Aid or shall fail to maintain the State Aid
Fund and the Special Aid Account therein or shall reduce the
amount of Per Capita Aid payable during the current Fiscal Year
to an amount less than the maximum amount of principal of and
interest maturing or otherwise coming due on the Outstanding
Bonds in the current or any future Fiscal Year.

1203. Remedies. (1) Upon the happening and continuance of any
event of default specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 1202, the
Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any
event of default specified in paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) of
Section 1202, the Trustee may proceed, and upon the written request
of the Holders of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in prin-
cipal amount of the Outstanding Bonds shall proceed, in its own name,
to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders by
such of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel,
shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights:

(a) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law
or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bondholders, and to require
the Corporation to carry out any other covenant or agreement
with Bondholders and to perform its duties under the Act;

(b) by bringing suit upon the Bonds;

(c) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to
account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the Holders
of the Bonds;

(d) by action or suit in equity, to enjoin any acts or things
which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the Holders of the Bonds;

(e) in accordance with the provisions of the Act, to declare all Bonds due and payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the Holders of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, to annul such declaration and its consequences.

(2) In the enforcement of any remedy under this Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment on and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due from the Corporation for principal, Redemption Price, interest or otherwise, under any provision of this Resolution or a Series Resolution or of the Bonds, and unpaid, with interest on overdue payments at the rate or rates of interest specified in such Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings hereunder and under such Bonds, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bondholders, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the Corporation for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses, and to collect from any monies available for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the monies adjudged or decreed to be payable.

1204. *Priority of Payments After Default.* In the event that the funds held by the Trustee and Paying Agents shall be insufficient for the payment of interest and principal, Sinking Fund Installments or Redemption Price then due on the Bonds, such funds (other than funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds or coupons which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other monies received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act and this Article XII, after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interests of the Holders of the Bonds, and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee or any Paying Agents in the performance of their respective duties under this Resolution, shall be applied as follows:

(a) Unless the principal of all of the Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable,
First: To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference; and

Second: To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal, Sinking Fund Installments or Redemption Price of any Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.

(b) If the principal of all of the Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any Bond over any other Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in the Bonds and coupons.

The provisions of this Section 1204 are in all respects subject to the provisions of Section 902.

Whenever monies are to be applied by the Trustee pursuant to the provisions of this Section, such monies shall be applied by the Trustee at such times, and from time to time, as the Trustee in its sole discretion shall determine, having due regard to the amount of such monies available for application and the likelihood of additional money becoming available for such application in the future; the deposit of such monies with the Paying Agents, or otherwise setting aside such monies in trust for the proper purpose, shall constitute proper application by the Trustee; and the Trustee shall incur no liability whatsoever
to the Corporation, to any Bondholder or to any other person for any delay in applying any such monies, so long as the Trustee acts with reasonable diligence, having due regard for the circumstances, and ultimately applies the same in accordance with such provisions of this Resolution as may be applicable at the time of application by the Trustee. Whenever the Trustee shall exercise such discretion in applying such monies, it shall fix the date (which shall be an interest payment date unless the Trustee shall deem another date more suitable) upon which such application is to be made and upon such date interest on the amounts of principal to be paid on such date shall cease to accrue. The Trustee shall give such notice as it may deem appropriate for the fixing of any such date. The Trustee shall not be required to make payment to the Holder of any unpaid coupon or any Bond unless such coupon or such Bond shall be presented to the Trustee for appropriate endorsement or for cancellation if fully paid.

1205. Termination of Proceedings. In case any proceeding taken by the Trustee on account of any event of default shall have been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, then in every such case the Corporation, the Trustee and the Bondholders shall be restored to their former positions and rights hereunder, respectively, and all rights, remedies, powers and duties of the Trustee shall continue as though no such proceeding had been taken.

1206. Bondholders' Direction of Proceedings. Anything in this Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, the Holders of the majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding shall have the right by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing executed and delivered to the Trustee, to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee hereunder, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of this Resolution, and that the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Trustee would be unjustly prejudicial to Bondholders not parties to such direction.

1207. Limitation on Rights of Bondholders. No Holder of any Bond shall have any right to institute any suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in equity or at law hereunder, or for the protection or
enforcement of any right under this Resolution or any right under law unless such Holder shall have given to the Trustee written notice of the event of default or breach of duty on account of which such suit, action or proceeding is to be taken, and unless the Holders of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding shall have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such powers or right of action, as the case may be, shall have occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity either to proceed to exercise the powers herein granted or granted under the law or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its name and unless, also, there shall have been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby, and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time; and such notification, request and offer of indemnity are hereby declared in every such case, at the option of the Trustee, to be conditions precedent to the execution of the powers under this Resolution or for any other remedy hereunder or under law. It is understood and intended that no one or more Holders of the Bonds hereby secured shall have any right in any manner whatever by his or their action to affect, disturb or prejudice the security of this Resolution, or to enforce any right hereunder or under law with respect to the Bonds or this Resolution, except in the manner herein provided, and that all proceedings at law or in equity shall be instituted, had and maintained in the manner herein provided and for the benefit of all Holders of the Outstanding Bonds and coupons. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section or any other provisions of this Article XII, the obligation of the Corporation shall be absolute and unconditional to pay the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds to the respective Holders thereof and the coupons pertaining thereto at the respective due dates thereof, and nothing herein shall affect or impair the right of action, which is absolute and unconditional, of such Holders to enforce such payment.

Anything to the contrary notwithstanding contained in this Section 1207, or any other provision of this Resolution, each Holder of any Bond by his acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed that any court in its discretion may require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Resolution or any Series Resolution, or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by
it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the reasonable costs of such suit, and that such court may in its discretion assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, against any party litigant in any such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; but the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Bondholder, or group of Bondholders, holding at least twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding, or to any suit instituted by any Bondholder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on any Bond on or after the respective due date thereof expressed in such Bond.

1208. Possession of Bonds by Trustee Not Required. All rights of action under this Resolution or under any of the Bonds, enforceable by the Trustee, may be enforced by it without the possession of any of the Bonds or the coupons appertaining thereto or the production thereof on the trial or other proceeding relative thereto, and any such suit, action or proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its name for the benefit of all the Holders of such Bonds and coupons, subject to the provisions of this Resolution.

1209. Remedies Not Exclusive. No remedy herein conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders of the Bonds is intended to be exclusive of any other remedy or remedies, and each and every such remedy shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to any other remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or by statute.

1210. No Waiver of Default. No delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of the Bonds to exercise any right or power accruing upon any default shall impair any such right or power or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such default or an acquiescence therein; and every power and remedy given by this Resolution to the Trustee and the Holders of the Bonds, respectively, may be exercised from time to time and as often as may be deemed expedient.

1211. Notice of Event of Default. The Trustee shall give to the Bondholders notice of each event of default hereunder known to the Trustee within ninety (90) days after knowledge of the occurrence
thereof, unless such event of default shall have been remedied or cured before the giving of such notice; provided that, except in the case of default in the payment of the principal, Sinking Fund Installment, or Redemption Price of or interest on any of the Bonds, or in the making of any payment required to be made into the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the board of directors, the executive committee, or a trust committee of directors or responsible officers of the Trustee in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the Bondholders. Each such notice of event of default shall be given by the Trustee by mailing written notice thereof: (1) to all registered Holders of Bonds, as the names and addresses of such Holders appear upon the books for registration and transfer of Bonds as kept by the Trustee; (2) to such Bondholders as have filed their names and addresses with the Trustee for that purpose; and (3) to such other persons as is required by law.

ARTICLE XIII

EXECUTION OF INSTRUMENTS BY BONDHOLDERS AND PROOFS OF OWNERSHIP OF BONDS

1301. Evidence of Signatures of Bondholders and Ownership of Bonds. Any request, direction, consent, revocation of consent, or other instrument in writing required or permitted by this Resolution to be signed or executed by Bondholders may be in any number of concurrent instruments of similar tenor, and may be signed or executed by such Bondholders in person or by their attorneys or agents appointed by an instrument in writing for that purpose, or, in the case of coupon Bonds, by any bank, trust company, or other depository of such Bonds. Proof of the execution of any such instrument, or of any instrument appointing any such attorney or agent, and of the holding and ownership of Bonds shall be sufficient for any purpose of this Resolution (except as otherwise herein provided), if made in the following manner:

(a) The fact and date of the execution by any Bondholder or his attorney or agent of any such instrument and of any instrument appointing any such attorney or agent, may be proved by delivery of a certificate, which need not be acknowledged or veri-
fied, of an officer of any bank, trust company, or other depository, or of any notary public, or other officer authorized to take acknowledgements. Where any such instrument is executed by an officer of a corporation or association or a member of a partnership on behalf of such corporation, association or partnership, such certificate shall also constitute sufficient proof of his authority.

(b) The fact of the holding of coupon Bonds by any Bondholder and the amount and the numbers of such Bonds and the date of his holding the same (unless such Bonds be registered as to principal other than to bearer) may be proved by a certificate executed by an officer of any bank, trust company, or other depository, if such certificate shall be deemed by the Trustee to be satisfactory, showing that at the date therein mentioned such person had on deposit with or exhibited to such bank, trust company, or other depository the Bonds described in such certificate. The Trustee may conclusively assume that such ownership continues until written notice of the contrary is served upon the Trustee. The ownership of registered Bonds shall be proved by the registry books kept by the Trustee under the provisions of this Resolution.

Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed as limiting the Trustee to such proof, it being intended that the Trustee may accept any other evidence of the matters herein stated which may seem sufficient. Any request or consent of the Holder of any Bond shall bind every future Holder of the same Bond in respect of anything done or suffered to be done by the Corporation, the Trustee or any Paying Agent in pursuance of such request or consent.

ARTICLE XIV

DEFEASANCE

1401. Defeasance. 1. If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the Holders of all Bonds and coupons then Outstanding, the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Resolution, then, at the option of the Corporation, expressed in an instrument in writing signed by an Authorized Officer and delivered to the Trustee, the covenants, agreements and other obligations of the
Corporation to the Bondholders shall be discharged and satisfied. In such event, the Trustee shall, upon the request of the Corporation, execute and deliver to the Corporation all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction and the Fiduciaries shall pay over or deliver to the Corporation all money, securities and funds held by them pursuant to the Resolution which are not required for the payment or redemption of Bonds or coupons not theretofore surrendered for such payment or redemption.

2. Bonds or coupons or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Fiduciaries (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or redemption date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in subsection 1 of this Section. All Outstanding Bonds of any Series and all coupons appertaining to such Bonds shall, prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in subsection 1 of this Section if (a) in case any of said Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the Corporation shall have given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to publish as provided in Article IV of the Resolution notice of redemption on said date of such Bonds, (b) there shall have been deposited with the Trustee either monies in an amount which shall be sufficient, or direct obligations of the United States of America the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient, to pay, when due, the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (c) in the event said Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding 60 days, the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to publish, as soon as practicable, at least twice, at an interval of not less than seven days between publications, in an Authorized Newspaper a notice to the Holders of such Bonds and coupons that the deposit required by (b) above has been made with the Trustee and that said Bonds and coupons are deemed to have been paid in accordance with this Section and stating such maturity or
redemption date upon which monies are to be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, on said Bonds. Neither direct obligations of the United States of America or monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to this Section nor principal or interest payments on any such securities shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on said Bonds; provided that any cash received from such principal or interest payments on such direct obligations of the United States of America deposited with the Trustee, if not then needed for such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in direct obligations of the United States of America maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest to become due on said Bonds on and prior to such redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and interest earned from such reinvestment shall be paid over to the Corporation, as received by the Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge.

3. Anything in the Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, any monies held by a Fiduciary in trust for the payment and discharge of any of the Bonds or coupons which remain unclaimed for six years after the date when such Bonds have become due and payable, either at their stated maturity dates or by call for earlier redemption, if such monies were held by the Fiduciary at such date, or for six years after the date of deposit of such monies if deposited with the Fiduciary after the said date when such Bonds became due and payable, shall, at the written request of the Corporation, be repaid by the Fiduciary to the Corporation, as its absolute property and free from trust, and the Fiduciary shall thereupon be released and discharged with respect thereto and the Bondholders shall look only to the Corporation for the payment of such Bonds and coupons; provided, however, that before being required to make any such payment to the Corporation, the Fiduciary shall, at the expense of the Corporation, cause to be published at least twice, at an interval of not less than seven days between publications, in an Authorized Newspaper, a notice that said monies remain unclaimed and that, after a date named in said notice, which date shall be not less than 30 days after the date of the first publication of such notice, the balance of such monies then unclaimed will be returned to the Corporation.
ARTICLE XV

MISCELLANEOUS

1501. Preservation and Inspection of Documents. All documents received by the Trustee or any Paying Agent under the provisions of this Resolution or any Series Resolution shall be retained in its possession and shall be subject at all reasonable times to the inspection of the Corporation, the Trustee or any Paying Agent and after written request received by the Trustee at least five business days prior to the date of inspection, by any Holder of Outstanding Bonds and their agents and representatives, any of whom may make copies thereof.

1502. Parties of Interest. Nothing in this Resolution or in any Series Resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions hereof, expressed or implied, is intended to or shall be construed to confer upon or to give to any person or party other than the Corporation, Trustee, Paying Agents and the Holders of the Bonds and coupons pertaining thereto any rights, remedies or claims under or by reason of this Resolution or any Series Resolution or any covenants, condition or stipulation thereof; and all covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements in this Resolution and any Series Resolution contained by or on behalf of the Corporation shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Corporation, Trustee and Paying Agents and the Holders from time to time of the Bonds and the coupons pertaining thereto.

1503. No Recourse Under Resolution or on Bonds. All covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements and obligations of the Corporation contained in this Resolution shall be deemed to be the covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements and obligations of the Corporation and not of any member, officer or employee of the Corporation in his individual capacity, and no recourse shall be had for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on the Bonds or for any claim based thereon or on this Resolution against any member, officer or employee of the Corporation or any natural person executing the Bonds.

1504. Severability. If any one or more of the covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements or obligations provided in this Resolution on the part of the Corporation, Trustee or any Paying Agent to be performed should be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to law, then such covenant or covenants, stipulation or stipu-
lations, promise or promises, agreement or agreements, obligation or obligations shall be deemed and construed to be severable from the remaining covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements and obligations herein contained and shall in no way affect the validity of the other provisions of this Resolution.

1505. Headings. Any headings preceding the texts of the several Articles and Sections hereof, and any table of contents or marginal notes appended to copies hereof, shall be solely for convenience of reference and shall not constitute a part of this Resolution, nor shall they affect its meaning, construction or effect.

1506. Conflict. All resolutions or parts of resolutions or other proceedings of the Corporation in conflict herewith be and the same are repealed insofar as such conflict exists.

1507. Effective Date. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Resolution

Authorizing
$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

Adopted February 9, 1983
As Amended
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*This Table of Contents was not part of the Resolution as adopted.
SERIES 44 RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING
$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

Be It Resolved by the Board of Directors of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, as follows:

ARTICLE I
DEFINITIONS AND STATUTORY AUTHORITY

SECTION 101. Series 44 Resolution. This Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds is supplemental to, and constitutes a Series Resolution within the meaning of and is adopted in accordance with Article X of, the resolution adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond Resolution" and referred to herein as the "Resolution".

SECTION 102. Definitions. (a) All terms which are defined in Section 101 of the Resolution shall have the same meanings, respectively, in this Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds as such terms are given in said Section 101 of the Resolution.

(b) In addition, as used in this Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds, unless the context shall otherwise require, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings:

"Bond Purchase Agreement" shall mean the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983, by and among the Corporation and the Purchasers, in substantially the form presented at this meeting.

"Purchasers" shall mean the underwriters set forth in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase Agreement as represented by Salomon Brothers Inc, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group (Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner &
"Series 44 Bonds" shall mean the Bonds authorized by
Article II of this Series 44 Resolution.

"Series 44 Resolution" shall mean this Series 44
Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds.

(c) Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and
construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter
genders. Unless the context shall otherwise indicate, words
importing the singular number shall include the plural number and
vice versa, and words importing persons shall include
corporations and associations, including public bodies, as well
as natural persons, but shall not include the Corporation.

(d) The terms "hereby", "hereof", "hereto", "herein",
"hereunder", and any similar terms, as used in this Series 44
Resolution, refer to the Series 44 Resolution.

SECTION 103. Authority for the Series 44 Resolution.
This Series 44 Resolution is adopted pursuant to the provisions
of the Act and the Resolution.
ARTICLE II

AUTHORIZATION, TERMS AND ISSUANCE OF
SERIES 44 BONDS

SECTION 201. Authorization of Series 44 Bonds, Principal Amount, Designation and Series. The Series 44 Bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations established in the Resolution and this Series 44 Resolution. The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1 in each of the years 1995 through 1999, inclusive, shall be deemed to be Serial Bonds and the Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 shall be deemed to be Term Bonds within the meaning of the Resolution. In addition to the title "Bonds", such Series of Bonds shall bear the additional designation of "Series 44" and each as so designated shall be entitled "Series 44 Bond" and may be issued in coupon form payable to bearer and registrable as to principal only or in fully registered form.

SECTION 202. Purpose. The purposes for which the Series 44 Bonds are being issued are (a) to refund the 1978 Series JJ Bonds issued under the First General Bond Resolution and (b) to pay a portion of the proceeds to the City upon certification by the Mayor of the City to the Corporation that the amount is required by the City to pay for items permitted by law to be included in the City's capital budget during the fiscal year in which the amount is to be paid to the City.

SECTION 203. Date of Series 44 Bonds. The Series 44 Bonds shall be dated February 1, 1983, except as otherwise provided in Section 301 of the Resolution with respect to certain registered Series 44 Bonds issued on or after the first interest payment date. Registered Series 44 Bonds issued prior to the first interest payment date thereof shall be dated February 1, 1983.

SECTION 204. Maturities and Interest Rates. The Series 44 Bonds shall bear interest at the rates set forth below and shall mature on July 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10 7/8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 205. Interest Payments. The Series 44 Bonds shall bear interest from February 1, 1983, payable on July 1, 1983 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1 in each year, to the date of maturity or earlier redemption, and thereafter shall bear interest at the same rate until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of the principal sum of the Series 44 Bonds is discharged.

SECTION 206. Denominations, Numbers and Letters. The Series 44 Bonds shall be issued in the denomination of $5,000 in the case of Series 44 Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer and in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple of $5,000 in fully registered form without coupons. The Series 44 Bonds in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000 shall be designated 44- and the Series 44 Bonds in fully registered form without coupons shall be designated 44R- . Each such number and each such number and letter designated above shall be followed by the last two digits of the year of maturity of the Series 44 Bonds and the number of the Series 44 Bond. Series 44 Bonds in coupon form bearing the same digits of a year of maturity shall be numbered from 1 upwards and Series 44 Bonds in fully registered form so lettered and bearing the same digits of a year of maturity shall be numbered consecutively from 1 upwards in order of issuance. Any Series 44 Bond in coupon form payable to bearer surrendered to the Trustee in any exchange or transfer pursuant to Section 308 of the Resolution shall be cancelled forthwith by the Trustee upon its books, provided, however, that the Trustee is authorized to retain any Series 44 Bond in such coupon form so surrendered and to re-issue, if necessary, any such Bond so retained with unmatured coupons representing interest to become due attached thereto in exchange for a registered Series 44 Bond or Bonds in accordance with the provisions of Section 304 of the Resolution (any such Series 44 Bond or coupon so retained by the Trustee shall not be deemed Outstanding while so retained).

SECTION 207. CUSIP Numbers. The Corporation is hereby authorized, in its discretion or if so requested by the Purchasers, to provide for the assignment of CUSIP numbers for the Series 44 Bonds and to have such CUSIP numbers printed thereon, and the Corporation may direct the Trustee to use such CUSIP numbers on notices of redemption and on checks payable to registered Bondholders as a convenience to Bondholders, provided that any such notice shall state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such number either as printed on the Series 44 Bonds or as contained in any notice of redemption.

SECTION 208. Places of Payment and Paying Agent. The principal and Redemption Price of, and interest on, the Series 44 Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer shall be payable at the following, hereby appointed Paying Agent hereunder: the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. in the Borough of
Manhattan, City and State of New York. The interest on all registered Series 44 Bonds, and the principal and Redemption Price of all registered Series 44 Bonds and of all Series 44 Bonds issued in coupon form payable to bearer and registered as to principal shall be payable at the corporate trust office of the Trustee.

SECTION 209. Optional Redemption of Series 44 Bonds and Terms. The Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation, at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or dates, or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date at the Redemption Prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 210. Sinking Fund Installments. The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 shall be subject to redemption, in part, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments beginning on July 1, 2000 as herein provided, upon published notice, all as prescribed in Article IV of the Resolution, at the Redemption Price of one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption. Unless none of the Series 44 Bonds shall then be Outstanding and, subject to the provisions of Section 605 of the Resolution permitting amounts to be credited to part or all of any one or more Sinking Fund Installments, there shall be due and the Corporation shall be required to pay for the retirement of the Series 44 Bonds, on July 1 of each of the years set forth in the following table, the amount set forth opposite such year in such table, and the said amount to be paid on each such date is hereby established as and shall constitute a Sinking Fund Installment for retirement of the Series 44 Bonds:
Series 44 Bonds Due July 1, 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Payment at maturity.

SECTION 211. Selection by Lot. If less than all of the Series 44 Bonds are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in accordance with Section 404 of the Resolution.

SECTION 212. Sale of the Series 44 Bonds. The Series 44 Bonds authorized to be issued herein shall be sold to the Purchasers at the purchase price set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement but in no event less than $205,170,000, plus accrued interest on the Series 44 Bonds from February 1, 1983, to the date of delivery thereof and payment therefor, and any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to execute the Bond Purchase Agreement in the name and on behalf of the Corporation and to deliver the same to the Purchasers.

Any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to permit the distribution of the final Official Statement in substantially the form presented at this meeting with such changes, omissions, insertions and revisions as such officer shall deem advisable and to sign and deliver such final Official Statement in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to the Purchasers. The Corporation hereby ratifies the use in conjunction with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds by the Purchasers of the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 31, 1983.

The Series 44 Bonds shall be delivered to the Purchasers at such time and place as shall be determined by the Corporation, subject to the conditions of the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Resolution.
ARTICLE III

APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS AND REFUNDING OF BONDS

Section 301. Establishment of 1978 Series JJ Bonds Trust Fund. There is hereby created and established with the trustee under the First General Bond Resolution (the "First Resolution Trustee"), a trust fund to be designated "1978 Series JJ Trust Fund" to be held in the custody of the First Resolution Trustee as a trust fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Corporation or the First Resolution Trustee.

Section 302. Application of Proceeds. There shall be deposited into the Bond Proceeds Account the proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds. The Trustee shall on the date of delivery of the Series 44 Bonds apply such moneys in the Bond Proceeds Account as follows: (a) such portion of the amount representing accrued interest on the Series 44 Bonds from the date thereof to the date of delivery thereof shall, in accordance with the written instructions of an Authorized Officer, be deposited in the Bond Service Fund and (b) the balance thereof shall, in accordance with written instructions of an Authorized Officer, (i) be made available to the City for capital improvements includable in the City's capital budget and (ii) be deposited in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund in accordance with Section 303 hereof.

Section 303. Funding of 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund. The Trustee shall, on the date of delivery and sale of the Series 44 Bonds, apply the moneys deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account (i) to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America, for deposit into the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund, in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest, and otherwise having such terms and qualifications as shall be set forth in a certificate of an Authorized Officer or (ii) to deposit moneys into the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund in such amount as shall be set forth in a certificate of an Authorized Officer; provided, that the moneys deposited pursuant to (ii) hereof and the principal of and interest on the obligations purchased pursuant to (i) hereof, when due, shall be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or redemption price, as required pursuant to Section 304 hereinafter, of and interest due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds on and prior to the maturity or earlier redemption date thereof, as the case may be.

Section 304. Application of Amounts in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund. (1) Except to the extent that such amounts may be reinvested as set forth in paragraph (2) of this Section 304, amounts on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund, including payments received as principal of or interest on obligations deposited therein shall be used by the First Resolution Trustee
to pay the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Series JJ Bonds when due. The First Resolution Trustee is hereby irrevocably instructed to pay the sinking fund installments for the 1978 Series JJ Bonds due on February 1, 1995 and principal of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds when due.

(2) Amounts on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund resulting from payments received as principal of or interest on obligations deposited therein or from deposits of moneys therein, if not then needed to pay the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, shall, to the extent practicable, be re-invested by the First Resolution Trustee as directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer in direct obligations of the United States of America maturing at such times and in such amounts as shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds on or prior to the maturity or other due date or dates thereof and interest earned from such re-investment and not required for such payments with regard to the 1978 Series JJ Bonds shall be deposited in the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution as the First Resolution Trustee shall be directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer upon receipt thereof by the First Resolution Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge to the holders of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds.

(3) Upon (i) the payment in full of the principal or appropriate redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the terms thereof or (ii) the fulfillment of the conditions set forth in subsection 3 of Section 1401 of the First General Bond Resolution, any amounts of money or obligations on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund shall be deposited in or credited to the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution as the First Resolution Trustee shall be directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer.

(4) The First Resolution Trustee is irrevocably instructed hereby to give such notice, including publication thereof, of the deposit of the obligations and moneys, if any, in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund and of redemption, as shall be required in the reasonable judgment of the First Resolution Trustee pursuant to Articles XIV and IV of the First General Bond Resolution.

(5) In effecting payment of the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, the First Resolution Trustee shall make payment through any Fiduciary (as defined in the First General Bond Resolution) through which payment would be permissible if the 1978 Series JJ Bonds were Outstanding (as defined in the First General Bond Resolution),
provided that any money paid to such a Fiduciary representing the amount to be paid as the principal or redemption price of or interest on any 1978 Series JJ Bond shall be held by such Fiduciary in trust for the holders of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds and separate and apart from other moneys received pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution.

(6) Neither the Trustee nor the First Resolution Trustee shall be liable or responsible for the making of any investment or re-investment authorized by the provisions of this Section, in the manner provided in this Section, or for any loss resulting from any such investment so made.

(7) The Trustee upon written direction of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation may sell, liquidate or otherwise dispose of obligations in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund provided that the proceeds of such sale, liquidation or disposition is re-invested in direct obligations of the United States or deposited as cash in such Trust Fund in amounts sufficient so that the principal of and interest on such obligations (together with other obligations on deposit in such Trust Fund) will be sufficient with such cash in both time and amount to provide for the payment of the principal or, redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds when due.

ARTICLE IV

FORMS AND EXECUTION OF SERIES 44 BONDS AND COUPONS

SECTION 401. Forms of Bonds and Coupons of Series 44 Bonds. Subject to the provisions of the Resolution, the Series 44 Bonds in coupon form and coupons to be attached thereto and the Series 44 Bonds in registered form, together with the form of assignment therefor, and the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication, shall be in substantially the following forms and tenors:
No. 44- $5,000

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SERIES 44 BOND

The Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City Of New York (hereinafter sometimes called the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (herein sometimes called the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received, hereby promises to pay to the bearer or, if this Bond be registered as herein provided, to the registered owner hereof, upon presentation and surrender of this Bond, the principal sum of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($5,000) on the first day of July, ___ unless redeemed prior thereto as hereinafter provided, and to pay interest thereon at the rate of ___________ per centum (___%) per annum, payable on July 1, 1983 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1, in each year, from the date hereof to the date of maturity or earlier redemption of this Bond and thereafter at the same rate, until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of such principal sum shall be discharged, but with respect to interest due on or before the maturity of this Bond only according to the tenor and upon presentation and surrender of the attached coupons as they respectively become due and payable. Both principal and redemption premium, if any, of and interest on this Bond are payable in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the respective dates of payment thereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York. The principal of this Bond, if registered, is payable only at the corporate trust office of United States Trust Company of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as trustee under the resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond Resolution" (herein called the "Second General Bond Resolution"), or its successor as trustee (herein called the "Trustee"), in like coin or currency.

This Bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of the Corporation designated as its "Bonds" (herein called the
"Bonds"), issued and to be issued in various series under and pursuant to the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law (Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended (herein called the "Act"), and under and pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution authorizing each such series.

The Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of any payments to the Corporation pursuant to Sections 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except for amounts pledged pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution"), and the rights of the holders of the Bonds to such amounts are declared to be expressly subordinate to the rights of the holders of obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and any payments to the Corporation for credit to the Operating Fund as defined in and established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution. The Bonds are entitled to a first lien created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution of all revenues, moneys and securities in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund (as defined therein). The Second General Bond Resolution provides for the application of the amounts in the Capital Reserve Fund and in the Bond Service Fund to the payment, when due, of the principal or redemption price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds. Pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution, such revenues, moneys and securities include each of the following: (i) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Aid Fund established by the State Finance Law (Chapter 56 of said Consolidated Laws), which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York as per capita aid pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law payable to The City of New York (herein sometimes called the "City") shall have been apportioned and paid into and be available in the Special Aid Account established within such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund for the Corporation; (ii) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys from the sales and compensating use taxes as imposed by Section 1107 of Article 28 of the Tax Law (Chapter 60 of said Consolidated Laws) and, if required, the stock transfer tax imposed by Article 12 of said Tax Law, have been appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York from the Special Tax Account established within such Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for the Corporation or that
revenues shall have otherwise been made available therefor by the State of New York; (iii) all amounts received by the Corporation from the State of New York as payments for deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (pursuant to the Act by certification annually on or before December 1, of the Chairman to the Governor and the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, of the amount necessary to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to its required amount); and (iv) investment earnings of moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund and Bond Service Fund; provided, however, that pursuant to the Act, any provision therein or in the Resolutions or in any other agreement between the Corporation and the holders of Bonds, relating to said per capita aid, taxes and such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund, the Special Aid Account, the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State of New York in such Funds from time to time and the State of New York shall incur no liability on account thereof beyond such moneys.

As provided in the Second General Bond Resolution, the Bonds may be issued from time to time pursuant to series resolutions in one or more series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution is not limited except as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution and in certain other resolutions and agreements of the Corporation, or as may be limited by law, and all Bonds issued and to be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution are and will be equally secured by the pledges and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Second General Bond Resolution.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds designated "Series 44 Bonds" (herein called the "Series 44 Bonds"), issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution of the Corporation, adopted February 9, 1983, entitled "Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds" (said resolutions being herein collectively called the "Resolutions") for purposes authorized by the Act. Copies of the Resolutions are on file at the office of the Corporation and at the corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference to the Resolutions and any and all supplements thereto and modifications and amendments thereof and to the Act is made for a description of the pledges and covenants securing the Series 44 Bonds, the nature, extent and manner of enforcement of such pledges, the rights and remedies of the bearers or registered owners of the Series 44 Bonds with respect thereto and the terms and conditions upon...
which the Series 44 Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended (constituting Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York) (herein called the "Control Act"), the State has authorized and requires the Corporation to include in any agreement made by the Corporation with holders of its bonds issued after September 28, 1979, including the Series 44 Bonds, and the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Bond, a pledge and agreement of the State that it will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraphs a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act, or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44
Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to re impose or terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect with respect to a holder of a Series 44 Bond if at any time (i) there is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed, defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with the holder of this Series 44 Bond is in full force and effect.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms of the Resolutions, the provisions of the Resolutions or any resolution amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be modified or amended by the Corporation with the written consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), or, in case less than all of the series of Bonds would be affected thereby, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each series so affected then Outstanding, or, in case of a Sinking Fund Installment (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution) change, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds affected thereby; provided, however, that if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds.

This Series 44 Bond is transferable by delivery except when registered as to principal otherwise than to bearer. It may be registered as to principal in the name of the owner on the books of the Corporation kept for that purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, such registration to be noted hereon, after which no transfer hereof shall be valid unless made on said books by the registered owner in person, or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, and similarly noted hereon; but this Series 44 Bond may be discharged from registration by being in like manner transferred to bearer, after which it shall again become transferable by delivery; and this Series 44 Bond

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may again and from time to time be registered or discharged from registration in the same manner. Registration of this Series 44 Bond shall not affect the negotiability of the coupons, which shall continue to be payable to bearer and transferable by delivery.

The Series 44 Bonds are issuable in the form of coupon Bonds payable to bearer in the denomination of $5,000 and in the form of registered Bonds without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, not exceeding the aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with all unmatured coupons attached, may, at the option of the holder thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of registered Series 44 Bonds of any of the authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest, in the manner, subject to the conditions, and upon the payment of the charges, if any, provided in the Resolutions. In like manner, subject to such conditions and upon payment of such charges, if any, registered Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, may, at the option of the registered owner thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds with appropriate coupons attached, and/or Series 44 Bonds without coupons, of any other authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part, by lot, on any interest payent date, as provided in the Resolutions, at the following Redemption Prices (as defined in the Resolutions) (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period (Dates Inclusive)</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption, in part, by lot, on July 1 in each year on and after July 1, 2000, as provided in the Resolutions, at the Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus
accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, from
mandatory Sinking Fund Installments which are required to be made
in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 in each of the years
shown below the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds
specified therefor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sinking Fund Installment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Corporation may, at any time not prior to 12 months
prior to an interest payment date on which a Sinking Fund
Installment is scheduled to be due, but in no event less than 45
days prior to such date, direct the Trustee to purchase, at a
price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest, if any, accrued
to the date of such purchase, Series 44 Bonds payable from such
Sinking Fund Installment and apply any Series 44 Bonds so
purchased as a credit against such Sinking Fund Installment.

In the event that any or all of the Series 44 Bonds are
to be redeemed, notice of such redemption (a) shall be given by
publication once a week for at least two (2) successive weeks in
a newspaper customarily published at least once a day for at
least five (5) days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar
week, printed in the English language and of general circulation
in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as
provided in the Resolutions, the first such publication to be not
less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to
the redemption date, and (b) shall be mailed, postage prepaid,
not less than thirty (30) days before the redemption date to the
registered owners of any Series 44 Bonds or portions of the
Series 44 Bonds to be redeemed, provided, however, that such
mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and
failure so to mail any such notice shall not affect the validity
of the proceedings for the redemption of the Series 44 Bonds.
Notice of redemption having been given, as aforesaid, the Series
44 Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall
become due and payable at the applicable Redemption Price
hereinabove provided, and, from and after the date so fixed for
redemption, interest on the Series 44 Bonds, or portions thereof
so called for redemption, shall cease to accrue and become
payable, and the coupons for interest appertaining to coupon
Series 44 Bonds maturing subsequent to the redemption date shall be void.

The Series 44 Bonds shall not be a debt of either the State of New York or The City of New York, and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

This Series 44 Bond is fully negotiable for all purposes of the Uniform Commerical Code (Chapter 38 of said Consolidated Laws), and each holder or owner of this Series 44 Bond, or of any coupon appurtenant hereto, by accepting this Series 44 Bond or coupon shall be conclusively deemed to have agreed that this Series 44 Bond or coupon is fully negotiable for those purposes.

Neither this Series 44 Bond nor any coupon for interest thereon shall be entitled to any security, right or benefit under the Resolutions or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless the Certificate of Authentication hereon has been duly executed by the Trustee.

Neither the Directors of the Corporation nor any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, RECITED AND DECLARED that all acts, conditions and things required by the Constitution and statutes of the State of New York and the Resolutions to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this Series 44 Bond, exist, have happened and have been performed in due time, form and manner as required by law and that the issue of the Series 44 Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of the Corporation, is within every debt and other limit prescribed by law.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK has caused this Series 44 Bond to be executed in its name by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced hereon, and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary and the interest coupons hereto attached to be executed by the facsimile signature of said Chairman, all as of the first day of March, 1983.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By ______________________
Chairman

(Seal)

Attest: ________________
Secretary

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CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This Bond is one of the Bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolutions and is one of the Series 44 Bonds of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.

United States Trust Company
of New York, Trustee

By ______________________________
Authorized Signature

(FORM OF COUPON)

No. ______________________________

$________________

The MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK on the 1st day of ______, ______ (unless the bond hereinafter mentioned shall have been duly called for previous redemption and payment of the Redemption Price made or duly provided for) will pay to bearer the amount shown hereon in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the date of payment hereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, upon presentation and surrender of this coupon, being the interest then due on its Series 44 Bond, dated February 1, 1983, No. 44-___.

By ______________________________
Chairman, Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York

Provisions for Registration

(No writing below except by the Trustee as Registrar.)

Date of Registration ____________________________

Name of Registered Holder ____________________________

Authorized Signature ____________________________
(FORM OF REGISTERED BOND)
(FACE OF BOND)

No. 44R-- $..............

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Bond

% Due July 1, ______ % Due July 1, ______

THE MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received, hereby promises to pay to ____________________________ or registered assigns, upon presentation and surrender of this bond, the principal sum of _______________ DOLLARS on the first day of July ______, unless redeemed prior thereto as hereinafter provided, and to pay to the registered owner hereof interest thereon per annum at the rate specified above, payable on July 1, 1983 and semi-annually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1, in each year, from the Date shown below to the date of maturity or earlier redemption of this Bond and thereafter at the same rate, until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of such principal sum shall be discharged, at the corporate trust office in the City of New York, New York, of the Trustee hereinafter mentioned. Both principal and redemption premium, if any, of and interest on this Bond are payable in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the respective dates of payment thereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS BOND ARE CONTINUED ON THE REVERSE SIDE HEREOF AND SUCH CONTINUED TERMS AND PROVISIONS SHALL FOR ALL PURPOSES HAVE THE SAME EFFECT AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH AT THIS PLACE.

The Bonds of the Series of which this Bond is one (herein and on the reverse side hereof designated "Series 44 Bonds") shall not be a debt of either the State of New York or the City of New York (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "City"), and neither the State of New York nor the City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.
This Series 44 Bond shall not be entitled to any security, right or benefit under the Resolutions (as defined on the reverse side hereof) or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless the Certificate of Authentication hereon has been duly executed by the Trustee.

Neither the Directors of the Corporation nor any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, RECITED AND DECLARED that all acts, conditions and things required by the Constitution and statutes of the State of New York and the Resolutions to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this Series 44 Bond, exist, have happened and have been performed in due time, form and manner as required by law and that the issue of the Series 44 Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of the Corporation, is within every debt and other limit prescribed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK has caused this Series 44 Bond to be executed in its name by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced hereon, and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, all as of the Date shown below.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Date:_____________________

By_____________________

Chairman

(SEAL)

Attest:_____________________

Secretary
CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This Bond is one of the Series 44 Bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolutions.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK, Trustee

By __________________________
Authorized Signature
This Bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of the Corporation designated as its "Bonds" and herein so referred issued and to be issued in various series under and pursuant to the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law (Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended (herein called the "Act"), and under and pursuant to the resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond Resolution" and herein so referred to, and the series resolution authorizing each such series.

The Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of any payments to the Corporation pursuant to Sections 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except for amounts pledged pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution"), and the rights of the holders of the Bonds to such amounts are declared to be expressly subordinate to the rights of the holders of obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and any payments to the Corporation for credit to the Operating Fund as defined in and established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution. The Bonds are entitled to a first lien created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution of all revenues, moneys and securities in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund (as defined therein). The Second General Bond Resolution provides for the application of the amounts in the Capital Reserve Fund and in the Bond Service Fund to the payment, when due, of the principal or redemption price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds. Pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution, such revenues, moneys and securities include each of the following: (i) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Aid Fund established by the State Finance Law (Chapter 56 of said Consolidated Laws), which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York as per capita aid pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law payable to The City of New
York (herein sometimes called the "City") shall have been apportioned and paid into and be available in the Special Aid Account established within such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund for the Corporation; (ii) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys from the sales and compensating use taxes as imposed by Section 1107 of Article 28 of the Tax Law (Chapter 60 of said Consolidated Laws) and, if required, the stock transfer tax imposed by Article 12 of said Tax Law, have been appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York from the Special Tax Account established within such Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for the Corporation or that revenues shall have otherwise been made available therefor by the State of New York; (iii) all amounts received by the Corporation from the State of New York as payments for deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (pursuant to the Act by certification annually on or before December 1, of the Chairman to the Governor and the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, of the amount necessary to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to its required amount) and (iv) investment earnings of moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund and Bond Service Fund; provided, however, that pursuant to the Act, any provision therein or in the Resolutions or in any other agreement between the Corporation and the holders of Bonds, relating to said per capita aid, taxes and such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund, the Special Aid Account, the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State of New York in such Funds from time to time and the State of New York shall incur no liability on account thereof beyond such moneys.

The Bonds may be issued from time to time in one or more series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution is not limited except as provided therein and in certain other resolutions and agreements of the Corporation, or as may be limited by law, and all Bonds issued and to be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution are and will be equally secured by the pledges and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Second General Bond Resolution.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds designated "Series 44 Bonds" (herein called the "Series 44 Bonds"), issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution of the
Corporation, adopted February 9, 1983, entitled "Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds" (said resolutions being herein collectively called the "Resolutions"), for purposes authorized by the Act. Copies of the Resolutions are on file at the office of the Corporation and at the corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference to the Resolutions and any and all supplements thereto and modifications and amendments thereof and to the Act is made for a description of the pledges and covenants securing the Series 44 Bonds, the nature, extent and manner of enforcement of such pledges, the rights and remedies of the bearers or registered owners of the Series 44 Bonds with respect thereto and the terms and conditions upon which the Series 44 Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended (constituting Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney’s Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York) (herein called the "Control Act"), the State has authorized and requires the Corporation to include in any agreement made by the Corporation with holders of its bonds issued after September 28, 1978, including the Series 44 Bonds, and the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Bond, a pledge and agreement of the State that it will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraph a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act, or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the
board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are
not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or
appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the
existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in
accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect
on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially
modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be
audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public
accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such
audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a
control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section
two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44
Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the
board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to reimpose or
terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing
pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect with
respect to a holder of a Series 44 Bond if at any time (i) there
is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust
company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct
obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the
United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will
provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to
maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all
principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and
irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust
company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and
interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such
Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid
in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed,
defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with
the holder of this Series 44 Bond is in full force and effect.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms
of the Resolutions, the provisions of the Resolutions or any
resolution amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be
modified or amended by the Corporation with the written consent
of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the
Bonds then Outstanding (as defined in the Second General Bond
Resolution), or, in case less than all of the series of Bonds
would be affected thereby, with such consent of the holders of at
least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each series
so affected then Outstanding, or, in case of a Sinking Fund
Installment (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution)
change, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds
in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds affected thereby;
provided, however, that if such modification or amendment will,
by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any
specified like series and maturity remain Outstanding, the
consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and
such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose
of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds.
This Series 44 Bond is transferable as provided in the Resolutions, only upon the books of the Corporation kept for that purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, by the registered owner hereof in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender hereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee duly executed by the registered owner or such duly authorized attorney, and thereupon the Corporation shall issue in the name of the transferee, a new registered Series 44 Bond or Bonds and/or, at the option of the transferee, a coupon Series 44 Bond or Bonds of the denomination of $5,000 each with appropriate coupons attached, of the same aggregate principal amount, maturity and interest rate as the surrendered Series 44 Bonds as provided in the Resolutions and upon the payment of the charges, if any, therein prescribed. The Corporation and the Trustee may treat and consider the person in whose name this Series 44 Bond is registered as the holder and absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or Redemption Price (as defined in the Resolutions) hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes whatsoever.

The Series 44 Bonds are issuable in the form of coupon Bonds payable to bearer in the denomination of $5,000 and in the form of registered Bonds without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, not exceeding the aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with all unmatured coupons attached, may, at the option of the holder thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of registered Series 44 Bonds, of any of the authorized denominations, and bearing the same rate of interest in the manner, subject to the conditions, and upon the payment of the charges, if any, provided in the Resolutions. In like manner, subject to such conditions and upon payment of such charges, if any, registered Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, may, at the option of the registered owner thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds with appropriate coupons attached and/or Series 44 Bonds without coupons, of any other authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, as provided in the Resolutions, at the following Redemption Prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption:
Redemption Period
(Dates Inclusive)  Redemption Price

July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994  102%
January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996  101 1/2
July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997  101
January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999  100 1/2
July 1, 1999 and thereafter  100

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption, in part, by lot, on July 1, in each year on and after July 1, 2000, as provided in the Resolutions, at the Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, from mandatory Sinking Fund Installments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 in each of the years shown below the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds specified therefor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sinking Fund Installment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Corporation may, at any time not prior to 12 months prior to an interest payment date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is scheduled to be due, but in no event less than 45 days prior to such date, direct the Trustee to purchase at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest, if any, accrued to the date of such purchase, Series 44 Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment and apply any Series 44 Bonds so purchased as a credit against such Sinking Fund Installment.

In the event that any or all of the Series 44 Bonds are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption (a) shall be given by publication once a week for at least 2 successive weeks in a newspaper customarily published at least once a day for at least 5 days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar week, printed in the English language and of general circulation in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as provided in the Resolutions, the first of such publications to be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, and (b) shall be mailed, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days.
before the redemption date to the registered owners of any Series 44 Bonds or portions of the Series 44 Bonds to be redeemed, provided, however, that such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure so to mail any such notice shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the Series 44 Bonds. Notice of redemption having been given, as aforesaid, the Series 44 Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall become due and payable at the applicable Redemption Price hereinafore provided, and, from and after the date so fixed for redemption, interest on the Series 44 Bonds, or portions thereof so called for redemption, shall cease to accrue and become payable, and the coupons for interest appertaining to coupon Series 44 Bonds maturing subsequent to the redemption date shall be void.

* * * * *

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations (additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the following list):

TEN COM- as tenants in common
TEN ENT-as tenants by the entireties
JT TEN-as joint tenants with right of survivorship
and not as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT MIN ACT-
Custodian
(Cust) (Minor)
Under Uniform Gifts to Minors
Act
(State)

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

Please Insert Social Security
or Other Identifying Number of
Assignee
(For computer record only)

Please Print or Typewrite Name and Address of Transferee the within Series 44 Bond, and all rights thereunder, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints

-30-
ATTORNEY TO TRANSFER THE
within Series 44 Bond on the books kept for the registration
thereof, with full power of substitution in the premises.

DATED:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond
with the name as it appears on the face of the within Series 44
Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or
any change whatever.

SECTION 402. No Recourse on Series 44 Bonds. No
recourse shall be had for the payment of the principal or
Redemption Price of or interest on the Series 44 Bonds or for any
claim based thereon or on the Series 44 Resolution against any
member or officer of the Corporation or any person executing the
Series 44 Bonds and neither the Directors of the Corporation nor
any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds of the Corporation
shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by
reason of the issuance thereof.

SECTION 403. Execution and Authentication of Series 44
Bonds. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 303 of the
Resolution, the Chairman of the Corporation is hereby authorized
and directed to execute by his manual or facsimile signature the
Series 44 Bonds in the name of the Corporation and the corporate
seal (or a facsimile thereof) shall be thereunto affixed,
imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced thereon. The
Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Corporation is hereby
authorized and directed to attest by his manual or facsimile
signature the execution of the Series 44 Bonds.

The Trustee is hereby authorized to authenticate by
manual or facsimile signature the Series 44 Bonds, and deliver
the same to or upon the order of the Corporation, in such amounts
and at such times as the Trustee shall be directed in writing by
an Authorized Officer.
ARTICLE V

Miscellaneous

SECTION 501. Special Covenants. (1) As used in this subsection (1) all defined terms other than Series 44 Bonds are as defined in the First General Bond Resolution. The Corporation hereby covenants with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that it shall not issue any Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations which would cause the aggregate amount of the principal on Serial Bonds, the Sinking Fund Installments, maturities of Terms Bonds not required to be paid from Sinking Fund Installments and interest on all Outstanding Bonds, and the principal of and interest on Notes and the interest on Other Obligations to be paid in any one Fiscal Year to exceed four hundred twenty-five million dollars. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, with respect to up to an aggregate principal amount of twenty-five million dollars of small denomination Notes, as defined in the First General Bond Resolution, for purposes of the foregoing test, debt service shall be determined by assuming that a pro rata amount of such Notes will be redeemed in each Fiscal Year during the period from the date of issuance to the stated date of maturity and interest will accrue on such Notes from the date of issuance and be paid at such assumed dates of redemption; provided, however, that such debt service shall be so determined in such manner only if the resolution or other instrument authorizing the issuance of such small denomination Notes requires the Corporation to deposit annually in a sinking fund established for the payment of such small denomination Notes an amount at least equal to such pro rata amount and interest thereon.

(2) The Corporation hereby covenants further with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that it shall not issue any additional Bonds unless, in addition to the certificates required pursuant to subsection 3 of Section 202 of the Resolution, it delivers to the Trustee at the time of the delivery of such additional Bonds a certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth that the aggregate of the amounts set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of such subsection after deducting the amount set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) of such subsection 3 and the Operating Expenses set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(c) of such subsection, will be at least 2.0 times the aggregate amount set forth in (3)(b) of such subsection for each Fiscal Year.

(3) The Corporation shall publish (a) within forty-five (45) days after the end of each calendar quarter on an unaudited basis and (b) within ninety (90) days after the end of each Fiscal Year, on the basis of an audit conducted by independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing, a statement of financial position of the Corporation at the end of the period, and the related Debt Service Fund and Capital Reserve
Fund statement of transactions and the Operating Fund statement of transactions for the period then ended, together with notes and exhibits thereto, similar in form to the notes and exhibits (which in any case shall include exhibits showing (i) all Bonds and Notes of the Corporation then Outstanding, (ii) a summary of annual debt service funding requirements, and (iii) a summary of total annual debt service payment requirements) published by the Corporation for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1978, and both such audited and unaudited financial statements to be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

SECTION 502. State Covenant. In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended to the date hereof, being Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York (hereinafter called the "Control Act"), the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Resolution the pledge and agreement of the State with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that the State will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraphs a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect.

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on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to reimpose or terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect if at any time (i) there is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed, defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with the holders of these Series 44 Bonds is in full force and effect.

SECTION 503. Authorized Officers. The Chairman, Vice Chairman, Chairman of the Finance Committee, Executive Director, Deputy Executive Director, Treasurer, Counsel, Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Corporation are each hereby authorized to deliver and executed in the name and on behalf of the Corporation any certificate, opinion, record or other document required by or authorized pursuant to the Resolution, this Series 44 Resolution or the Bond Purchase Agreement in connection with the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

SECTION 504. When Effective. The Series 44 Resolution shall become effective immediately upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy hereof certified by an Authorized Officer.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Resolution

Authorizing
$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

Adopted February 9, 1983
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SERIES 44 RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING
$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

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*This Table of Contents was not part of the Resolution as adopted.
SERIES 44 RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING
$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

Be It Resolved by the Board of Directors of the
Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, as
follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS AND STATUTORY AUTHORITY

SECTION 101. Series 44 Resolution. This Series 44
Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds is
supplemental to, and constitutes a Series Resolution within the
meaning of and is adopted in accordance with Article X of, the
resolution adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as
amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond
Resolution" and referred to herein as the "Resolution".

SECTION 102. Definitions. (a) All terms which are
defined in Section 101 of the Resolution shall have the same
meanings, respectively, in this Series 44 Resolution Authorizing
$210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds as such terms are given in said
Section 101 of the Resolution.

(b) In addition, as used in this Series 44 Resolution
Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds, unless the context
shall otherwise require, the following terms shall have the
following respective meanings:

"Bond Purchase Agreement" shall mean the Bond Purchase
Agreement dated February 9, 1983, by and among the Corporation
and the Purchasers, in substantially the form presented at this
meeting.

"Purchasers" shall mean the underwriters set forth in
Schedule I to the Bond Purchase Agreement as represented by
Salomon Brothers Inc, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Merrill Lynch White
Weld Capital Markets Group (Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner &
"Series 44 Bonds" shall mean the Bonds authorized by Article IT of this Series 44 Resolution.

"Series 44 Resolution" shall mean this Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds.

(c) Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter genders. Unless the context shall otherwise indicate, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include corporations and associations, including public bodies, as well as natural persons, but shall not include the Corporation.

(d) The terms "hereby", "hereof", "hereto", "herein", "hereunder", and any similar terms, as used in this Series 44 Resolution, refer to the Series 44 Resolution.

SECTION 103. Authority for the Series 44 Resolution. This Series 44 Resolution is adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Resolution.
ARTICLE II

AUTHORIZATION, TERMS AND ISSUANCE OF
SERIES 44 BONDS

SECTION 201. Authorization of Series 44 Bonds.
Principal Amount, Designation and Series. The Series 44 Bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations established in the Resolution and this Series' 44 Resolution. The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1 in each of the years 1995 through 1999, inclusive, shall be deemed to be Serial Bonds and the Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 shall be deemed to be Term Bonds within the meaning of the Resolution. In addition to the title "Bonds", such Series of Bonds shall bear the additional designation of "Series 44" and each as so designated shall be entitled "Series 44 Bond" and may be issued in coupon form payable to bearer and registrable as to principal only or in fully registered form.

SECTION 202. Purpose. The purposes for which the Series 44 Bonds are being issued are to refund the 1978 Series JJ Bonds issued under the First General Bond Resolution and to make deposits into the Capital Reserve Fund, it being hereby determined that such deposits, in addition to the amounts currently on deposit in such Fund, constitute a reasonably required reserve fund.

SECTION 203. Date of Series 44 Bonds. The Series 44 Bonds shall be dated February 1, 1983, except as otherwise provided in Section 301 of the Resolution with respect to certain registered Series 44 Bonds issued on or after the first interest payment date. Registered Series 44 Bonds issued prior to the first interest payment date thereof shall be dated February 1, 1983.

SECTION 204. Maturities and Interest Rates. The Series 44 Bonds shall bear interest at the rates set forth below and shall mature on July 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10 7/8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 205. Interest Payments. The Series 44 Bonds shall bear interest from February 1, 1983, payable on July 1, 1983 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1 in each year, to the date of maturity or earlier redemption, and thereafter shall bear interest at the same rate until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of the principal sum of the Series 44 Bonds is discharged.

SECTION 206. Denominations, Numbers and Letters. The Series 44 Bonds shall be issued in the denomination of $5,000 in the case of Series 44 Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer and in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple of $5,000 in fully registered form without coupons. The Series 44 Bonds in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000 shall be designated 44- and the Series 44 Bonds in fully registered form without coupons shall be designated 44R-. Each such number and each such number and letter designated above shall be followed by the last two digits of the year of maturity of the Series 44 Bonds and the number of the Series 44 Bond. Series 44 Bonds in coupon form bearing the same digits of a year of maturity shall be numbered from 1 upwards and Series 44 Bonds in fully registered form so lettered and bearing the same digits of a year of maturity shall be numbered consecutively from 1 upwards in order of issuance. Any Series 44 Bond in coupon form payable to bearer surrendered to the Trustee in any exchange or transfer pursuant to Section 308 of the Resolution shall be cancelled forthwith by the Trustee upon its books, provided, however, that the Trustee is authorized to retain any Series 44 Bond in such coupon form so surrendered and to re-issue, if necessary, any such Bond so retained with unmatured coupons representing interest to become due attached thereto in exchange for a registered Series 44 Bond or Bonds in accordance with the provisions of Section 304 of the Resolution (any such Series 44 Bond or coupon so retained by the Trustee shall not be deemed Outstanding while so retained).

SECTION 207. CUSIP Numbers. The Corporation is hereby authorized, in its discretion or if so requested by the Purchasers, to provide for the assignment of CUSIP numbers for the Series 44 Bonds and to have such CUSIP numbers printed thereon, and the Corporation may direct the Trustee to use such CUSIP numbers on notices of redemption and on checks payable to registered Bondholders as a convenience to Bondholders, provided that any such notice shall state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such number either as printed on the Series 44 Bonds or as contained in any notice of redemption.

SECTION 208. Places of Payment and Paying Agent. The principal and Redemption Price of, and interest on, the Series 44 Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer shall be payable at the following, hereby appointed Paying Agent hereunder: the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. in the Borough of
Manhattan, City and State of New York. The interest on all registered Series 44 Bonds, and the principal and Redemption Price of all registered Series 44 Bonds and of all Series 44 Bonds issued in coupon form payable to bearer and registered as to principal shall be payable at the corporate trust office of the Trustee.

SECTION 209. Optional Redemption of Series 44 Bonds and Terms. The Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation, at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or dates, or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date at the Redemption Prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102 3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 210. Sinking Fund Installments. The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 shall be subject to redemption, in part, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments beginning on July 1, 2000 as herein provided, upon published notice, all as prescribed in Article IV of the Resolution, at the Redemption Price of one hundred per centum (100%) of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption. Unless none of the Series 44 Bonds shall then be Outstanding and, subject to the provisions of Section 605 of the Resolution permitting amounts to be credited to part or all of any one or more Sinking Fund Installments, there shall be due and the Corporation shall be required to pay for the retirement of the Series 44 Bonds, on July 1 of each of the years set forth in the following table, the amount set forth opposite such year in such table, and the said amount to be paid on each such date is hereby established as and shall constitute a Sinking Fund Installment for retirement of the Series 44 Bonds:
Series 44 Bonds Due July 1, 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Payment at maturity.

SECTION 211. Selection by Lot. If less than all of the Series 44 Bonds are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in accordance with Section 404 of the Resolution.

SECTION 212. Sale of the Series 44 Bonds. The Series 44 Bonds authorized to be issued herein shall be sold to the Purchasers at the purchase price set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement but in no event less than $205,170,000, plus accrued interest on the Series 44 Bonds from February 1, 1983, to the date of delivery thereof and payment therefor, and any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to execute the Bond Purchase Agreement in the name and on behalf of the Corporation and to deliver the same to the Purchasers.

Any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to permit the distribution of the final Official Statement in substantially the form presented at this meeting with such changes, omissions, insertions and revisions as such officer shall deem advisable and to sign and deliver such final Official Statement in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to the Purchasers. The Corporation hereby ratifies the use in conjunction with the sale of the Series 44 Bonds by the Purchasers of the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 31, 1983.

The Series 44 Bonds shall be delivered to the Purchasers at such time and place as shall be determined by the Corporation, subject to the conditions of the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Resolution.
ARTICLE III

APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS AND REFUNDING OF BONDS

Section 301. Establishment of 1978 Series JJ Bonds Trust Fund. There is hereby created and established with the trustee under the First General Bond Resolution (the "First Resolution Trustee"), a trust fund to be designated "1978 Series JJ Trust Fund" to be held in the custody of the First Resolution Trustee as a trust fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Corporation or the First Resolution Trustee.

Section 302. Application of Proceeds. There shall be deposited into the Bond Proceeds Account the proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds. The Trustee shall on the date of delivery of the Series 44 Bonds apply such moneys in the Bond Proceeds Account as follows: (a) such portion of the amount representing accrued interest on the Series 44 Bonds from the date thereof to the date of delivery thereof shall, in accordance with the written instructions of an Authorized Officer, be deposited in the Bond Service Fund and (b) the balance thereof shall, in accordance with written instructions of an Authorized Officer, (i) be deposited in the Capital Reserve Fund and (ii) be deposited in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund in accordance with Section 303 hereof.

Section 303. Funding of 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund. The Trustee shall, on the date of delivery and sale of the Series 44 Bonds, apply the moneys deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account (i) to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America, for deposit into the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund, in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest, and otherwise having such terms and qualifications as shall be set forth in a certificate of an Authorized Officer or (ii) to deposit moneys into the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund in such amount as shall be set forth in a certificate of an Authorized Officer; provided, that the moneys deposited pursuant to (i) hereof and the principal of and interest on the obligations purchased pursuant to (i) hereof, when due, shall be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or redemption price, as required pursuant to Section 304 hereinafter, of and interest due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds on and prior to the maturity or earlier redemption date thereof, as the case may be.

Section 304. Application of Amounts in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund. (1) Except to the extent that such amounts may be reinvested as set forth in paragraph (2) of this Section 304, amounts on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund, including payments received as principal of or interest on obligations deposited therein shall be used by the First Resolution Trustee to pay the principal or redemption price of and interest on the
Series JJ Bonds when due. The First Resolution Trustee is hereby irrevocably instructed to pay the sinking fund installments for the 1978 Series JJ Bonds due on February 1, 1995 and principal of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds when due.

(2) Amounts on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund resulting from payments received as principal of or interest on obligations deposited therein or from deposits of moneys therein, if not then needed to pay the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, shall, to the extent practicable, be re-invested by the First Resolution Trustee as directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer in direct obligations of the United States of America maturing at such times and in such amounts as shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds on or prior to the maturity or other due date or dates thereof and interest earned from such re-investment and not required for such payments with regard to the 1978 Series JJ Bonds shall be deposited in the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution as the First Resolution Trustee shall be directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer upon receipt thereof by the First Resolution Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge to the holders of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds.

(3) Upon (i) the payment in full of the principal or appropriate redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the terms thereof or (ii) the fulfillment of the conditions set forth in subsection 3 of Section 1401 of the First General Bond Resolution, any amounts of money or obligations on deposit in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund shall be deposited in or credited to the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution as the First Resolution Trustee shall be directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer.

(4) The First Resolution Trustee is irrevocably instructed hereby to give such notice, including publication thereof, of the deposit of the obligations and moneys, if any, in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund and of redemption, as shall be required in the reasonable judgment of the First Resolution Trustee pursuant to Articles XIV and IV of the First General Bond Resolution.

(5) In effecting payment of the principal or redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, the First Resolution Trustee shall make payment through any Fiduciary (as defined in the First General Bond Resolution) through which payment would be permissible if the 1978 Series JJ Bonds were Outstanding (as defined in the First General Bond Resolution), provided that any money paid to such a Fiduciary representing the
amount to be paid as the principal or redemption price of or interest on any 1978 Series JJ Bond shall be held by such Fiduciary in trust for the holders of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds and separate and apart from other moneys received pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution.

(6) Neither the Trustee nor the First Resolution Trustee shall be liable or responsible for the making of any investment or re-investment authorized by the provisions of this Section, in the manner provided in this Section, or for any loss resulting from any such investment so made.

(7) The Trustee upon written direction of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation may sell, liquidate or otherwise dispose of obligations in the 1978 Series JJ Trust Fund provided that the proceeds of such sale, liquidation or disposition is re-invested in direct obligations of the United States or deposited as cash in such Trust Fund in amounts sufficient so that the principal of and interest on such obligations (together with other obligations on deposit in such Trust Fund) will be sufficient with such cash in both time and amount to provide for the payment of the principal or, redemption price of and interest on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds when due.

ARTICLE IV

FORMS AND EXECUTION OF SERIES 44 BONDS AND COUPONS

SECTION 401. Forms of Bonds and Coupons of Series 44 Bonds. Subject to the provisions of the Resolution, the Series 44 Bonds in coupon form and coupons to be attached thereto and the Series 44 Bonds in registered form, together with the form of assignment therefor, and the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication, shall be in substantially the following forms and tenors:
FORM OF COUPON BOND

No. 44- $5,000

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SERIES 44 BOND

The Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City Of New York (hereinafter sometimes called the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (herein sometimes called the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received, hereby promises to pay to the bearer or, if this Bond be registered as herein provided, to the registered owner hereof, upon presentation and surrender of this Bond, the principal sum of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($5,000) on the first day of July, _____ unless redeemed prior thereto as hereinafter provided, and to pay interest thereon at the rate of ______________ per centum (%) per annum, payable on July 1, 1983 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1, in each year, from the date hereof to the date of maturity or earlier redemption of this Bond and thereafter at the same rate, until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of such principal sum shall be discharged, but with respect to interest due on or before the maturity of this Bond only according to the tenor and upon presentation and surrender of the attached coupons as they respectively become due and payable. Both principal and redemption premium, if any, of and interest on this Bond are payable in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the respective dates of payment thereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York. The principal of this Bond, if registered, is payable only at the corporate trust office of United States Trust Company of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as trustee under the resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond Resolution" (herein called the "Second General Bond Resolution"), or its successor as trustee (herein called the "Trustee"), in like coin or currency.

This Bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of the Corporation designated as its "Bonds" (herein called the
"Bonds"), issued and to be issued in various series under and pursuant to the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law (Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended (herein called the "Act"), and under and pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution authorizing each such series.

The Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of any payments to the Corporation pursuant to Sections 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except for amounts pledged pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution"), and the rights of the holders of the Bonds to such amounts are declared to be expressly subordinate to the rights of the holders of obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and any payments to the Corporation for credit to the Operating Fund as defined in and established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution. The Bonds are entitled to a first lien created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution of all revenues, moneys and securities in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund (as defined therein). The Second General Bond Resolution provides for the application of the amounts in the Capital Reserve Fund and in the Bond Service Fund to the payment, when due, of the principal or redemption price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds. Pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution, such revenues, moneys and securities include each of the following: (i) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Aid Fund established by the State Finance Law (Chapter 56 of said Consolidated Laws), which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York as per capita aid pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law payable to the City of New York (herein sometimes called the "City") shall have been apportioned and paid into and be available in the Special Aid Account established within such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund for the Corporation; (ii) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys from the sales and compensating use taxes as imposed by Section 1107 of Article 28 of the Tax Law (Chapter 60 of said Consolidated Laws) and, if required, the stock transfer tax imposed by Article 12 of said Tax Law, have been appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York from the Special Tax Account established within such Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for the Corporation or that
revenues shall have otherwise been made available therefor by the State of New York; (iii) all amounts received by the Corporation from the State of New York as payments for deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (pursuant to the Act by certification annually on or before December 1, of the Chairman to the Governor and the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, of the amount necessary to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to its required amount); and (iv) investment earnings of moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund and Bond Service Fund; provided, however, that pursuant to the Act, any provision therein or in the Resolutions or in any other agreement between the Corporation and the holders of Bonds, relating to said per capita aid, taxes and such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund, the Special Aid Account, the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State of New York in such Funds from time to time and the State of New York shall incur no liability on account thereof beyond such moneys.

As provided in the Second General Bond Resolution, the Bonds may be issued from time to time pursuant to series resolutions in one or more series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution is not limited except as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution and in certain other resolutions and agreements of the Corporation, or as may be limited by law, and all Bonds issued and to be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution are and will be equally secured by the pledges and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Second General Bond Resolution.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds designated "Series 44 Bonds" (herein called the "Series 44 Bonds"), issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution of the Corporation, adopted February 9, 1983, entitled "Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds" (said resolutions being herein collectively called the "Resolutions") for purposes authorized by the Act. Copies of the Resolutions are on file at the office of the Corporation and at the corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference to the Resolutions and any and all supplements thereto and modifications and amendments thereof and to the Act is made for a description of the pledges and covenants securing the Series 44 Bonds, the nature, extent and manner of enforcement of such pledges, the rights and remedies of the bearers or registered owners of the Series 44 Bonds with respect thereto and the terms and conditions upon
which the Series 44 Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended (constituting Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York) (herein called the "Control Act"), the State has authorized and requires the Corporation to include in any agreement made by the Corporation with holders of its bonds issued after September 28, 1978, including the Series 44 Bonds, and the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Bond, a pledge and agreement of the State that it will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraphs a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act, or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44
Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to reimpose or terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect with respect to a holder of a Series 44 Bond if at any time (i) there is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed, defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with the holder of this Series 44 Bond is in full force and effect.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms of the Resolutions, the provisions of the Resolutions or any resolution amending or supplemental thereto, may be modified or amended by the Corporation with the written consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), or, in case less than all of the series of Bonds would be affected thereby, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each series so affected then Outstanding, or, in case of a Sinking Fund Installment (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution) change, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds affected thereby; provided, however, that if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds.

This Series 44 Bond is transferable by delivery except when registered as to principal otherwise than to bearer. It may be registered as to principal in the name of the owner on the books of the Corporation kept for that purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, such registration to be noted hereon, after which no transfer hereof shall be valid unless made on said books by the registered owner in person, or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, and similarly noted hereon; but this Series 44 Bond may be discharged from registration by being in like manner transferred to bearer, after which it shall again become transferable by delivery; and this Series 44 Bond
may again and from time to time be registered or discharged from registration in the same manner. Registration of this Series 44 Bond shall not affect the negotiability of the coupons, which shall continue to be payable to bearer and transferable by delivery.

The Series 44 Bonds are issuable in the form of coupon Bonds payable to bearer in the denomination of $5,000 and in the form of registered Bonds without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, not exceeding the aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with all unmatured coupons attached, may, at the option of the holder thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of registered Series 44 Bonds of any of the authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest, in the manner, subject to the conditions, and upon the payment of the charges, if any, provided in the Resolutions. In like manner, subject to such conditions and upon payment of such charges, if any, registered Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, may, at the option of the registered owner thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds with appropriate coupons attached, and/or Series 44 Bonds without coupons, of any other authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part, by lot, on any interest payent date, as provided in the Resolutions, at the following Redemption Prices (as defined in the Resolutions) (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period (Dates Inclusive)</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption, in part, by lot, on July 1 in each year on and after July 1, 2000, as provided in the Resolutions, at the Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus
accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption; from mandatory Sinking Fund Installments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 in each of the years shown below the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds specified therefor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sinking Fund Installment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Corporation may, at any time not prior to 12 months prior to an interest payment date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is scheduled to be due, but in no event less than 45 days prior to such date, direct the Trustee to purchase, at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest, if any, accrued to the date of such purchase, Series 44 Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment and apply any Series 44 Bonds so purchased as a credit against such Sinking Fund Installment.

In the event that any or all of the Series 44 Bonds are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption (a) shall be given by publication once a week for at least two (2) successive weeks in a newspaper customarily published at least once a day for at least five (5) days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar week, printed in the English language and of general circulation in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as provided in the Resolutions, the first such publication to be not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the redemption date, and (b) shall be mailed, postage prepaid, not less than thirty (30) days before the redemption date to the registered owners of any Series 44 Bonds or portions of the Series 44 Bonds to be redeemed, provided, however, that such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure so to mail any such notice shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the Series 44 Bonds. Notice of redemption having been given, as aforesaid, the Series 44 Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall become due and payable at the applicable Redemption Price hereinabove provided, and, from and after the date so fixed for redemption, interest on the Series 44 Bonds, or portions thereof so called for redemption, shall cease to accrue and become payable, and the coupons for interest appertaining to coupon
Series 44 Bonds maturing subsequent to the redemption date shall be void.

The Series 44 Bonds shall not be a debt of either the State of New York or The City of New York, and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

This Series 44 Bond is fully negotiable for all purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code (Chapter 38 of said Consolidated Laws), and each holder or owner of this Series 44 Bond, or of any coupon appurtenant hereto, by accepting this Series 44 Bond or coupon shall be conclusively deemed to have agreed that this Series 44 Bond or coupon is fully negotiable for those purposes.

Neither this Series 44 Bond nor any coupon for interest thereon shall be entitled to any security, right or benefit under the Resolutions or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless the Certificate of Authentication hereon has been duly executed by the Trustee.

Neither the Directors of the Corporation nor any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, RECITED AND DECLARED that all acts, conditions and things required by the Constitution and statutes of the State of New York and the Resolutions to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this Series 44 Bond, exist, have happened and have been performed in due time, form and manner as required by law and that the issue of the Series 44 Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of the Corporation, is within every debt and other limit prescribed by law.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK has caused this Series 44 Bond to be executed in its name by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced hereon, and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary and the interest coupons hereto attached to be executed by the facsimile signature of said Chairman, all as of the first day of March, 1983.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By __________________
Chairman

(Seal)

Attest: __________________
Secretary

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CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This Bond is one of the Bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolutions and is one of the Series 44 Bonds of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.

United States Trust Company
of New York, Trustee

By __________________________
Authorized Signature

(FORM OF COUPON)

No.

$_________

The MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK on the 1st day of _____, _____ (unless the bond hereinafter mentioned shall have been duly called for previous redemption and payment of the Redemption Price made or duly provided for) will pay to bearer the amount shown hereon in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the date of payment hereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, at the corporate trust office of The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, upon presentation and surrender of this coupon, being the interest then due on its Series 44 Bond, dated February 1, 1983, No. 44- .

By __________________________
Chairman, Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York

Provisions for Registration

(No writing below except by the Trustee as Registrar.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Registration</th>
<th>Name of Registered Holder</th>
<th>Authorized Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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FORM OF REGISTERED BOND

(FACE OF BOND)

No. 44R-- $..................

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Bond

% Due July 1, 1983

% Due July 1, 1983

THE MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received, hereby promises to pay to __________________________ or registered assigns, upon presentation and surrender of this bond, the principal sum of __________________________ DOLLARS on the first day of July 1983, unless redeemed prior thereto as hereinafter provided, and to pay to the registered owner hereof interest thereon per annum at the rate specified above, payable on July 1, 1983 and semi-annually thereafter on January 1 and on July 1, in each year, from the Date shown below to the date of maturity or earlier redemption of this Bond and thereafter at the same rate, until the Corporation's obligation with respect to the payment of such principal sum shall be discharged, at the corporate trust office in the City of New York, New York, of the Trustee hereinafter mentioned. Both principal and redemption premium, if any, of and interest on this Bond are payable in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the respective dates of payment thereof, shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS BOND ARE CONTINUED ON THE REVERSE SIDE HEREOF AND SUCH CONTINUED TERMS AND PROVISIONS SHALL FOR ALL PURPOSES HAVE THE SAME EFFECT AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH AT THIS PLACE.

The Bonds of the Series of which this Bond is one (herein and on the reverse side hereof designated "Series 44 Bonds") shall not be a debt of either the State of New York or the City of New York (herein and on the reverse side hereof sometimes called the "City"), and neither the State of New York nor the City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

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This Series 44 Bond shall not be entitled to any security, right or benefit under the Resolutions (as defined on the reverse side hereof) or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless the Certificate of Authentication hereon has been duly executed by the Trustee.

Neither the Directors of the Corporation nor any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, RECITED AND DECLARED that all acts, conditions and things required by the Constitution and statutes of the State of New York and the Resolutions to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this Series 44 Bond, exist, have happened and have been performed in due time, form and manner as required by law and that the issue of the Series 44 Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of the Corporation, is within every debt and other limit prescribed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK has caused this Series 44 Bond to be executed in its name by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chairman and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced hereon, and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, all as of the Date shown below.

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Date:

By________________________
Chairman

(SEAL)

Attest:_______________________
Secretary

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CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This Bond is one of the Series 44 Bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolutions.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK, Trustee

By ____________________________
Authorized Signature
This Bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of the Corporation designated as its "Bonds" and herein so referred issued and to be issued in various series under and pursuant to the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law (Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended (herein called the "Act"), and under and pursuant to the resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, entitled "Second General Bond Resolution" and herein so referred to, and the series resolution authorizing each such series.

The Bonds are general obligations of the Corporation payable out of any payments to the Corporation pursuant to Sections 3036 and 3036-a of the Act except for amounts pledged pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution"), and the rights of the holders of the Bonds to such amounts are declared to be expressly subordinate to the rights of the holders of obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and any payments to the Corporation for credit to the Operating Fund as defined in and established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution. The Bonds are entitled to a first lien created by the pledge under the Second General Bond Resolution of all revenues, moneys and securities in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund (as defined therein). The Second General Bond Resolution provides for the application of the amounts in the Capital Reserve Fund and in the Bond Service Fund to the payment, when due, of the principal or redemption price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds. Pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution, such revenues, moneys and securities include each of the following: (i) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Aid Fund established by the State Finance Law (Chapter 56 of said Consolidated Laws), which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York as per capita aid pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law payable to The City of New

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York (herein sometimes called the "City") shall have been apportioned and paid into and be available in the Special Aid Account established within such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund for the Corporation; (ii) all amounts received by the Corporation for deposit into the Bond Service Fund and into the Capital Reserve Fund, as payments from the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, which are required to be made only if and to the extent that moneys from the sales and compensating use taxes as imposed by Section 1107 of Article 28 of the Tax Law (Chapter 60 of said Consolidated Laws) and, if required, the stock transfer tax imposed by Article 12 of said Tax Law, have been appropriated by the Legislature of the State of New York from the Special Tax Account established within such Municipal Assistance Tax Fund for the Corporation or that revenues shall have otherwise been made available therefor by the State of New York; (iii) all amounts received by the Corporation from the State of New York as payments for deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund (pursuant to the Act by certification annually on or before December 1, of the Chairman to the Governor and the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, of the amount necessary to restore the Capital Reserve Fund to its required amount) and (iv) investment earnings of moneys in the Capital Reserve Fund and Bond Service Fund; provided, however, that pursuant to the Act, any provision therein or in the Resolutions or in any other agreement between the Corporation and the holders of Bonds, relating to said per capita aid, taxes and such Municipal Assistance Aid Fund, the Special Aid Account, the Municipal Assistance Tax Fund, the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by the State Finance Law, shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the moneys available to the State of New York in such Funds from time to time and the State of New York shall incur no liability on account thereof beyond such moneys.

The Bonds may be issued from time to time in one or more series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as provided in the Second General Bond Resolution. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution is not limited except as provided therein and in certain other resolutions and agreements of the Corporation, or as may be limited by law, and all Bonds issued and to be issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution are and will be equally secured by the pledges and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Second General Bond Resolution.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds designated "Series 44 Bonds" (herein called the "Series 44 Bonds"), issued in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the series resolution of the
Corporation, adopted February 9, 1983, entitled "Series 44 Resolution Authorizing $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds" (said resolutions being herein collectively called the "Resolutions"), for purposes authorized by the Act. Copies of the Resolutions are on file at the office of the Corporation and at the corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference to the Resolutions and any and all supplements thereto and modifications and amendments thereof and to the Act is made for a description of the pledges and covenants securing the Series 44 Bonds, the nature, extent and manner of enforcement of such pledges, the rights and remedies of the bearers or registered owners of the Series 44 Bonds with respect thereto and the terms and conditions upon which the Series 44 Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended (constituting Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York) (herein called the "Control Act"), the State has authorized and requires the Corporation to include in any agreement made by the Corporation with holders of its bonds issued after September 28, 1978, including the Series 44 Bonds, and the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Bond, a pledge and agreement of the State that it will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraph a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act, or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the
board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are
not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or
appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the
existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in
accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect
on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially
modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be
audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public
accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such
audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a
control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section
two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44
Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the
board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to reimpose or
terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing
pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect with
respect to a holder of a Series 44 Bond if at any time (i) there
is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust
company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct
obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the
United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will
provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to
maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all
principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and
irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust
company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and
interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such
Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid
in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed,
defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with
the holder of this Series 44 Bond is in full force and effect.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms
of the Resolutions, the provisions of the Resolutions or any
resolution amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be
modified or amended by the Corporation with the written consent
of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the
Bonds then Outstanding (as defined in the Second General Bond
Resolution), or, in case less than all of the series of Bonds
would be affected thereby, with such consent of the holders of at
least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each series
so affected then Outstanding, or, in case of a Sinking Fund
Installment (as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution)
change, with such consent of the holders of at least two-thirds
in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds affected thereby;
provided, however, that if such modification or amendment will,
by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any
specified like series and maturity remain Outstanding, the
consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and
such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose
of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds.
This Series 44 Bond is transferable as provided in the Resolutions, only upon the books of the Corporation kept for that purpose at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, by the registered owner hereof in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender hereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee duly executed by the registered owner or such duly authorized attorney, and thereupon the Corporation shall issue in the name of the transferee, a new registered Series 44 Bond or Bonds and/or, at the option of the transferee, a coupon Series 44 Bond or Bonds of the denomination of $5,000 each with appropriate coupons attached, of the same aggregate principal amount, maturity and interest rate as the surrendered Series 44 Bonds as provided in the Resolutions and upon the payment of the charges, if any, therein prescribed. The Corporation and the Trustee may treat and consider the person in whose name this Series 44 Bond is registered as the holder and absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or Redemption Price (as defined in the Resolutions) hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes whatsoever.

The Series 44 Bonds are issuable in the form of coupon Bonds payable to bearer in the denomination of $5,000 and in the form of registered Bonds without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, not exceeding the aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with all unmatured coupons attached, may, at the option of the holder thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of registered Series 44 Bonds, of any of the authorized denominations, and bearing the same rate of interest in the manner, subject to the conditions, and upon the payment of the charges, if any, provided in the Resolutions. In like manner, subject to such conditions and upon payment of such charges, if any, registered Series 44 Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, may, at the option of the registered owner thereof, be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds with appropriate coupons attached and/or Series 44 Bonds without coupons, of any other authorized denominations, of the same maturity and bearing the same rate of interest.

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation at any time on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, as provided in the Resolutions, at the following Redemption Prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption, in part, by lot, on July 1, in each year on and after July 1, 2000, as provided in the Resolutions, at the Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, from mandatory Sinking Fund Installments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 in each of the years shown below the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds specified therefor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sinking Fund Installment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Corporation may, at any time not prior to 12 months prior to an interest payment date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is scheduled to be due, but in no event less than 45 days prior to such date, direct the Trustee to purchase at a price not in excess of par, plus unpaid interest, if any, accrued to the date of such purchase, Series 44 Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment and apply any Series 44 Bonds so purchased as a credit against such Sinking Fund Installment.

In the event that any or all of the Series 44 Bonds are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption (a) shall be given by publication once a week for at least 2 successive weeks in a newspaper customarily published at least once a day for at least 5 days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar week, printed in the English language and of general circulation in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, as provided in the Resolutions, the first of such publications to be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, and (b) shall be mailed, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days
before the redemption date to the registered owners of any Series 44 Bonds or portions of the Series 44 Bonds to be redeemed, provided, however, that such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure so to mail any such notice shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the Series 44 Bonds. Notice of redemption having been given, as aforesaid, the Series 44 Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall become due and payable at the applicable Redemption Price hereinabove provided, and, from and after the date so fixed for redemption, interest on the Series 44 Bonds, or portions thereof so called for redemption, shall cease to accrue and become payable, and the coupons for interest appertaining to coupon Series 44 Bonds maturing subsequent to the redemption date shall be void.

* * * * *

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations (additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the following list):

- TEN COM- as tenants in common
- TEN ENT-as tenants by the entireties
- JT TEN-as joint tenants with right of survivorship
- and not as tenants in common
- UNIF GIFT MIN ACT-(State)
- Custodian
- (Cust) (Minor)
- Under Uniform Gifts to Minors Act
- (State)

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

Please Insert Social Security
or Other Identifying Number of
Assignee
(For computer record only)

Please Print or Typewrite Name and Address of Transferee

the within Series 44 Bond, and all rights thereunder, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints

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within Series 44 Bond on the books kept for the registration thereof, with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated: ____________________________

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as it appears on the face of the within Series 44 Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

SECTION 402. No Recourse on Series 44 Bonds. No recourse shall be had for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on the Series 44 Bonds or for any claim based thereon or on the Series 44 Resolution against any member or officer of the Corporation or any person executing the Series 44 Bonds and neither the Directors of the Corporation nor any other person executing the Series 44 Bonds of the Corporation shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

SECTION 403. Execution and Authentication of Series 44 Bonds. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 303 of the Resolution, the Chairman of the Corporation is hereby authorized and directed to execute by his manual or facsimile signature the Series 44 Bonds in the name of the Corporation and the corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) shall be thereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced thereon. The Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Corporation is hereby authorized and directed to attest by his manual or facsimile signature the execution of the Series 44 Bonds.

The Trustee is hereby authorized to authenticate by manual or facsimile signature the Series 44 Bonds, and deliver the same to or upon the order of the Corporation, in such amounts and at such times as the Trustee shall be directed in writing by an Authorized Officer.
ARTICLE V

Miscellaneous

SECTION 501. Special Covenants. (1) As used in this subsection (1) all defined terms other than Series 44 Bonds are as defined in the First General Bond Resolution. The Corporation hereby covenants with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that it shall not issue any Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations which would cause the aggregate amount of the principal on Serial Bonds, the Sinking Fund Installments, maturities of Terms Bonds not required to be paid from Sinking Fund Installments and interest on all Outstanding Bonds, and the principal of and interest on Notes and the interest on Other Obligations to be paid in any one Fiscal Year to exceed four hundred twenty-five million dollars. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, with respect to up to an aggregate principal amount of twenty-five million dollars of small denomination Notes, as defined in the First General Bond Resolution, for purposes of the foregoing test, debt service shall be determined by assuming that a pro rata amount of such Notes will be redeemed in each Fiscal Year during the period from the date of issuance to the stated date of maturity and interest will accrue on such Notes from the date of issuance and be paid at such assumed dates of redemption; provided, however, that such debt service shall be so determined in such manner only if the resolution or other instrument authorizing the issuance of such small denomination Notes requires the Corporation to deposit annually in a sinking fund established for the payment of such small denomination Notes an amount at least equal to such pro rata amount and interest thereon.

(2) The Corporation hereby covenants further with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that it shall not issue any additional Bonds unless, in addition to the certificates required pursuant to subsection 3 of Section 202 of the Resolution, it delivers to the Trustee at the time of the delivery of such additional Bonds a certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth that the aggregate of the amounts set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of such subsection after deducting the amount set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) of such subsection 3 and the Operating Expenses set forth pursuant to paragraph (3)(c) of such subsection, will be at least 2.0 times the aggregate amount set forth in (3)(b) of such subsection for each Fiscal Year.

(3) The Corporation shall publish (a) within forty-five (45) days after the end of each calendar quarter on an unaudited basis and (b) within ninety (90) days after the end of each Fiscal Year, on the basis of an audit conducted by independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing, a statement of financial position of the Corporation at the end of the period, and the related Debt Service Fund and Capital Reserve

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Fund statement of transactions and the Operating Fund statement of transactions for the period then ended, together with notes and exhibits thereto, similar in form to the notes and exhibits (which in any case shall include exhibits showing (i) all Bonds and Notes of the Corporation then Outstanding, (ii) a summary of annual debt service funding requirements, and (iii) a summary of total annual debt service payment requirements) published by the Corporation for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1978, and both such audited and unaudited financial statements to be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

SECTION 502. State Covenant. In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-a of the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended to the date hereof, being Chapter 1 of Title 16 of McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws of the State of New York (hereinafter called the "Control Act"), the Corporation hereby includes in this Series 44 Resolution the pledge and agreement of the State with the holders of the Series 44 Bonds that the State will not take any action which will (a) substantially impair the authority of the board (as defined in the Control Act) during a control period, as defined in subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued (i) to approve, disapprove, or modify any financial plan or financial plan modification, including the revenue projections (or any item thereof) contained therein, subject to the standards set forth in paragraphs a, c, d, e and f of subdivision one of Section eight of the Control Act as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued and paragraph b of such subdivision one as in effect from time to time, (ii) to disapprove a contract of the City or a covered organization (as defined in the Control Act) if the performance of such contract would be inconsistent with the financial plan or to approve or disapprove a proposed short-term or long-term borrowing of the City or a covered organization or any agreement or other arrangement referred to in subdivision four of Section seven of the Control Act or (iii) to establish and adopt procedures with respect to the deposit in and disbursement from the board fund (as defined in the Control Act) of City revenues; (b) substantially impair the authority of the board to review financial plans, financial plan modifications, contracts of the City or the covered organizations and proposed short-term or long-term borrowings of the City and the covered organizations; (c) substantially impair the independent maintenance of a separate fund for the payment of debt service on bonds and notes of the City; (d) alter the composition of the board so that the majority of the voting members of the board are not officials of the State elected in a statewide election or appointees of the Governor of the State; (e) terminate the existence of the board prior to the time to be determined in accordance with Section thirteen of the Control Act as in effect.
on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued; (f) substantially modify the requirements that the City's financial statements be audited by a nationally recognized independent certified public accounting firm or consortium of firms and that a report on such audit be furnished to the board; or (g) alter the definition of a control period set forth in such subdivision twelve of Section two of the Control Act, as in effect on the date the Series 44 Bonds are issued, or substantially alter the authority of the board, as set forth in said subdivision twelve to reimpose or terminate a control period; provided, however, that the foregoing pledge and agreement shall be of no further force and effect if at any time (i) there is on deposit in a separate trust account with a bank, trust company or other fiduciary sufficient moneys or direct obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States, the principal of and/or interest on which will provide moneys to pay punctually when due at maturity or prior to maturity by redemption, in accordance with their terms, all principal of and interest on all outstanding Series 44 Bonds and irrevocable instructions from the Corporation to such bank, trust company or other fiduciary for such payment of such principal and interest with such moneys shall have been given, or (ii) such Series 44 Bonds, together with interest thereon, have been paid in full at maturity or have otherwise been refunded, redeemed, defeased, or discharged. The foregoing pledge and agreement with the holders of these Series 44 Bonds is in full force and effect.

SECTION 503. Authorized Officers. The Chairman, Vice Chairman, Chairman of the Finance Committee, Executive Director, Deputy Executive Director, Treasurer, Counsel, Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Corporation are each hereby authorized to deliver and executed in the name and on behalf of the Corporation any certificate, opinion, record or other document required by or authorized pursuant to the Resolution, this Series 44 Resolution or the Bond Purchase Agreement in connection with the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

SECTION 504. When Effective. The Series 44 Resolution shall become effective immediately upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy hereof certified by an Authorized Officer.
14 February 1983

Honororable Edward V. Regan
Comptroller
State of New York
Department of Audit and Control
Alfred E. Smith Office Building
Albany, New York 12224

Dear Mr. Regan:

This letter is to request your approval of the sale by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York of $210,000,000 of its Series 44 Bonds to be issued pursuant to its Second General Bond Resolution. The Corporation's Official Statement, dated February 9, 1983, relating to such sale has been provided for your information. The Series 44 Bonds will be sold to a syndicate of underwriters at a net price of approximately 97.70% of par and will be reoffered by the underwriters at par.

The Corporation is issuing the Series 44 Bonds in order to provide moneys for the refunding and defeasance of the Corporation's 1978 Series JJ Bonds, which were issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and bear interest at the rates and mature as set forth on Exhibit B, and to make a deposit into the Capital Reserve Aid Fund established under the Second General Bond Resolution. The proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds to be used for refunding will be used to purchase U.S. Treasury obligations, the principal of and interest on which will be sufficient to pay the principal of, and interest on, the 1978 Series JJ Bonds when due. The refunding of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds will significantly reduce debt service requirements for the next several fiscal years by substituting bonds with longer maturities than the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, thereby providing budgetary relief to the City of New York.

The Series 44 Bonds are comprised of Serial Bonds aggregating $50,000,000 and maturing July 1 of each of the years between 1995 through 1999, and Term Bonds aggregating
$160,000,000 and maturing July 1, 2008. The Series 44 Bonds maturing July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption from mandatory sinking fund installments. The rates of interest on the Series 44 Bonds and all optional redemption and sinking fund provisions are set forth in Exhibit A, attached hereto.

We request your approval of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds and of the terms thereof pursuant to Section 3012(1)(3) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended. We further request your approval, pursuant to Section 3013(4) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended, of the system of accounts of the Corporation to the extent the same are prescribed in the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted November 25, 1975, and the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation, adopted February 9, 1983.

Your approval is respectfully requested.

Sincerely,

Heather L. Ruth
Executive Director

HLR/1g
Enclosure

The sale of the above described Series 44 Bonds of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York upon the terms above described and system of accounts of the Corporation, to the extent the same are prescribed in the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation, are hereby approved.

Comptroller of the State of New York

Dated: February 14, 1983
EXHIBIT A

Optional Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or in part by lot on any interest payment date or dates, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period (Dates Inclusive)</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Series 44 Bonds – Serial Maturities and Interest Rates

$50,000,000 of the Series 44 Bonds will mature serially as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sinking Fund Redemption and Interest Rates

The $160,000,000 Series 44 Term Bonds are also subject to redemption, in part by lot, on July 1 in each of the years, and in the respective principal amounts set forth below, at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption from mandatory "Sinking Fund Installments" which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1 of each year, the principal amount of such Series 44 Bonds specified for each of the years shown below:
**$160,000,000 10-7/8% Series 44 Term Bonds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Final Maturity
EXHIBIT B

1978 Series JJ Bonds
$184,160,000 Outstanding as of February 1, 1983

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Maturity or Redemption (February 1)</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$40,280,000</td>
<td>1984</td>
<td>7.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83,880,000</td>
<td>1985</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20,000,000</td>
<td>1989*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20,000,000</td>
<td>1990*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>1994*</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td>8.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sinking Fund Redemption
ORDER AS TO AUTHENTICATION
AND DELIVERY OF SERIES 44 BONDS

3 March 1983

United States Trust Company
of New York
45 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have heretofore delivered to you, as Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution adopted November 25, 1973, as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Bond Resolution"), by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), $210,000,000 principal amount of Series 44 Bonds dated February 1, 1983, in definitive form (the "Bonds"), authorized, printed, executed and issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, and to be sold pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") and the Official Statement of the Corporation dated February 9, 1983 (the "Official Statement").

You are hereby requested, authorized and ordered as Trustee to authenticate the Bonds and when so authenticated to deliver them, upon receipt of the documents and opinions which together with this order constitute all the conditions precedent to the delivery of the Bonds pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and upon receipt of payment of the amount of $205,170,000 (of which sum $1,050,000 was delivered on February 9, 1983 by us to you as the good faith deposit for the purchase price of the Bonds), together with accrued interest in the amount of $2,006,222.22 on the Bonds from February 1, 1983 to the date hereof, to or in accordance with the order of the Underwriters designated in the Bond Purchase Agreement against the receipt of the Underwriters therefor.

Sincerely,

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By [Signature]
Authorized Officer
CERTIFICATE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE BUDGET
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

I, MICHAEL FINNERTY, Director of the Budget of the State of New York (the "State"), HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. Responsible and knowledgeable officials of the Division of the Budget of the State under my supervision have reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Official Statement") of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York under the section captioned "Certain Developments Affecting the State."

2. Such section of the Official Statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact concerning the State of New York or omit any statement of a material fact necessary to make the statements therein concerning the State, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

3. Such officials have also reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement under the section captioned "Payment of the Bonds-Per Capita Aid."

4. The numerical information concerning the amounts of the Per Capita Aid referred to in such section of the Official Statement and the footnotes which refer to such numerical information are true in all material respects and there are no material omissions, except that with respect to footnote (a) the amount of aid paid by the State in the State's 1978 fiscal year pursuant to section 54 of the State Finance Law was approximately $468 million although the amount payable out of the local assistance fund and paid to the Corporation was as stated.

Witness my signature this 3rd day of March 1983.

[Signature]
Michael Finnerty
Director of the Budget
State of New York
CERTIFICATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE

I, Robert W. Bouchard, Acting Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State of New York, do HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

I have reviewed the tabular data and footnotes set forth under the charts "Quarterly Collections of Sales and Compensating Use Taxes in the City" and "Quarterly Collections of Stock Transfer Tax" contained in the Official Statement of the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York, dated February 9, 1983, with respect to the Series 44 Bonds (the "Official Statement") under the sections captioned "Payment of the Bonds--Sales Tax" and "Payment of the Bonds--Stock Transfer Tax." Such tabular data and footnotes are accurate in all material respects and there are no material omissions.

This Certification constitutes my sole opinion and conclusion, and I express no opinion nor give certification with respect to any other portion of the Official Statement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of March 1983.

[Signature]
ROBERT W. BOUCHARD
Acting Commissioner
CERTIFICATE OF THE DIRECTOR OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Bonds

I, ALAIR A. TOWNSEND, Director of Management and Budget of The City of New York (the "City"), on behalf of the City and to the best of my knowledge and belief, do HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. I have reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement dated February 9, 1983 relating to the Series 44 Bonds of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") under the section captioned "Part 9--Certain Developments Affecting the City." Certain of such information which is referred to in the paragraphs numbered 2 through 23 of this certificate represents certain public information contained in the official reports, statements or other documents of the City, including a final Official Statement issued February 25, 1983, by the City in connection with the sale of $201.7 million aggregate principal amount of its general obligation bonds. Reference should be made to such official reports, statements, Official Statement, or other documents for a more complete expansion of such information.

2. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" to the effect that the City, after it lost access to the public credit markets, took a number of steps which were intended to enable it to balance its budget and to regain access to the public credit markets, including accounting reforms and development of a three-year financial plan (the "Three Year Financial Plan"), is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

3. The information contained in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" to the effect that the City, among other actions, took steps to reduce the number of its employees, entered into labor contracts consistent with
the assumptions contained in the Three Year Financial Plan and with the wage
guidelines adopted by the Control Board (as defined in the Official Statement), began
charging general tuition at the City University of New York, and received additional
State and Federal aid, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

4. The information set forth in such section under the subheading
"Fiscal Years 1975-1982" with respect to: (a) the City's failure to regain access to the
public credit markets during its 1978 fiscal year; (b) actions proposed by the City and
others to provide for the City's long-term financing through the 1982 fiscal year and to
enable the City to reenter the public credit markets; and (c) the results of those
proposals, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

5. The information set forth in such section under the subheading
"Fiscal Years 1975-1982" to the effect that: (a) in March 1981, the City reentered the
long-term public credit markets with an issue of $75 million of its bonds and in July
and November 1981, the City sold another $100 million and $75 million of its bonds; (b)
in March 1982, the City sold an additional $75 million of its bonds, thereby exceeding
its portion of the bonds to be sold publicly during the 1982 fiscal year under the Debt
Issuance Plan; (c) in fiscal 1983 the City has sold $150 million of its bonds and intends
to issue an additional $150 million; (d) these bond issues are rated investment grade by
Standard & Poor's Corporation; (e) Moody's Investors Service, Inc. raised its rating on
the bonds to the highest non-investment grade rating; (f) since 1979, the City has been
able to obtain an increasing portion of its seasonal financing needs through the sale of
short-term notes to the public; (g) in the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years, the City obtained
all of its seasonal financing requirements through the sale of short-term notes to the
public; and (h) the City has sold $700 million of its short-term obligations for seasonal
financing purposes in the 1983 fiscal year, thereby satisfying its projected requirement for such year, and, with respect to the City's earlier intention to issue an additional $150.0 million of its bonds during fiscal year 1983, the City is currently under contract to issue an additional $201.7 million of its bonds during said fiscal year, subject to the approval of the Financial Control Board, is not misleading in any material respect.

6. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" to the effect that: (a) pursuant to the Act and the Emergency Act, the City is required to submit to the Control Board by May 12 of each year a financial plan for the next four fiscal years, covering the City and certain agencies subject to the provisions of the Emergency Act (the "covered organizations"); (b) the four year financial plan may be modified from time to time during the fiscal year upon request of the City and approval of the Control Board; (c) the Emergency Act requires that the City provide for a budget balanced in accordance with GAAP for fiscal 1982 and thereafter, and (d) the City's budget for the 1981 and 1982 fiscal years was balanced in accordance with GAAP, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

7. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the City withdrew its May 1982 submission of a proposed financial plan, stating that it was unable to prepare a complete financial plan for the 1983 through 1986 fiscal years pending, among other things, labor settlements which were not concluded until October 1982, and that an interim plan covering only fiscal 1983 (the "1983 Interim Plan") was formulated and adopted by the Control Board on June 30, 1982, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

8. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that as a result of the continued uncertainty with respect to the local impact of the weak national economy and the labor
settlements with the City's employees, the Mayor: (a) in October 1982 instituted a
temporary hiring freeze and (b) ordered all City agencies to prepare plans to achieve
expenditure reductions aggregating 2.25% in the 1983 fiscal year and 7.5% in the 1984
fiscal year, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

9. The information set forth in such section under the subheading
"Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that on November 17, 1982, the City submitted
to the Control Board a financial plan for fiscal 1983 through 1986 (the "1983 Proposed
Plan") which: (a) cited the increased costs of the labor settlements and the effects of
the lingering national recession as major factors necessitating revision in revenue and
expenditure projections from those stated in the Adopted Budget; (b) estimated that an
additional $248 million in labor costs and a $100 million shortfall in projected tax
revenues, partially offset by a $7 million increase in projected miscellaneous revenues,
would create a $341 million budget gap in the 1983 fiscal year and that an additional
$755 million of labor costs and $103 million in tax revenue reductions in the 1984
fiscal year, when added to an already projected gap of $406 million and a projected
reduction in miscellaneous revenues of $76 million, would result in a $1.34 billion
budget gap for fiscal 1984; (c) included the costs of recently concluded labor
settlements but assumed a 2% increase in labor costs beginning in the 1985 fiscal year;
and (d) proposed certain actions to reduce expenditures and raise revenues which it
projected would result in a budget surplus of $13 million in the 1983 fiscal year, and
budget gaps of $841 million, $1.084 billion, and $922 million in fiscal 1984 through
1986, respectively, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

10. The information set forth in such section under the subheading
"Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the City, in the 1983 Proposed Plan,
proposed a variety of measures to eliminate the 1983 projected gap and partially alleviate the 1984 projected gap, including expenditure reductions of $148 million and $280 million in agency spending in the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, respectively, which would include (a) personnel reductions to be accomplished through attrition and reorganization, (b) reductions in previously projected debt service and the general reserve, and (c) bookkeeping amendments related to pension cost estimates, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

11. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that: (a) revenue enhancement programs set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan consisted largely of proposed additional tax measures and State aid; (b) the proposed tax package was subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both, and, if enacted, was sought to provide the City with $22 million in fiscal 1983 and $200 million of an estimated maximum yield of $388 million, in fiscal 1984; (c) the proposed tax package included a new 10% tax on capital gains realized from real estate transfers valued over $1 million, increases in the real estate tax and commuter earnings tax rates, and accelerated collections of certain corporations' estimated tax liabilities, conforming City practice to Federal tax requirements, and (d) the 1983 Proposed Plan contained $200 million of additional State aid for the 1984 fiscal year, a reduction from $297 million assumed for that year in the revised financial plan for the 1982 through 1985 fiscal years submitted to the Control Board in April 1982, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

12. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the budget gaps remaining for fiscal 1984 through 1986, after giving effect to the expenditure reductions and revenue
enhancements set forth in such subsection, were expected to be closed through a combination of City and State actions for such years, including Federal actions in fiscal 1985 and 1986, certain of which were expected to be detailed in the January submission of the City's 1984 preliminary budget, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

13. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that (a) the City revised the 1983 Proposed Plan in two submissions to the Control Board dated December 17, 1982 and December 22, 1982 (the "1983 Revised Plan"); (b) the 1983 Revised Plan, after giving effect to additional reductions in the City work force, the receipt of accelerated corporate tax payments (a component of the City's tax package set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan which has been enacted at the State level), and an expected reduction in certain additional State aid set forth in the 1983 Proposed Plan, projected a City budget balanced for fiscal 1983 and a gap for fiscal 1984 of $611 million; (c) the City proposed to close the projected 1984 gap with a combination of revenue measures and expenditure reductions beyond those contained in the 1983 Proposed Plan, including a projected reduction of 14,400 City-funded positions by the end of fiscal 1984, 9,400 above the reduction level reflected in the 1983 Proposed Plan, including 6,600 through attrition, 1,200 through the elimination of planned personnel additions and possible layoffs of up to 6,600 employees; and a proposed additional $100 million in taxes which may include a tax on securities transfers; (d) the City did not withdraw its request for additional State aid, the receipt of which would ameliorate the need to implement all or a portion of the expenditure reductions and additional revenues included in the 1983 Revised Plan, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.
14. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the 1983 Revised Plan was approved by the Control Board on December 22, 1982, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

15. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that (a) on January 18, 1983, the City submitted a proposed modification (the "January Modification") of the 1983 Revised Plan to the Control Board which modification, as supplemented for fiscal 1987, also satisfied certain City Charter requirements; (b) the January Modification projects a GAAP-balanced budget for fiscal 1983 and budget gaps of $580 million, $882 million, $748 million for the 1984 through 1986 fiscal years, respectively; and (c) the supplemental information provided to the Board of Estimate and City Council projects a budget gap of $710 million for the 1987 fiscal year, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

16. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the January Modification (a) takes account of continuing reductions of City revenues and (b) includes measures necessary for the City to balance its budget in fiscal 1984, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

17. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that (a) the January Modification sets forth the tax measures proposed in the 1983 Revised Plan with the addition of a proposed temporary stock transfer tax surcharge estimated to provide the City with additional revenues of $150 million annually over a three year period, if enacted; (b) revenues
from these taxes are estimated to provide a maximum of $498 million, of which $260 million is sought by the City for fiscal 1984 and (c) these taxes are subject to the approval of the State Legislature or City Council or both, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

18. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that (a) the City has not projected State aid measures in the January Modification beyond those contained in the 1983 Revised Plan but has continued to request additional State aid and has proposed measures which, if enacted by the State, would provide relief from certain mandated expenditures; and (b) among the additional revenue measures are the continuation of the takeover of a portion of Medicaid costs with a view to a phased total resumption of such costs, a redistribution of State aid to education in line with the issues set forth in Levittown v. Nyquist, and expanded tax enforcement and increases in user fees, charges and fines, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

19. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that a Governor's Executive Budget submitted on February 1, 1983 proposed certain aid measures for the City; (b) that the net effect of the proposed additional aid would provide in excess of $200 million above State aid levels for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 projected in the January Modification, and (c) the Executive Budget is subject to the approval of the Legislature, is accurate and not misleading in any material respect.

20. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1983-1986" to the effect that the City, in the January Modification (a) has revised its estimate of agency spending, including the employee attrition and layoff program, to save $488 million in fiscal 1984 through management numerous real estate tax certiorari proceedings presently pending against the City on
CERTIFICATE OF THE FIRST DEPUTY
COMPTROLLER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Bonds

I, MARTIN IVES, First Deputy Comptroller of the City of New York, do HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. I have reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement relating to the Series 44 Bonds, dated February 9, 1983 as the same may be been heretofore supplemented or amended, of the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York (the "Corporation") under the section captioned "PART 9 -- Certain Developments Affecting the City". Certain of such information, which is referred to in the paragraphs numbered 2 through 6 of this certificate, represents certain information contained in official reports, statements or other documents made public by the Office of the Comptroller of the City of New York (the "City"). Reference is made to such official reports, statements or other documents for a more complete explanation of such information.

2. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" to the effect that the State advanced $800 million to the City in each of the 1975 through 1978 City fiscal years is true and accurate.

3. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" relating to provisions for seasonal and long-term financing for the City through June 30, 1978, as described, and to provision
for the notes affected by the Moratorium Act (as defined in the Official Statement) is true and accurate.

4. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" with respect to the operating deficits reported in accordance with the accounting principles permitted by State law and estimated in accordance with GAAP for the 1976 and 1977 fiscal years and the results of the audit of the City's 1978 through 1980 financial statements is true and accurate.

5. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" with respect to the results of the audits of the City's 1981 and 1982 financial statements and the opinion and report of the independent accountants with respect to the 1982 financial statements is true and accurate.

6. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Fiscal Years 1975-1982" with respect to the actions taken by the City during the 1982 fiscal year which had the effect of reducing that year's surplus is true and accurate.

7. The information set forth in such section under the subheading "Litigation" to the effect that the notes to the City's audited financial statements report certain information regarding outstanding claims against the City, and the City's estimated potential future liability thereon, is true and accurate.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand the 3rd day of March, 1983.

[Signature]
MARTIN IVES
First Deputy Comptroller of the City of New York
CERTIFICATE OF THE COMMISSIONER
OF TAXATION AND FINANCE

I, Robert W. Bouchard, Acting Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State of New York, do HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

A. Reference is made to the Second General Bond Resolution (the "Resolution") adopted November 25, 1975 by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York (the "Corporation"). All terms defined in the Resolution are used in this certificate with the meanings ascribed to them at the indicated page in the Resolution.

B. 1. The most recent collections for the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ended January 31, 1983 of the Sales Tax (p. 4) after deduction of cost of administering, collecting and distributing such tax was $1,445,604,389

2. The most recent collections for the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ended January 31, 1983 of the Stock Transfer Tax (p. 5) after deduction of cost of administering, collecting and distributing such tax was $ 671,741,292

3. The most recent collections for the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ended January 31, 1983 of other taxes which, as of the date hereof, are levied and collected by New York State and are payable into the Special Account in the Municipal
Assistance Tax Fund described in section 92-d of the State Finance Law established for the Corporation was $\frac{0}{2,117,345,681} 

Total of $2,117,345,681

The figures for Sales Tax, Stock Transfer Tax, and the total of these two taxes are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. Although each of these figures is correct, the sum of the figures for Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax may not equal the figure for the total of these two taxes due to the rounding of the figures.

C. The total amount of $2,117,345,681 for the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ended January 31, 1983 as set forth in Paragraph B above (taking into account, among other factors, those factors set forth in Paragraph E below), is less than the revenues expected by me, taking into account the statements set forth in Paragraph D below, for the next succeeding twelve (12) consecutive calendar months from the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax.

D. While the undersigned believes that it is not presently possible to predict the effect of a future material adverse change in the economic and/or financial conditions of the State of New York and/or the City of New York upon the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax revenue the undersigned, as of this date, has no reasonable basis upon which to form a conclusion that the total revenues for the next succeeding twelve (12) consecutive calendar months commencing February 1, 1983 from the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax will be less than $2,117,345,681.

E. With respect to Sales Tax collection for the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ended January 31, 1983, several factors which occasioned a change in the pattern of revenue flow from and distribution of Sales Tax during the period should be noted. Such factors include the requirement of monthly filing by certain large vendors, an authorized method of monthly payments on a historical basis and distribution of Sales Tax on such basis.
Commencing March 1976, in addition to regular quarterly reporting, a monthly sales tax report and remittance was required from certain large vendors, i.e. all vendors with taxable receipts of $300,000 or more in any quarter of the preceding four quarters. Such vendors are also required to make an estimated payment of Sales Tax liability for the month of March by the twentieth (20th) day thereof. In filing and making such monthly report and remittance, such large vendors may estimate sales tax liability for certain months based upon historical experience rather than upon actual sales tax liability for such months. Moreover, commencing March 1976, Sales Tax distribution to the Special Tax Account of the Corporation is made upon a historical rather than upon an actual basis and commencing June 1, 1980, a greater consideration is given to current unverified vendor quarterly collection data in making distribution for a quarterly period. As a consequence, in order to reflect actual experience, adjustments to subsequent distributions to such Special Account will be required to be made from time to time during the twelve (12) consecutive calendar months commencing February 1983. Overdistributions were made to the Special Account which ranged from $221,401 to $11,122,699 for certain prior periods. The State Department of Taxation and Finance has made reductions in subsequent distributions to the Special Account to reflect these overpayments and, in addition, has made increases in distributions commencing January 1976 in approximate amounts ranging from $117,000 to $9.8 million to reflect underdistributions for certain prior periods. The statements herein do not purport to be a full and complete statement of existing law and its effect and reference is made to Chapter 89 of the Laws of 1976 and all amendments thereto.

In addition, legislation (Chapter 878 of the Laws of 1977) with respect to the Stock Transfer Tax alters the pattern of flow of Stock Transfer Tax moneys into the Stock Transfer Tax fund. However, it is not expected, at the present time, that such legislation or the implementation of a nationwide market system in securities pursuant to Congressional mandate and Securities and Exchange Commission rules would occasion a change in my expectations set forth in Paragraph C above.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand on this 3rd day of March 1983.

[Signature]

ROBERT W. BOUCHARD

To: United States Trust Company of New York as Trustee under the Resolution (as defined above).
CERTIFICATE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE BUDGET
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

I, Michael Finnerty, Director of the Budget of the State of New York, do HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

The amount of per capita aid payable to The City of New York pursuant to Section 54 of the State Finance Law, as amended, available to be apportioned and paid into the Special Aid Account of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York in the Municipal Assistance State Aid Fund established pursuant to Section 92-e of the State Finance Law for the fiscal year of the State ending March 31, 1983 was $484,037,000.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of March, 1983.

Michael Finnerty
Director of the Budget
State of New York
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF THE
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DATED MARCH 3, 1983

I, MAXINE H. GILLMAN, Secretary of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State"), constituting a public benefit corporation created and existing under and pursuant to the Constitution and statutes of the State, including the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the city of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State, as amended (the "Act"), HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. That I am the duly appointed and qualified Secretary of the Corporation, acting as such, and in such capacity I am familiar with its organization, membership and activities.

2. That the members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board"), their Corporation offices, if any, and the dates of the expiration of their terms are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Corporation Office</th>
<th>Date of Expiration of Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Felix G. Rohatyn</td>
<td>Chairman</td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward M. Kresky</td>
<td>Vice Chairman</td>
<td>December 31, 1985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Francis J. Barry</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenneth J. Bialkin</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1982 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George M. Brooker</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1977 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eugene J. Keilin</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1982 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dick Netzer</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andrew P. Steffan</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1980 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert C. Weaver</td>
<td></td>
<td>December 31, 1980 (1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Holdover pursuant to law.

3. That each of the said persons named in paragraph 2 is the duly elected or appointed, designated, qualified and acting Director of the Corporation holding the office, if any, indicated above.
4. That the firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, New York, New York, was appointed General Counsel to the Corporation on June 10, 1975.

5. That the seal of the Corporation, an impression of which appears below, was duly adopted by the Corporation as its official seal, and is the legally adopted, proper and only official seal of the Corporation.

6. That the By-Laws of the Corporation adopted April 7, 1978, as amended March 28, 1979, September 23, 1981 and June 3, 1982 are in full force and effect on the date hereof and have not been repealed, modified or amended.

7. That except as set forth in the final Official Statement dated February 9, 1983, attached to the Record of Proceedings as document no. 1 and by this reference made a part hereof, there is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation at law or in equity before or by any court or public board or body pending (or to the best of the knowledge of the Corporation threatened) against the Corporation or (to the best of the knowledge of the Corporation, no independent investigation having been made) any other person, wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding might in any material respect adversely affect the transactions contemplated by the Bond Purchase Agreement attached to the Record of Proceedings as document no. 3 (the "Agreement"), the issuance of the $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds (the "Series 44 Bonds"), or which in any way might adversely affect provisions for the payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest on the Series 44 Bonds or the validity of the Series 44 Bonds, the Resolutions (as defined below), the Agreement, or any agreement or instrument to which the Corporation is a party which is required in connection with the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

8. That the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted November 25, 1975 as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Bond Resolution"), the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation adopted February 9, 1983, and the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, adopted March 2, 1983 ( such resolutions being hereinafter collectively called the "Resolutions"), attached to the Record of Proceedings as documents no. 5 and 6 respectively, copies of which are being delivered contemporaneously herewith to the Trustee named in such Resolutions, which I hereby certify pursuant to Section 202 of the Second General Bond Resolution are true and correct copies of the duly adopted originals thereof in their entireties on file and of record in the principal office of the Corporation and that the same are in full force and effect on the date hereof and have not been repealed, modified or amended.

9. That the Extracts of the Minutes of the Meetings of the Corporation attached to the Record of Proceedings as document no. 4 are true and correct.
copies of the originals thereof on file and of record in the principal office of the Corporation and that the same are in full force and effect on the date hereof and have not been repealed, modified or amended.

10. That the specimens of the Series 44 Bonds attached hereto as Exhibit B are identical in all respects, except as to number and denomination, and name of registered owner, with the Series 44 Bonds this day delivered to the Purchasers referred to in the Series 44 Resolution (the "Purchasers") and said specimens are substantially in the forms required by the Resolutions.

WE, HEATHER L. RUTH and MAXINE H. GILLMAN, Executive Director and Secretary, respectively, of the Corporation, HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. That the Series 44 Bonds delivered to the Purchasers on this date, specimens of which are attached hereto, which Series 44 Bonds are more fully described in the Resolutions, have been duly and completely executed in the name of the Corporation and on its behalf by the affixing thereon of the facsimile signature of Felix G. Rohatyn, Chairman of the Corporation, who has adopted such signature and the affixing thereof of a facsimile of the official seal of the Corporation attested to by the facsimile signature of Maxine H. Gillman, Secretary of the Corporation, who did and does hereby adopt such signature.

2. That at the time of the signing and execution of the Series 44 Bonds and on the date hereof, Felix G. Rohatyn was and is the duly chosen, qualified and acting Chairman of the Corporation authorized to execute the Series 44 Bonds and Maxine H. Gillman was and is the duly chosen, qualified and acting Secretary of the Corporation authorized to attest to the execution of the Series 44 Bonds.

3. That a facsimile of the seal, an impression of which appears below, has been imprinted on the Series 44 Bonds, and it is the legally adopted, proper and only official corporate seal of the Corporation.

4. That the Corporation is not in default in the performance of any of the covenants, conditions, agreements or provisions contained in the Resolutions or the General Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution").

5. That (a) the maximum amount of principal and interest maturing or otherwise becoming due in the current or any succeeding Fiscal Year on any outstanding obligations issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution and the Outstanding Note Resolutions is $343,718,350; (b) the aggregate amount of
principal on Serial Bonds, the Sinking Fund Installments, maturities of Term Bonds not required to be paid from Sinking Fund Installments and interest on all Outstanding Bonds, including the Series 44 Bonds, for each Fiscal Year is as set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto; and (c) the aggregate estimated amount of Operating Expenses for the current Fiscal Year is $11,200,000. (All defined terms in this paragraph number 5 are defined in the Second General Bond Resolution.)

6. That the aggregate of (i) the amount set forth in the Certificate of the New York State Commissioner of Taxation and Finance, a copy of which is attached to the Record of Proceedings as document no. 13, as representing the Sales Tax and Stock Transfer Tax, and (ii) the amount set forth in the certificate attached to the Record of Proceedings as document no. 14, as representing the actual amount of Per Capita Aid apportioned and paid into the Special Aid Account, after deducting (iii) the aggregate amount set forth in paragraphs 5(a) and 5(c) herein, will be at least 2.0 times the aggregate amount set forth in paragraph 5(b) herein, and maximum annual debt service on notes of the Corporation not issued under the Resolution or the First General Bond Resolution, for each Fiscal Year set forth pursuant to paragraph 5(b) herein.

7. That each of the representations of the Corporation set forth in Section 1 of the Agreement is true, accurate and complete in all material respects as though made with respect to and as of the date hereof.

8. That each of the agreements set forth in Section 1 of the Agreement to be complied with at or prior to the delivery of the Series 44 Bonds on the date hereof has been complied with as of the date hereof.

9. That the Series 44 Bonds and the Resolutions conform in all material respects to the descriptions thereof in the Official Statement.

10. That with regard to any representations, agreements or descriptions with respect to the final Official Statement, this certificate is based on the final Official Statement as the same may have been supplemented or amended as of the date hereof.

11. That the Corporation has not issued any Bonds, Notes or Other Obligations which would cause the aggregate amount of principal on Serial Bonds, the Sinking Fund Installments, maturities of Term Bonds not required to be paid from Sinking Fund Installments and interest on all Outstanding Bonds, and the principal of and interest on Notes and the interest on Other Obligations to be paid in any one Fiscal Year to exceed four hundred twenty-five million dollars. (All defined
terms in this paragraph number 11 are defined in the First General Bond Resolution.)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and the seal of the Corporation this 3rd day of March, 1983.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Official Title</th>
<th>Term of Office Expires</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Executive Director</td>
<td>Indefinite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Secretary</td>
<td>Indefinite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(SEAL)

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the signatures of the Officers of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, which appear above are true and genuine and that I know said officers and know them to hold said offices set opposite their signatures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ant. Vice Pres.</td>
<td>United States Trust Company of New York</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Exhibit A

**Municipal Assistance Corporation**

**For The City of New York**

**Debt Service Payment Requirements by Fiscal Year**

**2nd Res After Series 44 Incl Series 12 and CP Bonds**

(In Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY</th>
<th>Principal</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>983</td>
<td>97,245,000</td>
<td>469,849,974</td>
<td>567,094,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>984</td>
<td>149,455,000</td>
<td>555,592,172</td>
<td>705,047,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>985</td>
<td>232,355,000</td>
<td>333,287,336</td>
<td>565,642,336</td>
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<tr>
<td>986</td>
<td>292,885,000</td>
<td>509,704,218</td>
<td>702,589,218</td>
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<tr>
<td>987</td>
<td>314,610,000</td>
<td>482,257,160</td>
<td>796,867,160</td>
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<tr>
<td>988</td>
<td>319,325,000</td>
<td>453,476,901</td>
<td>772,801,901</td>
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<tr>
<td>989</td>
<td>326,045,000</td>
<td>424,190,518</td>
<td>750,235,518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>990</td>
<td>336,760,000</td>
<td>394,208,484</td>
<td>730,968,484</td>
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<tr>
<td>991</td>
<td>336,175,000</td>
<td>364,069,981</td>
<td>700,244,981</td>
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<tr>
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<td>337,755,000</td>
<td>333,160,964</td>
<td>661,915,964</td>
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<td>339,130,000</td>
<td>300,006,863</td>
<td>639,136,863</td>
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<tr>
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<td>331,925,000</td>
<td>271,791,948</td>
<td>602,718,948</td>
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<tr>
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<td>233,030,000</td>
<td>249,671,675</td>
<td>482,701,675</td>
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<tr>
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<td>261,970,000</td>
<td>226,304,456</td>
<td>488,274,456</td>
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<tr>
<td>997</td>
<td>229,090,000</td>
<td>203,240,396</td>
<td>432,330,396</td>
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<tr>
<td>998</td>
<td>154,485,000</td>
<td>184,581,114</td>
<td>339,066,114</td>
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<td>999</td>
<td>162,500,000</td>
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<td>000</td>
<td>137,480,000</td>
<td>150,720,754</td>
<td>288,200,754</td>
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<td>160,230,000</td>
<td>132,933,190</td>
<td>293,163,190</td>
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<td>002</td>
<td>150,420,000</td>
<td>116,535,353</td>
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<td>003</td>
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<td>101,161,141</td>
<td>250,211,141</td>
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<tr>
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<td>156,325,000</td>
<td>85,969,453</td>
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<td>151,660,000</td>
<td>56,310,127</td>
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<td>007</td>
<td>160,865,000</td>
<td>60,972,120</td>
<td>221,838,120</td>
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<tr>
<td>008</td>
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<td>74,091,393</td>
<td>195,026,393</td>
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<tr>
<td>009</td>
<td>171,730,000</td>
<td>92,559,355</td>
<td>184,289,355</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** | 5,437,615,000 | 6,912,393,093 | 12,349,498,093
<table>
<thead>
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<th>No.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>JULY 1993</td>
<td>$250.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>JAN. 1994</td>
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</tr>
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<td>21</td>
<td>JULY 1993</td>
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<td>20</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>JAN. 1984</td>
<td>$250.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SERIES 44 BOND

10\% DUE JULY 1, 1995

Issued as a part of the applicant's permanent refunding by the Municipal Assistance Corporation, the City of New York, New York. Each bond is secured by the full faith and credit of the City of New York under the provisions of the School Building Corporation Act, N.Y.S. Laws, 1917, as amended, and the New York State Bond Act of 1939, as amended.

The Series 44 bonds and evidences of obligations issued or incurred in connection with such bonds are exempt from taxation under the provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and applicable amendments and rulings of the United States Internal Revenue Service.

The Series 44 bonds are non-callable bonds, having no sinking fund, and are not subject to redemption before maturity.

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations (additional abbreviations may also be used):

TEN COM.—tenants in common
TEN ENT.—tenants by the entirety
J/T TEN.—joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

/of

Please Print or Typewrite Name and Address of Transferee

the within Series 44 Bond, and all rights thereunder, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints


Attorney

to transfer the within Series 44 Bond on the books kept for the registration thereof, with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as it appears upon the face of the within Series 44 Bond in every particular, without alteration or endorsement or any change whatever.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SERIES 44 BOND

$200 DUE JUNE 1, 1998

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations. Additional abbreviations may also be used, though not in the following list:

TEN COM = tenants in common
TEN ENT = tenants by the entirety
JT TEN = joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

Please Print or Typewrite Name and Address of Transferee

the within Series 44 Bond, and all rights thereunder, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints

Attorney

to transfer the within Series 44 Bond on the books kept for the registration thereof, with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as it appears upon the face of the within Series 44 Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
10-1/2% DUE JULY 1, 1999

SERIES 44 BOND

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations (additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the following list):

TEN COM—tenants in common
TEN ENT—tenants by the entirety
JT TEN—joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER BEFORE HANDWRITING NAME OF TRANSFEREE

[Signature]

Please Print or Type Name and Address of Transferee

Transfer the within Series 44 Bond on the books kept for the registration thereof, with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as it appears upon the face of the within Series 44 Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

SERIES 44 BOND
10 3/8% DUE JULY 1, 1989

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Bond, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to prevailing usage:

**TEN COM—on tenors in common**

**TEN ENT—on tenors by the entitles**

**JT TEN—on joint tenures with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common**

Please Print or Typewrite Name and Address of Transferee

within Series 44 Bond, and all rights thereunder, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints

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ARBITRAGE CERTIFICATE OF THE
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Series 44 Bonds

I. GENERAL

1.1 I, Steven J. Kantor, Treasurer of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), HEREBY CERTIFY with respect to the Corporation's $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds") which are being issued and delivered on the date of this certificate pursuant to a general bond resolution of the Corporation dated November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "Second Resolution") and a series resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended (the "Series Resolution"), as follows:

1.2. I am an officer of the Corporation charged with the responsibility for issuing the Bonds.

1.3. This certificate is made for the purpose of establishing the reasonable expectations of the Corporation as to the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. It is intended and may be relied upon as a certification described in Section 1.103-13(a)(2)(ii) of the Treasury Regulations under Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (the "Code") and is being executed and delivered as part of the record of proceedings in connection with the Bonds.

1.4. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has not published notice of, nor has the Corporation been notified of any listing or proposed listing of the Corporation by the Internal Revenue Service as an issuer whose certification may not be relied upon for arbitrage purposes by holders of its obligations.

1.5. This certificate sets forth the facts, estimates and circumstances now in existence which are the basis for the Corporation's expectation that the proceeds of
the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds to be arbitrage bonds under Section 103(c) of the Code. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the expectations contained herein, including the expectations relating to the use of the proceeds of the Bonds, are reasonable and there are no other facts, estimates or circumstances that would materially change such expectations.

II. PURPOSES OF ISSUE

2.1. The Corporation is issuing the Bonds pursuant to the modification to and extension of the four year plan of financing developed in November 1978 (the "Four Year Plan"), which is designed to provide alternative methods of financing the capital program of the City of New York (the "City") until such time as the City has regained full access to the long-term public credit markets. In order to implement the objectives of the modified Four Year Plan, the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to refund all of the Corporation's outstanding 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the "Refunded Bonds") as more fully described in paragraph 3.3 hereof, and to finance a portion of the City's capital requirements through the purchase of bonds issued by the City (the "City Bonds").

2.2. The Corporation is effecting the refunding in order to restructure its debt service requirements so as to reduce the amounts necessary for debt service on all its outstanding bonds for several succeeding fiscal years. Such restructuring will enable the Corporation to make available more moneys to the City for operating expenses during such years, thereby accomplishing its statutory purpose of aiding the City in providing essential services to its inhabitants.
2.3. The original proceeds of the Bonds will not exceed the amount necessary for the purposes of the issue.

III. AMOUNT AND USE OF PROCEEDS

3.1. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds are $205,170,000 (exclusive of Underwriter's discount of $4,830,000 and of accrued interest on the Bonds for 32 days of $2,006,222.22). $175,001,223 of such proceeds will be applied to refunding the Refunded Bonds, and $30,168,777 will be used to finance City capital requirements through the purchase of City Bonds.

3.2. The accrued interest on the Bonds in the amount of $2,006,222.22 will be applied on July 1, 1983, to payment of interest on all bonds of the Corporation issued pursuant to the Second Resolution and may be invested prior to such expenditure without restriction as to yield.

3.3. With respect to the Refunded Bonds and the portion of the proceeds of the Bonds used to accomplish such refunding:

   a. Such Refunded Bonds were issued pursuant to a general bond resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975 (the "First Resolution") and a series resolution adopted December 22, 1977, are outstanding as of the date hereof in the aggregate principal amount of $184,160,000 and are listed on Exhibit A attached hereto.

   b. Such proceeds of the Bonds will be invested in U.S. Treasury Obligations (the "Obligations") at a yield not in excess of the yield on the Bonds. The Obligations consist of United States Treasury Notes and coupons on certain United States Treasury Notes. Their yield was determined by the actuarial
present value method, using an actual-day year and semi-annual compounding, and means that discount rate which, when used in computing the present worth of all payments of principal and interest to be paid on an obligation, produces an amount equal to the purchase price, which, in the case of the Obligations, is hereby represented to be the fair market value of such Obligations as of the date of their purchase.

c. The Obligations will be deposited on the date hereof in a trust fund entitled the "1978 Series JJ Trust Fund" which was established by the Series Resolution with the trustee for all bonds of the Corporation issued pursuant to the First Resolution. The Obligations will mature in principal amounts and bear interest coming due at such time so that sufficient moneys will be available from such principal and interest to pay principal (or redemption price) and interest on the Refunded Bonds as the same become due. The Obligations (and the calculation of yield thereon) are listed on Exhibit B attached hereto. While the Series Resolution permits the Corporation to sell the Obligations and invest the proceeds of such sale in other U.S. Treasury obligations, the obligations purchased as a result of the exercise of this option, if any, will not have a yield in excess of the yield on the Bonds calculated as set forth in regulations promulgated in accordance with Section 103(c) of the Code as in effect on such date.

d. The proceeds from the sale of the Refunded Bonds have all been expended on items other than acquired obligations.

3.4 With respect to the proceeds of the Bonds to be used to finance City capital requirements through the purchase of City Bonds:
a. The City Bonds will be purchased pursuant to an agreement between the City and the Corporation to be entered into on or before September 1, 1983 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") which will obligate the City to sell, and the Corporation to purchase, City Bonds in a principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds which are issued for City capital financing purposes. The Corporation expects to hold the City Bonds to maturity, although a portion of such bonds may become subject to the lien of a pledge in favor of a third party.

b. The City will use the proceeds of sale of the City Bonds to finance a portion of its capital program. The Corporation reasonably expects, on the basis of a letter from the Comptroller's office and the Office of Management and Budget of the City attached hereto as Exhibit E and an arbitrage certificate of the City to be delivered at such time(s) as the City Bonds are purchased pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement, that such proceeds will be used in a manner consistent with the arbitrage regulations promulgated under Section 103(c) of the Code as though the City Bonds had been issued as of the date hereof.

c. All such proceeds will be expended on or before March 3, 1986, upon certification by the City for its capital financing requirements as described in Exhibit E, and will be invested without restriction as to yield during the interim. Interest received from the investment of these proceeds will be deposited in the Bond Service Fund, will be applied to the payment of debt service on all Second Resolution Bonds within one year of receipt, and will be invested without restriction as to yield during the interim.
3.5. The Corporation will use principal and interest payments to be received on the City Bonds for debt service on all its outstanding obligations. Such payments will be deposited in either the Debt Service Fund (for obligations issued under a general bond resolution of the Corporation dated July 2, 1975) or the Bond Service Fund (for Second Resolution Bonds), as described in paragraph 6.2 herein, will be so used within one year of receipt, and will be invested without restriction as to yield during the interim.

IV. TERMS OF THE BONDS AND CALCULATION OF YIELD

4.1. The date, maturities, denominations, rates of interest and redemption features of the Bonds are shown on Exhibit C attached hereto. When used in this certificate, the term "yield" refers to yield computed by the actuarial present value method using a 360-day year and semi-annual compounding, and means that discount rate which, when used in computing the present worth of all payments of principal and interest to be paid on an obligation, produces an amount equal to the purchase price thereof.

4.2. The Corporation's contract of sale with the underwriters for the Bonds specifies that such underwriters are entering into the contract for the purpose of purchasing the Bonds for resale to the public and that the public purchasers shall be offered the Bonds by the underwriters at the prices listed in Exhibit C attached hereto, plus accrued interest. At the time the contract was entered into, the interest rates and initial sales prices of other municipal bond issues were reviewed by the Corporation. Prices for the sale of the Bonds were fixed accordingly. As a result, the Corporation believes that the initial offering prices of the Bonds to the public at the
time of their sale to the underwriters reasonably reflected the fair market value of
the Bonds applicable in the established tax-exempt securities market.

4.3. As described in Exhibit C, certain of the Bonds are required to be
redeemed from mandatory sinking fund payments to be made in certain years.
Although Bonds may be purchased and tendered in lieu of such sinking fund payments,
the economic justification for such purchases will depend on the market price of the
Bonds at such time, which cannot be predicted now. Accordingly, the Corporation has
no reasonable expectation other than that the mandatory sinking fund payments will be
applied to the redemption of Bonds at the time and in the amount shown on such
Exhibit.

4.4. Exhibit C indicates that the Bonds may be redeemed prior to maturity
at various prices, starting at 102% of par, beginning in the year 1993. However, it is
not reasonably expected that a significant amount of Bonds will be redeemed prior to
maturity except by operation of the mandatory sinking fund provisions referred to in
subparagraph 4.3 hereof.

4.5. Taking into account the factors listed above, the amounts required to
be applied to the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds were listed by date
and are shown on Exhibit D. When these amounts were discounted to the date of
delivery of the Bonds at a yield of 10.7626%, their aggregate present worth was not
significantly greater than $212,006,222.22, (an amount comprised of $210,000,000, the
purchase price of the Bonds, and accrued interest on the Bonds of $2,006,222.22) and
accordingly the yield on the Bonds was established for purposes of this certification as
shown on Exhibit D attached hereto.
V. EXCESS PROCEEDS

5.1. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds allocable to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds and amounts received from the investment of such proceeds other than proceeds that will be:
   
a. used to pay principal and interest on the Refunded Bonds;
   
b. used to pay accrued interest on the Bonds from February 1, 1983 to the date hereof; and
   
c. amounts treated as proceeds solely because they are accumulated in the Bond Service Fund (as described in paragraph 6.2 herein);

will not exceed 1% of the amount allocable to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds received by the Corporation as a result of the sale of the Bonds.

VI. DEBT SERVICE

6.1. The Corporation expects to pay debt service on the Bonds from amounts received from the State of New York (the "State") as per capita state aid and, to the extent necessary and available, from revenues from the State sales tax imposed only in the City of New York and State stock transfer tax (collectively, the "Revenues"), which are deposited in the Bond Service Fund.

6.2. The Bond Service Fund is a debt service fund for all bonds of the Corporation issued pursuant to the Second Resolution. It is expected that the amount of Revenues deposited in the Bond Service Fund will be expended on the payment of debt service on all such bonds within 13 months of the date of deposit. Further it is expected that the amount deposited in the Bond Service Fund will be depleted at least
once a year except possibly for a carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of one year's earnings on such Fund or one-twelfth of annual debt service. Consequently, monies deposited in the Bond Service Fund may be invested without restriction as to yield.

6.3. The Bonds will be secured by the Capital Reserve Fund established under the Second Resolution. Such Capital Reserve Fund is a debt service reserve fund for all bonds issued pursuant to the Second Resolution. Moneys in such fund are derived both from Revenues (as defined in Section 6.1 hereof) and from proceeds of the Corporation's bonds and are approximately equal, on any given date, to debt service on all Second Resolution Bonds coming due in the succeeding calendar year (the "Requirement"). This amount has never exceeded, and will never exceed, 15% of the face amount of all bonds issued pursuant to the Second Resolution, taking into account the terms of a letter ruling (as supplemented and clarified) issued to the Corporation by the Internal Revenue Service on April 29, 1980. No proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited in such Fund.

6.4. The Corporation has not created, nor intends to create or establish, any funds other than the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund established under the Second Resolution for the payment of debt service on the Bonds or which may be pledged as security for the Bonds. While other funds and accounts of the Corporation are subject to a general pledge in favor of the holders of the Bonds, if amounts in such funds and accounts are needed for corporate purposes of the Corporation other than the payment of debt service on the Bonds, they will be so used. Accordingly, it cannot be said with any reasonable assurance that any of these amounts will be available for the payment of debt service on the Bonds if such need should ever arise.
6.5. Interest received from the investment of amounts deposited in the Bond Service Fund will be expended on the payment of debt service within one year of receipt and will be invested without restriction as to yield during the interim.

6.6. Interest received from the investment of amounts deposited in the Capital Reserve Fund established under the Second Resolution will be retained for investment in such Fund to the extent necessary to meet the Requirement. Any excess amount will be transferred to the Bond Service Fund and expended on the payment of debt service within one year of receipt.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of March, 1983.

[Signature]

Steven J. Kantor
Deputy Executive Director
and Treasurer
Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York
EXHIBIT A

The Refunded Bonds are the outstanding $184,160,000 of the Corporation's $250,155,000 1978 Series JJ Bonds. Such outstanding bonds are listed below according to their respective maturities (or sinking fund redemption dates) and interest rates.

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<td>$10,000,000</td>
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*Sinking Fund Redemption

All such bonds will be paid at their respective maturities or by operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption.
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<th>TYPE</th>
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GOVERNMENT SETTLEMENT DATE 3 3 1983

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PRICES FOR ZERO COUPON SECURITIES ARE CALCULATED TO SETTLEMENT DATE AT THE FOLLOWING YIELDS:

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<tr>
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<tr>
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</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$3,000,000.00</td>
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<tr>
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<td>$1,300,000.00</td>
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<tr>
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<td>$2,000,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/31/98</td>
<td>$1,000,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The calculations are based on the assumption of semi-annual compounding.
Exhibit C

The $210,000,000 Series 44 Bonds are dated February 1, 1983, are priced at par, and mature and bear interest as set forth below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10-7/8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Optional Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation on or after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date, or in part by lot on any interest payment date or dates, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest to the date of redemption:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Period</th>
<th>Redemption Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1993 to December 31, 1994</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996</td>
<td>101½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1996 to December 31, 1997</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999</td>
<td>100½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1, 1999 and thereafter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sinking Fund Redemption

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are also subject to redemption in part, by lot, on July 1 in each of the years and in the respective principal amounts set forth below, at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, from mandatory "Sinking Fund Installments" which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on July 1
of each year the principal amount of Series 44 Bonds specified for each of the years shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
<td>2006</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
<td>2008</td>
<td>20,000,000*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Payment at maturity
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FMT DATE</th>
<th>PRINCIPAL</th>
<th>COUPON</th>
<th>FREQUENCY</th>
<th>1ST COUPON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>07/01/95</td>
<td>$10,000,000.00</td>
<td>10.0000%</td>
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<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/96</td>
<td>$10,000,000.00</td>
<td>10.2000%</td>
<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/97</td>
<td>$10,000,000.00</td>
<td>10.4000%</td>
<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$10,000,000.00</td>
<td>10.6000%</td>
<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/99</td>
<td>$10,000,000.00</td>
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<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>10.8750%</td>
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<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/02</td>
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<td>10.8750%</td>
<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/03</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07/01/08</td>
<td>$20,000,000.00</td>
<td>10.8750%</td>
<td>SEMI-ANN</td>
<td>0.833333</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTALS**  $210,000,000.00
PRESENT VALUE DATE = 03/03/83
ISSUE SIZE = $210,000,000.00
ACCRUED INTEREST = $2,004,222.22
INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE = $210,000,000.00
HAS A YIELD TO PUBLIC (% YLD) = 10.262322%
HAS AN ACC (% OF YIELD) = 10.783982%
AVERAGE LIFE IS: 19 YEARS, 11 MONTHS, 25 DAYS.
<table>
<thead>
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<th>PMT DATE</th>
<th>PRINCIPAL</th>
<th>INTEREST</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<tr>
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**TOTALS**

$662,771,666.67

$1,421,006,215.53

**AT A DISCOUNT RATE OF:**

10.762632%
March 3, 1985

Municipal Assistance Corporation
for the City of New York
One World Trade Center
New York, New York 10048

Attn: Mr. Steven Kantor

Re: $30,168,777 Series 44 Bonds
    Dated as of February 1, 1983

Dear Sirs:

In connection with the issuance by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York (the "Corporation") of its $210 million Series 44 Bonds, dated as of February 1, 1983, and the proposed use of $30,168,777 of the proceeds thereof to purchase bonds to be issued by the City of New York (the "City"), we hereby advise you that the City will sell to the Corporation, before March 3, 1986, its bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount at least equal to $30,168,777 and that, on or before such date, the City will use the proceeds of the Bonds for the purpose of financing capital expenditures for capital improvement projects permitted to be included in its capital budget for the fiscal year during which the City issues the Bonds, or to reimburse its General Fund for temporary advances authorized to be made for such purposes. The City has incurred as of the date hereof, or reasonably expects to incur within six months or, to the extent there are good business reasons, within one year, from the date hereof, substantial binding obligations to commence or acquire capital improvement projects undertaken for the purposes for which the Bonds will be issued.

In addition, the City reasonably expects to proceed with due diligence to completion on capital improvement projects, including those to be financed with such proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds, having at least the period of probable usefulness set forth in Exhibit A after substantial binding obligations have been incurred.

Very truly yours,

Martin L. Ives
First Deputy Comptroller
for the City of New York

Alair A. Townsend
Director of Management and Budget
for the City of New York
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Probable Usefulness</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>30 years or greater</td>
<td>$30,168,777</td>
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</table>
CERTIFICATE OF THE TREASURER OF THE
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

I, STEVEN J. KANTOR, Treasurer of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. That, after the issuance of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000, the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement (the "Requirement"), as defined in the Corporation's Second General Bond Resolution adopted November 25, 1975 (the "Resolution") and in Section 3036-a of the Act, as defined in the Resolution (the "Act"), is $727,735,000, which is the amount of principal and interest maturing or otherwise due or becoming due in calendar year 1984 on all bonds issued and outstanding under the Resolution.

2. That, as of January 31, 1983, the Capital Reserve Fund established by Section 602 of the Second General Bond Resolution consists of monies and securities, valued in accordance with the Resolution and the Act, in the amount of $739,454,713.29 and, as of the date hereof, the value of the Capital Reserve Fund is not less than $739,454,713.29.

3. That, as of the date hereof, no additional deposit into the Capital Reserve Fund from the proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds or otherwise is required under Section 606 of the Resolution and Section 3036-a of the Act in order to maintain or restore the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to the amount of the Requirement; and

4. That, after the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds, and assuming the exercise of all outstanding warrants, the Corporation will have issued $8,740,969,000 aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes, excluding bonds and notes issued to refund outstanding bonds and notes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of March, 1983.

Steven J. Kantor
Treasurer
TRUSTEE'S ACCEPTANCE AND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

United States Trust Company of New York (the Trust Company), as Trustee (the Trustee) appointed by Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the Corporation), a public benefit corporation of the State of New York, under and pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, and the Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, adopted on February 9, 1983 and amended on March 2, 1983 (collectively, the Resolutions), authorizing the issuance of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds (the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000, HEREBY CERTIFIES that:

1. The Trust Company accepts the duties and obligations of Trustee under the Resolutions.

2. The Trust Company is duly empowered by the laws of the State of New York to do and to perform all acts and things required of it by the Resolutions.

3. Pursuant to the provisions of the Resolutions and the order of the Corporation dated today, the Trust Company has today authenticated and delivered $210,000,000 principal amount of the Bonds.

4. Each person who authenticated the Bonds was duly elected or appointed, qualified and acting as an authorized officer of the Trust Company and empowered to perform such act, and the attached copy of an Executive Order Pursuant to Article VII of the By-Laws of the Trust Company conferring such authority is a true and correct copy of the original thereof on file in the principal office of the Trust Company and such document as of the date hereof is in full force and effect in accordance with its terms.

5. The Trust Company has received from the Corporation copies of the Resolutions, certified to this day by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, as required by Section 202.2(3) of the Second General Bond Resolution.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Trust Company has caused this Certificate to be executed by the officers thereunto duly authorized this 3rd day of March, 1983.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

By [Signature]
Assistant Vice President

(CORPORATE SEAL)

Attest:

[Signature]
Assistant Secretary
Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Article VII of the By-Laws of United States Trust Company of New York (the "Trust Company") and in order to facilitate the exercise of the Trust Company's corporate trust and agency powers, the following signing authorities are hereby granted to the officers of the Corporate Trust and Agency Division:

Any officer of such Division shall have authority on behalf of the Trust Company to sign or endorse checks, drafts, notes, and any orders issued by or payable to the Trust Company in any corporate trust or agency capacity;

Any Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President, or Assistant Vice President of such Division shall have authority to transfer stocks, mortgages, and securities held by the Trust Company in any corporate trust or agency capacity and to execute deeds of real estate held by the Trust Company in any corporate trust or agency capacity;

Any Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President, or Assistant Vice President of such Division shall have authority to execute on behalf of the Trust Company indentures, trust agreements and all other instruments under which the Trust Company is to act in any corporate trust or agency capacity, or relating to the Trust Company's acting in any corporate trust or agency capacity, and to execute on behalf of the Trust Company all contracts, agreements, notes, releases, forms, assignments, security documents, and other instruments contemplated thereby or related thereto;

Any Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President, or Assistant Vice President of such Division shall, to the extent permitted by law, have authority to execute any agreements, contracts, or other documents pertaining to the investment of funds held by the Trust Company in any corporate trust or agency capacity; and
Any officer of such Division shall have authority to authenticate, execute, countersign, or certify on behalf of the Trust Company bonds, debentures, and other evidences of indebtedness, coupons, certificates, warrants, and proxies with respect to which the Trust Company is trustee, registrar, depositary, transfer agent, fiscal agent, or other agent, as the case may be, and to certify as to the incumbency and specimen signature of any of the officers of the Corporate Trust and Agency Division. The Chairman of the Board or the President or a Vice Chairman or an Executive Vice President of the Trust Company, or such Senior Vice Presidents of the Trust Company as may be authorized by the Chief Executive Officer, may, from time to time, designate employees who shall be authorized, for and under the supervision of an officer of the Corporate Trust and Agency Division and subject in each case to such conditions or limitations as the Chief Executive Officer may prescribe, to authenticate, execute, countersign, or certify such bonds, debentures, other evidences of indebtedness, coupons, certificates, or warrants and proxies, using the title "Authorized Officer" or "Authorized Signature." The Chairman of the Board or the President or a Vice Chairman or an Executive Vice President of the Trust Company, or such Senior Vice Presidents of the Trust Company as may be authorized by the Chief Executive Officer, may also, from time to time, designate employees who shall be authorized, for and under the supervision of an officer of the Corporate Trust and Agency Division, and subject in each case to such conditions or limitations as the Chief Executive Officer may prescribe, to sign advices, receipts, and other documents in connection with the transfer, receipt, delivery, subscription, redemption or exchange of securities, guarantee signatures upon sale, transfer or assignment of stocks and bonds, and erasures in connection therewith, using the title "Authorized Officer" or "Authorized Signature."

[Signature]

Chief Executive Officer
United States Trust Company
of New York

Dated: January 1, 1981
ACCEPTANCE OF DUTIES AS PAYING AGENT

The undersigned hereby accepts the duties and obligations of a Paying Agent imposed upon the undersigned by the Second General Bond Resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, and the Series 44 Resolution of the Corporation, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on February 9, 1983. The undersigned has taken all necessary corporate action to authorize its acceptance of the appointment as Paying Agent for the Bonds pursuant to the Resolution referred to above.

CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A.

By: [Signature]

Title: PAUL L. MARTIN Vice President

Attest:

[Signature]

Dated: February 15, 1983
Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
Merill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
Citibank, N.A.
Capital Markets Group
Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Bear, Stearns & Co.
L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
Shearson/American Express Inc.

As Representatives of the Underwriters

We have been requested by our client, Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York constituting a public benefit corporation (the "Corporation"), to furnish you our opinion as to the matters herein set forth in connection with the execution of a bond purchase agreement, dated February 9, 1983 (the "Agreement"), by and among the Corporation and each of you as purchasers, and the sale by the Corporation to you thereunder of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds").

In connection, we have examined the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, each as further amended (the "Act"), the final Official Statement of the Corporation, dated February 9, 1983, with respect to the Bonds, as amended or supplemented to the date hereof (the "final Official Statement"), the By-laws of the Corporation, records of its corporate proceedings, including the Second General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on November 25, 1975, the Series 44 Resolution, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on February 9, 1983, and the Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on March 2, 1983 (the "Resolutions"), and the Agreement and the exhibits attached thereto, and have made such further examination of law and fact as we considered necessary in order to form the opinions herein expressed.
Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation, duly created by and validly existing under the Act, with the right and power under the Act to execute and deliver and to perform its obligations under the Agreement, to adopt the Resolutions and to issue the Bonds thereunder.

2. Under the Act, it is a purpose of the Corporation to assist The City of New York (the "City") in providing essential services to its inhabitants without interruption and in creating investor confidence in the soundness of the obligations of the City.

3. The execution and delivery of, and the performance of the obligations under, the Agreement and the issuance of the Bonds have been duly authorized by proper corporate proceedings of the Corporation. The Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding agreement of the Corporation enforceable in accordance with its terms except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights created pursuant to the Agreement. The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of the holders of the Bonds, and no other authorization for, or filing or recording of, the Resolutions is required. Anything in this opinion to the contrary notwithstanding, we express no opinion with respect to the 1978 State Covenant as that term is defined in the final Official Statement.

4. The Bonds have been duly authorized, executed, authenticated, issued and delivered and constitute legal, valid, binding, direct and general obligations of the Corporation and are entitled to the benefits of the Resolutions, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, moratorium or similar laws validly enacted and applicable to the rights of holders of the Bonds.

5. The execution, delivery and receipt of the final Official Statement, the Agreement, the Bonds and the Resolutions, under the circumstances contemplated by the Agreement and the final Official Statement, and compliance with the provisions thereof, will not conflict with or constitute on the part of the Corporation a breach of, or a default under, any existing law, court or administrative regulation, decree, order, or any agreement, indenture, mortgage, lease or other instrument, in each such case of which we have knowledge, to which the Corporation is subject or by which it is bound.

6. Except as set forth in the final Official Statement, to the best of our knowledge, there is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation at law or in equity before or by any court or public board or body pending or threatened against the Corporation wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would in any material respect adversely affect the transactions contemplated by the Agreement or which in any way would adversely affect provisions for the payment of principal or interest on the Bonds or the validity of the Bonds, the Resolutions, the Agreement, or any agreement or instrument to which the Corporation is a party which is used or contemplated for use in connection with consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Agreement.

7. The offering and sale of the Bonds by the Corporation to you, and the resale of the Bonds by you as contemplated by the Agreement and the final Official Statement, are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, pursuant to Section 3(a) (2) of such Act and there is no requirement for the qualification of the Resolutions or any indenture with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The Bonds constitute "municipal securities" as such term is defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
8. In the course of the preparation by the Corporation of the final Official Statement, we participated in numerous conferences and conversations with certain of the Corporation's officials and also consulted on numerous occasions with representatives of certain of you. In this connection, with your concurrence, we did not undertake any independent examination or review of, or otherwise attempt to make any independent verification of, (i) any records or proceedings of, or any factual matters relating to or otherwise involving, the Corporation, the State of New York or any authority, agency or political subdivision thereof or therein, or (ii) any other factual matters contained in the final Official Statement. Accordingly, except with respect to the statements and summaries referred to in paragraph 9 hereof, we do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the final Official Statement; it being understood that you are relying on the preparation of the final Official Statement by the Corporation, and certifications of various officials as to the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the statements contained therein. Further, we are not in a position to provide, and we hereby expressly disclaim, any commentary or assurances as to the adequacy or accuracy of the financial statements and other financial and statistical data contained in the final Official Statement. Subject to the foregoing limitations with respect to our engagement, no information was disclosed to us in connection with the preparation of the final Official Statement or in our conferences or conversations referred to above which has caused us to believe that the final Official Statement, as of the date thereof, and as of the date hereof, contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

9. The statements set forth in the final Official Statement under the headings “Debt Issuance Plan”, “Certain Developments Affecting the City—Federal Bankruptcy Legislation”, “Various Control Programs” and “Litigation” are in all material respects accurate statements or summaries of the statutory provisions, documents or matters therein set forth.

All opinions rendered herein relating to the enforceability of the Corporation's obligations under the Resolutions, the Agreement or the Bonds are subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

All opinions rendered herein relating to the effect of the Constitution of the State of New York, or state or local finance laws upon the validity, binding effect or enforceability of the Resolutions, the Agreement or the Bonds are rendered in reliance upon the opinions of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, Bond Counsel, of even date herewith addressed to the Corporation and delivered to you in accordance with the Agreement, and, although we have made no independent investigation with respect thereto, such opinions are in form and substance satisfactory to us, and we believe that you and we are justified in relying thereon.

Very truly yours,

PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON & GARRISON
March 3, 1983

Gentlemen:

We have delivered to Salomon Brothers Inc and certain other representatives of the Underwriters an opinion dated the date hereof, with respect to the issuance of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York, a copy of which is attached hereto. You are entitled to rely on such opinion as if the same were addressed to you.

Very truly yours,

PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON & GARRISON

Attachment
March 3, 1983

Municipal Assistance Corporation
For The City of New York
New York, New York

Dear Sirs:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Series 44 Bonds (the “Series 44 Bonds”) of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the “Corporation”), a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the “State”) constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the Constitution and statutes of the State, including the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law, Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State, as amended to the date hereof (the “Act”).

The Series 44 Bonds are authorized and issued under and pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the “Second General Bond Resolution”) and the Series 44 Resolution, Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended (the “Series Resolution”). The Second General Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution are herein collectively called the “Resolutions”.

The Series 44 Bonds are part of an issue of bonds of the Corporation (the “Bonds”) which the Corporation has established and created under the terms of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized to issue from time to time for the corporate purposes of the Corporation authorized by the Act, as then in effect and without limitation as to amount except as provided in the Resolutions and certain agreements of the Corporation or as may be limited by law. The Corporation has covenanted with the holders of certain bonds of the Corporation and with certain others to limit the issuance of additional bonds. The Series 44 Bonds are being issued for purposes set forth in the Resolutions.

The Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds, in addition to the Series 44 Bonds, only upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Second General Bond Resolution and such Bonds, when issued, shall with the Series 44 Bonds and with all other such Bonds theretofore issued, be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Second General Bond Resolution.

The Series 44 Bonds are dated February 1, 1983 except as otherwise provided in the Resolutions with respect to registered Series 44 Bonds, will mature on July 1 in each of the years and will bear interest payable
semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 1983 at the respective rates per annum shown below:

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<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount Maturing</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
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<td>10%</td>
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<td>1996</td>
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<td>1997</td>
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<td>1999</td>
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<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>160,000,000</td>
<td>10 3/8</td>
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The Series 44 Bonds are issued either in coupon form in the denomination of $5,000, registrable as to principal only, or in registered form without coupons in the denomination of $5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. Coupon and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are interchangeable as provided in the Resolutions. Coupon Series 44 Bonds are numbered 44- - and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are lettered and numbered 44R- - followed, in each case, by the last two digits of the year of maturity and the number of the Series 44 Bonds. Coupon Series 44 Bonds and fully registered Series 44 Bonds are numbered consecutively from one upward in order of issuance.

The Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 are subject to redemption, commencing on July 1, 2000 and on each July 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in part, as provided in the Resolutions, by operation of the Bond Service Fund through application of Sinking Fund Installments as defined in the Second General Bond Resolution in the amounts set forth in the Series Resolution, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each Series 44 Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

In addition, the Series 44 Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the Corporation on and after July 1, 1993, as a whole on any date or in part, by lot, on any interest payment date, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, as set forth in the Series Resolution.

Chapters 168, 196, 868 and 870 of the Laws of 1975, as amended to the date hereof, each enacted by the People of the State, represented in Senate and Assembly of the State and signed into law by the Governor of the State (the “Enabling Legislation”) provide for, among other things, the insertion of the Act in the Public Authorities Law, creating the Corporation as aforesaid, adding a new section 92-e to Article 6 of the State Finance Law, constituting Chapter 56 of such Consolidated Laws, establishing a municipal assistance aid fund (the “Aid Assistance Fund”) and a special account for the Corporation within the Aid Assistance Fund (the “Special Aid Account”), amending section 54 of the State Finance Law to provide for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account of amounts of per capita aid appropriated by the Legislature of the State and otherwise payable out of the General Fund of the State to The City of New York, New York (“The City”) thereunder subject to payments being made as follows: (i) any amounts required to be paid to the City University Construction Fund pursuant to the City University Construction Fund Act, Article 125-B of the Education Law, constituting Chapter 16 of such Consolidated Laws; (ii) any amounts required to be paid to the New York City Housing Development Corporation pursuant to the New York City
Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 41 of such Consolidated Laws; (iii) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the New York City Transit Authority pursuant to the provisions of Chapter seven of the laws of the State of nineteen hundred seventy-two; (iv) any amounts required to be paid by The City to the State to repay an advance made in nineteen hundred seventy-four to subsidize the fare of the New York City Transit Authority; and (v) five hundred thousand dollars to the chief fiscal officer of The City for payment to the trustees of the police pension fund of such City pursuant to the provisions of paragraph e of subdivision 7 of such section 54 of the State Finance Law, suspending the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes pursuant to sections 1210 and 1212-A of Article 29 of the Tax Law, constituting Chapter 60 of such Consolidated Laws, and the taxes imposed pursuant to said sections, until all notes and bonds of the Corporation, including the Series 44 Bonds, and interest thereon have been fully paid and discharged, adding a new section 92-d to Article 6 of the State Finance Law establishing a municipal assistance tax fund (the "Tax Assistance Fund") and a special account for the Corporation within the Tax Assistance Fund (the "Special Tax Account"), and adding a new section 1107 to Article 28 of said Tax Law imposing sales and compensating use taxes in The City at a rate of four percent (4%) on certain items therein described and at a rate of six percent (6%) on the sale of certain parking services (the "Sales Tax"), the revenues derived from which, less such amounts as the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance determines to be necessary for reasonable costs in administering, collecting and distributing such taxes, are required to be paid into the Special Tax Account, together with, after deducting such costs, such amounts, as may be required under the Enabling Legislation to be transferred from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund established by section 92-b of Article 6 of said State Finance Law, into which the revenues derived from a tax imposed by Article 12 of the Tax Law (the "Stock Transfer Tax") are deposited.

We are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation is duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State constituting a public benefit corporation under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, with the good right and lawful authority and power to adopt the Resolutions, to issue the Bonds including the Series 44 Bonds thereunder and to perform the obligations and covenants contained in the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds. Under the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State, and under the Constitution of the United States, the Enabling Legislation, including the Act, is valid with respect to all provisions thereof material to the subject matters of this opinion letter.

2. The Series Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Second General Bond Resolution and is authorized and permitted by the Second General Bond Resolution. The Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and both are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms, except for the covenant on behalf of the State required to be set forth in each Series 44 Bond pursuant to Chapter 201 of the Laws of New York of 1978 (the "State Covenant") as to which a separate opinion has been rendered on the date hereof, and no other authorization for the Resolutions is required. The Resolutions create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds held or set aside under the Resolutions, subject only to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted by the Resolutions. The lien created by the Resolutions on such revenues, moneys, securities and funds in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund is and will be prior to all other liens thereon. All revenues, moneys and securities, as and when received, in the Bond Service Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund in accordance with the Resolutions, will be validly subject to the pledge and lien created by the Resolutions.

3. The Series 44 Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Constitution of the State and the Act, and in accordance with the Resolutions. The Series 44 Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the Corporation payable as provided in the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms, respectively, and the terms of the Resolutions, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or
similar laws validly enacted affecting creditors’ rights or remedies generally, and, except as otherwise set forth with respect to the State Covenant as to which a separate opinion has been rendered as aforesaid, are entitled, together with additional Bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and obligations of the Second General Bond Resolution and of the Act.

4. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall annually, on or before December 1, make and deliver to the Governor and Director of the Budget of the State his certificate stating such sum, if any, as shall be necessary to restore the amount in the Capital Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement under the Second General Bond Resolution. Subdivision 3 of Section 3036-a of the Act providing for the appropriation and payment to the Corporation for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund of such sum as shall be so certified by the Chairman, does not constitute an enforceable obligation or debt of the State, the amount of such sum being subject to annual appropriation for such purpose by the Legislature of the State, which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate such amount.

5. Pursuant to the Act and the Second General Bond Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted that the Chairman of the Corporation shall certify to the State Comptroller and the Mayor of The City, the amounts required, pursuant to subdivision 1 of Section 3036 and of Section 3036-a of the Act, for deposit in the funds established by the Second General Bond Resolution at the time or times and in the manner provided therein, including the amounts required for deposit in the Bond Service Fund to pay all interest and all principal and redemption premium, if any, on bonds maturing or otherwise coming due and for deposit in the Capital Reserve Fund to maintain such Fund at such Capital Reserve Fund requirement. Said subdivisions provide for the State Comptroller to pay such amounts to the Corporation for deposit as aforesaid, the source of such payments being the Aid Assistance Fund into which is paid such per capita aid, subject to certain prior claims as described above, and, to the extent required, subject to the prior claim of the holders of obligations of the Corporation issued or to be issued pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution (as such term is defined in the Second General Bond Resolution), the Tax Assistance Fund into which is paid the Sales Tax, and to the extent required, out of the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax. The amount of per capita aid payable to The City and available for apportionment and payment from the General Fund of the State treasury and of such payments out of the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds to the Corporation are subject to annual appropriation for such purposes by the Legislature of the State which is empowered, but is not bound or obligated, to appropriate any such amounts so certified by the Chairman, as aforesaid.

6. The Series 44 Bonds do not constitute a debt either of the State or of The City, and neither the State nor The City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Series 44 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

7. The State has the good right and lawful authority:

(a) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate out of the General Fund of the State amounts for the purpose of per capita aid and to provide, with respect to certain amounts of such per capita aid payable to The City in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the State Finance Law, for the apportionment and payment into the Special Aid Account, of amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make any, or maintain any level of, such appropriation of per capita aid or to continue such procedure for apportionment and payment of such aid;

(b) to provide for the appropriation of, and at least annually to appropriate to, the Corporation, from the Special Tax Account and from the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, amounts sufficient to enable the Corporation to fulfill the terms of the Resolutions and to carry out its corporate purposes, but the State is not bound or obligated to make such appropriations;
(c) to suspend the power of The City to adopt local laws for the imposition of certain sales and compensating use taxes and the taxes levied thereunder, in accordance with the Enabling Legislation;

(d) to impose and to increase or decrease the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax but the State is not bound or obligated to continue the imposition of said taxes; and

(e) to establish the Aid Assistance Fund and the Special Aid Account within the Aid Assistance Fund, the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Tax Assistance Fund and the Special Tax Account within the Tax Assistance Fund but the State is not bound or obligated to maintain the existence of said funds or accounts.

8. The Corporation, the holders of the Bonds, holders of any evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation or the holders of bonds or notes of The City do not have nor will they have a lien on the per capita aid referred to hereinbefore or the Stock Transfer Tax or the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, the Sales Tax, or the Special Accounts for the Corporation in the Aid and Tax Assistance Funds. We are further of the opinion that, in any suit, action or other proceeding (whether under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code or otherwise) wherein a creditor of The City or The City seeks to assert a right to any such Taxes, such Stock Transfer Tax Fund or such Special Accounts superior or equal to the rights of holders of bonds issued under the Second General Bond Resolution, neither The City nor such creditor will prevail in the court of final jurisdiction.

9. Under existing law, upon any failure of the State Legislature to make required appropriations for State debt obligations or upon the establishment of a note repayment account pursuant to Section 55 of the State Finance Law, moneys on deposit in the Stock Transfer Tax Fund and the Tax Assistance Fund, including the Special Tax Account therein (each such account or fund as presently constituted being a special fund of the State), would not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence either Article 7, Section 16 of the State Constitution nor said Section 55 authorizes or mandates such moneys to be set apart by the State Comptroller either for the payment of State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. We are further of the opinion that, under existing law, collections of the Sales Tax and the Stock Transfer Tax which are to be deposited into the Special Tax Account and the Stock Transfer Tax Fund, do not constitute revenues applicable to the General Fund of the State and hence such collections would likewise not be authorized or mandated to be set apart or applied by the State Comptroller either for the payment of the State obligations or for deposit into such note repayment account. Per capita aid is, under existing law, derived from the General Fund of the State and hence, in the event of a failure to appropriate as above described, revenues of the State, otherwise applicable to the General Fund and therefore available for appropriation as per capita aid will be subject to being set apart, or applied as aforesaid.

10. Interest on the Series 44 Bonds is exempt from (i) Federal income taxes under the existing statutes, and (ii) personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including the City of New York), and the Series 44 Bonds are exempt from all taxation directly imposed thereon by or under authority of said State, except for estate or gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

11. No registration with, consent of, or approval by any governmental agency or commission is necessary for the execution and delivery and the issuance of the Series 44 Bonds.

12. The adoption and performance of, and compliance with, all of the terms and conditions of the Resolutions and the Series 44 Bonds, and the execution and delivery of the Series 44 Bonds, will not result in a violation of or be in conflict with any term or provision of any existing law.

We have examined the executed Series 44 Bond numbered 44-95-1 and, in our opinion, the form of said Bond and its execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

5
March 3, 1983

United States Trust Company
of New York
New York, New York

Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Market Group
  Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
  Citibank, N.A.
  Capital Markets Group
  Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
    The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association)
  Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
  Bear, Stearns & Co.
  L.F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
  Shearson/American Express Inc.

As representatives of the several Underwriters
named in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase
Agreement dated February 9, 1983 with the
Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City
of New York.

c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Gentlemen:

      We are bond counsel to the Municipal Assistance
      Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") and
      have this day delivered to such Corporation an opinion dated
      the date hereof with respect to the issuance of the Series
      44 Bonds of the Corporation and an opinion of even date herewith
      as to the validity of the New York State Financial Emergency
      Act For The City of New York and a certain covenant of the
      State of New York. You are entitled to rely on said opinions
      as if the same were addressed to you.

      Very truly yours,

[Signature]
March 3, 1983

Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
CitiBank, N.A.
Capital Markets Group
Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association)
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Bear, Stearns & Co.
L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
Shearson/American Express Inc.

As representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule 1 to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 with the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Gentlemen:

We are Bond Counsel to the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the “Corporation”) and are this day rendering our final approving opinion (the “Opinion”) relating to the authorization and issuance of the Corporation’s Series 44 Bonds (the “Bonds”), dated February 1, 1983 and authorized by the Second General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented, and the Series 44 Resolution, Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended. The Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution are hereinafter collectively referred to as the “Resolutions”. The Opinion is being rendered in connection with the delivery of the Bonds to Salomon Brothers Inc on behalf of the Underwriters named in Schedule 1 to the Bond Purchase Agreement for the Bonds (the “Bond Purchase Agreement”) by and among you, as representatives of said Underwriters and the Corporation.

In connection with the rendering of the Opinion, we have reviewed records of the acts taken by the Corporation in connection with the authorization, sale and issuance of the Bonds, including a record of proceedings of the Corporation relating to the authorization, execution and delivery of the Bond Purchase Agreement, were present at various meetings in connection therewith and have participated with others in the preparation of various parts of the Official Statement with respect to the Bonds dated February 9, 1983 (the “Official Statement”).

In connection with the sale of the Bonds, at the request of the Corporation, we participated and assisted as Bond Counsel in the preparation of the Official Statement and have reviewed the information and representations contained therein. Rendering such assistance involved, among other things, discussions and inquiries concerning various and related subjects, and reviews of and reports on certain documents and proceedings. We also participated in conferences with the board of directors of the Corporation and its officers, agents and employees, the State Comptroller and his deputy, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton &
Garrison, General Counsel for the Corporation, you and your counsel, White & Case, at which the contents of the Official Statement and related matters were discussed and revised.

The statements set forth in the Official Statement under the headings PAYMENT OF THE BONDS (other than the statistical and financial information under the headings “Per Capita Aid”, “Sales Tax”, “Quarterly Collections of Sales and Compensating Use Taxes in the City” and “Quarterly Collections of Stock Transfer Tax”), DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND ESTIMATED COVERAGE RATIOS (other than the statistical and financial information set forth therein), BONDS BEING OFFERED, AGREEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK and SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION are accurate statements or summaries of the statutory provisions, documents or matters therein set forth.

In the course of the preparation of the Official Statement and in rendering the Opinion and this opinion we have received and relied upon the certificate of no litigation of the Corporation including statements to the effect that, except as noted in the Official Statement, there is no litigation of any nature now pending or threatened restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds, any proceedings of the Corporation taken with respect to the issuance thereof, the pledge or application of any revenues, moneys or securities provided for the payment of Bonds or the existence or powers of the Corporation. In such connection, we have also received and relied upon the opinion of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, dated the date hereof, with respect to the absence of litigation against the Corporation. While, except as above stated with respect to information under certain specific headings, we have not undertaken to verify independently and take no responsibility for the correctness or completeness of the statements made in the Official Statement (or in the statistical and financial information as to which we express no opinion) we can and do advise you that in the course of our participation in the preparation of the Official Statement and in our review thereof in the light of the discussion, inquiries and conferences referred to above, nothing has come to our attention which would lead us to believe that the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

We are further of the opinion that the Bond Purchase Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by, and constitutes a binding agreement of, the Corporation, enforceable in accordance with its terms.

We are further of the opinion that the Series 44 Resolution has been duly and lawfully adopted by the Corporation and is in full force and effect and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

We are further of the opinion that the issuance and sale to you of the Bonds pursuant to and as contemplated by the Bond Purchase Agreement is exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the resale of the Bonds by you would be similarly exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and there is no requirement for the qualification of the Resolutions or any indenture with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, and the Bonds constitute “municipal securities” within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are legal investments, under present provisions of New York law, for all public officers and bodies of the State and political subdivisions of the State and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the State.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
March 3, 1983

Municipal Assistance Corporation
For The City of New York
New York, New York

Gentlemen:

We have reviewed the accompanying arbitrage certificate of Mr. Steven J. Kantor, Treasurer of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (herein called the "Corporation") relating to the reasonable expectation as of the date of issuance of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds dated February 1, 1983 and delivered this day (herein called the "Bonds"), that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds to be "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue code of 1954, as amended to the date hereof.

Based upon our examination of law and review of such certification, it is our opinion that the facts, estimates and circumstances set forth in such certification are sufficient to satisfy the criteria which are necessary under said Section 103(c) and Sections 1.103-13, 1.103-14 and 1.103-15 of the regulations thereunder to support the conclusion that the Bonds will not be "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of said Section of the Code. No matters have come to our attention which, in our opinion, make unreasonable or incorrect the representations made in such certification.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
March 3, 1983

Municipal Assistance Corporation
For The City of New York
New York, New York

Dear Sirs:

You have requested our opinion as to (i) the validity of the New York State Financial Emergency Act For The City of New York (Chapter 868 of the Laws of New York of 1975) as amended to the date hereof (the "Act") and (ii) the enforceability by a holder of obligations of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") of the covenant of the State of New York (the "State") authorized and required to be included in certain of such obligations pursuant to Section 10-a of the Act (the "State Covenant"), assuming the State Covenant is included in such obligations.

Although the matter is not free from doubt, we are of the opinion that a court of final jurisdiction would hold:

1. That the Act has been duly enacted, and under the Constitution and laws of the State, is valid; provided, however, that we express no opinion with respect to those portions of the Act relating to collective bargaining.

2. That the State Covenant is enforceable against the State by any holder of an obligation of the Corporation reciting the State Covenant, provided that the court in which enforcement is sought holds that its inclusion in such obligation constitutes an important security provision of such obligation.

The foregoing is limited to the extent that the enforceability of the Act or any part thereof is subject at all times to the proper exercise of the State's re-serve police power.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

Hawkins, Delafield & Wood
67 Wall Street, New York 10005
March 3, 1983

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Dear Sirs:

The Corporation now has outstanding $184,160,000 in aggregate principal amount of its 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the "1978 Series JJ Bonds") issued pursuant to the General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the "General Bond Resolution") and a Series Resolution adopted December 22, 1977 (the "1978 Series JJ Resolution"). In accordance with the provisions of Section 203 and Article XIV of the General Bond Resolution, direct obligations of the United States of America have been placed in trust with United States Trust Company of New York, N. Y. (the "Trustee", as such term is defined in the General Bond Resolution), the principal of and interest on which, when due, will provide monies sufficient to pay when due, the principal of and interest until the maturity or earlier redemption date on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds. The Corporation has directed the Trustee to redeem, by lot, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of each 1978 Series JJ Bond so redeemed, on February 1 of each of the following years, the following aggregate principal amounts of 1978 Series JJ Bonds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Each amount to be so redeemed represents the amount of the sinking fund installment provided for such date in the 1978 Series JJ Resolution. The Trustee has been directed to pay the remaining principal due on the 1978 Series JJ Bonds, other than those so called for redemption, on their respective maturity dates.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the Corporation has duly provided for the payment of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds in accordance with the provisions of such Section 203 and Article XIV.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

[Name]
March 3, 1983

Municipal Assistance Corporation
For The City of New York
Suite 8901
One World Trade Center
New York, New York 10048

Re: United States Trust Company of New York - Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York - Series 44 Bonds

Mesdames and Gentlemen:

Our client, United States Trust Company of New York, has requested that we furnish you with our opinion as to its authority to act as Trustee pursuant to its appointment by Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the Corporation) in the Second General Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975 (the Second General Bond Resolution), as amended and supplemented, and as to its due authentication and delivery of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds issued today in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 (the Bonds) pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, adopted on February 9, 1983 and amended on March 2, 1983 (collectively, the Resolutions), and being sold today pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 and the Official Statement dated February 9, 1983 of the Corporation.

We have examined the Resolutions, the certificate dated today of the Trustee as to the due authentication and delivery of the Bonds, and such other documents as we have deemed necessary in order to render our opinions hereinafter expressed.
Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. United States Trust Company of New York is a duly organized and validly existing corporation having the powers of a trust company under the laws of the State of New York and is authorized to act as Trustee under the Resolutions and to exercise all of the rights, powers and obligations of the Trustee.

2. The Trustee has duly authenticated and delivered the Bonds.

Very truly yours,

Carter, Ledford & Milburn

RRG:wpc

cc: Mr. Pat V. Santivasci
March 3, 1983

Salomon Brothers Inc
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group
(Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith
Incorporated)

Citibank, N.A.
(Capital Markets Group)
Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group
(The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.)
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Bear Stearns & Co.
L.F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin
Shearson/American Express Inc.
As Representatives of the Underwriters
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Mesdames and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to United States Trust
Company of New York, as Trustee, in connection with the issu-
ance today by Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of
New York (the Corporation) of its Series 44 Bonds in the ag-
gregate principal amount of $210,000,000.

We are delivering to you herewith our opinion dated
today rendered to the Corporation. You are authorized to rely
upon this opinion as fully and to the same extent as if it had
been addressed to you.

Very truly yours,

Carter, Ledyard & Milburn

RRG:wpc
Enclosure
March 3, 1983

Dear Sirs:

We have acted as counsel for you and the other Underwriters named in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") between you and Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), under which you and such other Underwriters jointly and severally agree to purchase from the Corporation $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds") issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution, the Series 44 Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution, As Amended, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on November 25, 1975, February 9, 1983, and March 2, 1983, respectively (the "Resolutions"). Pursuant to the Resolutions, the Corporation has designated United States Trust Company of New York as trustee (the "Trustee").

In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Corporation has prepared and authorized the distribution of an official statement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Official Statement").
In acting as your counsel, we have participated in the preparation of the Official Statement and have examined the originals, or copies thereof certified to our satisfaction, of such corporate records of the Corporation, certificates of public officials, certificates of officers of the Corporation and such other documents, records and papers as we have deemed necessary or appropriate in order to give the opinions expressed herein. We have relied upon such certificates of officers of the Corporation and other certifications with respect to the accuracy of material factual matters contained therein which were not independently established. In addition, we have, with your approval, assumed that the Bonds have been duly executed on behalf of the Corporation and duly authenticated by the Trustee, and that the signatures on all documents and instruments examined by us are genuine, which assumptions we have not independently verified.

Based upon the foregoing, it is our opinion that:

1. The Corporation is duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State"), constituting a public benefit corporation under the laws of the State.

2. The Resolutions have been duly and validly adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and no further authorization for the Resolutions is required.

3. The Bonds have been duly authorized and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the laws of the State and the Resolutions.

4. The Bond Purchase Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Corporation.

5. The offering and sale of the Bonds by the Corporation, and the resale of the Bonds by you as contemplated by the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Official Statement, do not require registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or qualification of the Resolutions under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The Bonds constitute "municipal securities" within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

In the course of the preparation by the Corporation of the Official Statement, we and representatives of the Underwriters participated in numerous conferences and
conversations with general counsel and bond counsel for the Corporation and with certain officers and representatives of the Corporation, and we also consulted on numerous occasions with representatives of certain of the Underwriters. We are not passing upon the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement. In this connection, with your concurrence, we did not undertake any independent examination or review of, or otherwise attempt to make any independent verification of, (i) any records of proceedings of, or any factual matters relating to or otherwise involving, the Corporation, the State or any authority, agency or political subdivision thereof or therein, or (ii) any other factual matters contained in the Official Statement. It is our understanding that you are relying upon the preparation of the Official Statement by the Corporation and certifications of various officers and officials of the Corporation, the State and The City of New York as to the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the statements contained therein. Further, we are not in a position to provide, and we hereby expressly disclaim, any commentary or assurances as to the adequacy or accuracy of the financial statements and other financial and statistical data contained in the Official Statement. Subject to the foregoing limitations with respect to our engagement, no information was disclosed to us in connection with the preparation of the Official Statement or in our conferences or conversations referred to above which has caused us to believe that the Official Statement, as of the date thereof, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

While we have not independently passed upon the validity of the Bonds, we hereby confirm that all proceedings of the Corporation and related matters, including the opinion addressed to you of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, general counsel for the Corporation, and the opinions of Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, bond counsel for the Corporation, each of even date herewith and delivered to you today, are satisfactory in form and substance to us and we believe that you are justified in relying thereon.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

[Signature]
March 3, 1983

SAalomON BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, Sachs & Co.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
CITIBANK, N.A.
Capital Markets Group
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association)
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
B Excellence, STEARNS & CO.
L.F. ROTHSCIL, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN
SHERARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.
As Representatives of the Underwriters
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Dear Sirs:

Reference is made to our opinion to you of even
date herewith with respect to the Series 44 Bonds of
Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.
We hereby confirm to you that, while we have not partici-
pated in conferences or conversations regarding the ac-
curacy, completeness or fairness of the information con-
tained in the Official Statement referred to in such opinion
with those involved in its preparation (except for certain
conversations with respect to a change in the proposed use
of a portion of the proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds) or
otherwise undertaken any investigation with respect to the
information contained in such Official Statement subsequent
to its date, nothing has come to our attention which has
called us to believe that such Official Statement, as of
this date, contains any untrue statement of a material fact
or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the
statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under
which they were made, not misleading.

Very truly yours,

White & Case
$210,000,000

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SERIES 44 BONDS

BLUE SKY MEMORANDUM

January 31, 1983

SALOMON BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED

CITIBANK, N.A.
CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK (NATIONAL ASSOCIATION)
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BEAR, STEARNS & CO.
L.F. ROTHCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.

As Representatives of the Underwriters
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Dear Sirs:

In connection with the proposed offering of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Series 44 Bonds (hereinafter referred to as the "Bonds") of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), we have prepared the accompanying Preliminary Blue Sky Survey relating to the provisions of the securities or Blue Sky laws of the jurisdictions enumerated therein. The Survey is based upon an examination of such laws as reported in the latest unofficial compilations available to us and upon financial and other information furnished by officers of the Corporation or contained in the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 31, 1983. The Survey covers (i) offers of and solicitations of offers to purchase the Bonds ("offers"), made orally or by means of the Preliminary Official Statement before issuance of the Official Statement in final
form; and (ii) sales or contracts of sale of the Bonds ("sales") after issuance of the Official
Statement in final form.

The Survey is based upon the opinion of Bond Counsel that the Corporation is a corporate
governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York and upon the assumptions that
the offers and sales will be made in accordance with the applicable statements contained in the
Official Statement and at a price not in excess of the initial public offering price specified therein, that
the necessary banking authority approvals have been obtained, and that the Bonds will be purchased
by you and the other Underwriters and will be sold by the purchasers for their own account.

The Survey also is subject to the following qualifications:

(a) Although informal rulings from the securities commissions or other similar
administrative bodies having jurisdiction have in some instances been obtained, such rulings do
not in every case represent authoritative interpretations of the provisions in question. No
opinions have been obtained from local counsel and we do not purport to be experts as to the
laws of any state other than New York.

(b) Requirements relating to advertising matter published in any jurisdiction have not been
considered.

(c) The conclusions set forth in the Survey are subject to the exercise of broad
discretionary powers of the securities commissions or other similar administrative bodies having
jurisdiction, including the power to withdraw exemptions or special classifications accorded by
statute or regulation, to establish specific requirements in respect of any offering of securities
and to suspend or revoke at any time the registration or qualification of securities for offering in
their respective jurisdictions.

Very truly yours,

WHITE & CASE
[Reference is made to the attached letter, dated January 31, 1983]

PRELIMINARY BLUE SKY SURVEY

$210,000,000
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SERIES 44 BONDS

PART I

Offers and Sales to the Public by Banks and Registered Dealers

Banks, without registration as brokers or dealers except as indicated below, and dealers, registered or licensed in the jurisdictions listed below, may offer the Bonds to the public before the Official Statement in final form is issued and may sell the Bonds to the public after it is issued, without registration of the Bonds or other filings being made in the following jurisdictions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alabama</th>
<th>Kentucky</th>
<th>Ohio(3) (6)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>Louisiana(3)</td>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona(1)</td>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>Oregon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>Rhode Island(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>South Carolina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>South Dakota(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>Tennessee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida(2)</td>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>Texas(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Nevada(5)</td>
<td>Vermont(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii(3)</td>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>Virginia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>Washington</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois(4)</td>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>West Virginia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Wyoming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>North Dakota(3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Registration as a dealer is required of banks not regulated by an agency of Arizona or the United States.
(2) A bank must register as a dealer unless it is authorized to do business in Florida.
(3) Banks must register as brokers or dealers in this state.
(4) Banks not organized under the laws of Illinois or the United States must register as dealers in this state.
(5) Registration or licensing as a dealer is not required in Nevada, provided the dealer or broker is either registered pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or is a bank.
(6) Application for confirmation of exemption is being filed. Before making any offers or sales, dealers should communicate with Salomon Brothers Inc for information as to final approval.
PART II
Exempt Transactions
Dealers

Offers before the Official Statement in final form is issued, and sales after it is issued, may be made to dealers and brokers in the jurisdictions listed below without registration of the Bonds or any filings being made in such jurisdictions. Persons making such offers and sales need not be registered or licensed as dealers or brokers in these jurisdictions except as otherwise indicated.

Alabama
Alaska (1)
Arizona
Arkansas (1)
California (2)
Colorado (3)
Connecticut (4)
Delaware (1)
District of Columbia (1)
Florida
Georgia
Guam (1)
Hawaii (5)
Idaho
Illinois
Indiana (1)
Iowa (6)
Kansas
Kentucky
Louisiana (7)
Maine
Maryland (1)
Massachusetts (1)
Michigan (1)
Minnesota (1)
Mississippi (1)
Missouri (1)
Montana
Nebraska
Nevada (8)
New Hampshire (1)
New Jersey (9)
New Mexico
New York
North Carolina (1)
North Dakota
Ohio
Oklahoma (1)
Oregon
Pennsylvania (10)
Puerto Rico (1)
Rhode Island
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee (6)
Texas (7)
Utah (1)
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia (1)
Wisconsin (11)
Wyoming (1)

(1) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, savings institution or trust company; or is a registered or licensed dealer or broker in this jurisdiction; or has no place of business in this jurisdiction and effects transactions in this jurisdiction exclusively with or through registered or licensed dealers or brokers or with exempt institutions.

(2) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, trust company, or savings and loan association, or is registered as a broker-dealer in California; or has no place of business in California, and effects transactions in California exclusively with broker-dealers or, revoked under the California Corporate Securities Law of 1968 or any predecessor statute, has no place of business in California and effects or sells securities in California exclusively to broker-dealers or exempt institutions.

(3) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, or a registered broker or has filed as an exempt broker in Colorado.

(4) Provided offeror or seller is a state bank and trust company, a national banking association, a mutual savings bank, a savings and loan association, a federal savings and loan association, a credit union, a federal credit union, or trust company, or person who has not place of business in Connecticut and effects transactions exclusively with broker-dealers or exempt institutions.

(5) Provided offeror or seller is a registered dealer in Hawaii, or has no place of business in Hawaii and effects transactions in Hawaii exclusively with or through registered dealers or with exempt institutions.

(6) Provided offeror or seller is an institutional investor, including an insurance company or bank; or is registered as a broker-dealer in this state, has no place of business in this state and effects transactions in this state exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(7) Provided offeror or purchaser is a dealer or broker actually engaged in buying and selling securities as a business.

(8) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, or is registered as a broker-dealer in Nevada, or is registered as a broker or Securities Dealers, Inc., or has no place of business in Nevada and effects transactions in Nevada exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(9) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, savings institution or trust company, or a registered broker-dealer in New Jersey; or effects transactions in New Jersey exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(10) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, banking and trust company, savings bank, trust company, private bank, or account of the seller thereof; or is a registered broker-dealer in Pennsylvania; or has no place of business in Pennsylvania and as agent for the seller pursuant to bank agency regulation, or is a licensed broker-dealer in Wisconsin.
Institutions

Offers before the Official Statement in final form is issued, and sales after it is issued, may be made in the following jurisdictions to the institutions specified, without registration of the Bonds or any filings being made. Persons making such offers and sales need not be registered or licensed as dealers or brokers in these jurisdictions, unless otherwise indicated. This Survey does not cover the status of the Bonds with respect to eligibility for investment by any of the institutions mentioned.

Alabama. Any bank, savings institution, credit union, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

Alaska(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Arizona. Any bank, savings institution, insurance company, agency or instrumentality of the United States or of a state, or any person a principal part of whose business consists of buying securities.

Arkansas(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

California(2). Any bank, savings and loan association, trust company, insurance company, investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust (other than a pension or profit-sharing trust of the issuer, a self-employed individual retirement plan, or individual retirement account), wholly-owned subsidiary of the foregoing institutional investors, college or university which has total endowment funds of not less than $5,000,000, or corporation which has a net worth of not less than $14,000,000; provided the purchaser, whether acting for itself or as trustee, represents that it is purchasing for its own account (or for such trust account) for investment and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution of the security; or any government, government agency, state university or state college or their employee retirement systems.

Colorado(3). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

Connecticut(1). Any state bank and trust company, national banking association, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit sharing trust or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Delaware(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.
District of Columbia(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Florida. Any bank or trust company, whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity, savings institution, insurance company, regulated investment company, or a pension or profit-sharing plan having assets not less than $500,000.

Georgia. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, real estate investment trust, small business investment corporation, pension or profit sharing plan or trust, or other financial institution, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

Guam(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Hawaii(4). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Idaho. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

Illinois. Any corporation, bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, building and loan association, pension fund or pension trust, employees' profit sharing trust, association engaged as a substantial part of its business or operations in purchasing or holding securities, or a trust in respect of which a bank or trust company is trustee or co-trustee.

Indiana(1). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Iowa(5). Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Kansas. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, except if the financial institution acts only as an agent for another purchaser that is not an exempt financial institution.

Kentucky. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, or corporation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maine(6)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Massachusetts(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michigan(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution, or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri(1)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada(7)</td>
<td>Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
New Hampshire(1) ........ Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

New Jersey(8) .......... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

New Mexico ............ Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

New York ............... Any bank or any syndicate, corporation or group formed for the specific purpose of acquiring such securities for resale to the public directly or through other syndicates or groups.

North Carolina(1)(9) .... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

North Dakota .......... Any bank, savings bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company or any corporation, organization or association, a principal part of whose business consists of the buying of securities.

Ohio(6) ................. Any institutional investor, defined as any corporation, bank, insurance company, pension fund or trust, employees' profit sharing fund or trust, any association engaged, as a substantial part of its business or operations, in purchasing or holding securities, or any trust in respect of which a bank is trustee or co-trustee.

Oklahoma(1) ............. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Oregon .................. Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer.

Pennsylvania(10) ....... Any institutional investor, defined as any bank, insurance company, pension or profit sharing plan or trust, investment company, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, other financial institution or any person, other than an individual, which controls any of the foregoing, whether the buyer is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity, the Federal Government, State or any agency or political subdivision thereof or any other person designated by regulation of the Pennsylvania Securities Commission.

Puerto Rico(1) .......... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Companies Act of Puerto Rico, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.
Rhode Island ............ Any national bank, or any bank, trust company, insurance company or association under the supervision of the Director of Business Regulation, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit sharing trust, or institutional buyer, such securities being purchased by such institution for its own account and investment.

South Carolina(1) ...... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

South Dakota .......... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, savings and loan association, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, the State or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether such person is acting for itself or as trustee.

Tennessee(5) .......... Any bank, trust company, insurance company, investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, a holding company which controls any of the foregoing, a trust or fund over which any of the foregoing has or shares investment discretion, or any other person engaged as a substantial part of its business in investing in securities (except a broker-dealer), in each case having a net worth in excess of $1,000,000.

Texas ................. Any bank, trust company, building and loan association, insurance company, surety or guaranty company, savings institution, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, or small business investment company as defined in the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, provided the purchaser is acting for its own account or as a bona fide trustee.

Utah(1) ............... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

Vermont ............... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in a fiduciary capacity.

Virginia ............... Any corporation, investment company or pension or profit-sharing trust.

Washington ............ Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity.

West Virginia(1) ...... Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.
Wisconsin

Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, savings and loan association, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or the state or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or other financial institution or institutional investor, whether such person is acting for itself or as trustee.

Wyoming

Any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or as trustee.

(1) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, savings institution or trust company; or is a registered or licensed dealer or broker in this jurisdiction; or has no place of business in this jurisdiction and effects transactions in this jurisdiction exclusively with or through registered or licensed dealers or brokers or with exempt institutions.

(2) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, trust company, or savings and loan association; or is registered as a broker-dealer in California or is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, has not previously had any certificate denied or revoked under the California Corporate Securities Law of 1968 or any predecessor statute, has no place of business in California and offers or sells securities in California exclusively to other broker-dealers or to exempt institutions.

(3) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, or a registered broker or dealer or has filed as an exempt broker or dealer in Colorado.

(4) Provided offeror or seller is a registered dealer in Hawaii, or has no place of business in Hawaii and effects transactions in Hawaii exclusively with or through registered dealers or with exempt institutions.

(5) Provided offeror or seller is an institutional investor, including an insurance company or bank; or is registered as a broker-dealer in this state, or has no place of business in this state and effects transactions in this state exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(6) Provided offeror or seller is a registered or licensed dealer in this state.

(7) Provided offeror or seller is a bank or is registered as a broker-dealer in Nevada or is registered as a broker or dealer pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., or has no place of business in Nevada and effects transactions in Nevada exclusively with or through broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(8) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, savings institution or trust company; or is a registered broker-dealer in New Jersey; or effects transactions in New Jersey exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(9) A bank, savings institution, trust company, or North Carolina registered dealer may also offer and sell the Bonds to corporations other than the exempt institutions cited.

(10) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, banking and trust company, savings bank, trust company, private bank, or savings and loan association effecting transactions for its own account or executing orders for the sale of securities for the account of the seller thereof; or is a registered broker-dealer in Pennsylvania, or has no place of business in Pennsylvania and effects transactions in Pennsylvania exclusively with or through registered broker-dealers or with exempt institutions.

(11) Provided offeror or seller is a bank, savings institution or trust company effecting transactions for its own account or as agent for the seller pursuant to bank agency regulation, or is a licensed broker-dealer in Wisconsin.
$210,000,000
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK
SERIES 44 BONDS

SUPPLEMENTAL BLUE SKY MEMORANDUM

February 9, 1983

SAUL BROTHERS INC
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.
MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated
CITIBANK, N. A.
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MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
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L. F. ROthschild, Unterberg, Towbin
SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC.
As Representatives of the Underwriters
c/o Salomon Brothers Inc
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004

Dear Sirs:

This Memorandum supplements and completes our Blue Sky Memorandum dated January 31, 1983, with reference to the offering of the Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds") of the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York.

We wish to advise you that exemptions have been confirmed where necessary.

For information as to the Blue Sky status of the Bonds in the various jurisdictions, reference is made to our Blue Sky Memorandum of January 31, 1983.

Very truly yours,

WHITE & CASE
ORDER AS TO DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF SERIES 44 BOND PROCEEDS AND IRREVOCABLE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TRUSTEE AS TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF 1978 SERIES JJ BONDS TRUST FUND AND THE APPLICATION OF AMOUNTS DEPOSITED THEREIN

3 March 1983

United States Trust Company
of New York
45 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), has today delivered to you, as Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented to the date hereof (the "Resolution"), $206,126,222.22 on account of the proceeds of sale of $210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds (the "Series 44 Bonds") delivered today under the Resolution and the Corporation's Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended (the "Series 44 Resolution"). The total proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds consists of such amount plus the good faith deposit of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 among the Corporation and such Underwriters in the amount of $1,050,000 delivered to you on February 9, 1983, aggregating $207,176,222.22 (the "Proceeds").

You are hereby requested, authorized and directed to deposit the Proceeds in the Corporation's Bond Proceeds Account (the "Proceeds Account").

You are hereby further requested, authorized and directed on the date hereof: (1) to deposit $2,006,222.22 of the Proceeds in the Bond Service Fund under the Resolution and (2) to continue to hold $30,168,776.86 of the Proceeds in the Proceeds Account pending further written direction from the Corporation, which direction shall cause such amount to be used to purchase bonds issued by the City of New York to finance capital improvements.

As provided in Section 302 of the Series 44 Resolution, the Corporation hereby irrevocably orders and instructs you to apply the balance of the Proceeds in the amount of $175,001,223.14 to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America of such maturities, bearing such interest and otherwise having such terms and qualifications and to deposit such moneys as may be set forth in the Corporation's certificate attached hereto as Schedule A; and all such obligations of the United States and such moneys shall be credited to or deposited into, and held by you, as Trustee under the Corporation's General Bond Resolution adopted July 2, 1975, as
amended and supplemented (the "First General Bond Resolution"), in a trust fund to be held separate and apart from all other funds of you or the Corporation, designated as the 1978 Series JJ Bonds Trust Fund and established pursuant to Section 301 of the Series 44 Resolution (the "Series JJ Trust Fund").

The Corporation hereby certifies to you, as Trustee under the First General Bond Resolution, that the moneys deposited and the payments received as the principal of and interest on the obligations to be purchased under the preceding paragraph will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest due or to become due on the $184,160,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's outstanding 1978 Series JJ Bonds (the "Refunded Bonds"), on and prior to the maturity or earlier redemption date thereof, as the case may be.

The Corporation hereby irrevocably instructs you, as Trustee under the First General Bond Resolution, that, as provided in Section 304 of the Series 44 Resolution, upon direction in a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, you shall, to the extent practicable, and in such manner so as not to cause the Series 44 Bonds to become arbitrage bonds, reinvest amounts on deposit in the Series JJ Trust Fund, if not then needed to pay the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest on the Refunded Bonds, in direct obligations of the United States of America maturing at such times and in such amounts as shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Refunded Bonds on or prior to the maturity or other due date or dates thereof and interest earned from such reinvestment and not required for such payments with regard to the Refunded Bonds shall be deposited in the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Reserve Fund established pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution as you shall be directed in a certificate of an Authorized Officer, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge to the holders of the Refunded Bonds.

The Corporation hereby irrevocably further instructs you, as Trustee under the First General Bond Resolution, that, as provided in Section 304 of the Series 44 Resolution, upon written direction of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, you may sell, liquidate or otherwise dispose of obligations in the Series JJ Trust Fund provided that the proceeds of such sale, liquidation or disposition are reinvested, in such manner so as not to cause the Series 44 Bonds to become arbitrage bonds, in direct obligations of the United States or deposited as cash in the Series JJ Trust Fund in amounts sufficient so that the principal of and interest on such obligations (together with other obligations on deposit in the Series JJ Trust Fund) will be sufficient with such cash in both time and amount to provide for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest on the Refunded Bonds when due.

The Corporation hereby irrevocably orders and instructs you, as Trustee under the First General Bond Resolution, to use the amounts on deposit in the Series JJ Trust Fund, including payments received as principal of or interest on the obligations deposited therein, to pay the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest on the Refunded Bonds when due as specified in Section 304 of the Series 44
Resolution and herein, and to publish, as soon as practicable at least twice at an interval of not less than seven days between publications, in an Authorized Newspaper (as defined in the First General Bond Resolution), a notice to the holders of the Refunded Bonds and coupons that the deposit in the Series JJ Trust Fund has been made with you, as Trustee under the First General Bond Resolution, and that the Refunded Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with Section 1401(2) of the First General Bond Resolution and stating that moneys are to be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of the Refunded Bonds at their maturity or earlier redemption date, as the case may be, and to take all actions required by such Section 304, including the publication of notice of redemption of the Refunded Bonds in the time and in the manner set forth in Section 405 of the First General Bond Resolution.

The Corporation further hereby irrevocably orders and instructs you to apply the moneys in the Series JJ Trust Fund to pay the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Refunded Bonds when due in accordance with their terms and as specified in Section 304 of the Series 44 Resolution.

Pending directions as to the expenditure of the Bond Service Fund and held Proceeds Account for the purposes authorized by the Resolution, you are hereby requested, authorized and directed to invest moneys in the Bond Service Fund and the Proceeds Account, and any accrued interest thereon, in the manner provided in Section 702 of the Resolution.

Sincerely,

MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION
FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By [Signature]
Authorized Officer

Attachment: Schedule A
### Schedule A

#### Municipal Assistance Corporation

**Series JJ**

#### Cost of Government Securities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
<th>Coupon</th>
<th>Price Discount (2%US)</th>
<th>Par Amount</th>
<th>Principal Dollars</th>
<th>Accrued Interest</th>
<th>Total Cost</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>GOVT</td>
<td>131 1984</td>
<td>15.000</td>
<td>105.060000</td>
<td>37,340,000</td>
<td>39,277,012.50</td>
<td>479,643.65</td>
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<td>82,575,900.00</td>
<td>660,713.19</td>
<td>83,236,613.19</td>
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<td>107.310000</td>
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<td>114.230000</td>
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<td>0.000</td>
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<td>7,935,568.20</td>
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**Total**

193,073,600.00 173,270,236.13 1,730,987.01 175,001,223.14

**Government Settlement Date** 3 3 1983

---

**Prices for Zero Coupon Securities are calculated to Settlement Date at the following yields:**

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<th>Yield</th>
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<td>1115 1991</td>
<td>10.95</td>
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<td>10.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1115 1994</td>
<td>10.76</td>
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</table>
CERTIFICATE OF TRUSTEE AS TO RECEIPT OF PROCEEDS OF THE SALE OF SERIES 44 BONDS

The undersigned, a duly appointed and qualified officer of United States Trust Company of New York, HEREBY CERTIFIES as follows:

United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee (the "Trustee") under the Second General Bond Resolution adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Resolution"), by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), and in connection with the issuance and delivery today by the Corporation of an aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 of its Series 44 Bonds, as authorized by the Series 44 Resolution Adopted on February 9, 1983, As Amended, hereby acknowledges, on behalf of the Corporation, the receipt of the proceeds of sale of the Series 44 Bonds, plus accrued interest on such bonds, consisting of $1,050,000 good faith deposit received on February 9, 1983, and the additional amount of $206,126,222.22 (representing the purchase price of the Bonds in the amount of $205,170,000 plus accrued interest in the aggregate amount of $2,006,222.22, less such good faith deposit) received on the date hereof, for use in accordance with instructions delivered by the Corporation to the Trustee on the date hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of United States Trust Company of New York this 3rd day of March, 1983.

(SEAL)

[Signature]

ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT

Attest:

[Signature]

ASSISTANT SECRETARY
CERTIFICATE OF THE TRUSTEE RESPECTING DEFEASANCE
OF 1978 SERIES JJ BONDS

United States Trust Company of New York (the "Trust Company"), as Trustee (the "Trustee") appointed by the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), a public benefit corporation of the State of New York, under and pursuant to the First General Bond Resolution of the Corporation adopted July 2, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "First General Resolution"), and the Second General Bond Resolution adopted November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Resolution"), HEREBY CERTIFIES that:

1. The Trust Company is the duly appointed and acting Trustee under the First General Resolution and the 1978 Series JJ Resolution adopted December 22, 1977, pursuant to which $250,155,000 principal amount of the 1978 Series JJ Bonds were issued and of which $184,160,000 principal amount are presently outstanding (the "Refunded Bonds").

2. The Trust Company has examined the proceedings as to the issuance by the Corporation of the Series 44 Bonds (the "Bonds") under the Series 44 Resolution (the "Resolution") Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended, the opinions dated today of General Counsel to the Corporation and of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, and other documents and records delivered today at the closing for the sale by the Corporation of the Bonds, including the certificates dated today of the Corporation as to (a) the adoption of the Resolution, (b) the designation of specified direct obligations of the United States of America to be purchased with the proceeds of the Bonds (the proceeds and a portion of accrued interest thereon to the date of delivery thereof shall be hereinafter referred to as the "Proceeds") and to be credited to or deposited into the Trust Fund created under the Resolution and maintained by the Trust Company (the "Series JJ Trust Fund"); and that the payments received as the principal of and interest on the specified obligations and moneys held in the Series JJ Trust Fund will be sufficient to pay the principal or the Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest due and to become due on the outstanding Refunded Bonds and (c) the defeasance of the Refunded Bonds pursuant to Article XIV of the First General Resolution.

3. The Corporation has adopted the Resolution pursuant to which the Corporation has established the Series JJ Trust Fund for the purpose of paying the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and the interest due and to become due on the outstanding Refunded Bonds on and prior to the maturity or earlier redemption date thereof, as the case may be.

4. The Trust Company has received irrevocable instructions from the Corporation pursuant to Section 1401(2) of the First General Resolution and pursuant to Section 304 of the Resolution with respect to the giving of the notice of the redemption of the Refunded Bonds on a date prior to maturity and of the provision for payment when due of the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest due and to become due on the Refunded Bonds on and prior to the redemption date thereof, as the case may be.
5. The Trust Company has reviewed the certificate specified in paragraph 2(b) above and has determined that such certificate is accurate; and the Trustee has further determined that the payments when due of the principal of and the interest on the direct obligations of the United States of America, which have today been deposited with or credited to the Trust Company (as set forth in such certificate) for the establishment and maintenance of the Series JJ Trust Fund, will provide funds which will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal or Redemption Price (if applicable) of and interest due and to become due on the outstanding Refunded Bonds on and prior to the maturity or earlier redemption date thereof, as the case may be.

6. Pursuant to the provisions of Article XIV of the First General Resolution, the Refunded Bonds and interest due and to become due thereon are hereby deemed to have been paid in accordance with Section 1401(2) of the First General Resolution and with the effect therein expressed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Trust Company has caused this certificate to be executed by the officers thereunto duly authorized this 3rd day of March, 1983.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

By

[Signature]

ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT

(CORPORATE SEAL)

Attest:

By

[Signature]

ASSISTANT SECRETARY
RECEIPT FOR SERIES 44 BONDS AND DOCUMENTS
REQUIRED BY BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

On the date hereof the undersigned, pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Agreement") with the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation"), acknowledges receipt from the United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Second General Bond Resolution adopted on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Bond Resolution"), upon the order of the Corporation, of the Series 44 Bonds of the Corporation (the "Bonds"), in definitive form, in the aggregate principal amount of $210,000,000 issued pursuant to the Second General Bond Resolution and the Series 44 Resolution Adopted February 9, 1983, As Amended.

The aggregate purchase price of the Bonds is $205,170,000 plus accrued interest in the amount of $2,006,222.22 from February 1, 1983 to the date hereof, for a total of $207,176,222.22.

We hereby further acknowledge that the good faith check in the amount of $1,050,000 delivered to the Corporation on February 9, 1983 shall be applied by the Corporation to the aggregate purchase price of the Bonds pursuant to the Agreement, the balance of the aggregate purchase price being provided by a check herewith tendered in the amount of $206,126,222.22.

In connection with the purchase of the Bonds, the undersigned acknowledges receipt of all of the documents required to be delivered to the undersigned pursuant to the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this receipt has been executed this 3rd day of March, 1983.

SALOMON BROTHERS INC

As Representative
of the Underwriters

By _Robert F. McFarland_
$210,000,000
Municipal Assistance Corporation
For The City of New York
(A Public Benefit Corporation of the State of New York)
Series 44 Bonds

Dated February 1, 1983 / Due July 1, as shown below

Principal of the Bonds is subject to redemption prior to maturity as more fully described in the Official Statement.

The The Underwriters under the Second General Bond Resolution is a United States Trust Company of New York.

AMOUNTS, MATURITIES, RATES AND PRICES

|$50,000,000 Serial Bonds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Face</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
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<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>$1000,000</td>
<td>1998</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10.80</td>
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<td>$10,000,000</td>
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<td>1998</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
<td>1999</td>
<td>10.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|$160,000,000 10% Term Bonds due July 1, 2008 @ 100%

The Series 44 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the Corporation and accepted by the Underwriters and subject to approval from the Federal Home Loan Bank Board and other regulatory agencies. The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to fund an obligation of the Corporation to the City of New York for the City's improvements and development projects.

The Bonds are offered to qualified institutional investors by the Underwriters, the Underwriters' representatives, and other agents, in the principal amount of $50,000,000. The Bonds are offered in whole units only.

The Underwriters are:

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Merrill Lynch

Salomon Brothers Inc.

Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Shearson/American Express Inc.
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE CORPORATION FOR
THE CITY OF NEW YORK

$210,000,000
SERIES 44 BONDS

MEMORANDUM OF CLOSING ON MARCH 3, 1983

At a closing held on March 3, 1983, the Municipal Assistance Corporation For The City of New York (the "Corporation") issued and sold to the underwriters referred to in Schedule I to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated February 9, 1983 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") among the Corporation and each of such underwriters (collectively the "Underwriters") $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1995, $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1996, $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1997, $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1998, $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1999 and $160,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 (collectively, the "Series 44 Bonds"). The Series 44 Bonds were issued pursuant to the New York State Municipal Assistance Corporation Act, as amended by the Municipal Assistance Corporation for the City of New York Act, each as further amended, said Acts being Titles I, II and III of Article 10 of the Public Authorities Law (constituting Chapter 43-A of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), the Second General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Corporation on November 25, 1975, as amended and supplemented (the "Second General Bond Resolution"), and the Series 44 Resolution adopted by the Corporation on February 9, 1983, as amended by the Corporation on March 2, 1983, authorizing the Series 44 Bonds (the "Series 44 Resolution").

I

The Closing

A. On March 2, 1983, a preliminary closing was held at the offices of the Corporation, Suite 8901, One World Trade Center, New York, New York. All papers to be
delivered at the Closing, to the extent practicable, were executed and approved, and such papers were packaged and placed in escrow.

B. The Closing (the "Closing") was held at such offices of the Corporation on March 3, 1983 at 9:00 a.m. (the "Closing Date"). The persons present at the Closing are set forth in Schedule I hereto.

C. All the transactions enumerated in divisions II and III below are considered to have taken place simultaneously, and no delivery or payment was considered to have been made until all transactions to be taken at the Closing were completed.

II

Documents Delivered at the Closing

A. From the Corporation to the representatives of the Underwriters (the "Representatives") and their counsel:


3. Bond Purchase Agreement, executed by the Corporation and Salomon Brothers Inc as the representative of the Underwriters (the "Representative").

4. Extracts of the Minutes of the Board of Directors Meetings held on February 9, 1983 and March 2, 1983 showing the adoption of the Series 44 Resolution authorizing execution of the Bond Purchase Agreement and issuance of the Series 44 Bonds on the terms stated in the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Series 44 Resolution.

5. Copy of the Second General Bond Resolution.

6. Copy of the Series 44 Resolution.
7. Written order of the Corporation as to the delivery and authentication of the Series 44 Bonds.

8. A certificate, dated the Closing Date, of the Director of the Budget of the State of New York (the "State"), required pursuant to Section 3(a)(4) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

9. A certificate of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State, dated the Closing Date, required pursuant to Section 3(a)(5) of the Bond Purchase Agreement. (Exhibit E to the Bond Purchase Agreement)

10. A certificate, dated the Closing Date, of the Mayor of The City of New York (the "City") or an appropriate deputy, required pursuant to Section 3(a)(6) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

11. A certificate, dated the Closing Date, of the Comptroller of the City or an appropriate deputy, required pursuant to Section 3(a)(6) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

12. The approval, dated February 14, 1983, of the Comptroller of the State required pursuant to Section 3(d) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

13. A general certificate of the Corporation as to directors, officers, terms of office and other details of the Corporation, including the seal, by-laws, litigations, the Second General Bond Resolution, the Series 44 Resolution, minutes, specimen Bonds, signatures, and certifications, required pursuant to Section 202 of the Second General Bond Resolution, specifically as to:

(i) no default under Section 202.2(4); and

(ii) debt coverage under Section 202.3 (3) - (4);

and the certifications of the Corporation, required pursuant to Section 3(a)(3) of the Bond Purchase Agreement and Section 401 of the Series 44 Resolution, with specimen Series 44 Bonds attached thereto.
14. A certificate of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance of the State, required pursuant to Section 202.3(1) of the Second General Bond Resolution.

15. A certificate of the Director of the Budget of the State as to the amount of Per Capita Aid, required pursuant to Section 202.3(2) of the Second General Bond Resolution.

16. Arbitrage certificate of the Corporation required pursuant to Section 3(a)(9) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

B. From the Corporation to United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee (in such capacity, the "Trustee") and its counsel:

1. Copies of the following documents, all as required by Section 202 of the Second General Bond Resolution:

   (a) See item A.5 above.
   (b) See item A.6 above.
   (c) See item A.7 above.
   (d) See item A.13 above.
   (e) See item A.14 above.
   (f) See item A.15 above.
   (g) See item D below.
   (h) See item E below.
   (i) See item F.1 below.

2. Order as to deposit and investment of the proceeds of the Series 44 Bonds.

3. Irrevocable instructions required pursuant to Section 3(a)(8) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

C. From the United States Trust Company of New York to the Corporation, with executed copies to the Representatives and their counsel:
1. A certificate with attached copy of the Executive Order pursuant to its By-laws showing authority for officers to authenticate the Series 44 Bonds.

2. A certificate, dated the Closing Date, required pursuant to Section 3(a)(7) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

3. An opinion of Counsel for the Trustee with respect to United States Trust Company of New York's authority to act as Trustee, together with a reliance opinion to the Representatives.

D. From The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. to the Corporation, with copies to the Representatives and their counsel:

Acceptance of the Office of Paying Agent.

E. From Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, General Counsel for the Corporation, to the Representatives and their counsel:

The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Representatives, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(1) of the Bond Purchase Agreement and substantially in the form of Exhibit A thereto, together with a reliance opinion to the Trustee.

F. From Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, Bond Counsel, to the Representatives and their counsel:

1. The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Corporation (accompanied by a letter authorizing reliance thereon by the Trustee and the Underwriters), furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(1) of the Bond Purchase Agreement and substantially in the form of Exhibit B thereto.

2. The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Representatives, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(1) of the Bond Purchase Agreement and substantially in the form of Exhibit C thereto.

3. The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Corporation, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(1) of the Bond Purchase Agreement and substantially in the form of Exhibit D thereto.
4. The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Corporation (accompanied by a letter authorizing reliance thereon by the Trustee and the Underwriters), as to the enforceability of the 1978 State Covenant, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(1) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

5. The opinion, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Corporation, as to arbitrage, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(10) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

G. From White & Case, Counsel to the Underwriters, to the Representatives:

1. The opinions, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the Representatives, furnished pursuant to Section 3(a)(2) of the Bond Purchase Agreement.

2. A survey of the applicable "Blue Sky" laws of various jurisdictions.

3. A copy of the "Tombstone" advertisement relating to the Series 44 Bonds.


III

Delivery of the Series 44 Bonds
and Check at the Closing

A. Coupon bonds in bearer form representing $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1995, coupon bonds in bearer form representing $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1996, coupon bonds in bearer form representing $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1997, coupon bonds in bearer form representing $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1998, coupon bonds in bearer form representing $10,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 1999 and coupon bonds in bearer form representing $160,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Corporation's Series 44 Bonds maturing on July 1, 2008 were delivered to the Representatives.
B. The Representatives delivered to the Corporation a certified or official bank check in federal funds in the amount of $206,126,222.22 which, together with the deposit of $1,050,000 paid pursuant to Section 5 of the Bond Purchase Agreement, constitutes payment in full of the purchase price of the Series 44 Bonds. Such $207,176,222.22 purchase price equals the $205,170,000 aggregate purchase price for the Series 44 Bonds plus $2,006,222.22 accrued interest.

C. Receipt of the Trustee as to proceeds of the sale of the Series 44 Bonds was given to the Representatives.

D. Receipt of the Representatives for the Series 44 Bonds was given to the Trustee.
Schedule I

Persons Present at the Closing

For The Corporation:

    Heather L. Ruth
    Stephen J. Weinstein
    Maxine H. Gillman

For The Trustee:

    Pat V. Santivasci

For The Underwriters:

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